"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Local showers and thunderstorms today; Tuesday fair and cooler.
☞ For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,493. NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 25, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

SEE TREATY'S FATE HANG ON SENATE'S VOTE ON SHANTUNG

Republicans and Democrats Assert Lodge Amendment Endangers Instrument.

CONSERVATIVES PLAN FIGHT

McCumber Favors Merely Expression of Disapproval to Holding Rights in China.

FEARS AFFRONT TO JAPAN

Committee Acts Today on Knox Resolution to Await Austrian and Other Treaties.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Upon the ultimate disposition by the Senate of the amendment, adopted by the Foreign Relations Committee yesterday, by which the former German privileges in the Shantung Peninsula would go back to China, instead of to Japan, depends the fate of the treaty, in the opinion of many Senators, expressed today. The energies of advocates of the treaty will be concentrated in the next few weeks in a determined effort to defeat the program of the majority leaders to have the amendment adopted.

Opposition to the Lodge amendment is not confined to Administration Senators. In talks with THE TIMES correspondent today Republican Senators, including some of the so-called "mild reservationists," headed by Senator McCumber of North Dakota, declared that the move to amend the Shantung provision was fraught with grave consequences.

Mr. McCumber, who voted against the amendment in committee, looked upon it, he said today, as endangering the treaty. If the majority adopt the amendment, Mr. McCumber said, the only alternative left would be to reject the treaty in toto. To keep the Shantung amendment in it, Mr. McCumber declared, would clearly constitute an affront to Japan. Great Britain and France, he said, manifestly could not uphold it, because of their agreement with Japan.

Senator McCumber felt, he said, that the interposition of the Senate, through amendment of the Shantung provision, is entirely unnecessary, inasmuch as Japan has promised to restore the former German privileges to China within a reasonable time. The logical way out of the problem, Mr. McCumber believes, is for the Senate merely to adopt a resolution expressing disapproval of Japan's keeping the Shantung rights indefinitely, and urging that they be returned in the near future.

The North Dakota Senator's attitude voiced that of many of the middle-ground Senators. They made it clear that there is an appreciable element on the Republican side of the Senate which will fight the Shantung amendment as adopted by the committee, and have the Senate go on record, instead, with a resolution expressing disapproval.

Administration Senators did not go so far today as to say that they would vote even for a resolution of the character suggested by Mr. McCumber. But there were indications, in the comments made by them, that, if the situation cannot be handled in any other way, they would support it.

To Fight Lodge Amendment.

The Administration Senators feel disposed, at this time, to make a straight-out fight against the Lodge amendment. Rather than accept it they indicated that they would decline to acquiesce in the ratification of the treaty, throwing the blame for defeat upon the majority.

Defeat of the treaty, with the League of Nations covenant, is exactly what a group led by Senators Borah of Idaho, Johnson of California, and Poindexter of Washington, among the Republicans, and Senators Reed of Missouri, and Gore of Oklahoma, desire. They are not at all concerned that the adoption of the Shantung amendment would mean recommitting the treaty to the Paris Conference, or, at least, to the four principal signatories, and involve a refusal to accept it.

But there are the conservative Senators, of which Mr. Lodge is accounted the leader, who would prefer not to upset the treaty, if it can be avoided. Mr. Lodge's attitude in offering the Shantung amendment has been interpreted by some Senators as indicating that he is more eager for the "Shantung evil," as he calls it, to be rectified than to have the treaty ratified. Senator Lodge has not explained, since the action of the committee yesterday, exactly what his future attitude will be.

The "mild reservationists," and several of the Senators advocating drastic reservations, such as Mr. Lodge supports, are expected to form an alignment with Administration Senators in an effort to defeat the Shantung amendment. None of them today would attempt to estimate what strength might be mustered in the attempt. A majority vote will be required. Senator Swanson of Virginia believes this support can be obtained, and Senator McCumber is inclined to agree with him.

In the meantime the fight for reservations to the treaty, aside from the Shantung amendment, will go on in the ranks of the opposition. Senator McCumber and those associated with him in the effort to reach an agreement for reservations as part of the ratifying

Continued on Page Two.

MAGNIFICO—A quality cigar from Key West, with a rare bouquet, but mild. Exclusively in UNITED CIGAR STORES.—Advt.

Britain Honors the Fliers Who Brought the R-34 Here

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The decorations awarded in connection with the transatlantic flight of the airship R-34 have been gazetted. Major G. H. Scott, commander of the dirigible, receives a Commandership in the Military Division of the Order of the British Empire.

To Brig. Gen. E. M. Maitland, who represented the British Air Ministry on the flight; Captain G. H. Cooke, the navigating officer; Lieutenant Guy Harris, the meteorologist, and Lieutenant John D. Shooter, engineer officer of the R-34, are awarded the Air Force Cross, and six sergeants who were aboard the airship receive Air Force Medals.

LOS ANGELES NOW WITHOUT TRAINS

No Railway Service In or Out of the City and Food Rots in Cars.

ALL PASSENGERS STRANDED

Suggestion That Strike Is Test of Ability to Force Direct Action on Plumb Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 24.—A tense situation exists in Los Angeles and its vicinity tonight as a result of the refusal of the strikers on the Southern Pacific, Santa Fé and Salt Lake to obey the orders of the general officers of the Big Four Brotherhoods as well as of the United States Railroad Administration to work.

One train left Los Angeles eastbound this afternoon and trains are still coming in, but as a rule steam line passenger service is suspended in all directions. Suburban electric lines are caring for the situation locally and are maintaining connections with the outside through Los Angeles harbor and the steamship lines which are adding to their service.

The strike of the steam lines was without warning and hundreds of cars of perishable freight are decaying on side tracks. The Pacific Fruit Express Company's representatives report that in nearly every instance trains have been left in the middle of yards or at stations where it is either difficult or impossible to get at them with ice to preserve their contents. Attempts to preserve a trainload of bananas yesterday by re-icing were brought to a standstill by striking steam line employes, who threatened the express employes and ordered them away from the cars. Trainloads of sheep and other live stock were left to perish in the Los Angeles yards, the crews refusing to touch them, and were saved only through the energetic action of the master mechanic of the Southern Pacific Company, who, with a crew of loyal roundhouse men, rescued them.

Passenger trains have been repeatedly made up in the Los Angeles stations and after the tickets had been sold and the passengers were prepared to go the crews, or some section of them, have abandoned the trains. In other cases trains have been abandoned outside of the city, leaving women and children in the darkness to find their way the best they could to shelter. The United States mail service has been almost completely interrupted, but with the co-operation of the local suburban electric line it is being handled through the four counties of which Los Angeles is the metropolis, and the mail service to the north is being maintained through Los Angeles harbor.

It is announced this afternoon that the two fast trains in each direction between Los Angeles and San Francisco, the "Lark" and "Owl," are annulled. Other trains will be operated as far south as Bakersfield and Santa Barbara, the switching crews at those points having quit the service, although it is possible that some sort of through service may be maintained between Los Angeles and San Francisco.

Indignation runs high throughout the city and Southern California. In quarters that are frequently very well informed the suggestion is heard that the Brotherhoods have seized this opportunity to demonstrate whether or not they are strong enough to take control of the railroads if the Plumb plan does not pass Congress and that the Brotherhood chiefs are at least not seriously discouraging the strike movement, because if the United States Railroad Administration should yield and placate the strikers, then the Brotherhoods would feel they had power enough to obtain by force whatever control they desire.

It is asserted here that McDowell, the local representative of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, has been indirectly inducing the members to strike while professing inability to the Railroad Administration officers to control them. This afternoon a telegram was received by local officers of the brotherhoods from W. G. Lee, President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, stating that while the strike was not authorized, the usual penalties of the brotherhood accompanying unauthorized strikes would not be exacted in this case in connection with any action the strikers might take. Assistant Grand Chief Montgomery of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is here, but says that until he read the newspapers he did not know there was a strike.

At the Labor Temple threats are being made daily in connection with the mass

Continued on Page Four.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

40 PLANES READY TO START TODAY IN RACE TO TORONTO

Crowds Greatly Interested in German Machines to be Flown by United States Army Men.

BRITISH FLIERS CHEERED

Pilots and Mechanics Put In Busy Day of Preparation at Roosevelt Field.

WALES'S LETTER TO WILSON

Ace Bringing Message from Prince—New York Times to be Delivered in Canada.

There was great activity at Roosevelt Field, Mineola, all day yesterday in preparation for the start at 9 o'clock this morning of the New York to Toronto and return air race for prizes aggregating $10,000. The arrival during the day of the forty-odd planes entered in the event was witnessed by thousands of spectators who came by automobile and on foot. Many of the planes had final tryouts, while on all of them mechanics worked all day making sure that the engines were in order.

Great interest was shown in the foreign planes, especially the German types which are to be flown by army aviators in the race. Three British SE-5's which reached the field at the same time, were greeted with cheers as their pilots brought them to the ground. Lawrence L. Driggs, President of the American Flying Club, under the auspices of which the race is being conducted, accompanied by Chance M. Vought, Chairman of the Contest Committee, spent the afternoon at the field in consultation with the various pilots.

Announcement was made last night at the American Flying Club, which is conducting the contest for John McE. Bowman, that a telegram had been received from Toronto saying that Colonel William C. Barker, a Canadian ace, would fly here with a letter from the Prince of Wales to President Wilson. The telegram read:

"Colonel Barker will carry letter from Prince of Wales to President Wilson, attempting round trip flight in one day. He will use a captured German Fokker machine, thus showing poetic justice in using Fritz's plane to carry England's message to America."

Colonel Barker, who has been decorated with the Victoria Cross, the Military Cross, the Distinguished Service Order, and the Distinguished Flying Cross, is expected to arrive at Mineola about 1 o'clock today. Encircling over Roosevelt Field, he will drop a parachute with his message to the field, where a special plane will be in waiting to carry it to Washington.

President Wilson's message will be carried to Canada by Captain J. M. Foote, while Lieutenant Percy M. Stone will take one from Mayor Hylan to the Prince of Wales, officially inviting his Royal Highness to visit New York. The Mayor's letter follows:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor.

His Royal Highness
The Prince of Wales,
Toronto, Canada.

Your Highness: As Mayor of this city I am taking advantage of the novel and fleet means of an airplane in the contest conducted by the American Flying Club to convey to your Highness a very hearty and cordial invitation to visit New York during your sojourn on this continent.

Many of our inhabitants retain a vivid and happy recollection of the memorable visit of your illustrious grandfather to this city sixty years ago. Could he again visit us at this time his astonishment would probably be inexpressible at the wonderful transformation in these comparatively few years of the then small city into the great metropolis of which we permit ourselves with, I hope, pardonable pride, to boast today. I am confident the city will prove no less interesting to you.

Conscious that you represent the great British nation, with which we have just shared the vicissitudes of the mightiest war of all times, our people wait the opportunity to tender to you the freedom of this city and to express to you their earnest welcome and warmest greetings.

Respectfully yours,
John F. Hylan, Mayor.

Copies of THE NEW YORK TIMES, addressed to the Prince of Wales, Canadian newspapers, and many prominent citizens of Canada will be carried by Lieutenant E. Hill and Lieutenant Percy M. Stone in a Curtiss Oriole. The newspapers which will receive THE TIMES hours in advance of the usual time are The Globe, Daily News, World, and The Mail and Empire of Toronto, and The Sun of Montreal. Mayor Church of Toronto, Sir William Peterson of McGill University, Postmaster General P. E. Blonain of Ottawa, the Rev. R. P. Bolem of Victoria University, Toronto, and R. B. Taylor of Queens University, Kingston, Ontario, are among those to whom copies of THE TIMES have been addressed.

FLIERS ARRIVE IN TORONTO.

Several Americans Are Ready for Race to New York.

TORONTO, Aug. 24.—Several United States Army air pilots and civilian fliers arrived here today to participate in the international air flight between Toronto and New York. The men were welcomed by Captain J. P. Beatty, President of the Aero Club of Canada.

The Prince of Wales, who is expected here tomorrow morning, will act as official starter of the race.

TRY McK & R CALOX The Oxygen Dentrifice.—Advt.

Plans a Two-Year Tour of the World by Airplane

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 24.—Captain Charles J. Glidden, donor of the Glidden trophies for automobile and airplane touring, and who has driven the automobile 100,000 miles twice around the world in thirty-nine countries, contemplates touring the world by airplane.

Captain Glidden said today that he intended to cover in one or two years all the points reached in his automobile tour of the world, which required eight years. On the automobile tour the extreme points were the Arctic Circle in Sweden and the most southerly road in the world in New Zealand.

AIR FALL KILLS LIEUT. MONTIETH

Naval Officer Crushed at Sea Girt When Plane Spins 300 Feet to Earth.

CROWD SEES FATAL DROP

Gov. Runyon One of the First to Reach Scene—Pilot Micelli Suffers Many Broken Bones.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 24.—Lieutenant R. Howard Montieth, U. S. N., was killed this afternoon, and Lieutenant Paul Micelli was frightfully injured when an airplane, piloted by Micelli, crashed to the ground from an altitude of 300 feet at the State encampment.

Lieutenant Montieth went up with Lieutenant Micelli, who intended to do some stunts for the entertainment of a thousand people on the grounds. He was doing a tail spin when the machine "was caught in an air pocket" when it was so close to the ground that he could not regain control.

Montieth died in Governor William N. Runyon's automobile while he was being taken to the Ann Mary Hospital at Spring Lake Beach. Micelli was taken in the same car. He sustained a broken hip, two broken ribs, a broken collar bone, and many cuts and bruises.

Lieutenant Montieth's home was in Easton, Penn. He was the disbursing officer for the Naval Overseas Transportation Service, with an office at 45 Broadway, New York. He had been coming to Spring Lake Beach for the week ends during the Summer and stopping at the New Monmouth Hotel. Micelli is a French flying ace but he left the French service when the United States entered the war and served here in the United States Aviation Service as an inspector of aviation. He holds a commission as captain in the New York Aerial Police Reserves. He is said to be one of the most dependable flyers in the country as well as one of the most sensational. He has been giving exhibition flights during the State encampment here and has taken up many prominent men.

Governor Runyon witnessed the crash from the porch of the Little White House. He called for his automobile, and when he arrived at the scene helped to get the two injured men from the wreckage of the airplane and into his car. Julian Maynard of New York, a friend, who came down here to see Lieutenant Montieth today, reached the State camp a few minutes after the accident. He took charge of the body pending the arrival of Lieutenant Montieth's brother Harold, who lives on College Hill, Easton.

FIERCE STORM SWEEPS NORTH HALF OF BRONX

Trees Uprooted and Cellars Are Flooded While Southern Half Has Fair Weather.

One of the worst storms in years swept across the upper half of the Bronx last night. Trees were uprooted, fences blown down, and cellars flooded, while at many homes the rain was swept in through open windows while families were absent.

The lower part of the Bronx escaped both wind and rain, but trains and surface cars crowded with soaked passengers from the north brought news that a great storm was sweeping across Tremont, Fordham, Kingsbridge, Spuyten Duyvil, Williamsbridge, Wakefield, Westchester, and City Island.

A new three-story frame house at 530 City Island Avenue, the property of the City Island Homes Company, was struck by lightning and a fire started on the top floor. The fire was extinguished before great damage was done.

A high fence at Valentine Avenue, between Tremont Avenue and 178th Street, was blown down by the gale.

HAIL DAMAGES TOBACCO.

Crop in Several Massachusetts Towns a Total Loss.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Aug. 24.—Damage of thousands of dollars was done to the tobacco crop in this county this afternoon by a severe hail and electrical storm. In North Hatfield, Whately, Northumberland, North Hadley, and other towns the crop is practically a total loss. The hailstones, some of them as large as marbles, punctured the leaves. About one-third of the crop had been harvested.

A series of thunderstorms followed the hail, many barns and buildings being struck by lightning, including Johnson Chapel of Amherst College in Amherst.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

CONTROL OF MILK BY STATE URGED ON THE GOVERNOR

If Fair Price Committee Does Not Succeed State Board Is Recommended.

GLYNN AND FINLEY REPORT

Favor Legislation to Enable Control of Distributing Systems with Municipal Ownership.

NEW YORK BILLS HIGHEST

$6,000,000 More Paid Here Than in Philadelphia for Same Quantity—Conference of Inquirers Advocated.

Martin H. Glynn, former Governor, and Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education, who were appointed a special commission by Governor Smith to conduct a survey of the food situation in this State with a view to immediate action, made public last night the text of their report to the Governor which was filed in Albany on Saturday.

The report falls into three sections, the major portion being devoted to the conditions of the distribution of milk chiefly in New York City, and the other two taking up the proposed inquiry into the State Department of Foods and Markets and a discussion of the general food situation.

In regard to milk, the report points out that this city is paying millions of dollars more a year for the same amount of bottled milk than is either Philadelphia, Boston, or Chicago, and declares that this fact "needs either explanation or reformation." It states that the high price of milk is due in large measure to the causes which have led to high prices generally, but that the Commissioners believe also that "other than general causes and reasons that can no longer be called patriotic" have much to do with raising the cost of milk to the housewife and the mother.

The report continues to declare that the very unanimity with which prices are lifted among cities generally raises a suspicion of a general lifting to the maximum price.

Fair Price Committee Proposed.

For remedies, the Commissioners suggest first the creation of a Fair Price Milk Committee in this city and in other cities throughout the State. If such a committee or committees cannot help the need of the people for cheaper milk, then, the report continues, the Governor should take steps at once to obtain remedial legislation.

As tentative legislation, the establishment of a State Milk Commission to regulate the milk distribution business in cities of the first and second class is urged. It is also suggested that all municipalities be authorized to acquire and operate milk distributing systems within their boundaries.

The report begins with the subject of an investigation into the Department of Foods and Markets. The Commissioners ask that they be relieved of the duty of such an inquiry, first, because it would require more time than the present Commission can spare with its other duties, and, second, because one of the commission, Dr. Finley, is head of a coordinate State department, and as such does not feel it appropriate to act in this case.

Regarding milk, which the report takes up next, the text reads in part as follows:

"We find that the milk problem has been investigated and investigated and investigated; the Attorney General of the United States, the New York County District Attorney, several State legislative committees, Mr. Hoover, the Federal Food Administrator, and a number of city committees have investigated it, and some of these agencies are still investigating it. Moreover, the District Attorney of the County of New York has advised us that he will present on Monday, Aug. 25, to the Grand Jury evidence of alleged violation of the law in the price fixing of milk.

"Despite all these investigations, the price of milk has rapidly risen since 1916, and from present indications it is likely to go still higher during the coming Winter.

"This increase is due in considerable part to the causes which have led to high food prices generally, among which was the demand for our milk products abroad during the last two years of the war. But when the Milk Reporter for July calls editorial attention to an existing considerable surplus over domestic needs due to the increased 'flow of milk,' and urges the finding of a new foreign market in order that profitable prices be maintained, we have reason to infer that there are other causes than these general causes, and reasons that can no longer be called patriotic.

Suspicious Uniformity in Prices.

"Moreover, while the prices to the consumer are fairly uniform among cities generally, this very uniformity raises suspicion of a general lifting to the maximum price. From current quotations milk appears to be cheaper in Chicago and Boston than in New York, but in Philadelphia the price is so much lower as to challenge our special attention. We have been unable to find satisfying reasons ourselves, but it should be said in all fairness that the representatives of the distributers

Continued on Page Three.

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 71 Broadway.—Advt.

OUR TROOPS ON THEIR WAY OUT OF MEXICO AFTER LOSING BANDIT TRAIL IN THE RAIN; FOUND A LARGE CARRANZA FORCE THERE

Peterson Brings Report That Bandit Leader Was Slain by Bullets From American Airplane

MARFA, Texas, Aug. 24.—A report that Jesus Renteria, leader of the bandits, had been killed, was brought to the border today, but could not be confirmed. Lieutenant Peterson, one of the two aviators whose capture brought about the bandit hunt, brought the report. Lieutenant Davis, the other captured aviator, also returned today.

Peterson's report that Renteria had been killed failed to check with reports at military headquarters. An official army report said Jesus Renteria was believed to have been located sixty miles south of Chihuahua City, where he was said to be hiding.

Peterson said he received his information that Renteria had been killed from scouts.

"Two bandits we were pursuing yesterday told ranchers along the route that Jesus Renteria had been killed when Lieutenant Cooper in his airplane, returned the fire of three horsemen," said he. "The ranchers, in turn, informed our scouts."

HOUSE TO CONTINUE FOOD LEGISLATION

Will Consider Storage Act and Appropriations This Week.

REQUESTS FOR $4,000,000

Expected to Give President and Palmer Power Needed to Check Profiteering.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Unless the Senate accepts the House bill, extending the Food Control act to include wearing apparel and other necessaries, with a fine of $5,000 or two years' imprisonment for profiteering, the chief remedy proposed by President Wilson against high living costs will not be available to the Government.

For the effective carrying out of the Administration's program against profiteering and exorbitant prices, according to Attorney General Palmer, authority is necessary to proceed against those retailers who are shown by the Department of Justice's inquiry to be keeping prices beyond, the normal post-war figures.

The passage of the House bill last week was the first legislative step in the anti-profiteering crusade and it will be followed in the House this week by other steps which, in the opinion of House leaders, will give the Department of Justice and other governmental agencies all the power necessary to break down retail food profiteering.

There is sharp disagreement between the House and the Senate on the need for the legislation already passed by the House and other bills scheduled for passage by the lower body. Republicans as well as Democrats in the Senate are opposed to continuing war powers, their chief contention being that war powers should be lifted as quickly as possible and the country allowed to return to normal conditions. Some House leaders assert that opposition in the Senate is founded on personal and selfish reasons and therefore will disappear under a strong public demand.

In the House this week the Committee on Agriculture will consider and report the second of the bills recommended by President Wilson dealing with the storage situation, modeled after the New Jersey Storage act. This would not permit storage for longer than ten months and would require the article stored to be labeled so as to show the time it was placed in storage as well as the time it was withdrawn. Articles may be stored for a longer period than ten months when the Secretary of Agriculture grants permission.

Products which have been stored for a longer period than ten months and which do not comply with other provisions of the proposed Federal storage law would be prohibited from interstate commerce. Opposition to the bill, introduced by Representative Hutchinson of New Jersey, exists among storage interests.

After the House passes the Storage act it will consider the $4,000,000 in appropriations asked by various departments for use in combating high prices. Indications are that not more than half this amount will be granted. Members of the Appropriations Committee express the opinion that the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, and Labor have sufficient funds with which to carry out their plans and that the allowance of more money would create additional offices and aid very little in reducing living costs.

Accepting the suggestion of President Wilson and Attorney General Palmer, the House leaders are determined to give the Administration the necessary legislation and money to fight retail and other profiteers, but are not disposed to grant the powers and money requested by other executive departments.

Attorney General Palmer has asked for a deficiency appropriation of $2,500,000, the major portion of which he proposes to use in his anti-profiteering fight. Members of the Appropriations Committee said today that this amount would be reduced, but that all the money necessary for special agents, special attorneys, and accountants would be allowed.

By the end of this week, it is predicted, the legislation requested by President Wilson will be on passage, and early in September the Department of Justice will be organized throughout the country and prepared to swoop on those who have been gouging the public.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

BAKER SUPPORTS KERNAN ON TRIALS

Secretary Takes Official Stand That Courts-Martial Shall Remain Unchanged.

GENERAL'S REPORT IS OUT

Severity of Army Sentences Is Upheld as Necessary—Chamberlain Bill Sharply Opposed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—In approving the report submitted to him by Major Gen. Francis J. Kernan, head of the special War Department Board on Courts-martial and their procedure, Secretary Baker today took the official stand that the present system should not be changed except in minor details. Inferentially the Secretary upheld General Kernan's view that "courts-martial have always been agencies for creating and maintaining the discipline of armies" rather than agencies for the "nice exemplification of technical rules of law."

The War Department Board's report reflected the opinion of 225 officers who were circularized. More than half of these gave hearty approval to the present system, forty-three condemned it as basically wrong and the remainder, a total of sixty-seven, pointed out specific weaknesses which they thought should be remedied. Temporary officers were about equally divided for and against any changes.

The most serious defect in the existing system, the report asserts, arises from the "lack of competent trial Judge Advocates and counsel," and as a remedy it is recommended that defense counsel be appointed for each general and special court-martial, and that special inducements be offered young officers to study law in order that they may be fitted for these and other special duties.

Fighters Favor the System.

"It is noticeable," the report said, "that officers who served with fighting units are, as a class, favorable to the present articles. On the other hand, officers whose duties kept them remote from the scenes of battle view the system with a more critical eye, and manifestly compare it with criminal practice in the civil community, to the advantage of the latter."

Declaring that the "sovereign remedy" proposed by the most pronounced critics is to transfer administration to those who are lawyers first and soldiers by courtesy only, General Kernan expressed the opinion that this would make it impossible for the commander to obtain among his troops the discipline necessary to military success which is the "first purpose of an army."

The report criticises the pending Chamberlain bill which would take from the President and the War Department heads the power to review courts-martial findings and place appeal "in civilian hands, pure and simple, that is, the Court of Military Appeals, or in the quasi-civilian legal hands of the Judge Advocates provided for general and special court-martial." Under such a system, the report holds, "the power to discipline effectively, inseparably bound up with the power of effective command, would be paralyzed."

Justifies Severe Sentences.

Referring to charges that sentences imposed upon soldiers for minor offenses have been "grotesquely severe," the report takes the view that although such were the possible effects of apparently trifling misdeeds, in most cases other factors justified the findings. Aside from the loss in discipline resulting from unpunished acts of disobedience, the report says, there must be faced the unfair proportion of duties which fall upon the obedient soldier as a result and in many cases the grave danger to the health or the actual existence of the offending soldier's organization.

"A lighted cigarette in a city park is an entirely different matter from one in a powder plant," the report declared.

General Kernan and the other members of the board express strong opposition to the Chamberlain bill's proposal that enlisted men be appointed to sit on courts, on the ground that it is "out of harmony with the American conception of democracy and of our confidence in our institutions."

"This change," the report adds, "would seem to be more in harmony with that form of discipline which in Europe recently resulted in the establishment of Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils."

CROSS BORDER IN NIGHT

Cavalry Turns Back After Six-Day Search for Mexican Bandits.

LOST THE LAST HOT TRAIL

Met Large Carranza Force at Dark, Waited for Daylight, but Rains Began.

FIFTY MILES INTO MEXICO

Langhorne Counts the Expedition a Military Success—Mexicans Claim Nine Captives.

MARFA, Texas, Aug. 24.—Three hundred American cavalry troops tonight made their way back to the Rio Grande through a driving rain storm, after the campaign begun last Tuesday to run down the bandits who captured and held for ransome Lieutenants Harold G. Peterson and Paul H. Davis.

The first troops of the American punitive expedition to cross the border on the return to the United States, the pack and supply trains, reached Ruidosa shortly after 8:30 o'clock tonight, according to telephone advices. The remainder of the expedition followed.

Contact with Carranza soldiers also on the trail of the bandits, and a heavy rain which wiped out the fresh trails resulted in the decision to abandon the chase.

The Mexican Federals were encountered last night by a scout patrol, and after a conference army officers decided to abandon the pursuit until this morning. Meanwhile the rain had wiped out the trails of the bandits, who were only a few hours ahead of the Americans.

The punitive expedition returned in a single column with three cavalry troops leading; pack trains, machine gun troops and other units following. Two troops acted as rear guard.

The six days below the border resulted in the killing of four bandits by troops and death of one by machine gun bullets from an airplane. Nine bandits, said to be part of the Renteria band, were captured at Coyame, in a dance hall, by Carranza soldiers.

The Americans were hot on the trail of the bandit gang last night with the intention of continuing the pursuit all night, according to Lieutenant Peterson, who returned here by airplane. He said he accompanied a scout patrol which was endeavoring to follow the bandits, and that they encountered a Carranza outpost with a force of 300 Federal Mexican soldiers. The patrol returned to the main command, and after a conference it was decided advisable to wait until daylight, in view of the presence of Carranza soldiers.

Today the rain had wiped out the trail and the withdrawal order was issued.

"The trail we were following was believed to be that of Apolino Renteria, brother of Jesus Renteria," Lieutenant Peterson said. "Three others were believed to have been at the ranch house where they had camped the day before. They passed through the place we were searching at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and we were hot on their trail from that time.

"We had started on this hot trail when we encountered Carranza outposts after dark. It was decided to return, as it was estimated there were 300 Carranza troops there. We had planned to overtake the bandits during the night."

The Carranza troops were fourteen miles from Coyame.

A request that American troops not be sent into Mexico was received by Colonel Langhorne last Monday, it became known tonight. It was from General Antonio Pruneda, commander of the Ojinaga district. He ade his request through the Mexican Consul at Presidio when he learned the Americans were preparing to cross the border.

First Plans to Rescue Airmen.

That plans had been made for crossing the border last Sunday night before the missing aviators were ransomed became known tonight. Colonel Langhorne hoped to be able to recover the aviators without paying the ransom. With this idea in mind, troops were started for the Rio Grande from Presidio and other points, approaching in such a way as not to reveal their purpose to the Mexicans.

Captain Boudinot marched from Marfa to Indio. A machine-gun troop was sent from Presidio, and a battalion of the 37th Infantry relieved them there. Captain Vincent P. Bryan left Marfa with three troops, including the famous Black Horse Troop of the 8th Cavalry. Troop E, 8th Cavalry, also left Marfa, under Lieutenant Garrett P. Shonber, accompanied by Lieutenant Lawrence A. Patterson. Major James P. Yancey was given command of the expedition at Candelaria, where he waited for the order to cross when the troops had arrived.

In the meantime it had been decided to pay the ransom, and the crossing of the border was delayed until the aviators were safe on the American side.

In addition to last night's experience

with a Carranza patrol, the United States troops were in contact with Mexican Federals last Tuesday, when a detachment of Americans, under command of Captain Boudinot, was forced to pass a Carranza column opposite Indio.

When the Mexicans were sighted the Americans took up advantageous positions, ready for eventualities. Captain Boudinot informed the Carranza commander he intended to go south. The Carranza officer asked Boudinot for his orders and the latter told him his orders were to proceed. He continued then without hindrance, the expedition reaching a position fifty miles south of the border.

Colonel Langhorne tonight said the expedition was considered a success from a military standpoint. He pointed to the killing of five bandits and arrest of six suspects by the Americans and capture of nine by Carranza troops at Coyame.

The immediate reason for withdrawal, he said, was that there no longer was any prospect of capturing other bandits and there were no more hot trails to follow.

Mexicans Say Nine Were Captured.

PRESIDIO, Texas, Aug. 24.—General Antonio Pruneda, Carranza commander, who marched to Cuchillo Parado when American troops crossed into Mexico, returned to Ojinaga last night and resumed his garrison there.

Cosme Bengoechea, Mexican Consul, announced today General Pruneda stated nine instead of eight bandits were captured at Coyame by troops from Chihuahua City under General Dieguez.

Decision Left with General Dickman.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Secretary of War Baker, when asked tonight concerning the withdrawal of the expedition from Mexico, said that no official confirmation of that report had been received by the War Department up to 9 o'clock.

The withdrawal of the troops, the Secretary added, was a matter for Major Gen. Dickman, the border commander, to decide, and he could make his decision any time he saw fit, and without reference to Washington.

General March also stated that he had no official advices from the border regarding the withdrawal of the troops.

CABINET WON'T RESIGN.

Cabrera Opposes Any Action Under Outside Pressure.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 23.—Luis Cabrera, Secretary of the Treasury, said today that the attitude of the students and workingmen's social club which appealed to American colleges and unions for help against intervention was unpatriotic, as they recognized the United States' paternal relation and placed Mexico in the attitude of a supplicant.

If the United States with official pressure wished to change the Government of Mexico, he said, it should not be acceded to because if the Ministers resigned under foreign pressure the next demand would be for the resignation of the President, and if this were not enough, the demand would be for the resignation of Congress so that it would be possible to demand a change of Constitution.

The Government declares the case of Dr. Goenaga, reported captured by rebels, "false," although Washington presented a note of protest. No trace of Goenaga has been found.

Although it was reported that the enemies of Carranza controlled the Senate, Carranza has received messages from a large majority of Senators pledging their loyalty and support.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24, (Associated Press.)—The highest Mexican Government officials are making a close study of the principal points at issue between the Mexican and American Governments, with the view of reaching arrangements satisfactory to the United States without impairment of Mexican national interests and Mexican sovereignty, according to declarations made on Saturday night by Luis Cabrera, Secretary of the Treasury and one of the leading members of the Cabinet.

These points, as contained in a statement by Señor Cabrera Friday night on the necessity for a reciprocal border guard service, are petroleum legislation, indemnification, frontier vigilance and guarantees for the safety of foreigners and foreign interests in Mexico. Within three or four days, according to Señor Cabrera, the Government officials will begin giving out to the Mexican press statements regarding the Government standpoint on the questions at issue and the means which Mexico can rightfully adopt to meet foreign governmental representations.

The declarations of the Secretary are somewhat of an indirect reply to critics of the Administration who have been intimating that Cabinet changes were necessary preliminary to meeting the present international problems.

Taking up figures which he said were recently quoted in the United States Senate regarding Mexico's debt, Señor Cabrera asserted that, including every item, Mexico's obligations could be paid in full with $500,000,000. Promising to give out details and exact figures shortly, he stated that the total debts could be given roughly as follows: Damages resulting from the Madero and Constitutionalist revolutions, 86,000,000 pesos; indemnifications to foreign interests for the use of railways and other public utilities, 100,000,000 pesos; the remainder of the 1,000,000,000 pesos, or $500,000,000, is divided between the redemption of paper money, interest unpaid on the foreign debt and the amount due banks.

OBREGON OFFERS SERVICES.

Mexican General Says He Will Give His "Modest Forces" if Needed.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24 (Associated Press).—General Alvaro Obregon, who is a candidate for the Presidency, sent the following telegram yesterday to President Carranza:

"Although I have plenty of confidence that the Government of which you are in charge will find most adequate means of surmounting the difficult international situation through which we are now passing, I am proud to tell you that in the very remote contingency under which this situation might not reach a satisfactory conclusion, I would be happy to give my modest forces in helping our Government in any place that I might be used."

The telegram was sent from Sonora.

SECOND ONLY TO PERSHING'S.

This Expedition Went Further Into Mexico Than Others.

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 24.—The United States military expedition, which today was ordered to withdraw from Mexico, after pursuing Mexican bandits since last Tuesday, penetrated further into Mexican territory than any since the punitive expedition which was sent across the border under General John J. Pershing on March 15, 1916, in pursuit of Francisco Villa's bandits.

That expedition, which followed the Villa raid on Columbus, N. M., in which seventeen persons were killed, was composed of 4,000 men who marched more than 200 miles into the territory of the Southern republic. Several clashes between United States troops and Villa followers resulted. With the Villa bands dispersed the expedition withdrew Feb. 15, 1917.

On several other occasions in the past two years small detachments of troops have been sent across the border in pursuit of marauding bands. On Aug. 27, 1918, American and Mexican troops fought two hours at Nogales, Ariz., following a clash between custom-house guards. An American officer and one American soldier were killed and 28 others wounded. The Mexican losses were 119 killed. During the attack of Villa forces on Juarez Brig. Gen. James B. Erwin, on June 15 last, ordered 3,600 United States troops to cross from El Paso, Texas, to prevent firing from the Mexican side into El Paso. The order was issued after several persons, including soldiers, had been hit by Mexican bullets. After a short engagement, in which the Villa troops were driven from the vicinity of Juarez, the American troops were withdrawn June 16.

RENTERIA WITH H. VILLA?

Army Scouts' Information on the Whereabouts of Bandits.

SAN ANTONIO, Aug. 24.—It was learned at the Southern Department Headquarters that a request of General Pruneda, Carranza commander, for aviators to scout for bandits in the vicinity of Palomas had not been granted. The reason, it was stated, was the fact that American troops went into Mexico for the purpose of capturing or exterminating the bandits who held Lieutenants Davis and Peterson for ransom.

According to information obtained tonight by army scouts, it was stated Francisco Villa was believed to be in the vicinity of Parral, but that Hipolito Villa, brother of the bandit leader, was reported to be at San Pedro, where the bandit Renteria was thought to have gone. There are several Mexican towns named San Pedro, but it is believed the one referred to is located thirty miles southeast of Chihuahua City.

MISSING AIRMEN SAFE.

Rice and Boquet Located in Texas—Forced to Land in a Storm.

MARFA, Aug. 24.—George K. Rice and L. L. Boquet, United States Army aviators, missing since early today, when they started for Mexico, were located tonight at Terlinquia, Texas. They were lost in the storm and made a forced landing. They are uninjured.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Aug. 24.—Four military airplanes left Rockwell Field today for reconnaissance of Lower California as far south as San Feilpe, at the head of the Gulf of California, in search of Lieutenants Frederick B. Waterhouse and Cecil H. Connelly, army aviators missing since Wednesday. The airplanes will have a base at Yuma, Arizona.

Army officials believe the story of C. J. Adams, a mining man employed 40 miles south of Campo, California, that last Wednesday he saw an army airplane flying southward toward the Gulf of California.

MEDALLION FOR GEN. HOWZE

Tardieu Voices France's Gratitude to 3d Division Commander.

Major General Robert L. Howze, in command of the 3d Infantry Division of the American Expeditionary Forces, who is staying at the Hotel Astor, has a silver medallion presented to him by the Republic of France, which was carved from a natural rock at Belfort, by Bartholdi, who designed the Statue of Liberty on Bedloe's Island.

The Major General also has a letter from André Tardieu, Commissioner General of Franco-American War Relations, which says:

"Your Division is one of the last to leave the soil of France, where the American Army leaves behind its imperishable memory. I can never forget the glorious part it played in the battles of 1918, and I take pleasure in expressing my gratitude in the name of the Government of the Republic.

"I salute those who have fallen in battle, and I hope for those who have survived a happy return to their own country."

The members of the 3d Division, it was announced last night, had subscribed individually over $31,000 for two monuments to be erected on the flanks of the approach to the bridge across the Marne, which was blown up by the 7th Machine Gun Battalion. The foundations of the monuments were laid two weeks ago Saturday by Major Gen. Howze and inclosed in the foundation stones of each of the monuments were lists of the dead members of the 3d Division, maps of the battlefields, and the dedicatory address of the Major General.

TO WED GYPSY PAT SMITH.

Oakleigh Thorne's Niece Engaged to War Hero and Evangelist.

"Gypsy Pat" Smith, who was a Captain in the Tyneside Scottish Brigade of the Northumberland Fusileers, and came here last Winter to lecture and engage in evangelical work, sailed on Saturday for England on the Caronia after admitting to an inquirer that he was engaged to marry Miss Karin M. Tjäder, one of the four daughters of Mrs. Charles Richard Tjäder of 914 Fifth Avenue. The late Mr. Tjäder was an explorer, writer, and lecturer, whose family came from Sweden. Miss Tjäder's mother was formerly Miss Margaret B. Thorne, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Thorne and a sister of Oakleigh Thorne of New York and Millbrook. Her sisters are the Misses Helene, Ruth, and Margaret Tjäder, and she has a young brother, Richard Thorne Tjäder.

Captain Gypsy Pat Smith is often confused with Gypsy Smith, an older evangelist, who is here on his twelfth trip this year and who also bears a title of Captain from the Salvation Army over thirty years ago. Captain Gypsy Pat Smith is only 25 years old, and is of historic gypsy ancestry, born in a tent. He was on a vessel in Glasgow, booked to sail for this country on Aug. 4, 1914, when, the war being declared, he debarked and became one of the Lord Lovat Scouts. In action on the Somme in July, 1916, his regiment had 828 men and 28 officers, and only 119 returned alive. Captain Smith crawled for a day and a night back to his line with a smashed left arm and thigh. After nineteen months in hospitals he was discharged from the service, but when the March, 1918, drive began, he volunteered a second time and as a Captain of the 40th Division was in heavy action at Armentières, Doubaix, and Lille.

Before the armistice he was stricken with pneumonia, and on his recovery again embarked for the United States. He preached here in the Metropolitan Temple and delibered Liberty Loan speeches. It was while conducting a conference at Darien, Conn., where Mrs. Tjäder has her Summer home, Vikingsburg, that he met his fiancée. No date has been mentioned for the marriage, but Captain Gypsy Pat Smith expects to return here in December.

7,000 CANADIANS ARRIVE.

Viscountess Rhondda, en Route to New York Also Lands at Halifax.

Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 24.—Four transports, the Belgic, Saxonia, Royal George, and Carmania, arrived here today with more than 7,000 Canadian troops and many prominent civilian passengers.

Among those on the Royal George were Sir Alfred Dixon, Sir Humphrey Mackworth, and Viscountess Rhondda, daughter of the late British Food Controller. They are going to New York.

The Carmania has a large list for New York, among those aboard being Sir Allan J. Sykes, Lord Wellesley, Lady Wellesley, the Hon. Pamela Wellesley, and the Hon. Mary Wellesley. Lord Wellesley is the third son of the fourth Duke of Wellington. The Hon. C. D. King and Commander K. Yamaguchi of the Japanese Navy, are also aboard.

DEFENDS MEXICO'S RETROACTIVE LAWS

Statement from Oil Bureau Gives Legal Basis for Fight on Foreign Interests.

GOES TO MEXICAN CONGRESS

Will Be Used by Members When They Take Up New Legislation to Regulate Oil Property.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24, (Associated Press.)—"The right of the constituent legislator is almost unlimited and cannot be checked, when dealing with the public organization, by rights acquired by private parties. Examples which have been cited are sufficient to demonstrate that when the constituent legislator has considered it of general interest to enact any law of retroactive effect, he has done so even if he has passed over acquired rights of many years which have been sanctioned almost as rights inherent to man. The only fundamental question is this: Is the public interest at stake when petroleum laws have been enacted? Evidently yes. Then the State has had the right to enact such laws."

These statements express, briefly and in part, the legal grounds upon which the Mexican Government bases the right of the Constituent Assembly of Queretaro, which enacted the Mexican Constitution of 1917, to place in that document Article 27, nationalizing the oil lands. They also provide a defense for the presidential decrees on petroleum, developing Article 27, which foreign oil interests are attacking as confiscatory.

The statements themselves are taken from official documents given to the correspondent exclusively by Leon Salinas, Sub-Secretary of Commerce and Industry and at present head of that department, and also chief of the Petroleum Bureau of the department. They supplement a statement given to the Associated Press by Senor Salinas on Aug. 21, and form the preliminary drafts of a summary furnished the Mexican Congress by the Department of Commerce and Industry for the coming consideration of oil legislation.

The defense of the retroactivity of Article 27 and the subsequent presidential decrees as prepared by Attorney Quiles Eloroudy, which forms part of the Government's defense of its attitude on petroleum, continues in part as follows:

"The only serious article which apparently is of great force is that declaring the petroleum law absolutely retroactive. This argument can be answered from two points—constitutional and common legislation. Regarding the first point, the theory hereby sustained is that the constituent legislator can almost always establish in a country's constitution all legal principles which, in his judgment, are good for the nation in such manner that, whatever rights are established by another anterior constitution, a new constitution can derogate them without difficulty.

"The reason is that laws which ordain a nation's form of government, régime of ownership, economic systems, &c., are not immutable because as nations progress and radical evolution takes place in all the sources of its products, it is impossible that all legislation could be appropriate to modern times."

The document then quotes at length from Francois Laurent's work on civil law. From the citations given, the document draws the conclusion that "the right of the constituent legislator, when dealing with the public organization, cannot be checked by rights acquired by private parties." The claim is then made that the new constitution does not attack civilization, morals, guarantees of life or natural rights in a way that would cause a social catastrophe. Continuing, the document says:

"Article 27 of the ruling constitution has introduced a necessary reform in the judgment of the legislators concerning the régime of petroleum land ownership. Within the theory already expressed by the constitution, the Congress of Queretaro was within its most absolute right to introduce this reform and give the law retroactive effect. This constitutional reform is considered necessary for the benefit of the majority and for society in general, since that reform would result in the State having in hand the means of developing its petroliferous wealth on a larger scale than formerly and this wealth would not, as in former times, be the special patrimony of a few powerful corporations who have given the nation only insignificant participation in the enormous incomes they have obtained for themselves."

Defending the oil legislation under the view of common legislation, the document again quotes Laurent, stating, incidentally, "that a principle universally admitted is that laws can have retroactive effect whenever public interests are at stake." Reference also is made to the ordinances of Francisco Xavier de Gamboa. The conclusions from these citations, in part, follow:

"The examples cited are sufficient to demonstrate that when a legislator has considered it of general interest to enact any laws with retroactive effect he has done so, even if he has passed over acquired rights of many years which have been sanctioned almost as rights inherent to man."

Referring to various citations and examples of retroactive laws in France, the document asks: "Why cannot a law like the one that has been enacted in Mexico on petroleum be considered legal and just when it does not nullify acquired property rights, but simply subjects them to certain requisites to be valid?"

The assertion is made that there is an apparent analogy with mining legislation which has had retroactive effect, "but now every one accepts that mines are not the property of the owner of the land." The conclusion drawn is: "The only fundamental question is this: Is the public interest at stake when petroleum laws have been enacted? Evidently yes. Then the State has had the right to enact such laws."

SHILLADY GIVES HIS VERSION

Says Six Texans Assaulted Him for His Pro-Negro Activities.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 24.—John R. Shillady, the white Secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, who was attacked by several Texans in Austin, Texas, Thursday for his activities in behalf of the negroes, arrived here late last night.

Shillady bore the marks of the encounter. His assailants, he said, were County Judge David J. Pickle, Constable Charles Hamby, and a civilian named Ben Pierce.

Shillady received a cordial greeting from a crowd which had been awaiting his coming, composed mostly of well-to-do negroes.

"The newspaper accounts I have read say that the assault was made by three men, but this is incorrect, as there were at least six, and more likely eight," he said. "In addition to Judge Pickle and the constable, Hamby, there was an automobile with about the toughest-looking set of men I had seen in a long while, and my travels have taken me into all sorts of places since I began work of this character.

"Last Sunday, on returning to my office in New York City after a brief vacation in the Adirondacks, I received word that the branch of our organization in Austin had been summoned into court to present its books and papers, and at the same time the president and secretary were called before the Adjutant General and the Captain of the Texas State Rangers.

"This piece of information was of such importance that I decided to go there in person and ascertain why an organization headed by some of the best people in the country who were not working for any purpose other than to bring about a better understanding between the white and colored races and which had important branches in forty of the forty-eight States, should receive such treatment in the capital of Texas."

ASKS RECOGNITION FOR THE KOREANS

'President' Now in Washington Says His Country Does Not Want Home Rule.

ASSAILS JAPANESE RULE

Asserts People Can Never Be Satisfied Until They Are Free from Alien Interference.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Home rule as promised by Japan for Korea is not wanted by the Koreans, according to a statement issued here tonight by Dr. Syngman Rhee, who has been in Washington for some weeks, as President of the "Provisional Republic of Korea," trying to persude the American public and officials to give Korea a fair and sympathetic hearing.

Dr. Rhee's statement is based on a recent announcement through the Japanese Embassy in Washington that the Japanese Government would grant "home rule" to Korea.

"Koreans want no administrative reforms or autonomy from the hands of the Japanese," said Dr. Rhee. "All they want is that the Japanese get away from their land, civil or military, and let them alone. The Japanese have no business in Korea, anyway. The Koreans are determined that their land be free, absolutely free, from any alien rule.

"Korea has been an independent nation for more than 4,000 years, and it should and shall remain so for another 4,000 years to come. For centuries she has been a battleground for her warring neighbors, but the Koreans had always managed to free their country from foreign control, and they will prove to the world that they can still manage to keep the Japanese out of the peninsula. During the last ten years or so Japan kept Korea temporarily by her military force, but she has never conquered the resolute will of the 20,000,000 Koreans.

"On the contrary, all the oppressive and suppressive measures of the military régime of Japan since the annexation ten years ago, have made the Korean people more courageous, more patriotic, more united, and more Korean than ever before. They may have burnt up all the Korean history they could find throughout the country, but they can never touch the history of the Japanese atrocities written every day in the hearts of young Koreans.

"While there is one Japanese gendarme in every five houses, besides police and spies, all thoroughly Prussian at that, the Korean's independence paper is still coming out every day, completely outwitting the Japanese authorities. The Japanese compelled the Koreans to learn and use Japanese language, but they have found that the Koreans are using it to their advantage in their independence movement.

"The suppression of speech, press, and assemblage and the censorship of the Japanese authorities in Korea, have led to the opening of many underground devices for communication. The shooting, bayoneting, and beating of the Korean patriots and demonstrators, and the ensuing arrests and torture emboldened the Korean people, who stand up in open defiance denouncing the barbarity of Japanese rule.

"It is not our desire to disturb the friendly relations of the United States with other powers. Our people do not want the United States to fight for Korea's independence, for they will do all the fighting themselves. But we do ask the people of America to give us a sympathetic and fair hearing of our case. We do ask the same moral support which America gave to Japan when the latter was struggling against Russia. We do ask that the Government of the world's greatest republic, the United States of America, extend official recognition to the Government of the Republic of Korea.

"Any one who understands the political situation of Japan at present will have no confidence in Japan's promise of civil reforms in Korea. It is absolutely impossible for the Japanese Government to introduce any appreciable amount of reform in Korea without endangering the very foundation of Japan's rule in that country. The withdrawal of her military force from the peninsula means the withdrawal of her entire possession in that land. The suspension of any of her suppressive measures means an incentive to the independence spirit of the Koreans."

NOT SAID BY MR. HAYS.

Criticism of the President's Course Came from a Southern Republican.

An interview printed in an early edition of yesterday's TIMES and containing statements that "the Wilson Administration is steadily losing ground with the voters," that the President's veto of the Daylight Saving Repeal bill was "a political blunder," and that the President had "alienated many regular Democrats in the Mississippi Valley" by his opposition to this repeal was erroneously credited to Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee. The statements quoted were made not by Mr. Hays, but by William H. Tanner of Sikeston, Mo., one of the Chairman's callers at Republican headquarters. Mr. Hays gave no interview.

SHOOTS 2 RESISTING ARREST

Newark Negro Fires at Policeman and Hits Passersby.

Two persons were shot in Newark last night, when a negro pulled a revolver when accosted by a policeman and fired six shots at random. None of the bullets struck the policeman. The pedestrains who were hurt are now in St. Michael's Hospital, but will recover.

Policeman Richard Lockett approached William Walker, colored, 23, of 70 Sussex Avenue, at Orange and Sheffield Streets, who, the officer said, was carrying a revolver in his coat pocket. The negro pulled the weapon and opened fire.

Mrs. Mary Grosso, 19, of 15 Crane Street was passing at the time. One of the bullets struck her in the back. Near by also was Irving Williams, colored, 23, of 62 Court Street, Hackensack. He received a bullet in the left leg.

The officer grappled with the negro, who struck him over the head with the revolver and ran down the street. The officer got to his feet, drew his own revolver, and fired three shots in the air to frighten the negro. Several firemen grabbed Walker and held him until the officer arrived. The negro still showed fight, but was subdued.

WALES LEAVES FOR ONTARIO

Crowds Gather at Quebec Stations to Cheer His Train.

THREE RIVERS, Quebec, Aug. 24.—The Prince of Wales reached here at 6:25 this afternoon, and five minutes later left on his special train for Toronto. He came by motor from Quebec, escorted by province, city and railroad officials, who introduced him to the big pullmans which are to be his home for the next two months on his tour through Western Canada.

Tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock he is due to arrive in Toronto, and will go at once to the parliament buildings, where his strenuous Toronto program will begin with an official reception in his honor.

Hundreds of citizens cheered the Prince as his train drew out of the station for the West, and the tooting of automobile horns and bells added to the din. Before leaving the City of Quebec the Prince sent a letter in French to the Lieutenant Governor, expressing his appreciation of the welcome given him on his arrival and extended throughout his visit there.

Berthieville was the last town in the Province of Quebec that saw the Prince today. He went to the rear platform of his train there and delivered a short speech in French. The town was decorated in his honor and he was accorded an enthusiastic greeting.

SEE TREATY'S FATE IN SHANTUNG VOTE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

resolution, will confer this week. The North Dakota Senator explained today that, while the fight had apparently shifted to the Shantung amendment, the reservation program need not be abandoned.

Useless Affront, Says McCumber.

"I feel keenly about the Shantung amendment," said Mr. McCumber, "if adopted by the Senate, it could be nothing less than an affront to Japan, an absolutely useless affront. It stands to reason that Great Britain and France cannot acquiesce in it. If they did, Japan would refuse to ratify the treaty, and would not be in the League of Nations. In that event we would leave Japan and China to settle the dispute between themselves.

"I voted against 'the Shantung amendment' because under the covenant and treaty, as it stands, all the nations of the world, in joining it, agree no longer to rob China. For this and other reasons as good, I believe in the early ratification of the instrument, unchanged, because it substitutes justice for war in settling international disputes and righting international wrongs of which China has suffered many.

"As to Shantung, my reasons for voting against the amendment were:

"First—Japan has not yet a title to the territory. She holds it as part of the results of the war until its disposition is decided by this treaty.

"Second—Japan has promised publicly in her treaty with China to surrender the leasehold right over this territory which Germany held under its treaty with China, not at some indefinite future time, not a thousand years hence, but as soon as Japan has acquired these rights under the peding treaty.

"Third—Japan renewed this promise at Paris through its mission, and has repeated the promise to the President of the United States, who has every reason to believe that Japan will scrupulously keep her pledged word. I agree absolutely in this belief and faith of the President in the sincerity of Japan.

"Fourth—If Japan should fail to keep the treaty with China, then under the preamble of the League, which provides that all joining it shall maitain 'a scrupulous respect for all treaty obligations,' China can go before the Council of the League, and all the nations of the world will unite to force Japan to surrender the territory to China.

"Fifth—If this treaty be amended as proposed in the matter of Shantung, Japan is deprived of the privilege of giving to China as the fruits of her victory the victorious possession of the rights held by Germany. By this course a proud and high-spirited people would be affronted. In the public opinion of Japan, opposition would be aroused by the manner in which it is proposed to force Japan to act, after its spontaneous promise to do right.

"Then would arise a most serious situation. Japan would refuse to complete her membership in the League of Nations by refusing to ratify the treaty signed by her Commissioners at Versailles, and would deal with China as one nation with another. In this event Japan would inevitably impose more severe conditions, which China would be powerless to resist. The only course then open would be to use force against Japan, and Japan would meet force with force.

Doubts Lodge Solution.

Senator Thomas, Democrat, of Colorado, told THE TIMES correspondent that, while he was strongly opposed to the Shantung award as written into the treaty, he was not convinced that the amendment adopted by the Foreign Relations Committee afforded the most practical solution of the difficulty.

"In considering this Shantung problem, we must look to the ultimate consequences," said Senator Thomas. "We must decide, before we act, if the United States, in the end, would be willing to go to war against Japan, if that eventuality presented itself, so as to protect China against possible Japanese encroachment. It may be that the Senate might better adopt an amendment which would not embody the provision that the German rights revert to China, but to leave the matter of restitution open.

"I believe the Shantung provision ought to be eliminated from the treaty, but I am not prepared to say what method of procedure I may advocate when the time comes to vote in the Senate.

"I may say that I only hope that the reservations the Foreign Relations Committee offers will be as emphatic as the Shantung amendment. The committee is working in the right direction to remove the objectionable features from the treaty."

Senator Smoot of Utah, one of the conservative group, said he favored the Shantung amendment and would vote for it.

Senator Robinson of Arkansas, an Administration supporter, advocates the ratification of the treaty with Germany without change. He opposes interpretative reservations as futile.

"With respect to interpretative reservations nothing of substantial importance can be accomplished," said Senator Robinson, "and in my opinion only confusion will result if the Senate adopts merely interpretative reservations.

The Foreign Relations Committee tomorrow will take up the resolution of Senator Knox of Pennsylvania to postpone further deliberations on the treaty until copies of the treaties with Austria-Hungary, Turkey, and Bulgaria, which President Wilson says are intertwined with the German treaty, are submitted. No intimation was forthcoming today as to how the committee would vote, but the impression was that it would wait, before acting on the resolution, to hear from the committee's request of the President, made upon motion of Senator Williams, for copies of the treaties and other data the committee wants.

Mr. Knox's suggestion that the committee tie up the German treaty unless the data sought are sent will be resisted by the Administration leaders, who threaten to ask the Senate to demand a speedy report if the committee seems disposed to undue delay.

Report Expected This Week.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24, (Associated Press.)—The Peace Treaty promises to hold the spotlight in Congress again this week with a possibility that before the week is over the report of the Foreign Relations Committee may bring the question of ratification into the open Senate.

Although Chairman Lodge declines to make any prediction as to when the committee will report, Democratic members said today they had an understanding with the Republicans that action would be taken this week if possible. Some of the members thought unlooked-for delay might result, however, from the committee's decision yesterday to request additional information from President Wilson.

Tomorrow the committee will resume for a day its open hearings, but most of the week is expected to be devoted to discussion of amendments to the treaty. Debate on the treaty also is to continue in the Senate, Senators Nugent, Democrat, Idaho; Kirby, Democrat, Arkansas, and Owen, Democrat, Oklahoma, having given notice they would speak.

The Franco-American treaty will come before the Senate Judiciary Committee tomorrow in connection with consideration of a sub-committee report, holding the treaty to be no violation of the United States Constitution.

DISCUSS WILSON'S COURSE.

Washington Speculates as to His Course on the Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—How far President Wilson may go in his fight for unqualified Senate acceptance of the Peace Treaty is a subject of increasing speculation in official and diplomatic circles.

There has been no authoritative expression of the President's probable course should the treaty be returned to him with textual amendments or reservations written into the ratification. He told the Foreign Relations Committee Tuesday, however, that he would consider either method of qualification as tantamount to reopening the negotiations with Germany.

But a discussion of what he would be authorized to do under the law and precedents reveals a general agreement that several courses would be open to him. He might take up the question of changes in the treaty by diplomatic correspondence; return to Paris and ask that the Peace Conference be reassembled for negotiation of a new treaty; send a new delegation to reopen negotiations, or pocket the treaty and refuse to proceed further unless the Senate receded from its position.

It is known that an exchange of diplomatic notes with the principal powers has been suggested to the President as the most feasible by Republican Senators, who have told him that the treaty never could be ratified as it stands. The assent of the smaller nations, these Senators asserted, would be obtained easily once the other members of the five principal powers had acquiesced. It is pointed out that the question of a reservation to the Colombian treaty now is under negotiation by that method.

The possibility of the President's return to Paris to straighten out the points raised by any Senate qualifications is one which some Senators say would be entirely in line with his course thus far. To send an entirely new set of peace delegates also would be admittedly within his power.

That the President might permit the negotiations to stand in a deadlock by declining to take up with other Governments any changes suggested by the Senate involves, perhaps, the most interesting possibilities of all. Administration leaders repeatedly have declared that the President alone was charged with the negotiation of treaties and that he could halt any such negotiation at any step he desired prior to the exchange of ratifications, the Senate being limited to giving advice and consent to the acts of the Executive.

Should President Wilson adopt that course and then appeal to the country, Republican Senators say the Senate would adopt a resolution declaring the war at an end and proceed to enact such legislation as seemed necessary to restore a complete peace basis. Whether such a resolution would require the President's signature is a disputed question, however, and Mr. Wilson is known to object strongly to any such a method of ending the war.

OPPOSES TREATY CHANGE.

Jefferson M. Levy Says Japan Should Receive Shantung Concession

Jefferson M. Levy, a former member of the House Committee on Foreign Relations, went to Washington last night to consult with some of his friends concerning suggestions for ratification of the covenant and the Peace Treaty.

"I consider it a political crime on the part of Republican members of the Committee on Foreign Relations," said Mr. Levy, "to oppose the transfer to Japan of the concession in the German-Chinese treaty for certain economic rights in Shantung. First, Japan has been our friend during this war, and she does not deserve such treatment. After Germany received $30,000,000 of the indemnities paid by China following the Boxer uprising, to which Germany contributed little or nothing to suppress, Germany forced China to accede to the Shantung treaty without the consent of the United States and Japan.

"After obtaining control of Shantung Germany barred all United States trade from Shantung ports. It is no more than fair that Shantung should temporarily be vested in Japanese control, as part payment to Japan for her aid in the war. Furthermore, Japan has always been willing to keep her ports open to trade with the United States."

FRENCH WATCH SENATE FIGHT

La Liberte Would Hasten Winding Up of Peace Conference.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—La Liberte, commenting at length today on "the efforts of certain elements in the United States" to have the Peace Treaty with Germany rejected, says the work of winding up the Peace Conference must be hastened. The newspaper adds:

"If America is to withdraw her support from Europe, we do not see the meaning of her inordinate intervention in Hungary, Rumania and elsewhere."

The Temps in an editorial under the title "The First Break," deals with the Shantung situation. The article declares that there is nothing to prevent France from concluding with the United States an arrangement such as recently was suggested before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee in Washington by Thomas F. Millard.

NEGROES ASK FOR HEARING.

Want Amendment to League to Guarantee Rights of Colored Citizens

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—The National Equal Rights League of this city sent a telegram to Senator Lodge today asking for a hearing before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

The league desires to present its views in support of an amendment to the League of Nations covenant guaranteeing full protection of life and full equality of rights to all negro citizens of the allied and associated nations.

275 LEGION POSTS IN NEW YORK STATE

Rapid Growth in Organization of Branches of Veterans of Great War Since June.

INCREASE PLANNED IN FALL

With Return of Service Men Present Membership of 65,000 Is Expected to Gain Heavily.

A total of 200 posts formed in two months is the record of the New York State Branch of the American Legion. The first charter was issued on June 2, and exactly two months later the two hundredth was granted. A list issued recently at the State headquarters on Nassau Street enumerates the posts by counties. New York County leads with thirty posts, Kings comes next with twenty-six, Westchester follows with twelve, while the Bronx and Monroe County have ten posts each. The complete list follows:

County—		County—	
New York	30	Broome	2
Kings	26	Clinton	2
Westchester	12	Lewis	2
Bronx	10	Montgomery	2
Monroe	10	Putnam	2
Onondaga	8	Suffolk	2
Richmond	7	Sullivan	2
Ulster	7	Albany	1
Nassau	6	Cayuga	1
St. Lawrence	6	Chemung	1
Delaware	5	Chenango	1
Greene	5	Dutchess	1
Oneida	5	Fulton	1
Queens	5	Livingston	1
Chautauqua	4	Ontario	1
Erie	4	Orleans	1
Madison	4	Rensselaer	1
Rockland	4	Schenectady	1
Columbia	3	Schoharie	1
Herkimer	3	Steuben	1
Orange	3	Washington	1
Saratoga	3	Wayne	1

An intensive campaign to increase membership will be conducted in the latter part of September, and will be carried on throughout this State; literature will be sent to each post from the headquarters here, with a request to start a vigorous campaign for additional members. The present membership in the State is estimated at from sixty to sixty-five thousand, the posts to date numbering around 275. It is hoped that the fall campaign, conducted when many former service men are back from their vacations, will bring about a substantial increase, both in new posts and in the enrollment of posts already formed.

A new departure in the activities of the State branch is the formation of posts in various business and banking houses, composed of former service men employed there. Among those with posts already chartered are the City National Bank, the United States Shipping Board, which will have about 3,000 members; the Interborough Rapid Transit Trust Company, which will have about 2,700; the City Club, the Hotel McAlpin, and the firm of Hornblower and Weeks. Twenty-seven other houses have applied for charters, which will soon be issued, among them being the Standard Oil Company and the Pennsylvania Railroad, who will have posts throughout the country, the General Electric Company, Childs Restaurants, the American Tobacco Company, and the Erie Railroad. Local firms in the list include the New York Police Department, the New York Life Insurance Company, the Chatham and Phenix National Bank, the Chase National Bank, the Postal Telegraph Company, the Hippodrome, the New York Fire Department, and the Manhattan State Hospital.

CHINESE IN PLEA TO SENATE

Local Society Wants Foreign Relations Committee Action Ratified.

Vigorous protests were uttered against the ceding of Shantung to Japan in an open-air meeting of the China Society in Mott Street yesterday afternoon. Dr. Charles Tsur, Chinese Consul General, said that his countrymen "are boiling with indignation against the handing over of 400,000,000 people to a foreign power after they had helped to contribute 200,000 men to the winning of the war.

"The Chinese in New York," he declared, "register their protest against this injustice."

The President of the society, John K. Sague, contrasted conditions in this country with those in China. Foreign policemen, who detest everything Chinese, rule there with the power of the thong and whip, and a council of fourteen foreign powers dictate to the country her national and domestic policies and regulations. The purpose of the China Society, he said, is to accelerate public opinion toward compelling the United States Government to stand unqualifiedly for the policy of "hands off in China."

A. B. Humphrey, the society's executive director, next addressed the audience, which numbered about 900 Chinese, with a sprinkling of Americans. He told the Chinamen that their cause was being pleaded here and in Paris.

"China can settle her own difficulties," he said, "if let alone. The nation must not be forced to become militaristic through the forcing upon her of Japanese rule in Shantung."

Lee To, President of the Chinese Association in this city, also spoke, and the Treasurer of the society, F. R. Sanford, closed the speeches with an appeal for financial support.

It was announced at the close of the meeting that the following message would be sent to the Senate:

"Resolved, That the China Association of New York, a branch of the China Society of America, respectfully petitions the United States Senate to ratify the recommendations of the Committee on Foreign Relations restoring Shantung to China, its rightful owner."

CHINA AWAITS LOAN REPLY.

Is Anxious Over Japan's Support of New Consortium.

PEKING, Aug. 21, (Associated Press.)—The Chinese Government anxiously is awaiting Japan's answer concerning her willingness or unwillingness to enter into the new consortium for the financing of a Chinese loan by American, French, British, and Japanese bankers.

Although the militarists and pro-Japanese officials disapprove the plan for the commercialization of the Chinese railways, as submitted by the British and Americans, and also dislike foreign supervision of China's loans, the more intelligent Chinese of all political parties, except the Anfu and Chiaotung cliques, accept the principles as essential to China's reorganization.

The consortium referred to in the foregoing dispatch probably is that arranged in Paris in May. The general agreement arrived at provided that, at the suggestion of the United States and with the sanction of the French, British, and Japanese Governments, banking groups of the respective powers would combine their interests to make joint financial administrative and industrial loans to the Chinese Government.

Lightning Kills Two at Glen Island.

Harold Odell and Catherine Slattery of New Rochelle were struck by lightning and killed instantly on Glen Island during the severe electric storm yesterday. They had been canoeing on Long Island Sound, and sought shelter under a tree. Odell's father is Captain of the Government boat which plies between New Rochelle and Fort Slocum, and lives at 10 Clinton Lane. The girl's father is one of the oldest postmen in New Rochelle. He lives at 66 Grove Avenue. Miss Slattery was Assistant Secretary in the National City Bank, New Rochelle.

20 GERMAN PRISONERS FLEE; 18 RECAPTURED

Tunnel from Camp Sherman and Break for Temporary Freedom During a Storm.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 24.—Reports from Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, at midnight indicated that eighteen of the twenty or more interned German sailors who escaped from the stockade about 7:30 P. M. tonight had been recaptured. Six of the number were caught within the camp. Two others were apprehended at Chillicothe, and it was reported that five had been arrested at Circleville. Five others were captured in Columbus as they reached the city upon a Traction car from Chillicothe.

The prisoners made their escape during the height of one of the most severe electrical storms experienced here in years. Through a secretly constructed tunnel, leading from the cellar of the barracks in which they were quartered to a company street thirty feet away, the men made their escape.

The tunnel, camp officials said, was an ingenious affair. Their barracks are inspected daily. It is not known when the tunnel was constructed, but officers are of the opinion that it must have taken the prisoners weeks to tunnel it and dispose of the excavated dirt.

Officers said that a recent canvass of the prisoners showed that twenty-five of the 196 interned at Camp Sherman wished to remain in the United States. While it is not definitely known whether the men who attempted to escape were among those wishing to remain in the United States, officers were of the opinion they were.

None of the prisoners are said to have offered any resistance when arrested.

2 HURT WHEN CAR HITS AUTO

Friends of Woman Driver Suffer Fractured Skulls in Collision.

Two persons were seriously injured last night when an automobile driven by Mrs. Charlotte Freidberg of 295 Riverside Drive was struck by a southbound Columbus Avenue car at Seventy-second Street.

Mrs. Freidberg, who was with her husband, Philip, in the front seat, escaped injury, but two friends in the rear seat, Mrs. Dorothy Harden, 25 years old, of 630 West 140th Street, and Douglas Hasler, 27 years, of 611 West 156th Street, were hurled a considerable distance to the pavement.

The crash was heard by Patrolman James Kiernan of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, who ran to the scene, and had the injured removed to Roosevelt Hospital. Dr. Edward Dinegan, who attended them, said both had suffered fractures of the skull.

The motorman of the surface car, John Knewhaus of 653 Cauldwell Avenue, was not detained, as witnesses said the accident was unavoidable.

PLEADS FOR VIRGIN ISLANDS.

Rothschild Francis Tells of Conditions of Negro Race There.

Rothschild Francis, a West Indian and member of the St. Thomas (Virgin Islands) Legislature, addressed an audience of about 250 persons last night at a negro church at 55 West 138th Street on the subject of the conditions of the negro race in the Virgin Islands.

The speaker said that conditions were so bad there that the black man was little better than a slave. More than 8,000 negroes, he said, had left the islands and emigrated to this country in the last few years.

Mr. Francis said that he had recently appeared before the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate and had discussed the situation with it. He said that he had been promised that a bill would be introduced providing that three Senators and three members of the House of Representatives should be sent to investigate conditions in the islands.

Mr. Francis said the inhabitants wanted a reorganisation of their judiciary and school systems after the American plan.

WAIST

WHILE IT IS THE INTENTION OF FINCHLEY TO GIVE A DEFINITE CURVE TO THE WAIST OF THE LOUNGE JACKET, IT SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD THAT THE ELEMENT OF EASE HAS NOT BEEN NEGLECTED.

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ITALY SORELY TRIED, BUT WANTS TO WORK

Demobilized Armies Would Furnish Abundant Labor for New Industries.

LIFE IS NOT DISORDERED

Although People Still Suffer a Great Deal Under War Restrictions and Scarcity of Supplies.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 23.—Many Americans just arrived from the United States to prospect for possibilities of developing and exploiting this country's resources have told me their idea was to provide capital while Italy, on her side, would provide the hand labor. This would not be difficult, as thousands of men are being daily demobilized who are searching for employment. American experts would at first direct the working of different branches of the business to insure the efficiency of the organization. As soon as Italians had learned the American method of running a business it would be left entirely in their hands. This way of co-operation has given excellent results in the Far East, where Americans direct many of the chief industries and factories with natives working under them.

The first question Americans ask upon landing in Italy is whether the revolution is still raging and whether Bolshevism has made much headway here. Their surprise is intense when, upon driving through Genoa, they see no signs of strife or unrest, but the usual activity and bustle of a big, busy town.

Rome strikes them the same way. They cannot keep from exclaiming: "Why, in America the general opinion is that Italy is in the throes of a great upheaval, not far from Bolshevism." Perhaps the last food riots which occurred in some parts of the kingdom did much to generate this opinion in the United States.

But if some of the disadvantages and sufferings were known under which the Italian nation is still laboring, although we are almost nearing a year since hostilities ceased, Americans would wonder that Italy succeeded in keeping from utter anarchy. Food conditions and restrictions are just as severe and numerous as they were during the war. Bread and maccaroni, which are the staple food of the poorer classes, are just as dark and uneatable as before. Many days of the week meat is unprocurable. Sugar, and especially butter, are unheard of luxuries.

Gas is still meted out at certain hours of the day, and the poor people who cannot afford to cook with gas often have great difficulty to prepare their meals, as coal has never been seen for private uses since the war began. Charcoal is scarce and dear. Owing to the miners' strike in England the quantity of coal assigned to Italy has been still further limited. Thus many trains which had been added to the railway service since the armistice have been again curtailed. The result is that in this boiling weather people have to travel packed like sardines, many standing in the corridors.

All this and much more the Italian people have supported uncomplainingly and calmly for many months, always hoping things would improve. Prices, however, continued rising to fabulous heights, so that it was inconceivable how certain classes of the people succeeded in keeping alive. Popular patience wore out in certain towns, and the people took the law into their hands and sacked good clothes shops. Be it noted that no jewelry shops or furniture shops, &c., were touched; only those shops which contained the necessaries of life. Other towns, seeing the success of such attempts, followed suit.

The Italian people, however, soon realized that things were not improved by looting and pillaging, that it only meant more days of suffering and want. This movement was sporadic and unorganized among a certain number of people who through years and months of suffering had lost patience and rebelled. Socialists and anarchists hoped to take advantage of the unsettled conditions in the country to plot the overthrow of the established order of things, but it turned out an utter fiasco.

If the Italian people can only find one who knows how to lead them the country might reach a height of prosperity and richness never dreamed of, as it has the elements necessary to reach such results.

MUST WORK AND SAVE, NITTI TELLS ITALIANS

Calls on Prefects to Urge Greater Production—Must Get Credits Here.

ROME, Aug. 23, (Associated Press.)—Francesco S. Nitti, Premier and Minister of the Interior, issued a proclamation today addressed to all the Prefects, urging them to carry on a campaign for greater production in the country, most frugal economy, and the prevention of strikes.

"I desire," says Signor Nitti, "that a campaign be carried on in all the provinces having for its aim stimulation of greater production and more frugality among consumers. There is urgency for a program in the country for more economy and more work. There is a condition in Italy which forces us to act now strongly and vigorously.

"A majority of the public continues to live as heretofore. Besides, there is a large part of the people who, instead of working more intensely, insist on working less and demanding greater compensation. It is clear that today in order to sell other countries we must have equilibrium in the balance of trade. In 1913 we imported $200,000,000 more goods than we sold, but in 1918 we imported more than $2,000,000,000 of goods more than we exported.

"We must buy grain, fats, coal, and other commodities. We must give our Allies assurance of our faith in accepting credits by working to produce greater wealth in the interior of Italy. In this condition the strike is the arm of destruction. Every time there is cessation of work it is a serious blow at the nation; all indifference on the part of producers is a menace."

Signor Nitti said that up to the present all Italian credits had come from England and the United States. England, he added, now was unable to furnish credits, and the only hope of Italy was the United States.

"The United States alone are in a position to furnish us credits," said Signor Nitti.

PERU HOLDS ELECTIONS.

Include Plebiscite on Proposed Constitutional Reforms.

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 23.—General Congressional elections and a plebiscite on constitutional reforms proposed by the Provisional Government will be held throughout the republic tomorrow and Monday. There is no apparent opposition to the Government program.

The Arequipa Law College, in full session Friday, voted emphatic approval of the proposed reforms.

Cholera Epidemic Menaces Tokio.

HONOLULU, H. I., Aug. 24.—A Tokio cable to the Hawaii Shinpo says an epidemic of cholera is threatening Tokio. Several cases have been reported. The infection, the cable said, was brought to Tokio from Shanghai.

HARVEST BRINGS RELIEF TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Conditions in Poland Also Improved, Hoover Says—Raw Materials Urgently Needed.

VIENNA, Aug. 19, (Delayed,) (Associated Press.)—Herbert Hoover, head of the interallied relief organization, and his staff reached Vienna today after a trip of ten days through Czechoslovakia and Poland and more particularly through those sections of Poland recently recovered from the Bolsheviki.

Mr. Hoover told the correspondent that general conditions in Czechoslovakia and Poland were improved with the arrival of the harvest. Czechoslovakia may require some minor food imports during the next year, but more particularly needs raw materials. Portions of old Poland will require some more food imports and also will need raw materials in order that the enormous number of unemployed may be put to work in the manufacture of prime necessities.

In the areas recovered during the last two months from the Bolsheviki, Mr. Hoover said, the economic situation could only be expressed by the term "complete demoralization." He continued:

"We made a more particular study of this entire area. The population consists in large majority of Ruthenian peasants and large Polish landholders, the peasants cultivating their own land and hiring themselves in normal times to the great landowners. In addition there is the town population, consisting half of Poles and half of Jews. The Poles comprise the intelligent element and conduct the large enterprises, whereas the Jews form the trading and commercial class.

"As a result of seven invasions by different armies the country has largely been denuded of buildings. The estates of the larger landowners have been destroyed, and while the peasants are cultivating approximately enough foodstuffs for their own supplies, these regions, which in normal times export large quantities of food, mostly from the large estates, are four-fifths uncultivated.

"In normal times the town populations exist by exchanging manufactured goods to the peasants and landowners for food. There has been virtually no import of manufactured goods for years, and the supplies of foodstuffs having vanished, the town populations are left entirely without support or employment. As there have been no manufactured goods to exchange, and as the currency no longer has any purchasing value in goods and the peasants do not care to exchange foodstuffs for it, there has been a total breakdown of the economic cycle.

"In addition to the destruction and robbery which accompanied the repeated invasion of rival armies, these areas have been, of course, through a caldron of Bolshevist revolution and the intellectual classes either fled from the country or to a considerable extent were imprisoned. Some were executed. The Ruthenian peasants have been stirred up against the great landowners, which accounts for the destruction of the equipment of the large landed properties. It appears to us that it will require years for this region to recover, for animals must be provided, agricultural implements imported and the whole agricultural production restarted.

"The function of the Jewish population as middlemen was undermined by the cessation of commerce and they have naturally under the struggle for existence turned to any means of livelihood. They have tried to get a living by handling foodstuffs from the country, and all the peasants and town populations of Poland are in arms against them on the charge of profiteering.

"The terrible consequences that arose from revolution, where they are not made hard enough by the shortage of food and clothing, are made worse by the epidemic of typhus. The hospitals are full of victims."

PROPELLER HELD GOLIATH.

Trouble Forced Landing in Isolated Region in Africa.

PARIS, Aug. 24 (Associated Press.)—Further details were received today by the Ministry of the Colonies concerning the long missing airplane Goliath, which was found yesterday. During the flight from Mogador, Morocco, toward Dakar, French West Africa, the machine developed propeller trouble and was forced to land near the village of Koufra, in the Mauretania region, 130 miles north of St. Louis. The propeller previously had been the cause of trouble on the flight from Casablanca to Mogador, where it was repaired.

It is believed that one of the flying columns sent out to search for the missing craft discovered its whereabouts. St. Louis is about 100 miles north of Dakar, and therefore the Goliath was about 230 miles from her destination when forced to land. The eight person aboard the airplane are safe.

REPORT KIEV TAKEN BY THE UKRAINIANS

Bolsheviki Said to Have Been Driven from Podolia and Large Parts of Volhynia.

REDS RECAPTURE KAMISHIN

Moscow Announces Success Against Denikin's Army on the Volga River Front.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—According to advices received in Copenhagen from Beresina, in the Government of Minsk, an airplane has reached there bringing advices from Kamenetz-Podolsky to the effect that General Petlura's Ukraine troops have occupied Kiev, taken the whole of Podolia, and large parts of Volhynia and the Government of Kiev.

The advices add that Ukrainian armies are approaching the Dnieper River along the entire line.

The Ukrainian mission at Berne has received a message from General Petlura, dated Aug. 20, saying that the towns of Rovno, Dubno, and Zhitomir have been handed over by the Poles to the Ukrainians by arrangement.

The message goes on to say that the peasants everywhere are rising on behalf of the independence of the Ukraine. All national forces are united on a democratic and anti-Bolshevist basis.

"We have excellent relations with the Entente, while our neighbors, particularly Rumania, are hostile," the message asserts.

A Bolshevist military report received in London today by wireless says that the Bolsheviki marching south have occupied Tambov and that on the Volga front they have recaptured from Denikin's forces Kamishin, an important shipbuilding town, southwest of Saratov.

SAYS EXTREMISTS RULE BOLSHEVIST RUSSIA

Danish Red Cross Worker Sees German Domination Coming When Allies Withdraw.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 24, (Associated Press.)—"Unless something is done to remove the fear and prejudice with which they are now regarded, even by the bourgeoisie, there is little chance for the ultimate success of Admiral Kolchak and General Denikin against the Russian Bolsheviki," said Dr. Camillo Martiny, who has arrived here from Russia after a four years' stay there as the head of the Danish Red Cross, today.

"The bourgeoisie desire Allied intervention. The British withdrawal from North Russia means eventually German domination there, especially since Germany has lost her overseas colonies and the only road left her is eastward."

Commenting on his dealings with the heads of the Soviet Government, Dr. Martiny said:

"Recognizing the terrible failure of their policy, Nicolai Lenin and his associates decided to abandon their terrorist methods and their policy for immediate socialization, and for the first month of this year a moderate program was carried out. Terror ceased. 'We must make peace,' they said, 'and reorganize the country later and seek to put Communism in force.'

"While determined to keep the power in the hands of the Bolsheviki, the policy at home was, as far as possible, to secure the co-operation of other Russian parties and cease hostilities on all fronts on the condition that their present territory be left them, while they in turn agreed to cease agitation in other countries.

"But the moderate policy failed to secure the longed-for peace. It was then that the Bolsheviki turned to Peters and Dershinsky (two of the leading Red commissioners) with their extreme policy, which is to make no peace until Europe and the world is Bolshevized. A majority of the Soviets joined this movement, and for three months they have been the real government, with only nominal power remaining in the hands of Lenin and the other people's commissaries.

"The accession of the Extremists was marked by the capture of Odessa and the repulse of the forces threatening Petrograd, and the advent of Soviet Hungary. The success against Kolchak has been largely due to the generalship of Kameneff, who was a Colonel in the days of Czarism. His policy having prevailed over the defensive Soviet policy and proved successful, all military power has passed into his hands."

Workmen and Peasants Rebel.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—That strong opposition against the Bolsheviki is developing in European Russia is the report brought out of Russia by G. A. Alexinsky, a member of the second Duma, who recently escaped from the country. Mr. Alexinsky is a Socialist revolutionist and was imprisoned for ten months by the Bolsheviki before he made his escape. A summary of his report has reached Washington through official channels.

According to this information three considerable organizations have united against the Bolsheviki, namely, the League of Russia's Regeneration, the National Centre and the Committee of Public Men. These represent all the groups from Octobrists to Social Revolutionaries, inclusive. Alexinsky says he is deputed to represent these united organizations and he states that their policy is to support Admiral Kolchak, with whom they are in regular communication through couriers.

Anti-Bolshevist movements of workmen at the works of Putilov at Petrograd, at Bryansk, Moscow, Tula, Yaroslav and Sormovo were stifled by ferocious measures of repression, the report says. At the Putilov Works the workmen hurled bombs at the Bolshevist police agents who came to arrest their leader. The prisons are full of workmen as well as peasants.

Relations between the Bolsheviki and the peasantry are said to be no better than those between the Bolsheviki and the workmen. A rising against the Soviets took place about three weeks ago, in the province of Tver, where 17,000 peasants in the Begetsk district protested against Bolshevist rule. A Bolshevist punitive expedition was sent there and the protesting peasants were plundered, flogged and shot.

SEE NORTH RUSSIANS DOOMED TO MASSACRE

But Allies Are Said to be Without Plans for Aiding Their Friends There.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—The Peace Conference recently has been discussing plans for the protection of the 30,000 anti-Bolshevist Russians in Archangel and along the Northern coast of Russia after the departure of the British forces, which are rapidly moving out.

Thus far, however, no plan has been agreed upon, and the Russians who assisted the Allied forces against the Bolsheviki apparently are doomed to massacre. The commander of the Archangel Russian forces has asked for 4,000 volunteers to aid him.

Peace Conference delegates assert that it would be impossible to provide sufficient ships to remove the Archangel anti-Bolshevist population, even if the Russians desired to leave. Most of the population, it is asserted, do not desire to quit their homeland, as they would have no place to go.

A dispatch from London on Thursday last said that several vessels had been assigned by the Ministry of Shipping to the task of removing from Northern Russia all civilians who wished to leave before British troops were withdrawn from that region. It was added that several thousand children and aged and infirm persons would be taken first to points on the Murmansk coast and later would be transported to Southern Russia.

TOKIO, Aug. 21, (Associated Press.)—Advices from Omsk are to the effect that foreigners have made all preparations to leave in an easterly direction if the Bolshevist advance threatens Omsk. Trains are being held in readiness for this purpose.

MISSIONARY'S TRIAL ENDS.

Korean Court Reserves Decision, but Acquittal Is Expected.

SEOUL, Korea, Aug. 21, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Court, which heard the appeal of the Rev. Eli Miller Mowry of Mansfield, Ohio, a Presbyterian missionary, from conviction on a charge of having sheltered Korean agitators, has reserved decision.

M. Osawa, Mr. Mowry's lawyer, expressed the opinion that the court will either acquit Mr. Mowry or order a new trial in the Court of Appeals.

Late in April of this year the Rev. Mr. Mowry was found guilty of sheltering Korean agitators and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment at hard labor. The decision was appealed by him to the Appeal Court, which ordered Mr. Mowry to serve four months' penal servitude, but suspended the sentence for two years. Mr. Mowry at once took an appeal to the Supreme Court.

TEXT OF ULTIMATUM SENT TO JOSEPH

Note to Archduke Said Peace Negotiated with a Hapsburg Government Couldn't Last.

COALITION CABINET DESIRED

But World Would Not Believe Any Assembly Elected Under His Auspices Was Representative.

PARIS, Aug. 23, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council tonight sent the following note to the Hungarian Government, in which announcement was made that the Council would have no dealings with a Government headed by Archduke Joseph or any other member of the Hapsburg family.

"The allied and associated powers have been further considering information derived from our reports, and from other sources, as to recent events in Budapest. Their conclusions are as follows:

"They are most anxious to conclude a durable peace with the Hungarian people, but they feel that this cannot be done while the present Hungarian Government is in power. That Government came into existence not by the will of the people but by a coup d'état carried out by a small body of police, under the protection of a foreign army.

"It has as its head a member of the house of Hapsburg, whose policies and actions were largely responsible for the calamities under which the world is suffering, and will long suffer. A peace negotiated by such a Government is not likely to be lasting; nor can the allied and associated governments give the economic support which Hungary needs.

"In its reply that Archduke Joseph is prepared, before approaching the allied and associated governments, to submit his claims to the test of popular elections, we must reply that this procedure cannot be satisfactory if the election is to be carried out under the auspices of an administration which the Archduke himself controls.

"The difficulties in the way of obtaining by election of a faithful reflection of the popular will are, in the present unhappy state of Hungary, most serious. They would be overwhelming if an election were carried out under Hapsburg influences. Even if an Assembly elected under such circumstances were really representative, no one would think so.

"In the interest, therefore, of European peace the allied and associated governments mean to insist that the present claimant to the leadership of the Hungarian State should resign, and that a Government in which all parties are represented should appeal to the Hungarian people.

"The allied and associated powers would be prepared to negotiate with any Government which possessed the confidence of an Assembly so elected."

The note was signed by Premier Clemenceau.

WANT MAIL FROM HUNGARY.

Hungarians Here Petition Lansing to Re-establish Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Eugene Pivany, Secretary of the Hungarian American Federation of Cleveland, urged upon Secretary Lansing yesterday that he exert this Government's influence to bring about the re-establishment of mail service between the United States and Hungary. Mr. Lansing promised to make an investigation.

Mr. Pivany said that letters were being received in this country from Germany, Austria, and all the other countries which were at war with the United States, except Hungary. The failure of Hungarian immigrants to get any information about their home folks, from whom they have been without communication for nearly four years, Mr. Pivany said, was causing thousands of them to return, solely to find out what had happened to their relatives during the war.

Mr. Pivany said that there were not more than a million of Hungarian immigrants here who did not want to return to their home, but were becoming very restless because of the embargo still on mails going to Hungary.

FAIL TO REVICTUAL BUDAPEST.

Rumanian High Command Blames Hungarian Authorities.

BUDAPEST, Aug. 23, (Associated Press.)—The Rumanian High Command today issued a note in which it declares that all its efforts for the revictualing of Budapest have failed, owing to total lack of organization by the Hungarian authorities. The note says the High Command is doing its utmost to compel the authorities to do their duty.

According to the note, the Rumanians have organized food relief trains, and granted full liberty of navigation of the Danube River. Emphasis is laid on the statement that political activities and the publication of newspapers are not being interfered with. It is added that the High Command will not serve as an instrument for political persecution, and that its only concern is to maintain order.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—The Supreme Council has decided to request Rumania to keep an exact account of all her requisitions in Hungary. The value of these requisitions is to be deducted from the amount Hungary is to surrender to Rumania under the terms of the Peace Treaty.

BRITISH SEE EXPORT ERA.

Mail Writer Says Tide Is About to Turn—Warn Us.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A careful survey of the trade situation does not confirm the view prevalent that the trend of events is all in favor of America's export trade, according to the writer of a special article in The Daily Mail this morning, and concerning which it says editorially that the great rush of imports into Great Britain seems to be ceasing, and that exportation on a considerable scale is about to begin.

The writer of the special article says the British Government chose Sept. 1 for the withdrawal of import restrictions, to accord with the arrival in this country of an unprecedented stream of shipping, which has been loading foodstuffs in Australia for Great Britain. Many vessels already have arrived, and the ocean route is thronged with others, so that henceforth Great Britain will not be [illegible] sources for food. The gathering of the home harvest, he adds, aids the situation.

As regards British export prospects, the writer asserts it is well known that considerable stocks of textiles, cutlery and other goods are available for export.

"America has been pouring goods into Europe," says the writer, "but the rate of exchange now is against American importers who, with heavy commitments, are not pleased at the outlook for their trade and are not overjoyed by the removal of the British restrictions. Many alert American business men here have advised American manufacturers to cease flooding the British market."

NAMES HARCOURT AN HEIR.

Late J. P. Morgan's Sister Leaves $3,000,000 Estate.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Under the will of Mrs. Walter H. Burns, sister of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, who died suddenly on July 20, Viscount Harcourt, her son-in-law, receives £50,000.

The total estate of Mrs. Burns amounts to £627,000.

CATHOLICS AID BOY SCOUTS.

New Troops Are Being Organized in Churches Throughout Country.

Hundreds of new Boy Scout troops are now being organized in Catholic churches throughout the country according to a statement issued from National Headquarters, Boy Scouts of America. The total already formed approximate 500, and it is believed by the Catholic War Council that 1,000 units will be in existence within the year.

The growth in Catholic dioceses is attributed to the nation-wide campaign for 1,000,000 associate members recently conducted, and to the activities of the Bureau of Catholic Extension of the Scout movement, which according to Lorne W. Barclay, Director of the Department of Education of the Boy Scouts of America, "is bringing scouting to thousands of Catholic boys in every State of the Union." The Catholic Council, through a sub-committee, after an investigation of the movement, has given its co-operation, and is working to extend the movement to more churches.

"There is no reason," says a statement issued by the Council, "why the number of troops in Roman Catholic churches should not be doubled, not only for the sake of our boys themselves, but because, by its program and methods, the movement offers a channel for patriotic activities on the part of our Catholic youth."

Scouting was officially inaugurated among Catholic boys in 1913, when the late Cardinal Farley requested Father Sullivan to undertake the work. Early in 1914 a troop was organized at the Cathedral, and gradually new units were introduced in dioceses throughout the country, until in 1917 the total reached 224. The following year there were 355 units.

Among those who constitute the Bureau of Catholic Extension of the Scout Movement are, the Most Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, Archbishop of New York, Honorary Chairman; the Most Rev. James A. Keane, Archbishop of Dubuque; the Most Rev. Edward J. Hanna, Archbishop of San Francisco; the Most Rev. Jeremiah J. Harty, Bishop of Omaha; the Rev. Augustin F. Hickey, Chaplain Francis P. Duffy, Michael J. Slattery, John W. Welsh, A. C. Charles and Ernest G. Alberque.

STATE MILK CONTROL URGED ON GOVERNOR

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

have professed an ability to give good reasons for these differences.

"On Friday, Aug. 22, bottled milk sold in New York City for 16 cents a quart; in Chicago for 15 cents; in Boston for 15½ cents, and in Philadelphia for 14 cents—this despite the fact that the average amounts per quart or per hundred paid the farmers who supply the Philadelphia, Chicago, and Boston markets are, according to reports furnished us by the State Department of Foods and Markets, somewhat higher than those paid the farmers supplying the New York City market.

"What this slight difference in the price of each quart of milk means to the people of New York City may be estimated from the fact that in round numbers 2,000,000 quarts of milk are daily consumed in New York City. Of this 44 per cent. is bottled; that is, approximately 880,000 quarts of bottled milk are sold in New York City daily. This difference between the selling price of bottled milk in Philadelphia, which is 14 cents a quart, and that in New York City, which is 16 cents a quart, means that the people of New York in a year would pay $6,424,000 more than the people of Philadelphia for the same amount of bottled milk, and $3,212,000 a year more than the people of Chicago, and $1,106,000 more than the people of Boston.

New York Cost the Highest.

"Undoubtedly it costs more to do business and to distribute milk in New York City than it does in Boston, Philadelphia or Chicago, but a milk system that costs the people of the City of New York comparatively $6,000,000 a year more than it costs the people of Philadelphia, and $3,000,000 more than it costs the people of Chicago, and $1,000,000 more than it costs the people of Boston, needs either explanation or reformation.

"These comparative figures may seem large, but it should be borne in mind that at present prices New York City will consume bottled and loose milk to the value of $140,000,000 in a single year.

"It is hardly conceivable that any patriotic or humane citizen would wittingly take undue or extortionate advantage of this great and primal human need, especially when it is realized that such gain must inevitably result in the greater mortality of infants and weakness of children, unless charity, the 'milk of human kindness,' supplies that which their gain forbids. For this reason, while we recommend that you urge the Attorney General of the United States to all possible speed in prosecuting violations of the Interstate Commerce act in price fixing, (since milk is brought not only from New York State, but from Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Vermont, Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Canada, and therefore through the channels of interstate commerce,) and while we further recommend that you require all District Attorneys in the State of New York, as you have already required the District Attorney of New York County, to give immediate and most diligent attention to any violation of existing laws within their respective districts, we are disposed to put the emphasis for the present upon bringing about such open co-operation between dealer and consumer as will insure a fair price.

Asks for Committee of Nine.

"To that end we recommend, therefore, that you cause to be appointed, first of all in New York City, a Fair Price Milk Committee, consisting of nine members:

"The State Commissioner of Health.

"The New York City Commissioner of Health.

"The New York City Commissioner of Markets.

"Three members to be named by the Governor of the State.

"Three members to be named by the Mayor of the City of New York.

"We further recommend that you follow this plan in the formation of milk committees in other cities in the State upon request of the local officials.

"If this plan should, however, be found ineffective in securing fair prices, we should then be prepared to recommend, in view of the vital relation of the cost of milk to the health of children, that you urge legislation which would make it possible for the State or the municipality to regulate the distribution and sale of this necessity of life.

"If you are driven to this regrettable alternative, we propose the following as the nucleus of a tentative legislative program for placing the distribution of milk on a public utility basis:

"1. That there be created a State Milk Commission to regulate the milk distribution business in cities of the first and second class.

"2. That all milk distributors in cities of the first and second class be required to secure a license from the proposed commission, and such commission be authorized to refuse a license to any distributor who cannot establish proof that the business he proposes to conduct is of public interest.

"3. That the proposed commission be given full power to regulate the rate which shall be charged on milk for the service rendered by the distributing agencies, and to limit the profits of such agencies to what it may deem to be a fair and reasonable return on the investment.

"4. That the proposed commission be given full authority to require the installation of uniform cost accounting systems by all distributing agencies in first and second class cities and to inspect and audit such accounts at any time.

Municipal Ownership Favored.

"5. That the commission aid and assist all municipalities desiring to establish municipally owned distribution of milk, and act as an advisory board and be in position to recommend the most effective method to be used in establishing municipal distribution of milk, including the acquisition of privately owned distributing systems.

"6. That all the municipalities of the State be authorized to acquire and operate milk distributing systems within their boundaries when such acquisition and operation are approved by this commission.

"7. That the proposed commission promote co-operation between the producing and distributing elements of the milk industry; that it make from time to time investigation of the cost of producing milk, and publish for the information of the public data as to volume and cost of production in this State; that it conduct educational campaigns for promoting the wider use of milk as a food, and co-operate with municipal health departments and other agencies in making special studies of the needs for the greater use of milk in the feeding of children.

"8. That the commission make special study of the problem of providing milk at a minimum cost to the children of the poorer sections of the larger cities, and co-operate with the municipal departments of health in providing milk for the feeding of infants at the lowest possible cost.

"9. That the commission co-operate with the New York City Department of Health to make a special study of the conditions under which loose milk is sold in the city, and endeavor to eliminate all possible danger of contamination of milk sold in this manner.

"10. That the proposed commission be empowered to revoke a dealer's license for due cause after public hearing and after due notice in writing.

"11. That any municipality, in addition to cities of the first and second class, may, by formal action of the governing body of the municipality, place themselves under the jurisdiction of this Commission."

In regard to the general food situation, the report takes up categorically the number of investigations in the matter which are being conducted at present by Federal, State and municipal authorities, and then continues:

"From these facts it is patent that what is needed now is to avoid duplication of investigations and secure unison of effort.

"It therefore seems to be useless at the present moment to institute another general food investigation, duplicating those which are under way and in the hands of those charged with the responsibility of enforcing the law. The important thing is to co-ordinate these investigations, correlate the data produced, and devise such legislation as may be necessary.

"To this end we recommend that you call a conference of representatives of these various investigating agencies, to meet with you and the heads of the appropriate State and city departments, so that a plan of action may be worked out best calculated to produce results. We suggest that there be included in your invitation to such a conference the Attorney General of the United States or his representative, the Attorney General of the State of New York, the District Attorney of each county in the State, the Mayors of cities, the members of the Reconstruction Commission, the heads of the Departments of Farms and Markets of State and city, the heads of the Departments of Health of State and city, the Federal Food Administrator in charge of the Fair Price Committees, representatives of Chambers of Commerce, representatives of the agricultural interests of the State, representatives of labor, and other such persons as you may find helpful in such a conference."

Army Food Sale Continues.

The sale of surplus army food will open again this morning in fifty-eight schools throughout the city. A large supply of bacon, it was announced last night, had been moved during the holiday from the city's warehouse at Fifty-ninth Street and First Avenue to schools in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Federal Food Administrator Arthur Williams said last night that he was well satisfied with the progress of the fight this city is making on high prices. He declared that he had been reliably informed that the price of milk would not be raised during September.

Several conferences of importance in the effort to bring down exorbitant costs will be held this week in Mr. Williams's office in the Consolidated Gas Company's building at Fifteenth Street and Irving Place. The wholesale fish dealers, from whose co-operation a great deal is expected by the Food Administrator, will send a sub-committee to which Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland will appoint a member.

The retail butchers, who were unable to agree with Mr. Williams on a fair marginal profit list, will meet the Food Administrator today or tomorrow for another conference.

Another committee of tradesmen which Mr. Williams said he would confer with are the Master Jewish Bakers, who are to pass on the proposition of raising the price of Jewish bread from 9 cents. The bakers promised that if the Fair Price Committee would listen to their case they would abide by its decision without question.

RENT EXTORTION EVIL IS PUT UP TO PALMER

Chairman Hirsch Appeals to Attorney General for Remedy Against Greedy Landlords.

Nathan Hirsch, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, sent an appeal for help in curbing landlords' greed to Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer yesterday. The letter reads:

To the Attorney General,
Washington, D. C.

August 23, 1919.

My Dear Mr. Attorney General:

As Chairman of the Mayor's Committee of New York City, I beg to call your attention to our efforts to establish fair dealing between tenants and landlords, and to curb the extortions of profiteering landlords, of whom, unfortunately, there are many in New York City and other American cities. This evil is resulting in widespread suffering and discontent. Our offices are thronged from morning till night by distressed citizens whose rents have been unjustifiably raised —50, 75, 100 per cent., and who cannot bear this burden. In many cases we obtain concessions from the landlords and bring about reasonable adjustments by moral pressure; but when a profiteering landlord is recalcitrant, we have no legal means of bringing him to terms. If he insists on exploiting the necessities of the people, due to a scarcity of homes, we are powerless to prevent him from doing so. The laws are inadequate to deal with this situation. What are we to do?

More and more the storm of general indignation is rising; we hear the mutterings day by day. It is idle to say that these evils will correct themselves. They are not correcting themselves. On the contrary.

Quite recently Mr. Cleveland Moffett has come forward in support of the victims of rent profiteering and has made some spirited remarks on this subject that have attracted attention in the newspapers. I enclose a number of clippings.

Believing that this problem is one of national as well as local importance I appeal to you, sir, for information on two points: (1) Are there existing laws that will restrain and punish rent profiteers? (2) If not, what steps should be taken to obtain such laws?

I need not add that I entirely support the President in his remarks before Congress, Aug. 8, on the subject of profiteering. But the question is, what can we do about it? What practical steps can be taken? How can we relieve the increasing angry tension in the public mind and bring justice to thousands of victims of selfish landlords?

This is an open letter on a subject that interests every man, woman, and child in this country. The President and his Cabinet should consider this rent profiteering and housing problem and co-operate with the Congress in the passage of necessary remedial legislation.

Very respectfully,
NATHAN HIRSCH, Chairman.

In reference to the complaint of Mr. Moffett, who asserted that his own rent had been raised from $1,500 to $2,500, Chairman Hirsch said this was an extreme object lesson, which was worthy of the consideration of the President, his Cabinet, and the Congress.

The latest subscriptions to the fund instituted by Supreme Court Justice Robert L. Luce, Chairman of the Law Committee of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, for the relief of acute cases of distress of needy tenants have been received by ex-City Chamberlain A. J. Johnson, Treasurer, from F. B. Hoffman, $25; D. Forbes Morgan, $50; Stuyvesant Fish, $20; DeWitt Clinton Falls, $5, and Robert Bridges, $10. The total of the fund to date is $1,970.

LUDENDORFF FOILED IN SUPREME CRISIS

Sought to Get Interview with Himself Published by Neutral Journalist.

LAST GREAT DRIVE WAS ON

Correspondent Realized General's Conclusions Were False and Rejected His "Exclusive."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—There can be no harm in making public an incident which in the critical months of 1918 was a piece of secret war history. The publication of Ludendorff's memoirs lends special interest to the matter now.

Right up to March 21, 1918, when the storm broke, there had been much popular speculation as to when it was to take place. The main reason for the delay in opening the battle was that up to almost a few hours of the dawn of March 21 victory in the fight between the political and military interests in Berlin was undecided, the problem being whether Germany should risk all on a tremendous onslaught, or give obvious openings for preliminaries to an armistice. In the end the strength of Ludendorff's position and influence carried the day, and brought disaster.

Within the first week of the great attack Ludendorff recognized that he had failed not only in a battle but in the battle on which all had been staked, and staked practically on his sole responsibility and decision. It is not surprising that he was shaken. He met the crisis by issuing instructions throughout the German newspaper world that the situation was to be represented as even rosier than the high military command had expected, and also ordered the publication of maps of the "progress" of the German armies, showing their position always well ahead of the actual front.

Moreover, he actually wrote and tried to get published an interview with himself. He deliberately sought an interview with a neutral journalist who he thought would be a willing tool. He so far gave himself away as to point out what a great thing it would be for him to have an "exclusive interview with Ludendorff," and he did all he could to persuade him to deceive his employers into believing that he had spontaneously sought out the great leader, and had asked for his views.

Before committing himself in the slightest degree the journalist asked to see the "interview." A copy ready made was handed to him. He read it, and found it was impossible for him to put his name to it. Its fatal objection was that Ludendorff, having set out his various points and arguments, political and even humane, had drawn certain definite conclusions which history has since proved to have been utterly false.

These conclusions he asked the journalist to adopt as his own. To his honor the journalist refused. The interview was "returned with thanks," as if to any ordinary contributor, and though Ludendorff made further efforts to secure its publication he was unable to do so.

POSTAL WORKERS ASK RISE.

Worcester (Mass.) Men to Call Referendum if Denied Request.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 24.—Postal employes of Worcester County at a mass meeting today adopted resolutions asking for increases in salaries and requesting officers of their national association "in the event of relief being denied us by Act of Congress, to take an immediate referendum to determine the sentiment of the members for enforcing their demands." A committee was appointed to appear before the Congressional Wage Committee in Boston on Sept. 11 and 12.

It was voted to ask for salaries for clerks and carriers ranging from $2,000 to $2,500, time and a half for overtime, 80 cents an hour for substitute clerks and carriers, and "proportionate increases" for postal employes.

Representatives Paige and Winslow and Postmaster Healey addressed the meeting and promised to do all in their power to obtain increases.

Phonetics

Suppose you had a chance to-day to name your product Kodak—would you? Or Crisco—or Victrola, Yuban, Jello or Uneeda?

Do you think these are good names, and if so, what made them good?

Does not each name bring to your mind a sharp definitive picture of just one particular article without thought of its other connotations?

The men who wrote, edited and illustrated the *Stars and Stripes* for our army in France are to "carry on" the same spirit in this country with a publication for the new civilian, called *The Home Sector*.

What does Sector—The Home Sector—mean to you to-day? What does it mean to-day to the nearly five million of our men who formed "the last reserve army of civilization"?

And what will *The Home Sector* mean twenty years from now to these millions of the A. E. F.?

A great name comes from great accomplishment, and the measure of its value is the measure of the service it identifies.

Butterick—*Publisher*
The Delineator
Everybody's Magazine
Two dollars the year, each

"Like Honey on Olympus"

A *leaf-sweetness* that suggests the "Fabled Nectar of Jove."

Made from five precious Turkish Tobaccos: Yaka, Seres, Mahalla, Zichna and Samsoun.

Condax
An Old Time Turkish Cigarette
10 for 30c
10 for 35c (Extra Size)
Plain
Straw
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E. G. Condax & Co

ADVERTISEMENT.

Do you know

Kansas City as a telegraphic center ranks next to New York and Chicago in business handled?

13
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
]

COFFEE DRINKERS

The United States consumes nearly one half of all the coffee exported from the producing countries of the world.

The average consumption per head is about twelve pounds a year—perhaps more, now that we have Prohibition.

In this nation of coffee drinkers CHILDS coffee has gained an enviable reputation—and maintained it for over a quarter of a century.

Enticing in aroma, mellow in flavor and delightfully stimulating.

Childs

The Right Plan...

Life Insurance *Has Not* Advanced in Price!

Since the cost of living went up, and the earning power of money remains about the same, you know it requires proportionately more insurance to protect your family now than was required four years ago.

Life insurance is one of the few necessities that haven't advanced in price. From among many plans worked out to meet present economic conditions we suggest:

Plan 43

Guarantees an income of $1,200 yearly to the wife and $20,000 to her children who survive her. A policy that combines a will and a trust income.

Where husband and wife are the same age $1,200 yearly income, with $20,000 for later division to the children.

Requiring a yearly deposit of:

Age		Age	
30	$248.00	45	$723.00
35	513.60	50	893.50
40	601.40	55	1123.60

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Don't use cosmetics to hide skin trouble

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aids poor complexions

If your complexion is rough, red or irritated, don't try to cover up the defects with cosmetics which do not conceal, but usually attract attention to the reason for their use. Begin today to clear your skin with Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap.

This treatment not only cleanses the skin and enables it to breathe, but usually removes redness and roughness.

Ask your dealer for Resinol Soap and Ointment.

MADE WITH THE OVAL BUTTONHOLE

Lion Collars

OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

CONCRETE
T. WHITE
CONSTRUCTION CO. INC.
NEW YORK

NEW $20,000 HOME GIFT TO ENRIGHT?

Secrecy Surrounds Sale Said to Cover a Present from the Police.

STOPPED FORMER GIFT

Mayor Ordered Collection for Liberty Bonds Dropped—Denial That Force Contributed.

The home of George May, at 897 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, a handsome house in a fashionable neighborhood, has been sold to an unnamed purchaser and is said to be intended as a gift to Police Commissioner Enright from voluntary contributions of members of the Police Department.

The house is said to have been held for at a price of $20,000. The transaction took place with a good deal of secrecy. It is reported, however, that the purchase was made through Public Administrator Frank V. Kelly, acting in behalf of a committee composed chiefly of Captains and Lieutenants, who have been close friends of the Commissioner for years.

George May refused yesterday to discuss the sale of the property. Mrs. May said that she was not at liberty to name the purchaser, because the property had been sold with a pledge of secrecy. At his home in Brooklyn Police Commissioner Enright was reported to be out of the city, but due back this morning. So far as is known, the property has not been formally presented to the Commissioner.

At the time of his marriage last November, a plan was started to raise a large fund as a wedding gift. Under the direction of Deputy Police Commissioner Leach, a collection was started for a fund, which was expected to amount to $25,000, and it was intended to present that value in Liberty Bonds as a wedding present to the Commissioner and Mrs. Enright. The impression got abroad at this time that all members of the police force were expected to contribute. Mayor Hylan put a stop to the plan by writing a letter to Deputy Commissioner Leach disapproving the collection of a fund by methods which appeared to be in the nature of an assessment on all policemen. Acting Police Commissioner Leach dropped the plan, announcing on Dec. 24, that $640 had been collected, and that it would be returned to the contributors.

Mayor Hylan's letter on the subject, however, was interpreted as not disapproving a gift to Commissioner Enright from voluntary contributions, and it became known that Police Inspectors, Captains, and Lieutenants were raising a new fund for a gift for the Commissioner. Further steps in the plan to make a substantial gift to the Commissioner were not made public. No announcement has been made regarding the growth of the fund or the purpose for which it was to be used.

Ghegan & Levine, the brokers who made the sale of the May house, refused to name the client in whose behalf they acted. Public Administrator Kelly could not be reached yesterday.

Deputy Police Commissioner Leach said yesterday that he knew nothing of the transaction involving the home of Mr. May, but that he was positive no fund had been collected in the Department for a gift to Commissioner Enright.

"I am sure that no such fund could have been raised without my knowledge," he said, "and I know that Commissioner Enright would not allow such a gift to be made to him."

STORY ABOUT CARNEGIE.

Comes from a Kansan Who Met Him at a New York Luncheon.

Sheffield Ingalls of Atchison, former Lieutenant Governor, once attended a luncheon at the Hotel Astor in New York at which it was his luck to sit beside Andrew Carnegie. Mr. Carnegie was down for a speech, which he read in clear, good natured tones with the aid of an old fashioned pair of spectacles with rims of Carnegie steel.

As the luncheon came to a close Mr. Carnegie pushed back his chair from the table, and something metallic was heard to fall on the floor. Quick as a flash the steel king was on his hands and knees searching under the table. Mr. Ingalls offered to help find it, but Mr. Carnegie refused his aid kindly but firmly.

When found the article turned out to be, not a piece of money as everybody supposed, but a metal hat check. Mr. Carnegie's relief at recovering the check was the subject of many jokes at his expense, Mr. Ingalls says, in which the philanthropist heartily joined.—Kansas City Times.

PLEAD FOR EX-KAISER.

German Aristocrats Petition Neutral Rulers to Aid Him.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 24.—The Danish King and other rulers of neutral States have received a petition from the German aristocracy entreating them to try to save the ex-Kaiser from being placed before an Entente tribunal.

The sum in settlement which will be offered to the ex-Kaiser by the German Government is not as was at first stated in the German press, 120,000,000 marks, but 90,000,000 it is now said, from which taxes will have to be deducted.

AUTO THIEVES RIFLE SHOP.

Take $8,000 Worth of Silk from 125th Street Store and Escape.

Burglars last night forced an entrance into the Dress de Art Shop at 29 West 125th Street by sawing through the ceiling and, after taking more than $8,000 worth of silk, escaped in a high-powered automobile.

The license plate on the car used to carry away the plunder was turned upside down. This attracted the attention of a passerby. He questioned the two burglars as they were getting into the car with the silk. One of the robbers struck the questioner, knocking him to the pavement. Both burglars then jumped into the car and escaped.

Detectives from the West 123d Street Police Station hurried to the scene and discovered that the thieves had jimmied their way through the front door, and made their way to the second floor, occupied by the Randolph Printing Company. There they forced the door and sawed through the floor over the Dress de Art Shop. An improvised ladder was found in the opening.

ARREST BOY FOR LARCENY.

Youth Driving Stolen Car Said to Have Police Record.

Detectives of the Automobile Squad of the Police Department yesterday arrested a boy who described himself as Samuel Shapiro of 1,683 First Avenue on a charge of grand larceny, and in the Tombs Police Court asked for bail of $2,500 on the ground that the boy was out on suspended sentence for a bond theft several months ago. The boy was arrested after the police had seen him driving a car reported last month as missing.

A boy named Samuel Shapiro was arrested last November on the charge that he had stolen $33,000 in bonds from Finch & Tarbell of 120 Broadway. The messenger was employed in an emergency, after a short acquaintance with other employes of the firm. The police said that Shapiro was to have appeared in General Sessions this morning to have answered a charge of violation of the Sullivan law. Sentence in the bond case was suspended and all the bonds were recovered.

CAR CONDUCTOR'S STORY.

Very Interesting, but It Takes a Good Lot of Believing

A conductor on the street railway, who must be veracious, for he offers to support his story with an affidavit, relates the following incident in Watts Watt:

> Coming out of town in the morning on the Kenton car a lady passenger was sitting in front of a window where the pane was entirely gone. Soon she seemingly grew too warm, and she lowered the window sash, very carefully putting her hand on the glass (that wasn't there) in order to let the window down easy. Even when her hand touched space she seemed unsurprised, and continued operations. After having lowered the sash she sat down in the same place and appeared to be comfortable.
>
> On the return trip to town another woman sat by the same window. Rain began to fall. She arose, raised the empty sash, and sat down in front of it again, quite comfortable. You see, it is all in the passenger's mind.

Watts Watt remarks that here is an apt illustration of the truth of President Wilson's theory that most of our troubles are psychological.

Certain healers might also find proof therein of the supremacy of mind over matter.

Also the medical healers need not be dismayed, for does not "Doc" Evans assert that nervousness may cause a rise of one degree or more of temperature? And what tends more to nervousness than to find the sash up when one wants it down or vice versa?

As for ourselves we shall merely suggest that the incident is a remarkable tribute to the window washers of the Portland Railway, Light and Power Company.—Oregonian.

WAR HARD ON GLASS.

Lots of It Smashed in Belgium, France, and Italy.

Glass was not made for the concussions of war. The glass factories of Belgium can run for many months on the job of replacing broken window panes, and France looks to Belgium to help in mending its own windows. Italy's one factory will have a long period of work if it is to replace the destroyed windows in the invaded district.

Not only window and plate glass are in demand, but different forms of glassware. England needs bottles, chimneys for lanterns, and cheap tumblers. France and Belgium need a replenishing of their glassware, too. In watch crystals Alsace-Lorraine is again asserting its ability and seeking to oust Japan from this trade, in which Japan made progress during the war.

How far Belgium will regain its former position in exports of glass remains to be seen. It has now to compete with wartime expansion in such countries as Japan and Canada.—The Nation's Business.

LOS ANGELES NOW WITHOUT TRAINS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

meetings that the radical forces of unrest hereafter are going to run Southern California and the city of Los Angeles.

The Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, representing 800 large industries, the Chamber of Commerce, representing 5,000 of the business men of the city, the Los Angeles Realty Board, representing practically all of the real estate in this section, and a large number of other bodies and a great number of citizens have sent strong telegraphic pleas to the Director General, asking that the Government do not dally with the situation, but that the Railroad Administration meet it squarely and demand that the brotherhoods and the employes live up to their contracts and that service on the steam roads be restored at once.

The ostensible reason for the steam line upheaval is the strike on the two street electric lines and the Interurban railway system, the Los Angeles Railway and the Pacific Electric Railway, which give all of the street and suburban service in Los Angeles and some forty other towns and cities, in addition to smaller communities. The strikes on these two railways are a complete failure, and both are giving normal daylight service, with heavy patronage and no disturbances of consequence. They are ready to give night service when safety is assured.

Of the business of these lines, one is altogether a street car business, and the other derives three-fourths of its revenue from fares averaging less than ten cents, only one-fifth of its revenue coming from freight and less than one-tenth coming from freight interchange with steam lines. Open shops are in effect on both lines and no questions were involved in the strikes which were called because demands were not met upon three hours' notice, these demands being of a nature that would have made it impossible for the electric railroads to take in enough money to pay operating expenses and taxes.

The membership of some of the employes in the brotherhoods was seized upon as an excuse by steam line employes to quit work. A large number of shopmen have quit work, but they had already voted to strike if their demands for increased wages were not met. It is stated that in addition to these and the trainmen and switchmen who have struck the freight handlers will go out tomorrow. It is known that practically all of the employes at Indio, a freight junction of the Southern Pacific Company on the desert, will go out on strike. But it is also reported that owing to the temperature there being very warm the real purpose of the strike is to get a vacation.

The suggestion made by some of the brotherhood chiefs that the electric railway properties be sacrificed and that the demands made up them by their striking employes be met in order to get the unruly members of the brotherhoods to return to work is received with deep and widespread indignation in this community. The feeling is general that the issue is squarely up to the United States Railroad Administration, either to operate the lines under their control or turn them over to the people who will operate them, and this major question must be settled now.

The situation is emphasized by the fact that the committee of fifteen representing the local striking employes of the steam lines have demanded that the officers of the steam railroads who have been making up passenger trains in an effort to relieve the stranded passengers be discharged before they will return to work.

These are said to include officers from the rank of Assistant General Manager down. The striking employes of the steam lines openly boast that they are taking a short vacation and have no intention of quitting the service permanently, but feel absolutely assured that they will compel the United States Railroad Administration to meet whatever demands they impose.

SPOTTED SKIPFLIP RETURNS WITH PEACE

M. Mizzle Identifies Strange Sea Monster Thought at First to be Herbert the Sea Lion.

ITS TAIL LIKE A PROPELLER

And One Skipper Says Its Varied Colors First Suggested the Means of Camouflaging Ships.

Passengers arriving yesterday from England on the White Star liner Baltic told of a strange marine monster that had been sighted off the Goodwin Sands recently and caused considerable discussion among the seafolk around the Kentish coast. At first some of the London newspapers declared it was Herbert the sea lion, that escaped from the aquarium in Dover and jumped off Shakespeare cliff into the English Channel. Some of the editors suggested that it might be a stray torpedo that did not know the armistice had been signed. People who saw the monster at close range from the deck of the excursion steamboat Royal Sovereign declared it was one of the strange fish from the straits of Malacca, known to seamen as the spotted skipflip of Singapore.

Prof. Cornelion Van den Blink, an orchid hunter from Java, said that he recognized the fish through his glasses as it was apparently skimming along on the surface of the sea, which it does by means of a powerful tail built like a propeller that revolves in either direction at high speed, so that the spotted skipflip can go ahead or astern at will. This peculiar trait of the Eastern wonder fish makes it difficult for observers to know whether the skipflip is coming or going and also deceives its prey. There is a sharp, spiked tail projecting about eighteen inches from the two driving blades, according to Professor Van den Blink, upon which the spotted skipflip impales its victims when rushing full speed astern, and the fish has a long mouth equipped with sharp, sawlike teeth to seize anything when attacking ahead.

Chased by Sea Monster.

Marmaduke M. Mizzle, a Mincing Lane caraway seed merchant, who also saw the strange monster from the Royal Sovereign, was most emphatic in his assertions that it was a veritable spotted skipflip of Singapore. He told his fellow passengers that it was half fish and half animal and had four web feet, which enabled the skipflip to travel on the sand at a good speed.

"I was on the beach at Kuala Lumpus," he said, "pursuing a young stingaree that had lost its way, when I heard a rushing sound upon the water and saw one of these strange monsters coming for me rapidly. Leaving the stingaree to its fate I fled to the shore and ran barefooted over the scorching sands chased by the spotted skipflip and was nearly all in when I met two Malay boys armed with bamboo spears, who rescued me in the nick of time. The natives dread the skipflip in the sea more than they do the shark, as it is difficult to tell what the monster is going to do.

"When I caught the first glimpse of the spotted skipflip of Singapore the baleful glare from its large, green eyes pierced me through and through. I thought of offering it a bag of caraway seeds I had in my pocket, but there was no time to get it out. The one off the Goodwin Sands was about ten feet long and was hovering around some object that looked like a floating mine, which it was probably about to attack with its spear-like tail."

Mr. Mizzle explained that the spotted skipflip had never been reported before in Western waters, and had probably followed some ship through the Red Sea and Suez Canal into the Mediterranean and lost its way.

This Fish Never Dies.

Captain Frank Clark, who lives in Gravesend, at the mouth of the River Thames, and is regarded as an authority on the subject of marine monsters, said that Mr. Mizzle was undoubtedly correct in stating that the visitor now frisking the waters off the Goodwin sands was a genuine spotted skipflip of Singapore.

"This remarkable specimen of the deep," the Captain said, "was reported as the fish that gave the Admiralty the idea of camouflaging ships to disguise them from the crews of the enemy submarines. At break of day it is a dull, cold gray color, with red spots; at 11 A. M., when the sun is over the foreyard, the skipflip changes to blue and gold, and becomes deep red and white toward sundown. As night falls it assumes a hue of invisible gray with yellow spots and fades away. Spotted skipflips never die.

"I was attacked by one many years ago when I was second Mate of the clipper Black Adder, a strictly temperance ship, mark you, under Captain Tom Pepper of China fame. We were becalmed off the Java coast with a sea like boiled oil and a copper-colored sky. The deck was so burning hot that Tiddles, the cook's cat, went up on to the main royal yard to look for a breeze. About 4 bells in the middle watch, 2 A. M., Pompey, the Captain's fox terrier, went crazy with the heat and jumped off the poop into the steaming sea, which lapped lazily against the dolphin striker. I was young at the time and full of sympathy for all dumb animals, so I kicked off my canvas shoes and went over the side with a big splash.

"I had just got alongside poor old Pompey when I heard a loud, whining noise close to me, and saw a big, spotted skipflip coming for me, with open mouth, at great speed. I just had time to dive as the monster passed over my head, and when I bobbed up on the surface again the dog had disappeared. In the meantime the skipflip had reversed, making a noise like escaping steam, and was coming for me stern first, to impale me on his long tail, which shone like silver in the moonlight and was shaped like a marlin spike. The rays of the moon, reflected in its fiery green eyes, dazzled me as it swung around, and I don't know to this day just how I got back to the side of the Black Adder and clambered up on the fore sheet which the cook had hung over the topgallant sail to dry. It was a narrow escape."

The passengers on the Baltic said that motor launches armed with automatic rifles, mounted at bow and stern, had gone out from Down and Deal to look for the spotted skipflip of Singapore, and that Marmaduke M. Mizzle, the Mincing Lane caraway seed merchant, had offered £100 for its skin, to have it stuffed and presented to the British Museum.

THIEF GIVES HIMSELF UP.

Declares He Feared Innocent Man Might Suffer for Crime.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Declaring that he was afraid an innocent man would be arrested for a theft of which he was guilty, Davis Dexter, 38 years old, of New York, gave himself up to the police here today.

Dexter said that he had been employed as a driver for the Mercantile Lunch Company of New York and that about three weeks ago he stole $325 from the company. After stealing the money Dexter said he was worried by the fear that a chauffeur who was in the room at the time of the theft would be accused of it.

SEES GROWTH IN CHURCHES.

Bishop Says Some Persons Go to Bank of Heaven with Bad Checks.

Bishop Matthew S. Hughes of the Methodist Episcopal Church told the congregation of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church yesterday that hundreds of students were returning to the seminaries from war and that there was no prospect of a shortage of ministers in his church. He criticised severely healers who pretend to cure by laying on the hands and continued:

"Some people in the part of the country where I live, perhaps some in New York, go to the Bank of Heaven with checks signed Jesus Christ, when they haven't a blessed thing on deposit there, and have never had."

Speaking of the outlook for the seminaries, he said: "The outlook for ministers in adequate numbers is good. During the next five or ten years I look for such growth of the churches, all names, as they have not had in generations."

In his sermon at the Calvary Baptist Church the Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton decried the abundance of profiteers and strikes and urged that all classes abandon selfish viewpoints.

"Almost everybody in the world has been on strike now, except the preachers and the undertakers," he said. "Certainly we have grievances enough on the score of underpay, and if we are to move in line with the spirit which is now prevailing in the world on this subject, we will have to get together soon in a 'joint convention,' in which, after setting forth our grievances under about six 'whereas,' the conclusion would be reached, 'therefore, be it resolved, that we, the preachers of America, do hereby announce to our churches and to the general public that we will no longer submit to such heartless treatment as we have been subjected to from time immemorial.'"

CALLS SMOKING SINFUL.

That's the Judgment of One of America's Great Religious Sects.

As an example of the tendency of the times there is quoted the recent decision of a great religious sect to enter upon a campaign for righteousness through a standing committee which wears the title of "temperance and moral welfare." It has set out to begin "a dignified but effective" campaign of methods against certain evils of the body politic.

In the list of things to be opposed are the use of narcotic drugs, the evil of hasty and improper divorce, gambling in all forms, exhibitions of prize fighting and boxing and finally—tobacco! It seems settled that the use of this herb has been finally placed in the catalogue of crimes against morality—sins, if you please—and the country may as well accept the inevitable result.

There will be left no middle ground for the proscribed smoker, chewer or snuffer; no plea available that it is being taken for medicinal purposes, which was the now rejected excuse of the thrice accursed tippler of alcoholic beverages. These unhappy people are now alike with the morphine fiend, the crafty, dishonest gambler, the disgraceful seeker of unhallowed divorce, and the bloodthirsty brutes of the boxing platform. Indulgence in the Indian weed is, alas, the mark of the Beast upon the sinful brow.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

TO GOVERN FLIGHTS OVER LARGE CITIES

New York Aerial Police, Answering Chicago Inquiry, Suggest Necessary Laws.

WOULD REGISTER MACHINES

Trial Flights Without Special Permits Not to be Permitted—Fix Penalties.

With the rapid development of military and commercial aviation there has come the constant danger of such accidents as the recent Chicago disaster, when a dirigible balloon plunged a mass of flames through the glass roof of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank.

The New York Aerial Police, of which Colonel J. De Mont Thompson is the commander, recently telegraphed to the Corporation Council of Chicago, at its request, an opinion on the flying laws necessary in large cities pending national legislation. A digest of the opinion, which was compiled with the advice of W. W. Young, a member of the Aero Club of America and consulting engineer of the New York Aerial Police, follows:

"Subject to such treaty conventions as may be made by the President and the Senate, the following suggestions are offered:

"1. Licenses—No flight by aircraft within the limits of cities of over 600,000 population will be permitted unless the pilot, airplane, engine, motor, and flying field used are registered with the head of the Police Department, and the registration certificate is carried on the person of the pilot, together with a pilot's license from the United States or the Federation Aeronautique Internationale.

"2. Trials—No manufacturer's machine or aircraft can be trial-flighted or flown outside of the flying field before bona fide sale without a special permit from the head of the Police Department permitting and limiting such a flight.

"3. Fields—No flights shall be permitted from any field except one whose owners have registered it for such use, and have a card signed by the head of the Police Department.

"4. Zones—No flights shall be made with heavier than air machines at elevations below the gliding angle of the machine from registered flying fields. No flights shall be made by a lighter-than-air craft over portions of the city where the houses are closer together than the greatest dimension of the craft, except over routes designated by city ordinance.

"5. Instruments—No aircraft shall be permitted to fly from the city limits without a compass, barometer and map, and sufficient supplies to reach the next landing place.

"6. No explosive material shall be carried as cargo, nor inflammable material not inclosed in gas-tight cases.

"7. Night—No aircraft shall be permitted to fly at night without displaying forward and astern two white lights, visible at least five miles, and two wing tip side lights visible at least three miles, red on the port and green on the starboard side. All ships shall carry flares and a searchlight.

"8. Clearance—No aircraft shall pass an inhabited building or another ship in flight at a distance less than four times its greatest dimension.

"9. Right of Way—Lighter-than-air ships have right of way over heavier-than-air. Ships will keep to the right in passing. When one aircraft overtakes another it shall pass it on the left and at a higher level, with double the distance ordinarily required. The ship overtaken has the right of way.

"10. Navigation—Aircraft manoeuvering on water in the vicinity of watercraft shall comply with the United States navigation laws, and aircraft flying over public highways shall comply with the automobile laws of such highways. Watercraft have the right of way over aircraft when in flight.

"11. Scope—These laws shall not apply to Government or police department aircraft.

"12. Penalties—Violations of these rules shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $1,000 over the value of the aircraft concerned, and two years' imprisonment, or both."

SAW WAR IN PALESTINE.

Miss Brooks of Montclair Was Last to Leave Red Cross There.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Aug. 24.—Miss Edith L. Brooks of 8 Belvidere Place has returned from a year's service in Palestine and Egypt as a member of the American Red Cross Commission to Palestine. With two others she was assigned to a place near General Allenby's headquarters, where they pitched their tents and lived like soldiers. After the defeat of the Turks, Miss Brooks was sent to Cairo in relief and welfare work.

She was the last member of the commission, of which Dr. W. S. Dodd of Montclair was also a member, to leave for home.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
FIREMEN EVERY TEN FEET

Fast Work

"The opening of the heads gave an alarm. The insurance patrol *immediately* responded—but the fire was extinguished by the time they arrived," writes W. A. Haines, Philadelphia.

Let GLOBE Sprinklers protect *your* property.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
148 Broadway Cort. 8790

GLOBE Sprinklers protect the property of Sharpe & Dohme, Baltimore, Md.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES

Restoring Lost Property.

Lost articles of value should be advertised in The New York Times without delay. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

B. Altman & Co.

A Quantity of Women's Gowns

of fine qualities, developed in foulard, lace, taffetas and other desirable materials,

Will be offered to-day (Monday)

at the extraordinarily reduced price of

$78.00

Imported and Special Costumes Dep't
(Third Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

YEARS back, it was nothing to show a fine selection of Scottish tweeds and roughish cheviots in Golf Clothes. But show us the store, outside of ours, that has them to-day!

Saks-tailored, same as our other clothes

$35.00 UP

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

HANAN

It is the month in and month out mileage you get from Hanan Shoes that proves their worth.

The initial cost of shoes means little compared with the average cost per month over a period of years.

SHOES

Good Shoes are an Economy

LONDON NEW YORK PARIS

HOT WEATHER SUFFERERS

When undergarments stick to chafed flesh and your skin burns, a film of soothing, healing Kora-Konia brings blessed relief.

KORA-KONIA

Brings Blessed Relief

Kora-Konia is antiseptic, soothing and healing, contains ingredients of recognized medicinal value. It is great for chafing, sunburn, and the tormenting diaper rash and teething rash of babies. It heals sores, blisters, and all skin rawness.

It does not readily wash away, clinging to the flesh for hours.

Send 10 cents for sample

THE MENNEN COMPANY
NEWARK, N.J. U.S.A.

First

In seven months of 1919 The New York Times published more financial advertising than the combined volume of the New York morning newspapers second and third in financial advertising, notwithstanding the declination by The Times, as objectionable, of thousands of agate lines of this class of advertising.

Of the total of 3,247,239 agate lines of financial advertising published by New York morning newspapers in seven months of the year, The New York Times published 1,237,272, or 38 per cent.

SEVEN MONTHS' RECORD 1919

Financial Advertising New York Morning Newspapers:

	Agate Lines.
The New York Times	1,237,272
Second Newspaper	519,315
Third Newspaper	477,776
Fourth Newspaper	415,342
Fifth Newspaper	357,694
Sixth Newspaper	239,840

The New York Times

CAPITAL KEEPS EYE ON PENROSE FIGHT

Senator's Attempt to Defeat Vare Ring in Philadelphia Alarms Friends.

WATCH PALMER BOOM, TOO

Foes of Reform Forces Say Patterson Will Be Mayor, Then Go to Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—National politicians are watching two events with which Pennsylvania men are now associated. One is the fight Senator Penrose is making to overthrow the contractor ring in Philadelphia and elect Representative J. Hampton Moore over the opposition of the Vares and other Republican leaders. In this fight Mr. Penrose has associated himself with the reform forces which in 1905 overthrew the Republican machine in the State. The other development is the effort of certain Democratic leaders to bring about the nomination of Attorney General Palmer for President.

In the Senate the fight Mr. Penrose is making is viewed with some alarm by some of his Republican associates, who have attempted to weaken him by success of the old Republican machine would mean his defeat for the Republican nomination to succeed himself in 1920. Already the elements opposed to Mr. Penrose in this fight are promising the electors that there will be a strong candidate opposed to the senior Senator from Pennsylvania next year, if Judge John M. Patterson, the Vare machine candidate, is nominated on Sept. 16 and wins in the subsequent election. Mr. Penrose cannot be nominated, as he himself knows, without Philadelphia, and this the Vare-Martin-Lane faction say they will take away from him with the election of Judge Patterson.

Already Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania, former Governor Edwin S. Stuart, and C. H. K. Curtis are mentioned as Republican opponents of Senator Penrose. The Mayoralty campaign is linked with the Senatorial fight next year. Senator Penrose has deserted his post here, and is giving his entire time to directing what looks like the hardest fight of his career. He has sent word to his friends in Washington that he will win, but Representative William S. Vare has given equally optimistic reports of success. He is directing the campaign of Judge Patterson, along with his brother, the municipal contractor.

Defeat of the Penrose faction in this Mayoralty fight would mean the retirement of Senator Penrose in 1921, at the apex of his career, just after he has been elected Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate. It would also bring an end to the career of Representative J. Hampton Moore, for the Congressional district he now represents is controlled by the faction Mr. Moore is fighting.

Long before Mr. Palmer became so conspicuous in the fight against high food prices he was mentioned by some admirers as the next Democratic candidate for President. Encouragement was given to his boom by some Administration forces and some National Committee men, who came to Washington to learn whether the White House would stop the boom, returned to their States, and spread the talk of Mr. Palmer as a candidate.

Mr. Palmer established a good record as Alien Property Custodian, and his activities there had suggested him to some as a Presidential possibility. Certain Republicans, foreseeing his possible rising strength as a National figure, have attempted to weaken him by making charges against his official acts while Alien Property Custodian, and have conducted an investigation which has held up his confirmation for Attorney General.

Many Democrats suspect that the opposition now existing in the Senate to giving the Administration additional legislation against food profiteers, is based to some extent on the fear that it would afford Mr. Palmer means for adding to his National strength and making him a contender for the Presidential nomination.

SAYS WAR ENDED HYPHENS.

Colonel Roosevelt Speaks at Anniversary of Battle of Long Island.

With Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt and Dr. John H. Finley, Commissioner of Education of the State of New York, as the speakers, the 143d anniversary of the Battle of Long Island was observed yesterday afternoon in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, under the direction of the Kings County Historical Society and the Park Department. The exercises, at which Charles A. Ditmas, the President of the society, presided, were held at the music pavilion and were attended by about 3,000 persons.

Colonel Roosevelt spoke of some of the "by-products" of the great war. One of the most important of these, he said, was the strong impulse to patriotism which had been given to the American men and women who had served overseas or at home during the war, as well as to the people generally. Mhen who had gone over as "German-Americans," "Irish-Americans," "Italian-Americans," and so forth, had dropped the hyphens on the battlefields and returned as just Americans, with the word "written in capitals."

Patriotic impulses which had been stirred with the war, Colonel Roosevelt said, had changed the attitude of many of the people who had been wont to figure on how much the country owed them. They now were calculating as to how much they owed the country they lived in.

Colonel Roosevelt told of the democracy which prevailed in the army and said that a "class party" should and would fail in this country.

Dr. Finley spoke of some of his experiences as a Red Cross Commissioner in Palestine during the war.

The exercises were opened with an invocation by the Rev. Charles W. Roeder, pastor of the Flatlands Reforme Church. There was mass singing under the leadership of Herbert S. Sammond, a former United States Army song leader.

North England Trade Strike Off.

LONDON, Aug. 24.The strike of 6,000 employes of the Co-operative Trading Societies in North England has been called off, an agreement having been reached between the men and their employers. The strike was called Friday, the workers demanding a forty-four-hour week and an increase in wages.

PLANS FOR LAFAYETTE DAY.

Ambassador Jusserand to Speak at 162d Birthday Anniversary.

Ambassador Jusserand will attend the exercises at City Hall on Sept. 6, in honor of the 162d anniversary of the birth of Lafayette, and of the fifth anniversary of the battle of the marne. Other speakers will include Myron T. Herrick, former Ambassador to France; Dr. John H. Finley, President of the University of the State of New York; Supreme Court Justice Victor J. Dowling, who will preside, and others. The ceremony will begin at 11 A. M.

A celebration of the same day will be held at the Lafayette Monument in Union Square. A committee headed by Charles A. Downer is arranging for this event, while Dr. George Frederico Kuz, President of the Joan of Arc Statue Committee, is attending to preliminaries as to observances at Ninety-second Street and Riverside.

The Lafayette National Committee announces that Governor Davis of Idaho, Governor Bickett of North Carolina, Governor Olcott of Oregon, and Governor Smith of New York, have issued proclamations calling the attention of their people to the anniversary, while Governor Cox of Ohio has issued a statement calling the attention of the peoples in that State to it and urging a general celebration.

TO SPEAK FOR THE LEGION.

Lieut. Col. Roosevelt to Tour the West in Membership Campaign.

Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, one of the founders of the American Legion, will start tomorrow on a four weeks' speaking tour through the West under the direction of the Legion's National Speakers' Bureau, which is undertaking a national membership drive for the purpose of bringing up the league's enrollment to 1,000,000 before the national convention in Minneapolis on Nov. 10, 11, and 12.

On his tour Colonel Roosevelt will cover Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas, Colorado, California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, and Idaho.

300,000 GO TO CONEY ISLAND

One Man Drowned and Many Slightly Hurt—Bathing Prices Boosted.

The heat of yesterday sent about 300,000 persons to Coney Island, and nearly half of them went into the surf. There were a number of minor accidents necessitating ambulance calls, and the police had a busy day. Two men, John Tschirff of 29 Lincoln Street, Brooklyn, and William Adams of 527 Fifty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, were drowned.

As is usual on hot days, proprietors of some bathing houses boosted the price of dressing rooms to $2. At the municipal baths a new system was in vogue. Heretofore the charge has been ten cents, the person to stay in the surf as long as he desired. Complaints have been received of early arrivals monopolizing the accommodations, and yesterday the charge was twenty-five cents, fifteen cents of which was returned to the bather if he came out of the water within three hours.

A few bathers suffered fractured bones from falling off floats or being hurled against the life rope poles in the surf.

The Coney Island business men are planning the annual Mardi Gras for the four days, Sept. 16-20.

FATHER SEES BOY KILLED.

Child Trying to Recover a Hat Is Hit By Scenic Railway Car.

While his father was watching him trying to recover a starw hat which had blown from the head of a patron of the scenic railway at Bronx Exposition Park yesterday afternoon, Nicholas Bolletto, 14 years old, of 1,110 East 211th Street, was crushed to death by a two-car train on the scenic railway structure.

The boy's father, Pellegrino Bolletto, is employed as "starter" of the scenic railway cars. Yesterday, just before one of the cars came to a halt at the starting platform, one of the passengers lost his hat. He called to Nicholas, who was nearby, and told him he would give him a nickle to recover the hat.

The lad started up the steep incline, but Thomas Turpin, manager of the amusement, frantically shouted to the boy to desist, knowing that a second train of two cars was due at the starting platform within a few seconds. Nicholas turned to get out of the way of the approaching train, but he was too late.

THEY ALL NOTICE

the name of the bank on your check. Be sure you have good connections. To be associated with a sound, conservative Trust Company will help you.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY
160 Broadway, New York
44 Court St., Bklyn., N. Y.

Only one publication in America contains the German Peace Treaty in full, as signed, word for word, with all clauses and revisions. It appears in August CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE just as it reposes in the archives of the French Republic, *with maps*. So does the entire Polish Treaty, also the French Alliance Treaty. In addition, every nation in two hemispheres is surveyed and worth-while facts that developed among them in July are printed. The Magazine is copiously illustrated with rotogravure etchings and contains important international Cartoons. A repository of world facts—*no comment*. On news stands, 25 cents. Published by The New York Times Company.

Broadway at 34th Street

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Business Hours 9 a. m. to 5:30 P. M. Store closed Saturdays during August.

Today Begins the Important

Final Clearance of

Women's Summer Frocks

At Half—and Less Than Half—Regular Prices

The beautiful frocks obtainable in this mid-season sale are suitable for early Fall as well as present wear, and at the following prices are well worth your immediate attention:

Silk Afternoon Frocks, in Georgette Crepe and Silk Crepe combinations, mostly Navy Blue and Black. Reduced from $35 and $39.50 to........ $18.50

Higher-Cost Foulard Frocks, some in combination with embroidered Georgette Crepe. Reduced from $49.50 to........ $25

Cool Cotton Frocks, of Striped Madras, French Linen, Woven Voile, White Lingerie, and Foulard-Patterned Voiles. Reduced from $15 and $18.50 to........ $7.95

Higher-Cost Cotton Frocks, in White Voile, Dark Color Flowered and Figured Voiles; also many in rich Cotton Georgette Crepe. Reduced from $10.95 and $12.95 to........ $5.95

Fourth Floor.

Exceptional Value!

Women's 20-Year Gold-Filled Bracelet Watches at $15

Reliable 15-jeweled lever movement watch, mounted on ribbon strap or convertible bracelet. These watches are now very difficult to obtain, and cannot be duplicated anywhere at this price.

Main Floor.

'A New Suit for Women

Admirably expressing the mode for Fall

Today and Tuesday

at $39.50

This beautiful suit is possible at this price only because we secured the materials in which it is developed several months ago, thus reducing the cost quite considerably.

Just the correct weight for present and early Fall wear, mirroring perfectly the new silhouette for the coming season—as *pictured*. Tailored in

Silvertone, Chevrona and Drap de Moor

in rich Brown Tones, Blue, Taupe, Reindeer and Navy Blue. Sizes 34 to 44. *Fourth Floor.*

There are just a few more days in which to take advantage of the

Important Savings Afforded by The

Annual August Sale of Furs

—the most successful in our history

Hudson Seal and Squirrel $415

You cannot do better than select your furs in this important sale. We anticipated the present demand for fine furs by making extensive purchases over six months ago, with the result that we now offer the finest of Scarfs, Coats, Coatees, and Muffs

At Savings of 20% to 30%

on present market prices, to say nothing of the increased prices which must come with the advent of Fall.

Pay Only One-third Now

on any garment you select, the balance when you take your furs from storage in November.

Hudson Seal Coats, in smart belted model	Now only $215
Hudson Seal Coats, with Squirrel collar and cuffs	Now only $265
Hudson Seal Coats, with Dyed Skunk collar and cuffs	Now only $235
Hudson Seal Coats, with Natural Skunk collar and cuffs	Now only $300
Handsome Caracul Coats	Now only $215
Natural Black Muskrat Coats	Now only $175
High-Grade Scotch Mole Coats	Now only $275
Exquisite Marmot Coats, with Raccoon collar and cuffs	Now only $165

Fox Scarfs	Now $48.50	Skunk Muffs	Now $35.00
Fox Sets	Now $97.50	Hudson Seal Scarfs	Now $29.50
Wolf Scarfs	Now $28.50	Hudson Seal Muffs	Now $18.50
Wolf Sets	Now $55.00	Raccoon Scarfs	Now $18.50
Skunk Scarfs	Now $50.00	Raccoon Muffs	Now $22.50

Furs listed as Hudson Seal are Seal Dyed Muskrat. *Sixth Floor.*

A Rare Opportunity!

120 Handsomely Beaded Bags

in a remarkable special sale today

Reduced from $45, $50, $55 and $60

At $25

Such bags! such rare execution in bead work! and such beauty of coloring—the work of artist bagmakers who have produced with tiny beads all the richness and perfection of coloring found in costly mezzotints and paintings. In most cases there are just two or three of a kind—hence these very liberal reductions on the most beautiful beaded bags seen in New York for some considerable time.

Three as *illustrated.* *Main Floor.*

In spite of the high cost of materials and labor, we are still showing a large assortment of

Dainty Cotton and Silk Underthings

At very moderate prices, including

Nainsook Nightgowns	Now $1.00, $1.50, $2.00
Pink Batiste Nightgowns	Now $1.00, $1.50, $2.00
Cotton Crepe Nightgowns	Now $1.50 and $2.00
Nainsook Envelope Chemises	Now $1.00, $1.50, $2.00
Pink Batiste Envelope Chemises	Now $1.00, $1.50, $2.00
White Petticoats	Now $1.00, $1.50, $2.00
Cotton Crepe Pajamas	Now $2.00
Pink Batiste Bloomers	Now .50 and $1.00
Cotton Crepe Bloomers	Now $1.00
Crepe de Chine Nightgowns	Now $5.00
Crepe de Chine and Satin Bloomers	Now $3.00
Crepe de Chine and Satin Envelope Chemises	Now $3.00
Crepe de Chine and Satin Bodices	Now $1.00

None of these garments can possibly be duplicated at these prices when our present supply is depleted, prompting us to advise early selection.

Third Floor.

A Naturally Wavy Switch at $6.45

is very difficult to obtain. We offer a splendid assortment today at this price, made of fine selected naturally wavy hair. Saks Hair Goods Shop, *Third Floor.*

Beginning This Morning

The Final Clearance of

Misses' Outer Apparel

at Radically Reduced Prices

The substantial savings here announced are by far the most liberal made for a very long time, and should be taken advantage of *now*.

MISSES' SMART SUITS

in a variety of Sports, Dressy and Tailored Models, beautifully tailored. Broken sizes and color assortments.

Formerly $35 to $45,	Now $19.50
Formerly $49.50 to $98.50	Now $29.50

MISSES' CAPES, WRAPS AND COATS

fashioned in Fine Serges, Tricotine, Velour, Wool Jersey, and Silvertone, in all wanted shades, including Navy Blue.

Formerly $45 to $59.50	Now $25.00
Formerly $69.50 to $98.50	Now $39.50

MISSES' DAINTY FROCKS

in plain color, figured or flowered voiles, plain or checked organdies, and in combinations of Net and Voiles, Ginghams and Chintz.

Formerly $8.95	Now $3.95
Formerly $12.95 to $18.50	Now $7.95
Formerly $22.50 to $35	Now $12.95
Formerly $29.50—*taffeta silk*	Now $19.50
Formerly $39.50—*taffeta silk*	Now $25.00

Second Floor.

WESTCHESTER ROAD TO TEST NEW CREWS

Empty Trains Will Be Run to Let Strikebreakers Become Familiar with Signals.

EXPECT FULL SERVICE SOON

Swann to Begin Calling Witnesses Today in Grand Jury Conspiracy Inquiry.

The New York, Westchester and Boston Railroad will start in today, according to their plans, to train crews of strike-breakers by testing the men they have employed since the strike of the regular trainmen, by putting them in charge of empty trains and running them over the line.

No passengers will be carried on the trains which are used for testing the abilities of the motormen and conductors and for familiarizing them with the signals and operating regulations on the line. By the end of the week officials of the line hope to be able to resume service with new employes. Only men who have sufficient railroading experience to pass the standard examination on the roads and who have had a chance to get familiar with conditions on the road will be used, it was stated.

This promised move on the part of the company was watched with interest by the strikers, who have predicted that they would be able to induce the locomotive engineers of the New York, New Haven & Hartford to strike, if strikebreakers were employed in hauling passengers on the Westchester lines. The strikers, who belong to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and are represented by L. G. Griffing, Assistant Grand Chief of the Brotherhood, with headquarters at the Greeley Square Hotel, refused to discuss their immediate plans yesterday, but asserted that they were not alarmed by the proposed experiment on the Westchester line in training and using strike-breakers.

Demand $8.60 a Day.

According to strike leaders, who talked yesterday at the Greeley Square Hotel, they are not making exorbitant demands, but are merely asking for the Federal scale of pay. They assert that the duties of motormen and conductors on this road entitle them to Federal pay, because it is an interstate road, because its employes are compelled to pass the standard railroad examination, and because they work under the rules and regulations of the New Haven road. The strikers assert that, while their work is more exacting than that of rapid transit roads, their present scale of pay is less than that paid on the Interborough, where motormen have, since their strike, been receiving 78 cents an hour for an eight-hour day with time and a half for overtime.

The present scale of employes on the Westchester line was advanced on Tuesday to meet the wages of the Interborough, with the exception, the men assert, that they will not receive the time and a half for overtime. The motormen on the Westchester road are now offered $7.80 a day for a ten-hour day. Their demand is for the Federal scale, under which they would receive $8.60 a day or $51.60 a week.

Push Grand Jury Inquiry.

Unless some change occurs in the plans of District Attorney Swann, he will begin today to call witnesses before the Grand Jury which is investigating the conspiracy charges of Mayor Hylan, who asserted that officials and employes of the Interborough and New York Railways Company had conspired to threaten officials and to cause the strike for the purpose of coercing them into granting an 8-cent fare. While asserting that he possessed strong evidence to support this charge, District Attorney Swann has so far refused to explain the nature of the evidence he has in support of it. Fifty subpoenas have been issued for witnesses who are thought to know just how the strike came about, and a long-drawn-out hearing by the Grand Jury is expected.

The members of Walters' Local No. 1 of the American Federation of Labor, who struck yesterday morning for an increase in pay of $5 a week, asserted yesterday that about half of the cafés and lunchrooms affected had met their terms and were doing business again with their old employes.

Several hundred retail cigar clerks met yesterday at 321 East Seventy-third Street and started to organize employes of retail cigar stores in the Cigar Clerks' Union.

COUNCIL GETS WAR RECORDS

President Transfers Industrial Data to National Defense Body.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The records of the Committee on Public Information, of which George Creel was Chairman, as well as the files and records of the War Industries Board have, by order of President Wilson, been transferred to the United States Council of National Defense.

In explanation, Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Director of the Council of National Defense, tonight made a statement, saying in part:

"The War Industries Board was originally created by the Council and remained under its direction for nearly a year. Since the records deal in such a vital way with the American industrial and economic capacity for war, they are naturally reassigned to the Council which, as a permanent body, is charged by the Congressional act creating it with the co-ordination of industries and resources for the national security and welfare.

"It is the intent that these and similar war records shall be carefully studied and catalogued by the Council, not only to preserve in the most coherent form the lessons learned from the war on the industrial and economic side but to make the data quickly and effectively available against future emergency.

"It is also the intent to make the records available to American business wherever proper to do so. With regard to the Committee on Public Information records the Council logically falls heir to these files."

Bigamy Charge Awaits Bridegroom.

OSSINING, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Frank Gibson and Miss Ida Useted were married here three weeks ago, and are now on a honeymoon trip. A woman, who says she is Gibson's wife, came here yesterday from Mount Vernon, and on her complaint Judge Irving Valentine issued a warrant for Gibson's arrest on a charge of bigamy. He is the editor of a small trade magazine.

Presbyterians Meet at Stony Brook.

STONY BROOK, L. I., Aug. 24.—The general conference of the Stony Brook Assembly of the Presbyterian Church opened today, with the largest attendance in its history. Sessions are to be held daily during the week. Among the speakers will be the Rev. Dr. Mark A. Matthews of Seattle; the Rev. Dr. David S. Kennedy of Philadelphia, and the Rev. Dr. William L. McEwan of Pittsburgh. Wednesday will be observed as Founders' Day.

ONE MORE INQUIRY INTO CITY SCHOOLS

Appropriation of $25,000 Recalls Numerous Investigations Within the Last Few Years.

AIM TO REMEDY FAULTS

Some of the Surveys Were Thorough, but Resulted in No Action—Superintendent Ettinger's Policy.

The appropriation of $25,000, which has just been made by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment for an inquiry into the conduct of the city school system, recalls numerous other investigations within the last few years. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment, the Board of Aldermen, the Civil Service Commission, the State Department of Education, and the Commissioner of Accounts have all looked into various phases of educational management in the city with various and varying success in discovering unhealthy conditions and in remedying them.

In 1917 a survey of vocational schools and industrial classes was made as part of the industrial education of the City of New York. It was authorized by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, took about twelve months and cost $15,000. It made available valuable data as to the industries of the city, such as the printing trade, inside electrical work, carpentry, joinery, machine shop work. Upon the data which resulted, the extension of industrial education in the city will be based, and one step in that development was taken when the Board of Education recently approved the establishment of vocational schools in the Boroughs of Richmond, the Bronx and Queens.

In the same year the Board of Aldermen became interested in the numerous complaints regarding the Gary system, so they spent six months holding hearings in various localities where they took testimony, later incorporating it in a long report. The inquiry had no administrative results, however.

Again in 1917 an investigation into the status of Civil service employes and the organization of business offices and departments was authorized by the President of the Board of Education to be conducted by the Bureau of Personal Service. The time taken was three months and the cost unknown, but a report was never officially submitted to the Board of Education.

The year 1917 was a banner year for investigations, for while some of the others were under way President Wilcox requested a survey of the duplicate system by the State Department of Education. The Gary system was under fire from all sides at that time, but the investigation did not get under way until the municipal election of that year had decided against the extension of Gary schools throughout the city. The survey was abandoned and no report was submitted.

Finally, at the end of the year the Commissioner of Accounts conducted an investigation into the Supplies Bureau and submitted a report to the Board of Education just before that body went out of office. It dealt with the distribution and purchase of supplies, the orgazation of the bureau, and laid particular stress upon the fact that some of the school men in the system were writers of text-books which were used in the schools. No definite action, however, resulted.

Last year the Civil Service Commission inquired into the assignment of civil service employes in the department, some of whom were assigned to duties for which their titles disqualified them. The commission took exception particularly to the employment of substitute teachers as clerks. Upon the representation of the commission the Board of Education directed the replacement of such substitute teacher clerks by regular civil service employes. The replacement was accomplished with a net saving of about $60,000.

The net extensive inquiry in recent years was that conducted under the Mitchel Administration in 1911 and 1912. It covered every phase of the system and cost, exclusive of printing, $95,067. The time taken on educational aspects was 4,118 days, and on business and administrative aspects, 2,448 days, some of the most prominent experts in the country being engaged in the work. Inquiry shows that many of the recommendations made in the final report were carried out.

For instance, the report on compulsory attendance service, by Dr. Jesse D. Burke, led to recommendations by a special committee which resulted in the establishment of the Bureau of Compulsory Education, School Census and Child Welfare. The report on vocational schools by Dr. Herman Schneider resulted in the establishment of day continuation classes in department stores and factories, co-operative classes in high schools, and prevocational classes in the elementary schools. Most of the other recommendations met with similar responses.

Despite the anxiety of the Board of Estimate and other outside bodies to investigate the school system, it appears that Superintendent Ettinger has from the beginning of his term been conducting a continuous self-survey of the schools and acting upon the results. Immediately after he was appointed he designated a committee consisting of Assistant Director of Research Eugene A. Nifenecker, Assistant Auditor Frederick D. Chambers, and Associate Superintendent William McAndrews, to survey the offices and administrative bureaus of the department. As a result of the findings numerous readjustments were made for the promotion of economy and efficiency. In the Fall of last year a survey of the janitorial problem brought about the recommendation of the establishment of the Bureau of Plant Operation for the elimination of waste by close co-operation. The matter is still before the Board of Estimate because they felt that the bureau should be under the Board of Education rather than the Superintendent.

It is now proposed again to spend $25,000 to have the system investigated by "somebody outside the system and outside the administration."

FOR WHOLESALE PRICE LIST.

Western Buyer Wants Quotations Printed in Advance.

Retail buyers, who come to this city in such numbers at this time of year, are starting an agitation to stop the great fluctuation in prices by urging that the wholesale prices of every article of commerce be announced in the newspapers or trade periodicals, and that advances in prices be made public in this way several days in advance of the time they are to go into effect.

According to H. E. Miller, a department store owner of Muskogee, Okla., the purchaser of "fancy" goods has done much to force the prices of other goods up, for the wholesaler believes that he should keep other prices up accordingly.

"I believe we should go a step further in trying to regulate the exorbitant prices than the suggestion made by President Wilson that the newspapers should announce 'fair selling prices' of all goods," said Mr. Miller, "and ask the wholesaler to give the true quotations on all classes of goods and then allow the retail customers to judge what is a fair price. This would force the purchaser of 'fancy' goods to pay for his choice without causing every other buyer to pay high proportionately.

"In spite of the prevailing high prices everywhere the storekeepers are having no trouble in disposing of their goods, and instead of making one yearly trip to New York or other large centres to restock, the buyers are coming in four or five times a year and taking everything they can find. The investment in all kinds of merchandise is larger, but money is easier and the investment is safer for the reason that there is little left-over stock of any kind, and often this can be returned to the wholesaler, who sells it, and sometimes at an advance to a storekeeper in another section of the country where the goods are seasonable.

"Reduction in the hours of work has caused a great shortage in all kinds of goods, as the workmen at eight hours per day cannot possibly turn out the quantity they did in ten and twelve hour days, and the number of workmen in all lines has not increased materially. Many owners of factories here in New York that I have talked with declare that they would be willing to pay for extra time, but their cutters and needleworkers will not work more than forty-four hours a week.

"The simplification and standardization of styles would undoubtedly bring prices down without reducing the wage scale in any way, but if this cannot be attained then I believe that those who demand the extreme fashions in garments or shoes and such goods should pay well for them and allow the buyer of plain standard goods to secure his at the low price at which they can be made and sold with a fair profit to all."

SUBMARINES TO STAY.

American Naval Officers Say Ruthlessness Is Outweighed by Value.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Abolition of the submarine as an instrument of modern warfare does not seem probable to American naval officers who have given careful study to the arguments put forth before allied naval commissions investigating the subject. It is the belief of these officers that submarines will become more and more numerous in the principal navies of the world during the next few years.

The principal argument for abolition was that as long as the submarines were recognized as legitimate instruments of warfare there would remain the danger of some nation repeating the ruthless and inhuman campaign inaugurated by Germany. Advocates of the submarine, however, do not believe such past inhumanities should be the determining factor in deciding whether the submarine should be abolished.

The naval factions, both in this country and abroad, opposed to the abolition of the submarine believe that the factor of possible mercilessness of the undersea craft should not be separated from the equal and possibly worse horrors of gas warfare, bombing from the air, and mines. Figures gathered by the British during the war show that the losses to British merchant shipping through mines amounted to 6,377,000 tons, compared with 5,739,000 tons sunk by submarines.

The argument has been advanced that, despite the fact that the best inventive genius of several nations worked on the problem of devising means to wipe the submarine out of existence, the subsurface craft remains the only long-radius vessel that, alone and unsupported, can go nearly anywhere and, entirely discounting its main purpose of torpedoing enemy warships, its unique defensive qualities make it a naval weapon of the utmost usefulness, even when restricted in its use against merchant shipping.

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KLAXOCATOR

The Klaxocator is a small, economical and efficient device for quickly locating your executives.

We shall be glad to send you the complete story now if you will write to us.

KLAXON COMPANY
INDUSTRIAL DIVISION
Intercommunication and Signal Engineers
Metropolitan Tower, New York, N. Y,

The little card that has saved millions of dollars—

In 1894, the tab card was invented and manufactured by Library Bureau.

It seems like a simple thing and indeed it is. Looking at it you might well say—*"Why, I would have thought of it myself had I been in business then."*

As a matter of fact—no one *did* think of it until L. B. saw the need and supplied the answer.

The very first installation of tab cards was made in 1894 for a large insurance company. The result was a saving of $40,000 a year in clerical work.

Since then, the tab card has become such a common-place, matter-of-fact part of the card system that today no one gives it even a passing thought. Yet it has saved millions of dollars for American business men.

Right here you have the greatest advantage of all Library Bureau inventions and improvements in filing—SIMPLICITY.

Library Bureau may not save $40,000 the first year for your business, but it will save you something:—in time—in money—in efficiency.

Forty-three years experience are at your service whether your order is for five dollars or fifty thousand.

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A delicious blend of wheat and barley, with their vital mineral salts. Comes ready to eat. *No Waste.*

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MINT LEAF FLAVOR
WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM
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KEPT RIGHT
WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM PEPPERMINT
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5 long-lasting bars in each package. The biggest value in refreshment you can possibly buy.

A BENEFIT to teeth, appetite and digestion. And the price is 5 cents.

The Flavor Lasts

IDEAL ALMOND BARS

THERE is nothing more bracing between sets than an IDEAL Bar. Full of nourishment and flavor it makes an ideal stimulant in work or play. IDEAL once, IDEAL *always*.

IDEAL COCOA & CHOCOLATE CO.
New York, U. S. A.
Mills, Lititz, Pa.

IDEAL SWEET MILK CHOCOLATE WITH TOASTED ALMONDS
IDEAL QUALITY

IT STAYS SOLD

Once Thompson-Starrett Service is sold, it stays sold!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

WATERFRONT STORAGE

WE HAVE ACQUIRED THE BLOCK BETWEEN 19TH AND 20TH STS., BROOKLYN, WITH 720 FEET OF DOCKS. CONVENIENT TO ALL S. S. LINES AND R. R. TERMINALS.

BERTHS FOR STEAMSHIPS AND BARGES

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE WE HAVE SEVERAL WAREHOUSES IN N. Y. AND BROOKLYN WITH R. R. SIDINGS AND DOCKS IN THE FREE LIGHTERAGE ZONE.

MOTOR TRUCKING

WE HAVE THE LARGEST FLEET OF HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS IN NEW YORK, CONSISTING OF 58 TRUCKS OF 8 TONS CAPACITY EACH.

SERVICE GUARANTEED ON ONE HOUR'S NOTICE

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GIVE THE BEST LIGHT.

When you build see Miller fixtures, our great variety of styles.

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In NEXT Block WEST of Woolworth Bldg.

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GOLDEN GLOW
GINGER ALE

Antiseptic, prophylactic, deodorizing, fragrant and refreshing. An ideal face, skin, baby and dusting powder. It soothes and cools the skin, overcomes heavy perspiration, is convenient and economical and takes the place of other perfumes for the skin. Splendid after bathing with Cuticura Soap. A few grains dusted on the skin and hands imparts to the person a delicate, individual and distinctive fragrance, leaving the skin sweet and wholesome.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the world. For sample each free address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6M, Malden, Mass." Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

TEN MILLION LINES

In Seven Months

In seven months this year The New York Times published 10,262,770 lines of advertisements—a gain of 2,669,727 lines over the corresponding period last year, a greater volume and a greater gain than any other New York newspaper.

Objectionable and questionable advertising excluded.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print"

BOY FUGITIVES LIVED IN LUXURY

Youths Accused of Stealing $45,000 Worth of Liberty Bonds Had Costly Rooms in Adirondacks.

TRAVELED BY AUTOMOBILE

Posed as College Students at Hotel After a Trip Passing Through Six States, Police Say.

In the custody of Detective Sergeants Grover Brown and August Mayer three messengers, accused of the theft of $45,000 worth of Liberty bonds, were brought to this city yesterday afternoon from Lower Saranac Lake, N. Y., where they had been arrested Saturday. The prisoners described themselves as Harry J. Millham, 18 years old, of 127 West 127th Street; Arthur Eller, 18 years old, of 1,592 Third Avenue, and Edward C. Eicholz, 21 years old, of 407 East Eighty-first Street. All three were locked up at Police Headquarters charged with grand larceny.

The detectives allege the three men passed through six States after stealing the bonds and that $4,000 worth of the securities had been cashed to pay the traveling expenses. The remaining $41,000 worth of bonds, the police allege, were found in the Algonquin Hotel, Lower Saranac Lake, where the arrests were made and where the prisoners occupied a suite of rooms costing $100 a week.

It is charged by the police that Millham, who was a messenger for the firm of Simmons & Slade, brokers, at 5 Nassau Street, was sent out from the firm's office to deliver Liberty bonds valued at $45,000 on the afternoon of Aug. 12.

Millham, according to the story he is alleged to have told the police, met Eller, a friend of his, outside the office door and they started together for an office at 14 Wall Street, where some of the bonds were to be delivered. Before reaching Wall Street Millham, according to the police, said they decided to "take a chance" and steal the bonds.

Eicholz, it is charged, was consulted by Millham and Eller and they finally planned to have Eicholz manage the sale of the bonds, the police allege. They went to the latter's home, where Eicholz told his mother he had been treated to a vacation by Eller, who posed as the son of a millionaire, according to the police. This was done, the police say the prisoners explained, to give Eicholz an excuse for leaving his home and quitting his job without exciting the suspicion of his parents.

Starting from the Pennsylvania Station the three traveled to Baltimore, the detectives say, carrying only a small satchel. They remained in Baltimore one day and then continued to Chicago, where they stopped for thirty-six hours, and then doubled back to Buffalo. According to the detectives Utica was next visited, where, the police claim, a $500 bond was sold, part of the funds being used to hire an automobile that took them to Saranac Lake.

According to the police they started on their trip with money they obtained through the sale of a $500 bond to a pawnbroker on Second Avenue, who paid them $460, it is alleged.

It was early in the morning of last Saturday that the youths started from Utica into the mountains, traveling in a high-powered car with the Algonquin Hotel, on Lower Saranac Lake, as their objective, the detectives say.

At the hotel when the detectives reached there in the afternoon they say that Millham had registered under the name of Melvin Bruce, Eicholz under that of Edward Doyle, and Eller under that of Arthur Forbes Walker. According to the detectives the hotel managers said the youths had posed as college students on their vacation.

The detectives say they found Millham and Eicholz in bed and that when they were told they were under arrest they tried to shield Eller by saying he had gone to Buffalo to cash another bond. Eller, the detectives said, walked into the suite of rooms as they and the two prisoners were about to leave.

SALT ONE PLENTIFUL FOOD.

New York Could Supply the Nation Should the Need Arise.

When the German propagandists, soon after America entered the war, tried to start an economic raid, by circulating reports among housewives that there was to be a salt famine, they chose a poor commodity for a scare basis. New York State alone, if called upon, could probably supply savor for all the nation's food, and while others things really were scarce and high, salt was always plentiful and at no time higher than the cost of labor and fuel would seem to justify.

Because of the universal use of salt in food and in food preservation and the lack of any substitute, either the output or demand could be reduced only by most unusual conditions. There is always a tendency toward an increase in production in the United States on account of the increase in population and the increasing use of salt by chemical and other industries helps to maintain a larger production. In view of the shortage of labor and other difficulties which hampered many industries during the war, a reduction in the output of salt might have been expected, but there was nevertheless a considerable increase. Figures compiled by the Geological Survey show a total output of 7,238,744 short tons last year, an increase of 280,567 short tons, or 4 per cent. over the output in 1917. The value was $26,940,361, an increase of 30 per cent. over the value in 1917, which was $19,040,442.

The production by States was: New York, 2,130,530 tons; Michigan, 2,403,125; Ohio, 1,089,887; California, 204,957; Kansas, 819,504; Nevada, 970; Texas, 79,637; Utah, 94,204; West Virginia, 26,077; Hawaii, Idaho, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Porto Rico, and Virginia, 389,833.

The production of rock salt amounted to 1,683,941 tons, an increase of about 5 per cent., but the value was $5,684,661, an increase of 46 per cent. The output of evaporated salt was 2,724,203 tons, valued at $20,010,435, an increase of nearly 10 per cent. in quantity and 34 per cent. in value. The production of salt in brine was 2,830,600 tons, valued at $1,245,265, a decrease of 2 per cent. in quantity, but an increase of 15 per cent. in value.

The Delaware Indians made salt from brine springs in New York State and sold it to settlers as early as 1670, making probably the first commercial production of salt in this country. The manufacture of salt by white people in the United States was begun near Syracuse, N. Y., about 1788. Salt is the most commonly used mineral in the world, and no useful mineral except coal, perhaps, occurs in greater abundance or is more widely distributed in the United States.

FOR MORE AND LOWER MILK.

Interest in Efficient Dairying Fostered in Rural Schools.

To add impetus to the teaching of dairying in rural schools, to the ultimate end that the nation's milk supply may be increased, the farmers' profits enlarged, and the cost to the consumer reduced, the Department of Agriculture has just published twelve lessons on the subject. With each lesson helpful directions are given for home projects that may be worked out with profit to every community and with educational value to pupils. Practically all the subject material for class use and instructions for home projects can be found in available bulletins, either free or at small cost, but teachers and pupils are advised to use additional sources of information, such as the printed matter from dairy cattle breeders' associations, books on dairying, and farm and dairy journals.

According to the bulletin, teachers of agriculture are agreed that instruction on that subject should follow certain definite lines—it should be seasonal, be local in its interests, meet the needs of the pupils, and be practical. The home-project plan affords the best means of meeting these conditions, especially the practical side, for by it the pupil works out for himself the principles and theories taught in the classroom.

The term "home project," applied to instruction in elementary and supplementary agriculture, includes as requisites a plan for home work and related instruction in agriculture at the school. It should a problem new to the pupil; the parent and pupil should agree with the teacher on the plan; some competent person must supervise the home work; detailed records of time, method, cost and income must be correctly kept; and a written report based on the record should be submitted to the teacher.

One of the means by which teachers may learn the dairy interests of the district is a dairy survey. The pupils may assist in obtaining this information, but first-hand knowledge obtained by the teacher will be valuable. This survey should tell the kind of farm, crop, or stock; purpose of dairy cows, commercial or home use; breeds of cattle, feeds raised, feeds purchased, milk records kept, how milk is tested, how milk is disposed of, and dairy conveniences. Information should be tabulated as it is collected. In addition the teacher with the pupils' help should provide charts showing the points of a typical dairy cow, samples of dairy records showing how they should be kept, directions showing the food value of milk, and drawings showing a section of the model dairy farm, milk houses, &c.

The lessons give sources of material, on the following subjects: Producing clean milk, care of milk and cream, weighing milk, testing milk, keeping of records and marketing dairy products, profit and loss, good and poor cows, judging and purchasing stock, care in handling of the dairy cow and barn, butter manufacture, food values of milk and its use in the home, making cottage cheese, cooking with milk products, and the use of milk as a supplement to other foods.

BOND ADVICE FOR SOLDIERS.

Army Officer Tells Where Ex-Service Men Can Get Information.

In view of the large number of former soldiers seeking information concerning their Liberty Bonds, an army officer has made the following suggestions to help solve some of the difficulties now experienced by many of the ex-service men:

At present there are four officers handling the business of the four Liberty loans. Any one desiring to straighten out matters relating to the first loan can do so by communicating with Colonel Ed. Clifford, Archie Butt Building, Seventeenth and New York Avenues, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Second Liberty Loan—Refer to Captain P. D. Dixey, Munitions Building, 19th and B Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Third Liberty Loan—Refer to Captain John Reynolds, Liberty Building, 8th and East Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Fourth Liberty Loan—Refer to Lieutenant L. C. Rauch, Munitions Building, 19th and C Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.

ONE KILLED, 8 HURT IN EXCURSION CRASH

First Section of Washington Train Telescoped by Second Section Near Atlantic City.

MANY PASSENGERS ASLEEP

Train Had Stopped for Repairs to Engine—Three Rear Cars Badly Damaged by Collision.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 24.—One man was killed and eight persons were injured when the second section of an excursion train on the Pennsylvania Railroad crashed into the rear the first section near Elwood, N. J., twenty miles from Atlantic City early this morning. There were 700 passengers on each section.

The trains left Washington at 12:30 o'clock this morning and the accident occurred at 4:30 A. M. With the exception of the engineer of the second section, Ralph Townsend, of 737 Buckley Street, Camden, N. J., all of those injured were passengers from Washington.

Killed.

WATHEN, ODIE S., 20 years old, Washington.

Those Injured.

ASMAN, WILLIAM, 46 years old, Washington; brush burns of right knee.

CASSIDY, JENNIE, 30 years old, Washington; abrasions of left ankle and right leg.

PENN, Mrs. EMMA, 49, Washington; shock.

RODGERS, HENRY, 32, Washington; abrasions and contusions of right knee.

SCHULTZ, FRED G., 48, Washington; lacerations of the head.

SEITZ, GEORGE, 30 years old, Washington; contusions of right hip.

TOWNSEND, RALPH, engineer, 30 years old, Camden, N. J.; fractured rib and fractured pelvis.

WATHEN, Mrs. A., 19, wife of the man killed; shock.

According to the stories told by passengers on the first section, the engineer had been having trouble with his engine after they left Baltimore, and frequent stops to make repairs were necessitated. It was due to one of these stops that the accident occurred.

Shortly after the first section had passed the station of Elwood the train stopped. Five minutes later the engine of the second section crashed into the rear of the first, telescoping three cars. Most of the passengers were asleep when the crash occurred and were thrown against the seats in front of them by the shock of the impact.

Wathen, together with his young wife, occupied a seat in the middle of the last car of the first section. He had left his seat to walk to the back of the car, arriving there just as the engine of the second section plowed through. He was instantly killed. It was owing to the fact that several of the rear seats were unoccupied that more passengers were not killed.

As soon as the accident occurred physicians and nurses from Hammonton, Egg Harbor, and this city responded. Within half an hour all of the injured had been removed and sent to the hospital here by a special train which brought the doctors from this city.

County Physician Souder and Coroner Charles Cunningham appeared on the scene shortly after the accident and began an official investigation. An inquest to determine the responsibility for the crash will be held this week.

McCutcheon's

WE have on hand what is probably the largest stock of Towels of all kinds carried by any retail store in America. And because much of our present stock was purchased at last year's prices, our present retail prices are outstandingly moderate. We welcome comparison.

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Established more than half a century.

Fifth Ave., 34th and 33d Streets.

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Telephone Orders Filled—Phone Greeley 1900—Ask for Telephone Order Desk

Last Five Days

Annual August Sale

Furs

FASHION says the coming season will see a decided vogue in furs. And to meet the demand, Lord & Taylor have assembled for this event a selection of smart, effective coats, wraps, scarfs and muffs, ranging from the inexpensive to the most luxurious.

The August Sale marks an unusual opportunity, due to the fact that prices were based upon Mid-summer conditions.

When this Sale Ends, Prices will be Advanced in Proportion to Prevailing Costs.

Make your selections before Friday next, the last day of the Sale.

If preferred, purchases will be held for future delivery, without storage charges.

Hudson Seal Coats
(seal dyed Muskrat)

Natural Squirrel Collar and deep Cuffs; a jaunty self bordered Box model.
$245.00

Natural Nutria Muffler Collar and deep Cuffs finish a smart model, self bordered.
$235.00

Australian Opossum Cape Collar and Cuffs add to the elegance of a knee length model.
$295.00

A Wrap Coat—full length and with circular yoke—is gracefully draped; collar and cuffs of taupe or sable Squirrel.
$435.00

Skunk Collar and Cuffs finish a handsome long Coat on conventional lines.
$425.00

Moleskin Wrap Coats

Full length model, richly effective and of beautifully matched pelts; cape collar of Grey Squirrel or Moleskin.
$465.00

Natural Muskrat Coats

Knee length, youthful model with deep reversed border and broad belt; large shawl collar and cuffs.
$175.00

Neckpieces and Muffs

Novelties of extremely smart styles in Fashion's favored furs; many in natural colors, others cleverly dyed in new shades.

Skunk Furs

Cape shaped Scarfs, trimmed with tails, **$79.50**
Two skin animal shaped Scarfs..... **$37.50**
Canteen Muffs......... **$45.00** and **$55.00**

Black Lynx Furs

Cape shaped Animal Scarfs.......... **$47.50**
Cape shaped, silk lined Scarfs...... **$67.50**

Dyed Fox and Wolf Furs

Taupe Fox Animal Scarfs, silk lined, **$55.50**
Lucille Fox Animal Scarfs, silk lined, **$55.00**
Fox Muffs, Taupe or Lucille shade.. **$52.50**
Wolf Scarfs, Taupe or Lucille....... **$29.50**

Natural Furs

Natural Mink, four skin, Tie Scarfs, head and tail trimmed; silk lined....... **$97.50**
Natural Squirrel, fancy Tie Scarf, with deep pointed ends, silk lined........... **$43.50**
Natural Raccoon Scarfs, animal shaped, or in Fisher dyed effects............ **$29.50**
Muffs to match.................. **$29.50**

Fourth Floor

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SCHOOL OUTFITS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

Boys or girls about to re-enter select city schools, "Prep" schools and fashionable finishing schools for young ladies, can at this time be completely outfitted in wearing apparel, headwear, footwear and the accessories of dress in the new models which we now present for the coming autumn and winter.

Our productions, which for nearly 40 years have been accepted as the standard of dress for young people attending such schools, will continue to be made in fine grades of imported fabrics of our exclusive importation.

DE PINNA
Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

Attractive? Of course. Vogue shows it in the Forecast of Autumn Fashions Number. There are others just as lovely that you really mustn't miss.

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BLUE TAFFETA—
and a Real Idea!

Jenny took widths and widths of navy blue taffeta, added turquoise beads by the hundred, and made an afternoon frock that, for all its piquant individuality, bows to the new silhouette in its shorter skirt, shorter-still sleeves, and bouffant draperies at the hip line.

Afternoon frocks have assumed an importance they've not shown for several seasons, but before you think of yours—madame—

Study the

Forecast of Autumn Fashions Number of

VOGUE

Everything you'll want to see—extravagant or practical—from Madame Jacque Marie-Clémenceau in a hooped evening frock that couldn't get into a taxi, to the best values from the New York shops, chosen by Vogue for your own conservatively modish wardrobe.

The new suit with its nipped-in Louis XV waistline—the new coat, furtrimmed and sumptuous—the new day dresses—the new evening frocks of lace and tulle—the new wraps—the new materials—the new colours—

But first, Madame, Always First, The New

VOGUE

At All News Stands

September 1 Issue On Sale Now

BOLSHEVIST ORGAN DENOUNCES LEAGUE

Pravda Assures the Reds It Is Only a Capitalistic Scheme to Beat Proletariat Rule.

MOST BITTER AGAINST US

Says America, Fearing Combination of World Against Her, and Exhausted by War, Takes the Lead.

The official organ of the Bolsheviki, the Pravda of Moscow, through its editor, N. Bukharin, states the position of the Soviet republic on the League of Nations. The position is naturally one of violent opposition. The League is held up to the faithful among the Bolsheviki as a great capitalistic scheme to strangle the proletariat revolution, to establish an international "White Guard," and to exploit the colonies and weaker countries.

The Bolshevist attack on the League is leveled principally at America and President Wilson, and both are denounced in round Bolshevist terms. Americans are called scoundrels generally and President Wilson the "arch-hypocrite" of the whole plan.

A translation of the Bolshevist article into German is given in a recent number of the Berner Tagwacht and is here translated from the German:

"The old capitalistic world, the whole system of world capitalism, is now going through the very greatest shaking up. The fate of the golden calf, the fate of sainted private property, of the exchanges, the banks, the syndicates, the fate of dividends and interest is at stake. The unbelievable decomposition of the capitalistic apparatus, called forth by the disorganization of world economics which has led to the destructive war, the social catastrophe which already has had a beginning, the uprising of the proletariat—all this puts a question mark after the existence of capitalism.

"And it is fully clear that the capitalistic world must make its last effort to save itself from complete downfall. This effort will be made in two directions: First, in the direction of the organization of world capitalism and the removal of the colossal friction between the different parts of the capitalistic system ('the compromise among the great powers'); second, in the direction of restraining the proletariat, the general strangling of the communistic revolution.

"This last effort of the unholy capitalistic world order, its last stake, is the Wilsonian League of Nations.

"The States of the present time are organizations of finance-capital in its highest form, in the form of State capitalism. Therefore every great power which now represents not only the political but also the economic organization of capitalism may be regarded as a 'State-capitalistic trust.' The world economic order is composed of such State-capitalistic trusts, ('great powers,') upon which are dependent a number of lands exploited by them. The business rivalry between these State-capitalistic trusts found its expression in the world war.

"It is known to all that usually trusts which are in competition, at a certain stage of their development and under certain conditions come to an agreement. These agreements may have a very superficial and temporary character and have as their aim the exploiting of a certain given conjuncture, (of this kind, for example, are the corners and rings.) Or they may be lasting, (syndicates.) They may mean the complete welding of the entrepreneurs in a trust.

Considered a Great Trust.

"The question in regard to the agreements among the great powers one can also state in the following terms: They are under the present conditions the necessary proposals for the creation of a corner, syndicate, or trust of the great State-capitalistic trusts.

"This question must first of all be answered.

"Thus far we have not had anything life a corner or syndicate of all the great powers, but only of parts of them. That was the two coalitions. According to their problem, namely, the temporary exploitation of a conjuncture, they were similar to a corner. In their organizations (unity of commands, general economic conferences common political plan, &c.) they were like the syndicates. One of the two coalitions has now been defeated in the competitive struggle. International competition has thus changed beyond recognition. New conflicts such as the English-American, the French-Italian, &c., come to light. How must the organized grouping be arranged now?

"Compromises among competitors have usually been made through a balance of their strength. If one of the struggling units had a superiority it has not the slightest reason to conclude a compromise arrangement. For it can then, without sharing its surplus with anybody, throw all its competitors out of the saddle. From this point of view one might say that there existed no grounds for a compromise agreement. For there is no doubt of the colossal superiority of the United States, which is greatly strengthened not only in finance economics, but also militarily. But the present conjecture creates a considerable check on this superiority. For the Allies and the United States the pressing question is the liquidation of the war and the immediate division of the spoils fallen to them. In the lap of this problem of division lie the great possibilities of conflict. May it not immediately give rise to a second world war?

"Let us for the moment pass over the social impossibility of a new war. Let us consider the economic and military proposals. It is clear that a supremacy of America would create a block of all nations, including Japan, against America. All European powers are for the moment, especially in economic relations, dependent upon America. The exhaustion of Europe is so great that European industry and agriculture without American imports (grain, raw stuffs, machinery, chemical products, &c.) would meet the very greatest difficulty. On the other hand, with the supremacy of America the old European powers must enter into a league among themselves and Japan. That is a strength not to be scorned, one which would be in a position to defend itself, and all the more so since the American Army in France finds itself in a rather dangerous position. By generally acting in agreement with Japan, America might perhaps win. But even with Japan she stands everywhere in sharp contact. Moreover, the growing war industry of America, which was the world's purveyor of arms, threatens to undermine America economically from within, and signs of exhaustion even in the land of millionaires may be seen. But the world war has shown that its outlay is enormous. For healing and reparation world capitalism now needs a breathing spell, otherwise it will go under. That even the hard-boiled American scoundrels understand, (die ausgesottenen amerikanischen-Spitzbuben.)

Says Colonies Will Pay the Bill.

"Nevertheless, the division of the booty must be carried out at any cost, for the restoration of the capitalistic world, of the 'great powers,' is only possible on the condition of an immediate and intensive exploitation of the booty. The colonies and the half colonies must work at full steam under the lash of the great powers; that is the most important 'economic proposal' for the economic rebirth of the State capitalistic trust.

"In these circumstances an understanding among the great robbers is offered. It is security against their own downfall. Whether it goes through or not is another question. But without it the capitalistic world much sooner goes to the ground.

"What kind of understanding will it be?

"It will be something between the corner and the syndicate. Although an understanding arising from the necessity of exploiting the present conjecture, it must make its problem the orderly division of markets, regulation of exploitation and the leveling of the profits of the parts which fall to the different ones of the state-capitalistic trust.

"In the organization of this syndicate America will play the first fiddle. The small nations will be gladly 'taken in' by the 'league' just as a big company 'takes in' a small one which it swindles. With so-called self-determination France remains in the League of Nations, but isolatead (hence the French line was in favor of the balance of power and not for the League) while the United States entirely in 'peace' will reap the fruits of the victory.

"The attempt to ward off the danger of an immediate new outbreak of war which, under the circumstances would give the final blow to the capitalistic world order, is, at the same time, an attempt at the organization of world capitalism.

"The need of an understanding is still more intensified by the already begun social collapse of the capitalistic system. This collapse is shown by an everywhere noticeable revolutionary ferment in the armies, in the working classes, and finally—from the fact that there are already 'foreign bodies' in the capitalistic system, an organized movement hostile to it—the soviet republic of the Russian proletariat.

"On the other hand, the system of the capitalistic great powers is often threatened by the nationalistic movements in the colonies, which will take on a sharper form the more successfully the continental movement of the working classes goes forward. For England, Ireland, India, and Egypt constitute almost as great a danger as the German Communistic movement or the demonstrations of her own revolutionary soldiers, who are rebelling against the Government. Thus, the holy alliance against the proletariat and the quickest 'solution' of the colonial problem are the inevitable problem of international capital.

"One should not forget that the League of Nations is really no league of peoples, but a league of great capitalistic States, a syndicate of State capitalistics trusts. Against this organization are ranged the working classes and the exploited colonies, who are the 'objects of care' of the robbers of great capitalism.

"It can be thoroughly seen that the international organization of great capitalistic States proposes as one of its very first problems the organization of a so-called international police, that is an international White Guard which shall be sent against the proletariat and those colonies which do not show enough submission to bear the sanctified exploitation of the arch-hypocrite of imperial robbery, President Wilson.

Dictatorship of the Proletariat.

"Every State power is a machine for enslavement, for social war. In the present moment, a time of civil war, one can only speak of a sharpened form of this function of the State power, hence only a dictatorship of the proletariat or a dictatorship of the bourgeoisie is possible. In the League of Nations we see a sharp attempt for the founding of an interstate organized dictatorship of finance-capital. Those military forces which are set free through this understanding will be thrown on the front of the world civil war and into the struggle with the colonies by the bourgeoisie States.

"The final downfall of the world capitalistic order is threatened through the victory of the proletariat. It has its source in the class struggle. Hence one can understand how strong is the force for union in the capitalistic world in our stormy, agitated time. If the economic situation forces capital to unite, the threat on the side of the working classes makes their union all the more necessary. The League of Nations, this incorporated concern for the plundering of the world, takes on the character of a holy alliance against the proletariat. To the working classes it brings not peace but a sword.

"In the moment of an unexampled stirring up of the masses it is impossible to hold them in with the bayonet alone. They must be systematically deceived or else it is all over with the rule of capital.

"Hence the creators of this League of Nations busied themselves from the first instant with the dirty business of preparing a pleasing sauce for it. The very name League of Nations is a deception. Similar deceptions are the everywhere sounding names of this League, Peace League, World League, &c.

"It ought especially be brought out that Wilson, Lloyd George & Co., these men guilty of the war, are openly exploiting the desire for peace. 'The League of Nations,' they say, 'has general peace as its aim.' Everything will be settled in a peacable way through the 'nations.' Whoever does not obey is an enemy of peace and must be brought to 'reason' through the international police.

"Mr. Taft once declared that the League must also provide security against aggression. Consequently, whoever raises his hand against capital is a disturber of the peace of nations, an enemy of peace, and must be smashed.

"That is the sauce in which they would stifle world Bolshevism. The same thought was contained in the declaration of the Allies in regard to Prinkipo. 'Stop your offensive or else we will put the international police on your neck.'

"In connection with this there is another point on the 'program.' That is the cry about Bolshevist imperialism. The President of the All-Imperialistic States, the Prime Minister of the English King, all the scoundrels of imperialism wish to become suddenly the grimmest enemies of imperialism. The victory of socialism they call Bolshevistic imperialism.

"Finally in the net of deceit a certain compromise is woven in. For example, President Wilson declared that the time was past when the rich classes alone should govern. This was said by the President of a republic which is run by two banks. Herein one can gather that where it is necessary the compromiser with the Communists will be supported and thus not only an open but also a hidden war against the proletariat revolution.

"That is the last stake of capitalism. The creation of an understanding among the capitalists is very apparent. One is not deceived. The greatest battles lie before us. Every drawing together of our enemies, under whatever noble mask it may take place, is a direct danger to the working classes."

PEACOCKS OF MONKEYDOM.

So-Called "Horse-Tailed" Variety Famous for Long Leaps.

Of the recent monkey groups at the American Museum of Natural History, none has probably attracted more attention than that of the thumbless apes colobus, popularly known as horse-tailed monkeys. They have often been called the handsomest of monkeys, and the peacocks of the tribe. Unlike other monkeys, they possess a wonderful fur coat of long, silky, glossy black hair, but from their shoulders and down the sides of their bodies and flanks hangs a rich mantle of long, silky white hair. They have a long tail with a rich white plume at its end, resembling a horse's tail, and have black and white faces.

These curious little animals are found in the dense tropical forests of Africa, from Gambia to Abyssinia in the north, to Angola and Nyassaland in the south. Herbert Lang, assistant curator of mammals at the American Museum, who has hunted them for scientific purposes, finds that they possess many remarkable characteristics. When born they are white in color, but about a week after birth their color begins to undergo a change, and in about two months they have a coat of glossy black fur with white silky mantles depending from shoulders and sides. These monkeys are the greatest jumpers of any. They inhabit the tree tops, and in descending they often take long leaps from limbs above to those below. They sometimes leap boldly through space twenty or more feet, when they spread out like a parachute so that they appear to be flying. They land easily among the thick foliage of the trees, and their long hair appears to help them in landing and in leaping.

Mr. Lang, who hunted them in Kijabe, in British East Africa, found that they were not difficult to approach unless they had experienced being hunted before. He found them to be vegetarians, and that their chief diet was leaves and young shoots. They inhabited the higher parts of trees, traveling in groups of five or six. When they leaped they often made a great noise. They have a noisy, growling howl. There is a theory that their coloration protects them from their enemies, making them difficult to distinguish from leaves and lichen, hence they have been called invisible monkeys. Many scientists, however, do not give much credence to this theory.

THE PLAY

By Alexander Woollcott

The Hippodrome Reopens.

HAPPY DAYS, a musical spectacle in three acts and seventeen scenes, by R. H. Burnside; music by Raymond Hubbell. At the Hippodrome.

Principals: Belle Story, Bert Levy, Jack Lambert, Joseph Parsons, May Gerald, Arthur Geary, Edwin Hanneford, Dane Claudius, Liljian Scarlet, Bert Nagle, Vera Bailey, Clyde Cook, Thomas Colton, Arthur Hill, Alice Nash, Edna Nash, Valodia Vestoff, Hattie Towne, Four Amaranths, Lalla Selbini, Henry Taylor, Albert Froom, Henry Mallia, Charles Bart, William Williams, Joseph Frohoff, Bert Bowlen, Chinco and Kaufman, The Agousts, The Perezoffs, Venetian Quartet.

Despite a reasonably early start, it was not until nearly 11 o'clock on Saturday evening that the new show at the Hippodrome, which reopened for the season on that evening, caught up with the pace set for it by earlier productions made there under the Dillingham régime. Then, with the use of the trusty tank and all the electricity on the premises, with drenched and golden nymphs swaying on swings of light behind curtains of sparkling water-drops, "Happy Days" presented once more such a gorgeous, eye-filling spectacle as only the Hippodrome knows.

Time was when Mr. Dillingham startled his brother producers by taking the old, down-at-the-heel Hippodrome and there staging extravaganzas so handsome and so novel that not only were the children delighted, but chronic playgoers of more wearied appetite found themselves prodigiously entertained. The Hippodrome became smart, and the new management glowed with pride over the unprecedented number of dress-suits, which—proofs positive of elegance—could be counted in each evening's audience. But "Happy Days" has little of the distinction which, in other seasons, was given to the Hippodrome entertainments by Pavlowa and Sousa and, above all, by the wonder skaters from Berlin. It is primarily a show to take the children to some afternoon when there's no school, or to palm off on Aunt Hattie when she comes on from South Bend for a giddy week in New York.

There is so much for the children. As a nursery show, it has touches of genius. Surely he knew youngsters who arranged to send the pajama-clad caravan of them into a fairy forest of toadstools and Black-Eyed Susans as big as oak trees, and then into a library, where all the shelves suddenly come to life, with a host of famous characters swarming down from the books. And it was splendid to have the beds in the nursery turn suddenly into a train of cars, with a porter crying "All aboard for fairyland." There's no denying nursery beds behave just that way sometimes.

While waiting for the moist pageantry of the finale, the children of all ages will chiefly enjoy the antics of that extraordinary mounted clown, Edwin Hanneford, and the startling fox trot, danced in perfect time and with just the right, sophisticated, shoulder swing, by the biggest of the elephants, which has more charm and personality than any one else in the show. These two are between them responsible for almost all of the somewhat insufficient supply of laughter provided for "Happy Days."

Then, after the audience has sung itself into a state of enthusiasm through the playing of some old-fashioned songs, and after a dazzling parade on steps of light in what is called "The Hall of Colors," the new show becomes aquatic and completely entertaining. It is always entertaining to see fifty or more of the Hippodrome's amphibious chorus girls march nonchalantly into the water and disappear forever beneath the unrippled surface of the lake. Not quite forever, to be sure, because just when the suspicion lays hold on you that that prodigal Mr. Dillingham, in his lavish way, must drown a new set each night for the diversion of his gratified patrons they reappear, damp but dauntless, in time for the grand finale. Then there are some personable divers—a dozen or more Annette Kellermenn—and, as the big moment of "Happy Days," one breath-taking dive from the very ceiling of the auditorium, performed with a smile by a girl who could scarcely be blamed for going on strike.

The music is all by Raymond Hubbell and sounds like it. "The Marriage of the Lily and the Rose" and "My Sing-Song Girl," both sung by Belle Story, have the familiar Hubbell swing and strain. At the première the composer led the orchestra, entering into the occasion with such energy that his collar and the spangles of the chorus girls were all part of the moist triumph which wound up the evening.

8,850 AT STADIUM CONCERT.

August Average of 3,900 Doubles Record Last Year.

The Stadium Orchestra gave its fifty-fifth concert last night, the date originally set for the final event of the season, which is now extended for another full week and two gala holiday programs on Labor Day. Last Saturday night's attendance of 8,850 set the top record thus far. A tabulation, upon which arrangements for next Summer's concerts are to be based, showed that the average nightly attendance for the Summer of 1919 has been slightly over twice that for 1918. In the last four weeks the nightly average was over 3,900, while the average during July was 2,600, making an increase of 50 per cent. in August alone.

The Music League of the People's Institute, with the individual guarantors, including Adolph Lewisohn, Sam A. Lewisohn, Samuel Reckford, Alfred Seligsburg, Henry de Forest Baldwin, Mrs. Arthur M. Reis, Mrs. Fountain, and others, therefore decided to extend the season. Two soloists appeared last night—Kathryn Lee and Mary Carson—both sopranos, and Arnold Volpe conducted. Miss Carson encored an air from "The Barber" with Arditi's "Il Bacio," while Miss Lee, a newcomer, whose clear, powerful voice carried throughout the arena, was heard in an air from "Aïda" and on recall in "My Laddie."

BARBER SHOT AND STABBED.

Police Believe Attack Is Result of Italian Feud.

Daniel Long, 34 years old, a barber, of 226 East 108th Street, is in Harlem Hospital with four bullet wounds and a knife thrust through the left arm. He will probably die as the result of an attack upon him by an assailant as yet unidentified, and whom Longo says he does not know.

Longo was shot and stabbed while walking through Pleasant Avenue between 108th and 109th Streets last night. His assailant escaped after Patrolman Patrick Blake of the East 104th Street Station fired two shots at him as he fled through First Avenue.

Detectives William Caputo and Thomas Enright of the East 104th Street Station took an antemortem statement from the dying man. The police place little credence in his story, and believe he knows the man who attacked him, and that the assault grew out of an Italian vendetta.

Charge Petitions Were Destroyed.

ST. JAMES, L. I., Aug. 24.—A complaint sent to the Governor, that several petitions of Republicans in the approaching primaries have been destroyed, has been forwarded to District Attorney Leroy Young of Suffolk County, with instructions for an investigation. The complaint is the outgrowth of a dispute among candidates for local offices.

THE SCREEN

"Checkers," a free translation for the screen of Henry M. Blossom's play of the same name, with borrowings from "Sporting Life," "Mickey," and other race-track melodramas, and a few added thrills thrown in, was presented yesterday at the Central Theatre by William Fox.

The story, in a general way, is probably familiar to nearly every one. It will be remember that the central figure is Checkers, a race track tout, who goes broke and reforms—and becomes, in due process of theatrical manipulation, a thoroughly acceptable hero for a guaranteed heroine. In the stage play, Checkers goes back to gambling once, and wins on Remorse, but the moral wave now overwhelming the movies has changed that. Yet the thrill that comes from a gambling scene cannot be dispensed with, so Checkers is led to a roulette wheel, and, in such surroundings as the common people love to imagine gambling palaces are made of, he plays desperately. But even his good motive would not save the scene from the taint of immorality if he won, so he loses everything he has. The story must go on, however, and Checkers has to have money, or it will stop. So, by a happy accident, he meets a friend willing to lend him what he failed to win. The story is saved. And it remains moral.

The screen version of "Checkers," so far as its narrative and plot are concerned, is an illogical and incoherent jumble, even extending beyond the liberal allowance of melodramatic license. Taken in separate scenes, however, it has thrills—if a railroad car running into a river, a girl riding in a race, dark dens and streets in Chinatown, abduction, murder and fights have power to thrill. The producer of "Checkers," apparently has confidence in their power and has used whatever material he could find as an excuse for staging an exciting scene. And with the aid of excellent photography he has achieved a degree of success. The photographic work of "Checkers" is really noteworthy.

The principal players in the production are Thomas J. Carrigan as Checkers; Jean Acker as Pert Barlow, the heroine; Ellen Cassity as Alva Romaine, a victim of the villian; Robert Elliott, as Kendal, the villian; Tammany Young as Push Miller, and Ed. Sedgwick as Pete, a negro stableboy. All are satisfactory, but Sedgwick's make-up, with white, smeary lips, is poor. Richard Stanton directed the making of the picture.

Dorothy Gish is her amusing self in a photo-farce at the Rivoli this week, entitled "Nobody Home," written by Lois Zellner, and directed by Elmer Clifton. It is about a girl who is so superstitious that everything she does is determined by cards, stars, black cats, unstable salt cellars and other magical agents. As the victim of many misfortunes Miss Gish is delightful, but love wins in the end, and she marries the "light" man, although the cards favored the "dark" one. In an excellent supporting cast are George Fawcett, Ralph Graves, Raymond Cannon, and Emily Chichester.

There are two main counts against the production, however. It is too long, and it fails to make the most of its possibilities. It shows evidence of having been cut, but it was not cut enough. When a farce tries to run some five reels it has to use padding to make the stretch, and especially when the most is not made of its essentially comic situations. "Nobody Home" is funny, but its fun is in spots.

A novelty on the Rivoli program is "Sound Your A," a Mutt-and-Jeff animated cartoon inspired by Max Manne, trap drummer of the theatre's orchestra. One of its best bits is when Jeff directs the orchestra from the screen.

"A Sisterly Scheme," Mrs. Sidney Drew's second comedy, is also on the program, and is diverting.

Tom Moore and a goodly company, including Helen Chadwick, Alec B. Francis, Sydney Ainsworth, William Burress, and Rosemary Theby, present "Heartsease" at the Rialto this week. Their acting on the whole is competent, although when Moore tries to look soulful he seems to be suffering, and the photoplay itself lacks originality in plot and treatment. It is based on Charles Klein's play, in which a would-be composer steals the operatic score of a struggling genius and reaps a brief triumph until overtaken by the theatrical nemesis which always punishes villainy for virtue's reward.

The comedy at the Rialto is "Her First Kiss," a Fox-Sunshine effort, and there is, as usual, the Magazine and the music.

At the Strand, following the Topical Review, is "Burglar by Proxy," with Jack Pickford, and then "The Last of the Crow," an unusually interesting picture showing life among the Crow Indians. The comedy is "A Lion in the House," by Universal, and musical numbers are "Cantilena," a 'cello solo by Herman Sevely, and the Toreador song from "Carmen," sung by Carlo Ferretti.

SEEK ROOMS WITH CLOSETS

Hotel Manager Says Many Guests Want Space for Liquors.

The high cost of apartments is driving families to hotels in such numbers that the demand for suites with much closet room and other home comforts far exceeds the supply. If the present indications carry a great majority of the hotels will greatly resemble any high-class apartment on Oct. 1, with the familiar vans and express wagons that line the street on that day.

Many families have decided upon this method of fighting the landlord, and scarcely a day passes that reservations are not made for the Fall for suites to accommodate families ranging in number from four to ten and twelve persons. Not only are the apartment hotels filing these requests but the transient hotels as well are being swamped with applications.

At the Ritz-Carlton, where there are always a greater number of permanent guests than transients, the demand for family suites had reached a surprising degree, and the Vanderbilt, St. Regis, and Waldorf-Astoria are finding their supply inadequate.

One reason for the demand for so much closet space by the families moving to the hotels was attributed by the manager of the Majestic Hotel to the fact that so many have laid in a heavy supply of liquors, fearing there will be no temporary lifting of the prohibition ban, and they must have a place to store their stock.

At some places it has been said that requests have even been made for special closets and steel vaults for this purpose. Hotel cellars are taxed to the limit with liquors, checked and left there by guests.

Little Green Bugs.

Groton borough is suffering from an invasion of small green bugs which cover everything and everybody and almost forced the closing of the plant of the Groton Iron Works this morning, as they got in the eyes, mouths and ears of the men and kept them busy driving them away. Just where they came from and what the errand was no one knows. It seems they came on the westerly breeze this morning, and they will not be urged to remain. They are the tiny aphis or plant lice, and devastation of garden produce, if at all tender, will follow the visit.—New London Day.

CULLS UP 500 PER CENT.

Citrus Fruits, Once Thrown Away, Now Turned Into Rich By-Products.

Cull oranges, lemons, and grapefruit which were formerly wasted are now turned into many useful products developed by the Federal Bureau of Chemistry, which is conducting experimental work in the Citrus By-Products Laboratory at Los Angeles, Cal.

The problem of how to utilize economically the cull and waste fruit became more acute each year with the development of the large orange and lemon groves of California and Florida. Fruit which is too small or too large, unsightly or misshapen, cannot be sold profitably in the market. Some fruit is not fit for shipment because of minor defects such as small bruises or punctures from thorns or gravel or rough boxes, since such defects become points of infection for bacterial and fungous growths which cause decay. The amount of waste fruit averages from year to year about 3 per cent. of the total crop.

The Citrus By-Products Laboratory was organized at Los Angeles in 1914 to investigate the possibility of adapting to conditions in California, and improving existing methods for the utilization of waste lemons to develop new methods and to make, if possible, new products from the waste lemons, oranges, and grape fruit.

There were one or two small and struggling by-product companies in California when these investigations were begun. These concerns were making no appreciable inroad into the enormous supply of cull fruit available. Since the establishment of the experimental laboratory at Los Angeles, the by-products industry has developed rapidly. Now there are four stable concerns manufacturing lemon by-products. The plants of these concerns have a capacity of more than 50,000 pounds of lemon oil, 500,000 pounds of citrate of lime, and more than 1,500,000 pounds of citric acid. Twenty concerns are producing orange by-products to the extent of 6,000,000 pounds each year. These orange by-products include marmalade, marmalade stock, jellies, and candied peel.

Improved methods for the manufacture of orange vinegar have been developed by the experimental work. Methods for the production from cull grapefruit of candied peel and juices of excellent quality have been devised. The existing methods for the manufacture of citrate of lime and of citric acid have been improved and adapted to California conditions.

The benefits to the grower of fruit is shown by the increase in the price of cull fruits since the experimental work was begun. Less than five years ago cull lemons could be had in large quantities for $5 a ton, while today they bring $20 to $25 a ton, notwithstanding the fact that a large quantity is now available. Sound cull oranges could be bought formerly in large quantities for $5 a ton. Now all cull oranges placed upon the market are snapped up quickly at from $29 to $30 a ton. Part of this increase in price is due, no doubt, to the general advance in the price of commodities of all kinds, but the general increase in prices will hardly account for advances of from 300 per cent. to 500 per cent. in cull fruit.

THIRD MEN ARRIVE HOME.

978 Reach Philadelphia on the Transport El Oriente.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.—The army transport El Oriente arrived here today with 978 soldiers of the 3d Division from Coblenz. The units included Casual, Medical and Ordnance detachments, Batteries C, D, E and F, Tenth Field Artillery, Headquarters Detachment, and Companies E and F, Third Ammunition Train, Hospital Train Companies 66, 67 and 68.

Two French war brides, wives of members of the crew of the transport, were aboard.

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941, Coryell Garage.
E. 200th St. Cor. Park Ave., Bedford Park Garage.
E. 215th St. Cor. White Plains Ave., Ruff's Garage.
Eastchester Road. And Boston Road, Jos. McCrain.
East. Blvd. & Pelham Pkwy. Frank Gent.
East Tremont Ave. 1876, Midway Garage, Inc.
2645, Bentley's Garage.
Eleventh Ave. 440, New York Herald Gar.
466-68, West Shore Garage.
Fifth Ave. Circle Gasoline Sta. at 110 St.
First Ave. 1108 Flynn Garage.
1292, Janovic, Emil.
1834, First Ave., Auto Garage, Inc.
Fordham Road. 565, Chas. L. Moore Sales and Service Station.
630, Rialto Garage.
Forest Ave. 1038 Keller's Garage.
678 Forest Ave. Garage.
Fox St. 1107, Simpson Garage.
Freeman St. 1030, Freeman St. Garage.
Front St. 363-365, Reardon Garage.
Gerard Ave. Reo Motor Car Co., Gerard Ave. & 150th St.
Goerck St. 71, Eastern Garage.
Grand Ave. & E. Fordham Rd. Grand Ave. Garage.
Grand Concourse. 1542, Blue Ribbon Gar.
2110, Bergen Garage.
2408, Holland's Gasoline Station.
2431, Concourse Garage.
2458, Grand Concourse Garage.
Cor. 176th St., Moller's Gas Stat., Wm.
Cor. 187th St., Grand Boulevard Garage.
Gasoline & Oil Supply Co., Grand Concourse, cor. Echo Pl.
Grant Ave. 162d St., Grant Ave. Garage.
Greenwich Ave. 74-6, Greenwich Av. Gar.
12th St., Jackson Sq. Garage.
Hall's Pl. 4 Hall's Pl. Garage.
Hamilton Pl. 17, Kesbec, Sales Co.
Harlem River & 133d St. I. J. Sobel.
Hudson St. 651 Sullivan & Dempsey.
Irving Pl. 59, Gramercy Park Garage.
Jackson Ave. 500, Shafron's Garage.
and 149th St., Trotta's Gas Station.
Jerome Ave. 1934, Jerome Ave. Garage.
Cor 167th St. Jerome Ave. Gas Sta.
169th St., Stones Garage.
Jumel Pl. 33, Burke's Garage.
Kenmare St. 14 Kenmare Garage.
39, M. Shanzer.
69, Service Station.
La Fontaine Ave. 2062, La Fontaine Ave. Garage.
Lafayette St. 14, Ruggier Service Station.
363, Michael T. Watts.
302, L. Klingman.
Lawrence St. 90, P. Voelke.
Lewis St. 60, Lewis St. Garage.
Lincoln Ave. & 136th St. Wilton Garage.
Longwood Ave. 1146, Longwood Garage.
Mangin St. 311, Broome St. Garage.
64, Helpenhauser Bros.
72, Helpenhauser Bros.
Metropolitan Ave. 351, Metropolitan Gar.
Monroe St. 153, Division Garage & Storage Co.
Morris Ave. 1005, H. J. Balteer.
396, Owners' Service Station.
Morris Park Ave. Cor. Muliner Av., Morris Park Garage.
Mott Ave. And 153d St., Longview Gar. and 150th St., Walsh's Service Station.
461, Dolphin Auto Wrecking Co.
Old Broadway and 130th St. Manhattanville Daylight Garage.
131st St., Bell Garage.
Oliver St. 64, Down-Town Garage.
132d St. & East River. Paladono Motor Trucking Co.
Park Ave. 481, Sanford Auto Company.
583 W. J. Foster & Co.
1691, Gus Rotholz.
4342, Palace Garage.
4458, Liberty Garage.
4506, Aetna Garage Co., Inc.
122d St., Raymond Schweitz.
152d St., Park Ave. Garage.
near 170th St., Park Ave. Garage.
Pearl St. 355, J. T. Kelly.
Pelham Pkwy & Wmsbdg Rd. Morris Park Gasoline Station.
Plimpton Ave. Cor. 172d St., Conway's Garage.
Prospect Ave. 966, Paramount Garage Co., Inc.
1423, Day & Night Garage.
2102, Tiffany Garage.
River Ave. 556, River Ave. Garage.
Riverside Drive. 510, Fairview Garage.
Saint George Crescent. Cor. Van Cortlandt Ave., Lord's Gasoline Station.
Second Ave. 63d St., Schnurmaker.
St. Nicholas Ave. 231, Hurlberg Garage.
235, Eureka Automobile Station.
641, College Garage.
647, St. Nicholas Garage.
1006, Dorsma Garage.
South St. 195-211, East River Garage.
264, I. Rosenthal.
Southern Boulevard. 1133 Peerless Boulevard Garage.
938, Allen Garage.
1181, Aaron Garage.
1772, Auto Economy Accessories Co.
2073, Boulevard Auto Company.
2327, Parkview Garage.
Stanton St. 310, L. Neiberg.
Third Ave. Cor. 133d St., California Oil Works.
66, Brown's Garage.
2754, Prospect Garage.
4199, Bronx Borough Garage.
4472, Third Ave. Garage.
Thompson St. 242, Greenwich Village Gar.
Tiebout Ave. 2244, Overlook Garage.
Tompkins St. 43, Helpenhauser Bros.
Tremont Ave. 907, West Farms Garage.
and Watson Ave., R. & R. O. Pratt.
Trinity Ave. 917 Trinity Garage.
Union Ave. 1046, Model Garage.
University Ave. 2614, Kingsbridge Garage.
University Ave. Garage, University Ave. and 176th St.
Vestry St. 66, Miller's Auto Express Co.
Washington Ave. 362, Yockel Bros. Corp.
1090, Washington Garage Corp.
Washington Sq. South. 73, Washington Square Garage.
Washington St. 561, Washington Street Garage.
Water St. 58, Scammel Water Garage Co.
405-413, East River Garage.
652, Cirkers, Sol.
Watts St. 155, Casino Garage.
Webster Ave. 1818 Economy Garage.
1360, Kindermann & Sons Garage.
2669, Tyrell & Co., Inc., Geo. H.
3124, Stanley Garage.
1826, Webster Ave. Garage.
159th St., W. J. Boyd.
and 201st St., Retz-Hertler Gar., Inc.
W. Broadway. 356, W. Broadway Gar.
W. End Ave. 70, Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.
87, Service Motor Truck Co.
102, United Garage.
W. Farms Rd. & 177th St. Junction Garage.
W. 10th St. 235, Village Garage.
W. 15th St. 420, Fifteenth St. Garage.
W. 18th St. 157, Chelsea Garage.
329, Italian-American Garage.
130, Reliable Garage & Repair Co.
W. 19th St. 428, Rich., Fitzpatrick.
W. 20th St. 148, S. & T. Garage, Inc.
520, Twentieth St. Garage, Inc.
W. 24th St. 140, City Delivery Co.
W. 27th St. 246, Develoy, J.
W. 30th St. 146, Penn. Terminal Garage.
W. 31st St. 140, Empire Garage.
150, Keystone Garage.
154, Penn Garage.
W. 33d St. 259, Tremain & Frederickson.
W. 36th St. 256, 36th St. Garage.
W. 37th St. 137, R. E. Taylor Corp'n.
512, Peter White Garage.
W. 39th St. 146, Opera House Garage.
W. 40th St. 252, International Garage.
W. 41st St. 220, Hudson Garage.
236, Packard Transp. & Repair Co.
W. 42d St. 348, 42 St. Garage.
621, Bradley Auto Packard Renting Co.
W. 44th St. 307, Astor Garage.
W. 45th St. 406, Interboro News.
W. 47th St. 267, L. & W. Garage
W. 48th St. 215, Forty-eighth St. Garage.
W. 49th St. 132-134, Carlened Garage.
147, Forty-ninth Street Garage.
235, Bowman Auto Company.
301, Equitable Auto Company.
327, Sally Wiesbader, Inc.
W. 50th St. 103, Cella Garage.
218, Mason Bros., Inc.
235, People's Garage.
348, Clark & McKenna.
W. 52d St. 112, Joselyn Garage.
112, Calumet Garage.
115-117, O'Toole Motor Renting Co.
551, McNulty Bros.
620, Buick Motor Co., T. A. Cowan.
W. 53d St. 512, 53d St. Garage.
W. 54th St. 114, Proud, Taylor Elec. Co.
124, The Corvan Garage.
147, Avidau Garage.
155, S. S. Garage, Inc.
247, Auto Club of America.
426, Klines Garage.
W. 55th St. 139, Acro Garage.
411, Peerless Rental Service.
417, Stearns Co., F. B., of N. Y.
419, Mitchell Motor Car Company.
W. 56th St. 107, Park Garage.
114, Great Northern Garage.
122, Lotos Garage.
132, Gem Garage Company, Inc.
152, Newport Trans. Co., M. Buckley.
155, Flint Garage, L. H. Cornish.
160, Day and Night Garage.
Cor. 8th Ave. Columbus Circle Gas. & Oil Co.
W. 57th St. 515, Clinton Garage.
605, Herrmann Motor Company.
631, White Company.
642, Van Cortlandt Vehicle Co.
57th and 12th Ave. W. I. B. Motor Truck Co.
W. 60th St. 20, Hochkiss Machine Co.
25, Locomobile Co., of America.
40, St. Paul Garage.
W. 62d St. 8, Detroit Cadillac Motor Co.
W. 64th St. 203, Grand Garage, Inc., L. J. Kelly.
205, Colonial Garage.
Cor. West End Ave. International Motor Company.
302, Acme Garage.
W. 65th St. 39, Kesbec Sales Co.
202, Riverside Garage.
214, Hudson River Garage.
218, Marie-Antoinette.
306, New York Auto Garage.
W. 67th St. 53, W. 67th St. Garage.
W. 68th St. 142, Joseph A. Ryan.
230, Modern Garage Co
241, Ray Meade Garage.
252, Economical Garage.
302, Hirst Albert, Inc.
W. 69th St. 244, B. & B. Garage.
251-255, Pyramid Garage.
263, Continental Garage.
W. 70th St. 320, W. B. Thom.
336, Garrity Garage.
338, Mead Ray Co., Inc.
338, Bendisch Garage.
W. 75th St. 207, 75th St. Garage.
W. 80th St. 214, De Palma Garage.
W. 83d St. 147, Cedarhurst Garage.
150, Bretton Hall Garage.
W. 87th St. 211, Up-to-date Garage.
252, Belnord Garage.
267, Astor Garage.
W. 89th St. 133, Bailey Garage Corp.
137, Monterey Garage.
167, L. & K. Garage.
171, Champion Garage.
W. 90th St. 2, B. & H. Garage.
W 93d St. 55, Turin Garage & Supply Co., Inc.
W. 95th St. 209, 95th St. Garage.
215, Royal Garage.
W. 96th St. 315, Thedford's Garage.
W. 100th St. 9-11, Century Garage.
146, Eureka Garage Corp.
W. 101st St. 160, Bonair Garage and Supply Co.
W. 102d St. 204, Miller's Garage, J.
W. 105th St. 113, Consolidated Garage & Taxi Co.
W. 107th St. 102, Royal Gar., Branch B.
W. 108th St. 105, Club Garage.
234, Manchester Garage Co.
W. 109th St. 254, Bona Vista Garage Co.
W. 110th St. 145, Cathedral Park Garage. Inc.
and 8th Ave., Park Gasoline Station.
W. 118th St. 65, Alhambra Garage Co.
W. 120th St. 207, Pieper Garage.
W. 126th St. 404, Stollak Garage.
W. 127th St. 158, S & R successors to M & M Garage.
552, Olympic Garage.
W. 129th St. 303, The Oilcan.
W. 131st St. 573-77, Liberty Garage.
609, Anamak Garage.
647, Nehrings Garage.
W. 132d St. 163, Kingwood Garage.
W. 133d St. Cor. St. Nicholas Ave., Daly Bros.
W 135th St. 520, 135th St Garage Corp.
W. 140th St. 20, 140th St. Gar., Chas. Markel, Prop.
W. 141st St. 48, 141st St. Garage.
307, Walsh & Krantz.
W. 142d St. Owen Magnetic Co.
231, Service Garage.
W. 144th St. 22, W. 144th St. Gar., Inc.
30, Dolphin Garage.
44, Rockfalls Garage.
W. 148th St. 238, O. K. Garage, Inc.
W. 150th St. 457, Convent Garage.
and 7th Ave., Single Car Service Co.
W. 152d St. 461, May Garage.
W. 161st St. 512, The Ansonia Garage.
619, Key Bee Garage, Inc.
W. 162d St. 528-540, Jumel Garage.
W. 167th St. 461, 167th St. Garage.
W. 168th St. 554, Washington Hgts. Gar.
W. 170th St. Cor. B'way, Kesbec Sales Co., No. 3.
Cor. Haven Ave., Haven Ave. Gar.
W. 174th St. 558, Reliable 174th St. Gar.
W. 181st., Bronx. 14, Mount Hope Serv. Station.
512, J. B. Beaver & Son.
W. 209th St. 442, Black's Inwood Gar.
S. E. Cor. 233rd St. And Carpenter Ave., Interborough Gas Station.
White Plains Ave. 3445, G. W. Benjamin.
3650, Ruff & Bird Garage.
White Plains Rd. 2221, Gasoline Stations, Inc.
Williamsbridge Rd. 1488, Thompson's Garage. J.
and Ludwig Ave. (near Pelham Parkway), R. Manson & Son.

Brooklyn

Alabama Ave. 84, Alabama Garage.
Albany Ave. Albany Garage.
Arlington Ave. Dresden St., Norwood Garage.
Atlantic Ave. 337, Atlantic Garage.
359, W. S. Bridjette.
430, Moll's Garage.
649, H. Fislow.
967, Lazar & Allen.
975, Diuguid Bros.
1348, Mohawk Garage.
1452, Albright Garage.
1480, Schmidt's Garage.
1569, Ajax Garage.
2783, C. J. Williams.
2814, Van Siclen Garage.
3018, I. J. Pfeuffer.
and Linwood St., K. Vendell.
and Warwick St., Warwick Auto Supply Co.
Avenue Q. 1007, Irving Garage.
Bainbridge St. 631, Bainbridge St. Gar.
Baltic St. 428, Baltic Garage.
Bay Ridge Ave. 245, Island Garage.
246, Mittnight Bros.
Beaver St. 86, Hotchkiss Garage.
Bedford Ave. 639, Bedford Ave. Auto Taxi Co.
754, Kraemer's Garage.
839, Husid Garage.
867, Bedford Auto Garage.
874, Weiner Filling Station.
1149, O. Schwartz.
1365, I. C. Kirkham.
1505, Chevrolet Motor Co.
1545, Slocum Motor Service, Inc.
2006, Parkside Gasoline Station.
2038, Powell Garage.
2276, Ralph Tuthill.
2390, Sam. Shaywitz.
and Wallabout St., H. Arononowitz.
Bergen St. 770, Victory Garage.
824, Service Garage.
900, Opperman & Daniel.
2130, Feldman Garage.
Berry & No. 1st Sts. Berry St. Gar., Inc.
Berry St. 106, Northside Liberty Gar.
Boerum Pl. 27, Boerum Pl. Garage.
Bristol St. 65-67, Misjkoff & Sons.
Broadway. 158, Economy Garage.
Bushwick Ave. And Jefferson St., Deebach Garage.
362, Alvin Garage.
and Myrtle Ave., Richman's Gasoline Station.
Butler St. 388, O'Connell, McLoughlin Trucking Co.
Calyer St. & Clifford Pl. Anderson Garage.
Carroll St. 73, Columbia Garage.
119, Star Garage.
123, Arena Garage.
Center St. 189, White Star Garage.
Central Ave. 346, Central Garage.
Church Ave. 37, Church Ave. Garage.
1616, Premier Garage.
2233, Church Auto Service.
2273, Flatbush Auto Repair Co.
Clarendon Rd. 2179, Dorchester Garage.
Clark St. 53, St. George Garage.
Clarkson St. 313, Alpine Garage.
Clermont Ave. 482, Clermont Ave. Gar.
Clymer St. 161, Williamsburg Garage.
College Pl. 12, Little Garage.
22, Serve U Garage.
Coney Island Ave. 398, Parkside Gar., Inc.
488, Prospect Park South Garage.
Cor. Foster Ave., H. G. Rolston.
1201, Oakcrest.
and Ave. J., Economy Oil & Gas Co.
791, Delco Garage.
Cooper St. 288, Cooper Garage.
325, S. D. Work, Jr.
1714, Cypress Garage & Repair Co.
Cook St. 165, Rose & Goldstein.
Cornelia St. 2319, Cornelia Garage & Repair Corp.
Cranberry St. 23, Pioneer Garage.
Crescent St. 200, Adelphi Garage.
Foot of, C. J. Wellman.
Cropsey Ave. 1907, Bath Beach Garage & Machine Co.
1805, A. E. Redfern.
1978, L. Epstein.
and Bay 17th St., M. Nobeletti.
De Kalb Ave. 786, Buckingham Garage.
417, Peper Bros.
796, De Kalb Garage.
812, Zwerlin's Garage.
886-890, Star Garage & Mach. Shop.
near Bushwick Ave., Bennett Garage.
Decatur St. & Stuyvesant Ave. Seidenberg's Garage.
Decatur St. 1084, Decatur Garage.
2323, Gettler & Breitenbach Motor Car Co.
Dobbins St. Ormond Garage, W. L. Russel, Prop.
Douglas St. 321, Buick Motor Car Co.
324, Pierce Arrow Auto Repair Co.
Driggs Ave. & So. 5th St. Eastern District Garage.
Duffield St. 60, Extension Garage.
160, Duffield Garage.
Eastern Parkway, 1700, I. Goodman.
1660, Benj. Robbins.
1876, Intern'l Parkway Taxi Co.
and Sterling Place, Waltman Garage.
Cor. Sterling Pl., The Silverman Gar.
Underhill Ave., Damon Jones.
and Howard Ave., L. Servin.
E. New York Ave. 1730, E. E. Stewart.
E. 28th St. 635, Glenwood Gar., W. O. Baur.
E. 29th St. 253, Clarendon Garage.
E. 92d St. And Flatlands Ave., Canarsie, Fred A. Fleming.
Eckford St. 75, Eckford Garage.
Emerson Pl. 206, Victory Garage.
254, Willoughby Taxi Co.
Euclid Ave. 257, Euclid Garage.
Evergreen & Grove Sts. Linden-Grove Garage.
18th Ave. 4440, Kenmore Garage.
6509, Mapleton Garage.
60th St., United Auto Serv. & Vulc. Co.
8226, Van Pelt Manor Garage.
11th St. 478, Thomas Pitbladdo.
13th St. 127, 13th St. Garage.
15th Ave. 7515, Scalzo & Guarneri.
37th St. 348, Bush Terminal Garage.
51st St. 135, D. H. Smith.
52d St. 847, W. R. Bock.
1061, Iba Alvin
54th St. 253, Bee & See Garage.
314, Sunset Garage.
55th St. 359, Bay Ridge Garage.
59th St. 1339, Blythebourne Garage.
Flatbush Ave. Cor. Plaza St., Bklyn Riding and Driving Club.
610, Monroe Segal.
1749, A. C. Winfield.
and Stephen's Court, H. F. Stephen's.
Flatbush Ave. Extension. 81, Manhatan Bridge Garage.
50, Supreme Gas Station.
259, Supreme Gas Station.
324, J. Barbash.
337, J. Medwedosko.
341, Supreme Gas Station.
and Fulton St., Geo. A. Seedman.
Flushing Ave. 176, Market Garage.
and Marcy Aves., Superior Garage.
and Tompkins Ave., Kreiger Auto Trucking Co.
Forest Ave. 47, Forest Ave. Garage.
67, Platz Bros.
Ft. Hamilton Ave. 6250, R. A. Hill.
Ft Hamilton Pkway. 3722, Ft. Hamilton Pkway Garage.
3486, Margaret Garage.
Foster Ave. 902, Liptrott & Allen.
2011, Midway Gasoline Station.
Fourth Ave. 280, G. Ferrigne.
496, Dr. J. F. Gillespie.
581, Ernest Bosson.
653, Salvatore Lombardi.
993, Meyer & Stevenson.
1002, Krieger & Gussman.
3902, J. J. McGarry.
5103, C. B. Templeman.
and Douglas St., Tony Zagra.
and Douglas St., Supreme Gas Station.
14th Ave. Cor. 39th St., 14th Ave. Gar.
4422, Repairo Motor Car Co.
6614, Trocchia Garage.
40th St. 835, Ridge Garage.
44th St. 1342, W. End Gar. & Auto Co.
7515, Scalzo & Guarneri.
Freeman St. 242, Inter City Fuel Co.
Fulton St. 72, Geo. Pool & Son.
Opp. Lewis Ave., Fulton Park Garage.
and Sackman Sts., W. & L. Auto Gar. Co.
Franklin Ave. 170, Franklin Garage.
Frost St. 59, Wittkins & Levine.
106, Frank Danato.
Gates Ave. 614, Kaufman's Garage.
661, Horn's Garage.
and Myrtle Ave., F. H. Free Gar.
Glenmore Ave. 816, B. Yunger.
Greene Ave. 1005, Royal Garage and Machine Co.
Halsey St. 664, Halsey Garage Co., Inc.
Hamilton Ave. 128, Frank Sessa.
485, McKay Bros.
Hancock St. 488, Pupki Auto Co.
and Cypress St., Hancock Auto Corp.
940, Broadway-Hancock Garage.
1710, Evergreen Garage.
and Harris Ave., Harris Ave Garage.
Harmon St. 379, Harmon St. Garage.
Henry St. 546, P. Cirina.
Hemlock St. 474, Henry Kelling, Jr.
Herkimer St. 542, Eureka Garage.
Highland Boulevard, Cor. Bushwick Ave., F. Siegman.
Hope St. 120, Nassau Garage.
Hughes St. 2372, Hughes Auto Repair Co.
Humboldt St. 58, Laskey Motor Co., Inc.
352, Orient Garage.
Irving Ave. 25, Irving Avenue Garage.
Jamaica Ave. 77, E. New York Taxi Co., Inc.
694-6, Uneeda Auto Repair Co.
802, Hovell's Garage.
Jefferson Ave. 102, P. M. Marko.
862, Nienstadt Garage, Inc.
Junius St. 238-242 Junius Garage.
Belmont Ave., Uneeda Garage.
Kent Ave. & Taylor St. Wallabout Gar.
Kings Highway. 33, Geo. Doyle.
Cor. Snyder Ave., Walter R. Fellman Garage.
Knickerbocker Ave. 118, Knickerbocker Garage.
585, Bush Garage.
Cor. Moffat St., Campbell's Garage.
Kosciusko St. 29, Mitchell Garage.
53, Martinique Garage.
Lafayette Ave. Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co.
431, S. & M. Garage.
1100, S. Kleinman.
Lawrence Ave. 161, Chester Iba.
Lenox Rd. 21, Private Owners Garage.
Leonard St. 119, Leonard Garage, Inc.
482, Lawrence Garage.
Lewis Ave. 229, Fogler's Garage.
Lexington Ave. 259, L. A. Disbrow.
325, Lexo-Nostro Garage.
334, Walsh's Garage.
411, Lexington Garage.
795, Sancourt Garage.
887, Traffic Motor Sales Co.
Liberty Ave. 1108, L. Milchman.
Little Nassau St. 24, Sachter's Garage.
Livingston St. 106, I. Kramer.
Lorimer St. 650, Lorimer Garage.
Lott Ave. Lott Ave. & Watkins St. E. M. Pilzer.
Lott St. 138, Chas. Froberg.
Madison St. 623, Sylvan Garage.
Manhattan Ave. 323, J. R. Pendgar.
and Driggs Aves., Greenpoint Auto Gar.
Marion St. The "L" Garage.
Marcy Ave. 633, Marcy Garage.
McDonough St. 406, McDonough Garage.
679, Borough Garage.
McKibben St. 158, Progress Garage.
Meeker Ave. Cor. Van Dam St., Spatz Gasoline Station.
Metropolitan Ave. 109, Richard Schnibbe.
351, T. & R. Trucking Co.
761, A. Runkel.
1439, Neuman's Metropolitan Garage.
Montrose Ave. 24, Concord Garage.
Morgan Ave. Cor. Meserole St., Morgan Ave. Garage.
Moultrie St. 29, T. J. McManus & Sons.
Myrtle Ave. Cor. New Fresh Pond Road, Ridgewood Auto Garage.
1054, Guardino Bros. Garage.
Nelson St. 160, Broncales Garage.
Newell St. 193, Ward's Garage.
New Utrecht Ave. 5905, H. M. Dickover & Son.
Ninth St. 221, Dorlan Motor Corp.
Nostrand Ave. 1187, Hawthorne Garage.
No. 6th St. 127, Drago Garage.
Oakland St. 308, Oakland Garage.
and Java Sts., Greenpoint National Gar.
Ocean Ave. 2042, Ocean Ave. Garage.
3156, Sheepshead Bay Garage.
Ocean Parkway. 2, H. V. Berger.
Foot of, Shelbourne Garage.
4, Circle Garage.
208, Flatbush Battery Co.
2916, Lazarus Wolff.
3156, Sheepshead Bay Garage.
Cor. Prospect Ave., F. R. Welch.
and Neptune Ave., M. Levy.
Osborne St 167-169, Central Garage.
237, Osborn Garage.
Pacific St. 670, Portland Garage.
817, Pacific Garage.
712, Western Garage.
1807, Pacific Utica Garage.
Patchen Ave. 305, Marquis Garage.
Park Ave. 319, F. W. Huber.
375, B. & O. Commercial Garage.
520, Park-Walworth.
557, Park-Nostrand Garage.
756, Standers Garage.
and Clinton Ave., Park Ave. Gar.
Park Pl. 600, Elanel Garage.
Pennsylvania Ave. 65, E. New York Gar.
Penn. & Glenmore Aves. Penn-Glenn Gar.
Powell St. 271, Powell Garage.
Prospect Pl. 731, Healy Prospect Gar.
Putnam Ave. 100, United Motor Co.
72, Brooklyn Auto Delivery.
1726, Kohlmeyer's Garage.
1814, Progress Garage.
Quincy St. 593, Center Garage.
Ralph Ave. 199, Ralph Garage.
Richards St. 143, Leonard's Garage.
Ridgewood Ave. 295, Cypress Motor Supply Co.
Reid Ave. 200, Putnam Garage.
Robinson St. 238, Robinson St. Garage.
Rockaway Ave. 536, Rockaway Ave. Gar.
Rodney St. 34, Maujer Garage
44, Rodney-Keep St. Garage.
Roebling St. Division Ave., Quick Serv. Garage.
163, Roebling & Filmore Garage.
and North 9th St., Roebling Auto Supply Co.
and So. 9th Sts., Pipoly Gasoline Station.
Rogers Ave. 1913, Empire Garage.
1313, Empire Garage.
1345, Flatbush Auto Service Co.
Rutledge St. 321, Rutledge-B'way Gar.
Sackett St. 663, Jacob Morgenthaler.
St. John's Pl. 1682, St. John's Pl. Gar.
1760, Rosen's Garage.
St. Mark's Ave. 233, Court Garage.
201, Marsh Garage.
239, Pratt, Hendricks Co.
500, Wolfman's Garage.
520, Werbe Realty Corporation.
Saratoga Ave. 19, Stucco Garage.
Scholes St. 162, Graham Garage.
Seneca Ave. 567, Seneca Garage.
Seventh Ave. 5703, Seventh Ave. Garage.
5010, Victory Garage.
17th St. 581, Prospect Pk. West Garage.
and Neptune Ave. 17th St. Garage.
Sheepshead Bay Road. 1787, Bayside Gar.
Sheffield Ave. 270, Sheffield Garage.
Siegel St. 185, Bushwick Terminal Gar.
6th St. 278, Berg & Benz.
60th St. 937, Fort Hamilton Garage.
1302, Louis Balestrino.
1501, New Premier Garage.
1535, 60th St. Garage.
68th St. 465, Louis Stackleroth.
16th St. 543, Unique Garage.
Snediker Ave. 387, Snediker Garage.
15, Atlantic Crossing Garage.
Snyder Ave. 34, Snyder Ave., Garage.
55, J. J. Snyder & Sons.
S. Elliott Place. 73, Elliott Garage.
Stagg St. 130, Stagg Garage.
Starr St. 1535, Sunset Garage, Inc.
State St. 203, Daniel F. E. Leary.
Stanhope St. 6, Stanhope Garage.
Sterling Place. 473, Colony Garage.
109, Boll's Garage.
474, Cath-Eliz Garage.
500, Crocker Garage.
Stephen's Court. 39, B. F. Stephens.
Stone Ave. 34, Near Broadway, Lux Gar.
528, Stone Ave. Garage.
Stuyvesant Ave. 98, Stuyvesant Hts. Gar.
Sumner Ave. 144, Excelsior Garage.
Sutter Ave. 1000, Bernard Schwerman.
Taylor St. 45, Wright Cake Co.
Ten Eyck St. 33, D. W. Kaatze.
Tilden Ave. 2222, Flatbush Auto Co.
13th Ave. 4420, Chas. Dobbin.
Throop Ave. 4, Gayety Garage.
49, Seplowitz Bros.
and Myrtle Aves., Federal Garage.
Troy Ave. 105, Troy Ave. Garage.
350, Harris Garage.
24th Ave. 8827, T. H. Joyce.
24th St. 237, American Gar. & Mach. Wks.
34th St. 129, 34th St. Garage.
U Ave. & Lake St. B. Stickle.
Union St. 784, Union Garage.
811, McIntosh Bros.
835, M. Eckhoff.
839, Academy Garage.
920, Park Plaza Garage.
1776, Lincoln Terrace Garage.
Cor. Sutter Ave., Palace Garage.
Van Buren St. 558, Waldorf Storage Warehouse Garage.
Van Sinderen Ave. 359, Williams Gar.
Vanderbilt Ave. 267, Vanderbilt Garage.
Vernon Ave. 301, Keystone Garage.
378, Hohweisner & Sons.
Watkins St. 184, Fischer Auto Co.
188, Public Garage.
352, Watkins St. Garage.
Waverly Ave. 24, Merchant's Garage.
Weirfield St. 399, Fred Brugel's Garage.
W. 17th St. & Neptune Ave. P. Minichelo.
W. 20th St. & R. R. Ave Somers Garden Garage.
W. 37th St. Mermaid Ave., Seagate Gar.
Willoughby and Knickerbocker Aves., Willoughby Garage.
and Nostrand Aves., Willoughby Auto Co.
Wythe Ave. 401, P. J. O'Rourke.

Queens

Astoria. Astoria Gar., Willow & Franklin.
Charles Amann, 79 Fulton Ave.
Paul Sachse, 177 Vandeventer Ave.
M. Metager, 989 Boulevard.
Brust Bros., Garage, 288 8th Ave.
Falconer Gar. Co., 183 Jamaica Ave.
Private Auto Rental Service Co., 22 Grand St.
L. Gally.
Bayside. Reutlinger's Garage.
Auto Repair & Machine Co.
College Point. College Point Garage.
Geo. Duer.
Kraemer's Express Co.
Corona. Chatfield Garage, Jackson Ave., near 41st St.
Johnson-Hodas, Inc., 10-12 W. Jackson Ave.
Powell & Son, 163 W. Jackson Ave.
S. K. Auto Accessories.
Coney Island. West End Garage, Cook's Lane and Railroad Ave.
Douglaston. Manor Garage.
Meadow Gasoline Station.
Elmhurst. Muller's Garage, Kingsland Ave.
Boulevard Garage, Queens Blvd. and Fitting St.
H. C. Drews, 81 Corona Ave.
Max Caeser, 170 Corona Ave.
E. Faber Gaso. Station, Jackson Ave. & 25th St.
J. Kraus, Queens Blvd. & Caldwell Ave.
Flushing. Red Lion.
Flushing Auto Garage, 110 B'way.
John Geddes.
Mold's Garage.
New Broadway Flushing Garage, Sanford Ave. & Broadway.
Queensboro Garage, 69 Broadway.
Rainier Motor Corp., Ft. Farrinton St.
Seagers Garage.
Schumacher's Garage.
Wilsen's Garage.
Upper Flushing Gar., 49 Murray St.
Wilkins Garage, Jackson Ave. & Shell Rd.
Hughes Gasoline Sta., Bway & 22nd St.
Forest Hills. Continental Gar., Continental Ave.
Forest Hills Garage, Queens Blvd.
Fred. Frey, Metropol. & Cooper Ave.
Glendale. Wm. Rupp, Cooper Ave.
Central Garage, Cooper Ave.
V. Jansohn, Cooper Ave. and Sandol St.
2904, Glendale Public Garage.
A. Schwab, Cooper and Wyckoff Aves.
Hollis. Hollis Gaso. Sta., Fulton St., Russell Yeaple, Prop.
New Hollis Auto Supply Co., Hillside and Flushing Ave.
Howard Beach. Anderson & Sierk.
H. Paulson.
Jamaica. Mrs. A. Mehrtens, Hillside and Columbus Aves.
Automobile Repairing & Welding Co., Fulton St. & Columbus Ave.
C. Higgins, Locust Ave. & Merrick Rd.
Theatre Garage, Twombly Pl. & Standard St.
Baker Bros., Garage Co., Inc., 19 No. Washington St.
Cohen & Roth Co., Merrick Road near South St.
Frank Berman, 127 Rockaway Rd.
Disbrow Bros., Hillside Ave.
Franklin Garage, 5 Franklin St.
International Garage, Smith St.
Hillside Garage, Hillside Ave.
Mott Bros., Hillside Ave.
Palm Gar., Hillside & Flushing Ave.
Wiegel's Garage, Union Hall St.
Strang's Auto Garage Co., Inc., Fulton at Smith St.
Jamaica—(Continued)
John Valenti, Hillside Ave. & Hoffman Blvd.
Graef's Garage, Rockaway Road and Chichester Ave.
South Side Garage, 62 South St.
Monarch Motor Service and Supply Co., Merric Road, near South St.
Cohen-Roth Co., Merrick, nr. South St.
Dury's Garage, 10 W. Jackson Ave.
Kew Gardens. Colonial Garage, Queens Blvd.
Little Neck. Cornell's Garage.
A. P. Wright.
Long Island City. C. J. Brown, Bridge Plaza
Clark's Gasoline Station, Jackson and 4th Ave.
M. T. Watts, Bridge Plaza.
Delaney Auto Co., 383 First Ave.
Dumpert, John, 191 Crescent St.
Model Garage, 93 Payntor Ave.
Taft's City Garage, 110 First Ave.
Webster Ave., Gar., 4th & Webster Ave.
Shapse Auto Co., Bridge Plaza.
Postal Garage, So. Washington Pl.
Plaza Garage, 369 Jackson Ave.
Queens Court Gar., Inc., Bridge Plaza.
Brewster & Co., Bridge Plaza.
Simplex Auto Co., Vernon Ave. & 12th St.
J Smiths Hygrade Garage, 77 1st Ave.
Everready Garage, 899 Crescent St.
Kaiser's Gasoline Station, Thompson Ave.
Meadow Mear Park. Meadow Mear Park Garage.
Middle Village. Hirsch, Jacob.
North Beach. E. Bottki.
Ozone Park. L. F. Meliere, Jerome Ave
August Schrempp, Rockaway Road.
S. Woodman, Rockaway Road.
Queens. Queens Auto Repair Shop, Hempstead Road.
Chas. Lester, Rocky Hill Rd. and Jericho Turnpike.
Fulton St. & Jericho Turnpike, W. L. & J. T. Callister.
Queens Gasoline Station, Jerico Turnpike and Creed Ave.
Michael V. Alsheimer, Rocky Hill Rd. and Queens Ave.
Richmond Hill. Apex Gar., Lefferts, nr. Jamaica Ave.
Kew Gardens Gar., Metropolitan Ave.
K. & S. Garage and Repair Co., Lefferts Ave.
J. J. Lake & Son, 3313 Jamaica Ave.
Jerome Gar., Jerome & Bedford Ave.
Richmond Hill Garage & Machine Co., Hillside Ave. & Vine St.
Greenwood Gar., 2804 Jamaica Ave.
South Ozone Park. H. Murch, Rockaway Road and Lincoln Ave.
S. Woodman, Rockaway Road.
Springfield. E. B. Abrams, Merrick Rd. near Springfield Ave.
W. B. Jones, Merrick Road and Springfield Ave.
S. Madsen, Baylas Ave. and Merrick Road.
Whitestone. O'Fee's Garage.
Whittaker Corp.
Winfield. Ringel & Miller, Queens Blvd. and Rowan St.
Queenstown Auto Repair & Access. Sta., Queens Blvd. and Ramsey St.
S. & S. Auto Supply Co., Queens Blvd. and 19th St.
Woodhaven. K. Keller, Rockaway Rd. and Ferry St.
A. E. Louvet, Jerome Ave.
Five Point Gasoline Station, Rockaway Rd. and Boyd Ave.
G. & T. Garage, 1166 Jamaica Ave.
Manor Garage, 1998 Jamaica Ave.
Woodhaven Garage, Jamaica and Woodhaven Aves.
Forest Pk. Garage, 1077 Jamaica Ave.
Victory Garage, 1166 Jamaica Ave.
Woodside. Kunar's Garage, Flushing Rd.
H. Miggo, Jackson Ave. and 8th St.
Woodside Gar., 4th St. and Jackson Ave.
Jackson Heights Garage, Jackson Ave. and Trainsmeadow Rd.

Borough of Richmond

Clifton. Schick's Garage, 951 Bay St.
Concord. Schenk's Garage, 1825 Clove Rd.
Grant City. Midland Motor Company, 2062 Richmond Road.
Great Kills. Amboy Garage, 3941 Amboy Road.
Brower, H. S., 307 Amboy Road.
Linoleumville. Carteret Ferry Corporation.
Mariners Harbor. Sparry, L., Washington Ave.
New Dorp. New Dorp Garage, 2415 Richmond Rd. New Dorp Beach Hotel.
Midland Motor Co., 2062 Richmond Rd.
Pleasant Plains. Pleasant Plains Garage. 6449 Amboy Rd.
Port Richmond. Port Richmond Garage, 88 Ann St.
Richmond Garage, 159 Richmond Ave.
Richmond. Dobler, Julius, 320 Centre St.
Danker, John, 602 Richmond St.
St. George. Castleton Park Garage, Castleton Park.
St. George Garage, 139 Bay St.
Stapleton. Cattermole, C. M., Sch. "Lawrence," foot of Vanderbilt Ave.
J. D. Killian Auto Co., Inc., 388 Bay St.
Schenck's Garage, 1825 Clove Road.
Staten Island Garage, 361 Van Duser St.
Neumann Bros., 30 Roff St.
Stapleton Garage, Bay & Congress St.
United Tire Co., 146 Canal St.
Wagner & Borrin, Gorden St.
Tompkinsville. Auto Supply Co., 36 Griffin St.
St. George Garage, Stuyvesant Pl.
Block's Garage, Bay and Hannah Sts.
J. D. Killian Auto Co., Inc., 388 Bay St.
W. L. McAdam, 36 Griffin St
Tottenville. Peto & Boyd, 240 Main St.
Tottenville Garage, 21 Bentley Ave.
West New Brighton. Castleton Motor Car Co., 1022 Castleton Ave.
West New Brighton. Columbian Auto & Motor Car Co., 1784 Richmond Ter.
Interborough Auto Repair & Supply Co., Elm St. and Richmond Terrace.
Rowohlt Motor Car Co., 1022 Castleton Ave.
A. Sommer, 1736 Richmond Turnpike.

Launch Naphtha Points
In Greater New York

City Island. Robert Jacobs.
A. Malakoff.
Joaquim Vidal.
B. F. Wood.
New York City. The Anna Service, N. Y. Yacht Club anchorage Ft. E. 23d St.
C. F. Quinn, Clason Point.
John Rehm, Bronxkills Boathouse, Ft. of Walnut Ave.
F. R. Welsh, Ft. W. 140th St.
Richmond. Capt. C. M. Cattermole, Schooner "Lawrence," off Ft Vanderbilt Ave., Stapleton.
Brooklyn. A. L. Anderson, Ulmer Pk. Pr.
C Poling, off Ft 69th St
Canarsie. Sutter Marine Equipment Co., off Stahle's Pier.
Rockaway Point. P. H. Reid.
Sheepshead Bay W. Lang.
College Point Herman Kraemer.
Wm. Needham.

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THE REPUBLICAN GREAT REFUSAL.

Senator LODGE has been flouted ungenerously. He is the Republican "leader" in the Senate, his too hasty critics say. Why doesn't he lead? What can an elephant driver without a goad and with a "rogue" elephant charging on him do but step aside for safety or harangue his cantankerous beast from the shelter of a tree? Poor Mr. LODGE is struggling to get the Treaty out of the Committee on Foreign Relations, but what a discordant lot his Republican fellow-committeemen are! At least four, Mr. BORAH, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. POINDEXTER, Mr. HARDING, are candidates for President. If Mr. KNOX affects to have no such aureate dreams, it does seem as if he felt that a former Secretary of State is above any suggestion from a mere Chairman of a Senate committee.

Mr. MOSES of New Hampshire, young in the Senate, once ornamented the diplomatic service, and is, therefore, an expert; and he seems to believe that he inherits the only genuine shred of Mr. ROOSEVELT's mantle, passionately clutched at by Mr. BORAH and Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. BRANDEGEE of Connecticut is best described in Yankee. He is "an off ox," against everything in general and particular. Mr. NEW is of Indiana, where politics never simmers, always boils.

Mr. KNOX dotes on his plan of doctoring and marring and killing the Treaty. Mr. FALL of New Mexico, whose voice is still for war, dotes on his. Mr. BORAH and Mr. JOHNSON regard the League of Nations as the sum of all villainies, and are going to preach its infamy on the stump.

Observe the handsome profits that the Republican Party is likely to get from its investment in Wilson-Hating, Unlimited. Mr. BORAH has proclaimed his resolution to join a third party if the Treaty is ratified. Mr. JOHNSON is reported to have made singular allies in his foray against the League. Among the modern and conservative Republicans whose spokesmen are men like Mr. TAFT and Mr. WICKERSHAM, what other feelings than impatience and disgust are stirred by the blind follies of the Senate Republicans? Republican business men, like business men in general, are beginning to forget the accomplished incapacities of Mr. KITCHIN's Congress in the profounder incapacities of this. Peace, confidence, business, the machinery of international credit and commerce set up again, the world at work again—this is what business, what the country wants; and they have to wait, in uncertainty and with a growing anger, while the disunited malcontents at Washington dillydally, squabble, split hairs, or explode.

The Republicans of the Senate have been doing all in their power to discredit, weaken, disintegrate, defeat the Republican Party. Mr. BORAH's threatened third party would be but a painted devil. If the Treaty could be beaten or denatured, the Republicans wouldn't have the ghost of a glimmering of success in 1920. They have chosen to deal with a matter of supreme national and international moment in a spirit of captious and exacerbated partisanship. In pursuing their quarrel with Mr. WILSON, they have fallen out among themselves. They are arraying the people against them. Is the Egyptian and Hindu Nationalist vote worth the sacrifice of American, of Republican votes?

The Republican Party lacked wise and patriotic leadership in not accepting the Treaty as a necessity to the United States and the world, in not letting partisanship stop "at the water's edge." By a non-partisan, rational course, by looking at national and world interests instead of searching for "party capital," the Republican Senators would have served their party and their country. They would have satisfied independent voters. They would have strengthened themselves among business men, Democrats included. The Treaty out of the way, they would have set themselves to work in earnest on the reduction of Government expenditures, the establishing of a budget system, the rehabilitation of the railways, the cost of living, a pressing problem.

On Saturday Mr. LODGE and the other Republican members of the Foreign Relations Committee, with the exception of Mr. MCCUMBER, by forcing the adoption of an amendment to the Treaty restoring former German "rights" in Shantung to China demonstrated in the most wanton way that they cared nothing about ratification if they could make party capital by preventing it. Senator MCCUMBER had the independence and courage to vote with the Democrats against the fatuous amendment, an act for which he deserves the most unqualified commendation. The reason given by Mr. LODGE and his confederates for imperiling the Treaty was that they "wanted to do justice [in the words "of Mr. KNOX] to a nation that had "been outraged," the implication being that Japan's promise to do justice to China by reinstating her in Shantung was writ in water.

These obstructive Republicans have committed an egregious blunder, irretrievable so far as they are concerned. Ratification will be indefinitely delayed, and they have affronted Japan, indifferent to the effect upon our relations with that country. They have put themselves, and not President WILSON, in a hole. In his conference with the Foreign Relations Committee at the White House he explained the difficulties that the American representatives at Paris labored under in the matter of the Shantung award—there would have been an impasse if the application of Japan had been denied—and he declared his belief in Japan's good faith. But the Republican obstructionists have paid no heed to Mr. WILSON's statement of the case, and unconsciously they have proved that they are the worst and not the best friends of China, for neither Great Britain nor France can cancel its support of Japan, nor could the United States compel Japan to retire from Shantung. In the opinion of some of the best authorities, if the Republican majority in the Senate were to accept the Lodge amendment the Treaty would fail, so far as the United States was concerned, and America would stand alone to confront the humiliation of making a separate treaty with Germany. But Senator MCCUMBER's abandonment of the irreconcilables is of good omen: it is most improbable that the Senate will approve of the Lodge amendment.

AN AMERICAN GOVERNOR.

Governor JOHN J. CORNWELL of West Virginia is the architect of his own fortunes, a self-made man, as the saying is, who began life with no capital and no opportunities but those he contrived by his own wits, his industry and optimism. He worked his way up from the ranks of labor to comparative wealth and to the head of the State in which he was born fifty-two years ago. He is the President of a country bank; President, too, of the South Branch Tie and Lumber Company, a local enterprise: and he is interested in farming and orcharding. Also, he is owner of a country newspaper. One of his achievements was the building of a railroad forty miles long, the Hampshire Southern, to serve a remote district and develop it. His has been the career of a man who made two blades of grass grow in place of one, in the figurative sense. While he prospered himself the community benefited through his energy and persistence. His advancement was gradual but sure. He commanded success because he planned and worked for it. There are thousands of Americans like him.

Governor CORNWELL, not being a demagogue, was the wrong man to approach for a tribute to the Plumb Plan for Government ownership of the railroads, with a view to their nationalization eventually. The Federation of Railway Employés of West Virginia wrote to him to ask for his support of it, assuming that, as he was Governor, he must be a politician who thought only in terms of votes. The reply to their solicitation was, however, a vigorous negative. The language used left no doubt of the meaning of a man who might be Governor but had not parted with his common sense and was not going to stultify himself to please anybody:

> When you asked for an eight-hour day I was with you heart and soul. But when you ask the farmers and the laborers in other lines of work to go in debt twenty billions of dollars, through the medium of the Federal Government, to buy the railroads and give them to you to operate for your benefit and to use as you please, you are making a proposition that is neither sane nor fair.

It is so obvious that if the bill embodying the Plumb Plan became a law the result, should the railroads not be wrecked completely, would be just as Governor CORNWELL describes it that he cannot be charged with exaggeration. He goes on to tell those who would use him for their purpose that nationalization of all industries would be demanded if the Plumb Plan were adopted by Congress. "Farm laborers," he observes, "with even "better right, [than railroad men, "telephone and telegraph employés, "and miners,] would say, 'We pro-"'duce the food you live on, buy "'the farms and give them to us.'" That way would lie chaos, declares Governor CORNWELL. He concludes:

> I have been a laboring man myself, carried a dinner pail for a dollar a day, but I am an American, not a Bolshevik. I stand for law and order, and I am not asking somebody to buy property and give it to me, but want to work and give honest service for every dollar I receive.

It would be a great mistake to suppose that there are not plenty of men in the ranks of labor who are of the same mind as this plain-speaking Governor of West Virginia, men who have saved money and invested it wisely, men who privately see in the Plumb Plan a menace to their own industrial welfare.

A REPORT ON SIBERIA.

Ambassador MORRIS, according to dispatches from Washington, has made his report on the Siberian situation, and has recommended that we recognize the Government of Admiral KOLCHAK, provided it survives what appears to be the critical period of the next thirty days. This looks uncomfortably like agreeing to give him our support if he can prove that he does not need it, but practical considerations perhaps make any other course impossible just now. Mr. MORRIS appears to think that the Bolsheviki are at present putting forth their maximum offensive effort, and that a month will be sufficient to show whether that effort can overthrow KOLCHAK and subordinate all Siberia to Bolshevism. If we had helped KOLCHAK months ago, he would not now be in this position; but as it is, the desirability of not antagonizing the winning side leads us to hold off till we are sure that the Bolsheviki are not going to win just at present.

It is good news that recognition, if we give it, is likely to be accompanied by practical assistance in munitions and supplies. Mr. MORRIS credits KOLCHAK with sincere patriotic purpose, and says that his difficulties have been due to the necessity of concentrating all attention on the military front to the neglect of civil administration. Those who have failed to help him cannot free themselves from some responsibility for this condition. Nor does our envoy seem to take much stock in the dogma of our "liberals" that KOLCHAK wants to restore the Czar. The Bolsheviki have antagonized everybody in Russia but their own sect; in the coalition against them there are doubtless some who would restore the Czar, but a great many more who want a democratic republic which is as irreconcilable with Bolshevism as with the old monarchy. American support of KOLCHAK would powerfully strengthen the republicans, who already seem to be the dominant force in the anti-Bolshevist alliance; but if we do not support him, Russians who want to avert what they regard as the complete ruin of their country may find support from other quarters which would have more sympathy for the reactionary groups. If we want to save republicanism in Russia, now is the time to do it; and LENIN would be the first to deny that his Government has any similarity to a republic as Americans understand it.

NEW BASES FOR WAGE CLAIMS.

Last week the Director General took to the President the demands of the railway shopmen for an advance of wages. They abandon the claim for an advance primarily on account of the cost of living, because that implies a reduction if the cost of living declines, and that, they declare, would be unacceptable to them. Their present demand is for pay equal to that paid by the Government in navy yards and shipyards, which they estimate would give them 25 per cent. more. The shipyard pay was the prime cause of the increase of wages in private industries, for they had to meet the Government scale or lose their men. But the war is over now, and standardization at the top is less in favor than it was, except in union circles. Moreover, there is no fair argument from railway work to shipyard work, the occupations are so different. If the railway men tried to transfer themselves to the shipyards to get the wages they say are current there, they would find they could not earn them. As railway men they have still less claim to an advance, as appears from the fact that their views were not accepted by the Railway Wage Adjustment Board, which held an exhaustive hearing on the merits.

The Westchester motormen's strike affords another example of how to raise wages by comparison instead of by considering the worth of the services. The motormen claim engineers' wages because they are members of the Locomotive Brotherhood. But they are not qualified to earn locomotive engineers' wages on the steam lines, and their wages already have been raised to the point of embarrassment of the company, and to the discomfort of its riders. The company is disposed to fight this strike, but is met by the threat of the Brotherhood that it will strike on the New Haven line if the Westchester line does not surrender to its men. A sympathetic strike in support of a wage demand of doubtful merit would be a heavy burden for the Brotherhood, which already is in disfavor with the public because of its methods in unduly raising steam railway wages.

All men, unionists and non-unionists alike, are entitled to full payment for their services according to their worth on an economic basis, and something might be added on account of the disposition to be generous rather than merely fair toward labor. But when labor joins issue and seeks to take by force its own estimate of its worth, it is time for the community to stand for its own rights and comfort and to support those who serve the community. The strength of labor, or of labor's cause, does not increase with the number of strikes, but contrariwise.

PUTTING DOWN PRICES.

Accounts agree that the sales of surplus army supplies are attended by great crowds, and that they are willing to take much trouble to get cheap food and blankets. Those who need such bargains most cannot read the newspapers, and therefore are not in the way of knowing their opportunities. But their absence was made up by the attendance of the better informed, some coming in their own cars to take away their purchases. That is a sign of thriftiness which it is well to encourage for its effect on the shopkeepers, who will be moved to do more to keep their trade if they see it drifting away. The quantities which the Government can sell are too small to have a permanent effect, but the sentimental effect is worth considering. Certainly no better use can be made of the surplus supplies.

The raids on the hoarders and speculators also will do good if not pushed too far, and if not made to include accumulators who are neither hoarders nor speculators in an evil sense. Traders who lay in supplies in a time of plenty against a time of want are speculators of a sort who perform a useful service, and are entitled to fair pay for them. Goods bought in time of plenty and held for scarcity are certainly held for a profit by the rise, but the increased price is earned, and no jury would convict such speculators of any crime against the community. Such speculators do on a large scale only what prudent heads of families do on a small scale, and impute it to themselves as a virtue. Also, exporters who have prepared for foreign trade on a scale which lack of credit accommodations prevents their realizing are speculators of a meritorious sort, but who in such case may have made a mistake more harmful to themselves than to the public. If conditions enable us to eat supplies intended for foreign consumers, we shall make the profit which the speculators will lose. But the speculators hardly ought to go to jail for having misjudged their market.

In other words, the criminality of hoarding and speculating depends upon both facts and motives. The facts are of easy proof. It is only necessary to compare the quantities this year and last, and to compare this year's excess, if any, with the conditions under which the supplies were accumulated. There is a scantiness of such facts and comparisons, and also a somewhat too easy assumption of evil intent in the interpretations of the facts. A jury trial is an excellent recourse in such doubtful cases. We should like to see evil hoarders and speculators punished as they deserve, but we should dislike to see next Winter's supplies eaten now, although they would be cheap. It is too dreadful to think of what the prices would be if the storehouses should be empty when next Winter arrived. The speculators never hoped for such a harvest as that would be for those few whose stores escape raiding now.

THE BUILDING INDUSTRY.

The world over the building industry is a striking example of the shift from peace work to war work, and now back again. When munitions were more wanted than gold the production of other things was checked, in some directions was stopped. Munitions now promise never to be wanted again so much, and buildings are so much wanted that building labor is asking almost munitions wages. The command of the labor market is dangerous to labor when used in the manner now on exhibition. It is all right to charge what the traffic will bear, but when more is charged than the traffic will bear the traffic stops. If the railways found it so, the building unions should not be taken by surprise if it works similarly with them. The masons, painters, and other related industries are now asking more than is received by other workers whose trades require more skill and learning, and they are asking it in a manner which is putting their employers in a mood for a lockout.

"Snowballing" is a new word for an old form of labor extortion. It consists in forcing wage advances by an interminable series of strikes, instead of one great strike. Bricklayers are now asking $10 a day, and they lay fewer bricks. Not long ago the bricklayers were examples of laborers willing to lay more bricks for more money, and were enabled to do so with less exertion by means of efficiency studies. Now they are arrogant and killing their trade. Masons are getting $7.50, and plasterers are wanting more. There is talk of a nation-wide strike of more than a million workers, and the employers are discussing a lockout. They cannot both pay such wages and the highest prices ever known for materials. Between 1915 and this year the cost of an ordinary frame and stucco building rose 48 per cent., and recent advances have increased the cost to 79 per cent. Steel skeleton buildings have risen 105 per cent., and reinforced concrete buildings almost as much. From 25 per cent. to 40 per cent. has been added within the past month or two, and there is no sign of top. Millionaires have no monopoly of wanting shelter. Wage earners are the greatest sufferers and complainers against the rent profiteers. Thus, as in many other cases, the strikers are damaging their own class, and oftentimes themselves.

It is a shortsighted as well as treacherous policy to make demands of this sort contrary to agreements, and even to agreements revised favorably to the men. Contracts cannot be made when bidders cannot reckon their labor costs, and the demand for building labor falls off before the demand for buildings is satisfied. There had been no prospect that it would be satisfied for years, so great was the demand created by the war stoppage of construction. In this city alone there is ground for the estimate that there is need for immediate building of 16,000 structures, requiring a half billion dollars, mostly wage funds. That would only bring the work up to a ten-year average, and the normal demand would remain as a backlog. During the war there was difficulty in finding funds for building, there being only about 38 per cent. of mortgage money available normally. But this difficulty was passing when the strikes began. During the first half of this year there was more money available for mortgages than during all 1918, but the amounts were smaller in the individual cases. In Manhattan and the Bronx the mortgages financed this year totaled $102,487,956, against $47,403,718 last year, and the figures for the latest weeks are even more encouraging. It is true that there is no 4½ per cent. money, little at 5 per cent., and that the bulk is at 6 per cent. But the rise in rents is enough to make the mortgage interest of comparatively small importance. That cannot be said of labor and material costs.

The conditions are similar throughout the country. In January in 152 cities there was a loss of construction from 1918, but for the first six months there was a gain of 82 per cent., to a total of $453,131,531. For June alone the total was $134,726,715, and July starts the latter half of the year with a gain over June. In August construction was thought to be at the rate of $350,000,000 a month, threatening pre-war records. Reckoning engineering with building, this year's total is about $1,500,000,000, or above last year's high record, which was swollen by war demands. The decrease in the average amount is due to the demand for homes rather than larger structures, and that is particularly true of what is called the Metropolitan district, around New York as a centre. Everywhere modest buildings are under way, and nowhere more than in the district tributary to the dual subway. The city will build itself out of its transportation finance troubles shortly, and the city is benefiting meanwhile by the gain in tax values enough to lessen the troubles of its increasing budget. Never were the building prospects fairer, until labor began "snowballing." If the unions are prudent, they will realize that there is a limit to all things, and that steady wages for a long time are better than trying to get extortionate wages for a short time.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Jack Tar and the Banderlog.

The navy also is finding that, with the return of peace, the uniform of the United States of America is losing its charm for the public. That, indeed, is an ironic understatement. Naval authorities say that there is a public prejudice against men in uniform which is so strong as to redouble the difficulty of inducing men to enlist and re-enlist.

The state of mind of the public which makes this possible is, to say the least, noteworthy. Only a few months ago our soldiers and sailors offered their lives unflinchingly to save us from the fate we feared. When such a time comes again they will do the same. And again we shall turn out to serve them, entertain them, make heroes of them in spite of the protests of their modesty. Yet when the danger is past a change comes over the public mind. The most charitable explanation is forgetfulness, a banderlog instability of mind. There is probably also a large measure of blind, instinctive prejudice—a prejudice which any one of us would repudiate if he subjected it to reason. Is there not also an element of ingratitude, of callous indifference to the means of our salvation, now that we are saved?

Whatever its explanation, the Navy Club is taking well-considered action to combat the evil. During the war its home for jackies at 509 Fifth Avenue was maintained by private subscription, and was served by women and young girls who took pride in their service. Now there is danger that it will be closed. To provide for the future, the club is beginning a drive for $300,000 to secure and equip a permanent home for enlisted men. Nothing could tend more powerfully to keep up the morale of the service. If we have minds that are not banderlog, and hearts that are not black, there will eventually be such a club in each of our principal ports.

Memory Holds Its Seat in Sunday Golf.

The New England blue laws have long been regarded as a fund of national humor; and now it appears that, like Jack Falstaff, they are also the cause of wit in other men. If report sayeth true, Judge BACON of Newton, in Massachusetts, has decreed that "knocking a small white ball across the fields" on Sunday does not breach the Lord's Day law against "sport"—provided only that no written score be kept. It is, however, a breach of the blue law against taking part in "a game," and as such he fined the offenders five dollars. Judge BACON's decision might have gladdened the heart of FRANCIS, of the same name. It is a notable contribution to the advancement of learning.

Not the least of the benefactions of the unwritten golf score will be in affording practice in the art of memory. A French traveler among us lately remarked upon what he considered a national failing—an inability to remember anything that is not of immediate personal interest. This he attributed to the "play" theory of the kindergarten and the elective system in college. In France a good memory, even for names and dates, is considered as one of the most important products of education. True, a golf score is no doubt of immediate and personal interest to both players; but for some unaccountable reason that has not often enabled them to remember a very considerable number of their strokes. There is probably no field of human endeavor in which memory stands in a more painful need of cultivation.

Five dollars a Sunday is a considerable tuition fee; but, as a Wall Street plunger said to a son who had backed the wrong side of the market, useful educations are expensive.

The Woman Buyer and the Profiteer.

Whatever the result of the nation-wide scouting after big profiteers, a shop-to-shop campaign conducted by responsible women is indispensable. The amount of buying which women do has been estimated at as high as 90 per cent. of the total purchase of finished products. Obviously, women control the consumer's end of the problem. And, as they are mostly free of obligations as to office hours, they are in an ideal position to do the work. The campaign which Mrs. CHARLES C. RUMSEY is to conduct as Chairman of the field forces of the Administration Fair Price Committee is to enlist the services of 50,000 women. It should have notable results.

The Federal Food Administrator, ARTHUR WILLIAMS, advises that the campaigners conduct themselves, not as spies, but as "cash-and-carry-away" purchasers. In other words, it will be sufficient if women properly selected in different districts do their own buying with normal thrift and make business-like reports. Some few of them at least will be surprised by what they find. Between certain shops on Park Avenue and certain others on Third Avenue and Sixth Avenue the difference in prices is marked.

Only the ill informed will take such a difference as conclusive evidence of profiteering. The butcher or grocer whose customers are of the fashionable rich has expenses which the ordinary shopkeeper escapes—service by telephone and by delivery wagon, waste in stocks of perishable delicacies and waste in huge accounts which lie unpaid for months. The women who have found life dull because they "can do all their housekeeping in ten minutes a day" will perhaps learn how to put an edge on it.

The Cause of International Understanding.

Under the new Constitution, we are told, a German's house is to be his castle. It is a notable advance in personal privilege, and no truly courteous commentator would point out that both the idea and the phrase were made in England—at least he would not do so wantonly.

In the very same week, however, word comes from London that the Englishman is bent on nothing so much as on making his "castle" a home, and the means by which he is to do this renders comment obligatory, at least in America. English houses, it appears, have been constructed as if with the express design of requiring the maximum number of servants in the minimum of space. Wartime wages have thrown a new light on the situation, and now The Daily Mail offers 2,500 prizes to architects and to the public for plans which shall "revolutionize the interiors of our antiquely planned houses."

A favorite device is steam heat, provided by radiators. Only second in public approval is the bathtub with running hot and cold water. Thus Englishmen will be deprived of their old, reliable steam-heat gibe against Americans, while Americans will lose in turn the retort courteous as to islanders who advertise their ablutions by traveling with a bathtub on top of the taxi, yet have no bathrooms in their houses. At Washington the cause of peace is a laggard, but the world moves on, notwithstanding, in the path of reconciliation and mutual understanding. With a Germany released from the taunt of personal slavery, an America freed from the steam-heat wheeze, and an England that does not have to explain when and how it tubs itself, warfare may yet be restricted and zoned within peace conferences.

The Times by Air Mail.

The Cleveland Chamber of Commerce.
Cleveland, Aug. 22, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The copy of today's issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES which you sent me by the aero mail was delivered in my hands by 3 o'clock this afternoon.

This is indeed, a most gratifying demonstration of the possibilities of transportation by aircraft and is most appropriate in connection with Cleveland's celebration today of the 100th consecutive day of successful aero mail service between Cleveland and Chicago.

PAUL L. FEISS,
President.

SONG OF A HUMBLE CITIZEN.

With temples throbbing and hot,
With temper ruffled and red,
A citizen sat in his rent-raised flat,
Wearily propping his head:
"I'm a man of peace," he moaned,
As he fingered the grocer's bill,
"Yet self-control is leaving my soul
And I'm nursing a longing to kill!"

It's strike, strike, strike,
From dawn to evening glow;
And strike, strike, strike,
Wherever I chance to go.
The slogan, wherever I pass,
In our land-of-do-as-you-like
Is "Get to a man as much as you can,
Then ask for more—and strike!"

It's strike, strike, strike,
From actor to engineer;
And strike, strike, strike,
For cheese or decimal beer;
I'm a lover of justice and peace,
But, whoever may happen to win,
I stand no show; what I'd like to know
Is, Where do I come in?

It's strike, strike, strike,
From window cleaner to clerk;
And strike, strike, strike,
With never a thought of work;
I'm strong for order and law,
But I have nothing to say,
For first and last I am lashed to the
mast;
Whoever may win, I pay.

With temples throbbing and hot,
With temper ragged and red,
A citizen sat in his rent-raised flat,
Wearily propping his head;
"I'm a man of peace," he moaned,
"But all this makes me sick;
Upon my soul, I've lost control:
I'm turning Bolshevik."

ELIAS LIEBERMAN.

THE MANAGER'S GAMBLE

As Seen from the Point of View of the Actor in the Play.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I beg to call attention to two matters apparently overlooked by Mr. William Faversham in his note appearing in your Saturday and Sunday issues, anent the Actors' Equity contract. He says in part:

> This actors' union does not protect the manager, does not permit clauses that protect the man or woman who takes the gamble, shoulders all the responsibility and finds the money.

Mr. Faversham overlooks a number of clauses which do protect the manager, the most important of which is the arbitration clause which the manager himself has repudiated, thereby causing all the trouble.

As for the "gamble" taken by the manager—why should the actor be called upon to protect a gamble in which he has no share, except the continuation of his job and salary, in the one play out of ten which makes a hit? What about the other nine in which he loses his time and labor and expenses during rehearsals? In the play that does win he gets no more than his salary, unless he is one of the few—a star—who can make his own terms. But the Actors' Equity contract was not framed for this class, but for the men and women who cannot make even decent terms for themselves without an organization to stand back of them and see that they have fair play, for which Mr. Faversham is pleading. The managers admit that the Stage Hands' Union has proved a good thing even for themselves. Why not the Actors' Union as well?

GRACE GRISWOLD.
New York, Aug. 24, 1919.

CHINA AND ARTICLE X.

Senator McCormick Mistaken in Holding We Must Help Japan.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Senator McCormick, like Senator Lodge, is throwing dust in the eyes of the public regarding our obligations under Article X. of the covenant. Senator McCormick paints in lurid colors a picture of 400,000,000 Chinese rising "against the Republic that has betrayed them" and says, "Under the terrible tenth article of the covenant we shall be bound in honor to levy our legions, to send forth our young men by the million in defense of the Japanese dominions on the further side of the Yellow Sea." This is a wild statement for which there is not the slightest foundation and only a very uninformed and gullible part of the public can be misled by it.

Article X. says: "The members of the League undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all members of the League." There is no "Japanese dominion" in Shantung. The region which was leased from China for ninety-nine years and is now to be transferred for the time being under this lease to Japan is a narrow strip of thirty miles around Kiao-Chau Bay, which always has been and which will remain Chinese territory and has been so acknowledged by Japan.

If China, standing on her own ground, repulses and drives out the Japanese from her own territory, America is not under the slightest obligation to render assistance to Japan, though all members of the League are under moral obligation to bring pressure to bear to have the difficulty removed by peaceful means. Wherever there is any grievance that breeds disturbance, it is the business of the League to endeavor to remove it.

If China invaded Japan and thus engaged in external aggression, it would be another matter, but obviously, under Article X., she would not be opposed by the United States or any other power from driving from her territory the Japanese if they do not, as they have promised, presently withdraw.

Let us ratify the treaty without amendment and at the same time give notice to the world through a resolution stating it to be our policy to support China's claims for complete control of her own territory. This will clear our conscience and bring powerful pressure to bear upon Japan, which is already receding from her original plans and has promised soon to withdraw her troops.

LUCIA AMES MEAD.
Spofford, N. H., Aug. 22, 1919.

DAYLIGHT SAVING.

Some Discomforts Which It Brings to a City Worker.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You seem to be under the impression that the majority is for daylight saving. The reason why you hear so little from the opponents is that the objections are small discomforts, which, nevertheless, amount in the total to something to be considered.

I am a workingwoman. As long as it was a war measure my discomfort did not count; now it should. Consider in my case what the "discomforts" are. I rise at 6; it is cold many mornings. I dress for a cool day; by noon it is hot and I am uncomfortable. I hear the girls say, "Oh, dear! I thought it was cool."

The afternoons are hot. I used to take my afternoon off; now I stay and work. Many others work till 6 instead of going at 5; the street has not cooled off, the sun still makes the cars hot; we miss the refreshing ride home.

In the evenings I am tempted to stay out in the parks, and often yield, but when I go home there is the same work to be done; it must be done; I do it—and am an hour later to bed and an hour short of sleep. That in a whole season counts and depletes my strength. The last discomfort is the dark mornings from Sept. 1 on. Dark mornings are always a hardship. Why add to the hardships?

These are all trifles, you will say. Yes, but trifling things like flies and mosquitos are a nuisance. Why continue? As a war measure, to get more work done, I was all in favor of it, and glad to give up hours of sleep, glad to carry my discomforts.

But I saw with relief that the bill of repeal had been passed. For the people who can have a good time evenings and get their rest the next morning it may do, but I think they are the ones who favor it, and not the workers. It is not all the farmers, as you seem to think.

A CITY WORKER.
New York, Aug. 21, 1919.

Views of a Theatregoer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can even a stagehand keep body and soul together on less than 'steen hundred a year? The actor also is entitled to more pay. The playwright is satisfied with his princely thousands, and the poor manager, he can make ends meet on the hundreds of thousands per.

It is up to us, the same-old-salary men and women, to see they all get theirs. Theatre tickets that were $2 will be $3, for of course it were madness to expect the spoiled manager to reduce himself to paltry tens of thousands. His "overhead" expenses are two or three houses, several cars, staff of servants, &c., and, sir, he will cease to produce plays when his business underlings can force a fairer share for themselves.

JUST AN ONLOOKER.
Kingston, N. Y., August 13, 1919.

THE IRISH AND THE SOIL.

Comment on the Assertion That England Kills Their Industries.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has just been called to a letter written by Robert P. Green, entitled "Why Irish Till the Soil," which appeared in your issue of Aug. 19. As several of the statements made are quite without foundation I trust you will give me the opportunity of refuting them. Mr. Green makes the astounding assertion that "the agricultural pursuits of the Irish are forced on them, since about all industrial enterprise is 'forbid by law.'" Does Mr. Green honestly believe that such an absurdity is a fact? Does he imagine for a moment that the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland in this age, aside from equity, would legislate to prevent one portion of the kingdom from developing itself commercially to the utmost of its ability? Surely it is obvious that the greater the wealth of Ireland the greater that of the United Kingdom.

As Mr. Green looks upon Ireland solely as an agricultural country, and is, moreover, under the delusion that she is prevented by law from any industrial expansion, I will mention for his information a few of the industrial enterprises in which Ireland has for many years been engaged. To begin with, at Belfast she has one of the largest shipbuilding yards in the world. Guinness's stout, which has a tremendous export trade and found a particularly good market in this country until the dry spell, employs in Dublin thousands of hands. The Irish linen industry should be known even to Mr. Green. Irish whiskey is made in Ireland and is sold all over the world.

If there is coal in Ireland in paying quantities Englishmen will be just as pleased to know it as Irishmen. There is nothing to prevent the Irish from attempting to develop any possible coal lands, nor to prevent them from endeavoring to enlist capital to forward the enterprise. The matter would stand or fall solely on its business merits. If coal is there in paying quantities it would be perfectly practicable to build spurs from these mines to the railways. To say that the railways were designed and laid where "purposely inaccessible" is quite without foundation, Dr. Emmet and Mr. Green to the contrary notwithstanding.

Mr. Green speaks of the prosperity of Ireland during the Middle Ages. He seems to be in ignorance of the fact that there is prosperity in Ireland today. As a fact, Ireland is at present the most prosperous part of the United Kingdom. The war dealt far more lightly with her than with England, Scotland, or Wales. Irishmen were never forced to undergo the food hardships that their fellow subjects in Great Britain went through in 1917 and 1918. Even Mr. George Creel admits that the trade of Ireland in 1915 amounted to $862,000,000.

His concluding statement that Mr. Henry Ford will be prevented by the Government from establishing a great factory at Cork is on a par with the others he has made. If Mr. Green really wishes to help the condition of Ireland he had first better study Irish conditions as they are, and not as he would have them be in his efforts to make out a case for independence. Ireland, in addition to being a prosperous member, would, if allowed to by "her friends," become a contented member of the British Empire. Truly can that distressful country exclaim as did Talleyrand, "Save me from my friends!"

CHARLES STUART LINTON.
Easthampton, L. I., Aug. 21, 1919.

MAE AND BOLSHEVISM.

Forget Rockefeller and Try Tennyson and Wordsworth.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In her commentary on the letter of Miss Mae Zalinsky, Miss Colt says in the Aug. 21 issue of THE TIMES: "We could be just as lucky (i. e., as lucky as Mr. Rockefeller) if we were willing to save." By this Miss Colt implies two things. First, that Miss Zalinsky does not work. Second, that she does not save. She also implies, indirectly, that Mr. Rockefeller amassed his huge fortune by working and saving.

In reply to which I wish to say that if there is any work that is absolutely necessary and essential to the business world, that work is the work of the telephone operator. So it is evident that Miss Zalinsky works. Furthermore, the remuneration of a telephone operator arrests any propensity for squandering her money that Miss Zalinsky may have. And if she spends for her other things in proportion as she spends for her meals, she is not a spendthrift. If Mr. Rockefeller began saving $1,000 a year in the year 1 A. D., in order to acquire his present fortune, he would have to live one million years. So Mr. Rockefeller did not become rich by working and saving his earnings.

But I wish to tell Miss Zalinsky that money does not bring happiness. She can get all the happiness and comforts she needs in the poetry of Tennyson and Wordsworth, and in the works of Stephen Leacock. If they do not make her happy, all the money in the world will not make her happy.

BENJAMIN OFFNER.
New York, Aug. 21, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some advice was given Mae Zalinsky in THE TIMES issue of Aug. 21.

Socialists have the bitter and begrudging spirit of poor relations. Poor relations seldom wish the rich relation to have what he has unless they can have the same. Therefore, when hard up, without loss of self-respect, they borrow from him, believing he owes it to them because of the injustice of things. Their greedy hopes are upon his wealth, and their dejected eyes upon their own poverty. They clutch at his cast-off finery.

Hard workers and good workers are often miserable thinkers, and their circumstances remain as unlucky as their thoughts.

M. D.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 21, 1919.

Sea View Safe for Drug Addicts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A letter in today's TIMES complains of the fancied risk of infection resulting from the placing of drug addicts in a hospital where tuberculosis patients have been housed.

Doubtless there are many ill-informed persons who do not realize, as all of us should realize, that such a sanitarium is the safest place in the world to avoid this contagion, in view of the scientific precautions that are so rigidly observed, there and nowhere else.

Let us accept the conclusions of expert students of tuberculosis, like Dr. S. A. Knopf of this city, that adults never contract consumption; they develop it. The acquirement of the seeds of that disease occurs in childhood. Some neutralize them; others do not.

E. H. CLEVELAND, M. D.
New York, Aug. 18, 1919.

Soft Drinks at Stadium Concerts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Attorney General Palmer ought to go to the Lewisohn Stadium concerts, at the City College, any night to see what the white-coated boys charge for "soft drinks."

No one that has attended the concerts at the City College this Summer can deny that the quality and quantity of the music given as to the admission price charged is reasonable; but the prices for the "soft drinks"—Oh, boy!

CHARLES THOMAS CUNNINGHAM.
New York, Aug. 19, 1919.

MANAGERS CLOSE THE WINTER GARDEN

Shuberts Announce It Is Impossible to Give a Satisfactory Performance There.

ACTORS TO BE PRODUCERS

Equity Association Will Send Vaudeville and Regular Shows on the Road.

The Winter Garden, crippled first by the defection of its actors and then by the walking out of stagehands and musicians, closed last night for the duration of the actors' strike. It was announced by the Shuberts that it had been found impossible to give a satisfactory performance under the present conditions.

Exclusive of vaudeville, motion pictures, and the Hippodrome show, only two Broadway theatres are now in operation, the Fulton, with "John Ferguson," and the Playhouse, with "At 9:45." "The Greenwich Village Follies," an independent enterprise, had expected to move tonight to the Nora Bayes Theatre, a Shubert house, but owing to strike conditions it will continue at the Greenwich Village Theatre.

Some idea of the paralyzed condition of the New York stage is conveyed by the fact that some thirty Broadway playhouses would now be running if it were not for the strike.

A situation paralleling that of twenty or more years ago, when David Belasco and others played their attractions in tents and halls in their fight against the theatrical syndicate, probably will be precipitated by the decision of the Actors' Equity Association to enter into producing on a large scale.

For this purpose yesterday the actors formed the National Co-operative Theatre, which will send vaudeville shows and regular plays upon the road, appearing in such auditoriums as can be obtained. Play-reading and casting departments will be formed, and a system of profit-sharing will be inaugurated.

Stage Hands for Finish Fight.

In the meantime the Lexington Theatre will be operated for several months. The Thomashefsky Theatre on the east side will be opened with an actor's program on Labor Day, and a program will be given at the Academy of Music on the same day.

In addition to these plans for the indefinite carrying on of the strike by the actors, 1,100 stage hands who met in the Amsterdam Opera House yesterday went on record in favor of a "finish fight." Charles C. Shay, head of the Stage Hands Union, said that all stage hands still working would contribute 10 per cent. of their wages to a strike fund.

This announcement of the stand of the stage hands follows that of Joseph N. Weber, head of the Musicians' Union, who said on Friday that the musicians would fight "twenty-two years." It is thought that some light on the stand of both these branches may be shed by the arrival of Samuel Gompers, who is aboard the George Washington, now scheduled to dock tomorrow. It was said last night, however, that Mr. Gompers was not likely to interfere with the carrying on of the strike.

The Actors' Fidelity League, organized last week as a possible solution to the present difficulty, will induct George M. Cohan into the presidency of the organization at a meeting at the Hotel Biltmore tonight. Mr. Cohan yesterday formally accepted the office, and will proffer his resignation to the Producing Managers' Association this afternoon.

The association, it was said last night, now has more than 750 members.

In so far as the formation of a second actors' association is concerned, the strike is closely paralleling the vaudeville strike of 1917. In that case the strike of the White Rats was followed by the organization of the National Vaudeville Artists, Inc., to which all vaudeville performers were supposed to belong. Charges were made at the time that this body was sponsored by the vaudeville managers, just as Equity members now claim that the Actors' Fidelity League has been fathered largely by the managers. In the vaudeville strike the White Rats, although members of the American Federation of Labor, were not supported by the stage hands and musicians.

Future Plans Announced.

Some interest was expressed last night in the fact that a light opera company opening at the Shubert Theatre in another week has as its star Jefferson De Angelis, a member of the council of the Equity Association, who has been particularly active in the present strike. The manager of this enterprise, named Gallo, is not a member of the Producing Managers' Association, but the fact that the production will be housed in a Shubert house, and that the Shuberts will be deriving revenue therefrom, caused some speculation.

Attention was called to the fact that the present strike situation reveals several other seeming contradictions. There is, for example, the fact that the stagehands and musicians have been undisturbed at the Playhouse, where a non-Equity cast is presenting "At 9:45." Also, a motion picture which was to have opened at the Gaiety Theatre yesterday was not permitted to be shown, whereas the managers have placed films in several other houses without being molested.

Announcement was made yesterday that "Scandal" will be produced at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre on Sept. 4 by Walter Hast, and John D. Williams plans to present "Up From Nowhere" at the Comedy Theatre on Sept. 1. Neither Mr. Hast nor Mr. Williams is a member of the Producing Managers' Association, but the houses at which their plays will be shown are Shubert theatres. If the case of "Scandals of 1919" may be taken as a precedent, the fact that the plays are being shown in Shubert houses will be sufficient to cause them to be closed. "Scandals" was the production of George White, not a member of the Managers' Association, but was playing in the Liberty, a Klaw & Erlanger house. White, following the closing of his show, announced yesterday that he would join the managers.

Lionel Barrymore yesterday made reply to Otis Skinner, who last week resigned from the Equity and made public his reasons for that step. Mr. Barrymore's statement was in part as follows:

> Mr. Skinner opens his statements by saying that he resigned from the Actors' Equity Association because of the "ill-advised action of that body in forcing its members who had personal contracts with managers of recognized standing to break thosee contracts without warning and recompense." In the first place, the Actors' Equity Association consists of all of its members, and when these members decide on a course of action that is the action of the association. The Actors' Equity Association does not exist aside from its members, so there is no forcing.
>
> In the second place, if any breaking of contracts did take place, it was the managers as a body who broke those contracts. They did this by refusing to arbitrate matters in dispute. This refusal abrogates Clause 18 of the Equity contract. With regard to this question of arbitration, I say to Mr. Skinner that even without passing on the merits of individual cases, he cannot in fairness uphold men who refuse to arbitrate.
>
> Mr. Skinner then says in effect that the actor is better off today than he was in former times, and that this is due to the higher salaries for the actor and greater business integrity on the part of the managers. The salaries of all working people have grown. They must grow in order to keep pace with the increasing demands on the weekly purse. Integrity in every business has also improved at least as much as it has in the theatrical business.
>
> Mr. Skinner proceeds in defense of the managers to say: "Honorable and upright men in managerial positions who have always met their obligations have been crippled" (by the strike.) If it is true that these upright and honorable men have been crippled, it is not of our choice. It is of their choice. They have allied themselves with those other managers who even Mr. Skinner would admit might not be so honorable and upright. The managers in the present conflict seek to deal with us from the shelter of their organization. But they refuse to deal with our organization.

The National Association of the Motion Picture Industry will hold a meeting this afternoon in its offices in the Times Building, at which, it was said last night, the question of its alliance with the Producing Managers' Association would be discussed, and might be revoted upon.

STAGE HANDS ENJOINED.

Forbidden to Interfere with "Listen, Lester" in Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 24.—Vice Chancellor John H. Backes, sitting in impromptu court last night at the Hotel Traymore, granted a temporary injunction with an order for a hearing to show cause why it should not be made permanent, in behalf of the Nixon Amusement Company, owners and operators of the Apollo Theatre, directed to the International Association of Theatrical Stage Employes and Moving Picture Operators of the United States and Canada, Atlantic City Local No. 77.

The union is directed to refrain from ordering, advising, persuading or inducing any member of the defendant association to leave the employment in complainant's theatres or to refuse in any number to comply with the terms of his employment. This is believed to be the first injunction in the United States to restrain the theatrical mechanics from striking and presages a new system of policy on the part of the Theatrical Managers' Association of New York to fight the Actors' Equity Association.

"Listen Lester," John Cort's musical comedy, arrives here tomorrow direct from the Knickerbocker Theatre in New York to play the entire week at the Apollo Theatre. The injunction was granted upon the application of Frederick E. Moore, Vice President of the company and manager of the theatre.

The Apollo has a contract with its men signed on June 1 of this year, until June 1, 1920.

ACTORS' BENEFIT IN CHICAGO.

Stars Will Appear in City, Then Tour Two States.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—With all the major theatres here closed, striking actors tonight planned a week of rehearsal for a benefit production including the stars of the shows stopped by the strike of members of the Actors' Equity Association ten days ago. As planned, the play would open in Chicago, with a tour of one-night stands in Illinois and Indiana cities following.

Scenery was removed from some of the closed theatres today after permission was obtained from a representative of the Actors' Equity Association, and strikers were permitted to take away their personal effects.

Members of "The Passing Show," which had been at the Palace until stage hands and musicians went on strike, tonight were said to have departed for New York on transportation provided by the Shuberts.

REDFIELD VISITS SISTERS.

Secretary of Commerce Will Speak at Pittsfield Club.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Aug. 24.—Secretary Redfield will arrive from Washington tomorrow to visit his sisters, the Misses Redfield, at Pittsfield, and will speak on the fisheries service before the Wednesday Morning Club. Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Sedgwick have gone to Dublin, N. H., to visit Mr. and Mrs. Charles McVeagh. Miss Mary Foote of New York is visiting the Misses Marian and Eleanor Hague at Bombay Hill, Stockbridge.

The Rev. George Grenville Merrill will leave Stockbridge tomorrow for Cape Cod to return with his children, who are in camp at the shore. Edwin T. Rice of New York played 'cello solos in the Stockbridge Congregational Church this morning. The Rev. Stuart L. Tyson of Princeton, N. J., preached in Trinity Church.

A subscription dance will be held by members of the Lenox Club next Saturday night. Mrs. Edwards Spencer entertained friends at dinner at Shipton Court tonight. Mr. and Mrs. James Newton Gunn and Charles P. Norcross of New York and Mrs. L. D. Winston of Chicago arrived at Curtis Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. John Farr, Mrs. Mark S. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Fitzgerald of New York are registered at Hotel Aspinwall. Miss Florence Glendenning of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. George B. Dunscombe at the Aspinwall cottage. John E. Parsons, Newbold Morris, Jr., and Frederick Haines have gone to New York.

White Sulphur Enjoys Week-End.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va., Aug. 24.—With the hotels and cottages filled to capacity, White Sulphur enjoyed one of the merriest week-ends of the Summer. The masquerade dance last night at Kate's Mountain Club, at which Elmore Hotchkiss and Dr. John Freeland were hosts, proved one of the most brilliant held there, while the Old Virginia dinner at the club this evening attracted more than seventy-five members of the colony. The Pines and Elmhurst Farm also had many parties today, Mr. and Mrs. John L. Roberts of New York entertaining at the Pines for twelve friends. The Greenbrier ballroom was thronged at the Sunday classical concert. Eunice Howard of Dayton and Mrs. L. Howard Weatherly, at two pianos, played a Grieg concerto and Sylvia Sinding sang. Golfers were unable to forego the pleasure of playing today, as the weather was matchless and throngs were on the links. The men who will enter the Old White championship tomorrow played their last round for practice. Arrivals at the Greenbrier included Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Reeves and William Atkins of New York, Mrs. Florence A. Beebe of Brooklyn, and Mrs. E. L. Thompson of Dover, N. J.

Golf and Motor in the Mountains.

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., Aug. 24.—The White Mountain resorts were crowded today with motorists arriving from all parts of the country. Barney Oldfield, the veteran automobile racer, was with a party at the Intervale House, and R. H. Collins, President of the Cadillac Company of Detroit, was at the Mount Washington Hotel. Motoring to the Mount Washington yesterday from the Balsams, at Dixville Notch were Miss Lolita Armour of Chicago, who is with Mr. and Mrs. Honore Palmer there. After their seventy-mile jaunt they met the New York Express and returned to Dixville with friends arriving on that train. Mr. and Mrs. George M. Reynolds of Chicago gave a dinner for twenty-two persons in the banquet room of the Mount Washington last evening. A handicap golf tournament at the Mountain View House at Whitefield was followed by a tea on the lawn, at which more than two hundred were present. The Waumbek colony also had a golf tournament, and at the Maplewood the entire Bethlehem colony was out to see a baseball game for the White Mountain championship between the Maplewood's all-boy team and the Mount Washington nine from Bretton Woods.

Senators Visit Hot Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Aug. 24.—The Congressional party, made up of Senators Cummins, Kellogg, Hale, Cordell Hull, and Speaker Gillett and Alfred H Graenger, accompanied by Mrs. Kellogg and Mrs. Gillett, passed the greater part of the day here in driving, and departed on the night train for Washington. Mrs. L. A. Hoyt gave a luncheon at Fassifern Farm for Mrs. E. M. McKee, Adams Edward Porter, and Walter T. Hoyt, Jr. Mrs. P. C. Dozaldo, Mrs. G. Dozaldo, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. F. Gandia arrived today from Havana, and are to be here for the Autumn season. Charles D. Sabin, Jr., arrived from New York, and Mrs. J. W. Towbury from Islip, L. I.

WAR FIGURES SHOW PREPAREDNESS NEED

Officer Compares Civil War's Casualties and Cost to Those of Recent Conflict.

FORESEE WORSE CONTESTS

Military Policy Undecided, Says Writer, with Each War Forerunner of More Terrible One.

Major Robert C. Cotton, U. S. A., the editor of the Infantry Journal, the official organ of the United States Infantry Association, in an article written for the association compares the casualties and cost of the civil war with those of the recent war, and as a result of these comparisons reaches the conclusion that "one has but to compare one war with a preceding one and the necessity for preparedness is foreboding and ominous."

"In 1860 the population of the United States was 31,443,321," says Mayor Cotton. "The military population of the Northern States was 3,769,020. The military population of the Southern States was 1,064,193. The military population of the border States, Kentucky, Maryland and Missouri, was 516,085.

"Deducting the men who entered the Northern Army from the Southern States and the Southern Union men who did not take up arms, leaves the Southern States a military population of 898,184. The enlisted strength of the Confederacy probably did not exceed 600,000 to 700,000 at its maximum in 1863, of which only about 400,000 were available in the field. In March, 1865, the field force is stated to have been about 200,000 men.

"The mortality records in the Confederate Army are incomplete, but figures based upon these incomplete data show: Killed, 52,954; died of wounds, 21,570; and died of disease, 59,297.

"A table prepared by the Surgeon General of the Confederate Army shows that one-third of the Confederate Army was killed on the field of battle or died of wounds or disease, and that a third was captured and held as prisoners of war. The military age of the Confederate Army was 17 to 50.

"In all during the civil war the North called to arms 2,320,272 men. The report of the Provost Marshal General for 1866 gives the total casualties of the civil war as 912,083. Of these 96,145 were killed or died of wounds. This aggregate of 912,083 includes killed, died of wounds, of disease, accidentally killed, put to death, honorably discharged, dismissed, resigned, and all other causes which produce discharge from the service.

"The loans raised in the North were 2,800,000,000. When the final and total cost is considered, pensions, interest on war debt, and all other charges incident to the war are included, the civil war is estimated to have cost the United States in round numbers $15,000,000,000 to the year 1900.

"Little attention was paid to censorship during the civil war, and the conservation of food, fuel, and numerous other commodities was a matter of purely individual or family concern and regulation.

War of 1917.

"How different in many respects has been the war of 1917. At the date of the signing of the armistice over 25 per cent. of the entire male population between the ages of 18 and 31 were in the military service. This represents a growth in the size of the army in nineteen months of nearly twenty-fold; namely, from 189,674 in March, 1917, to 3,664,000 in November, 1918. On April 1, 1917, the strength of the army was 190,000, and on Nov. 1, 1918, it was 1,672,000 in the United States and foreign possessions and 1,993,000 in the American Expeditionary Forces. Yet in a brief nineteen months more than 3,500,000 men were mobilized, housed, fully equipped with munitions and supplies, and the major part of them given a military training that enabled them to oppose successfully the soldiers of the most warlike of the European nations.

"The total American casualties to Nov. 11, 1918, when hostilities ceased in France, were given out by the Chief of Staff on Nov. 23 as follows:

Killed and died of wounds	36,154
Died of disease	14,811
Deaths unclassified	2,204
Wounded	179,625
Prisoners	2,163
Missing	1,160
Total	236,117

"On Oct. 10, 1918, American troops held their greatest amount of front line, holding 23 per cent., or 162.3 kilometers of front, the allied total at that time being 712 kilometers, or about 425 miles.

"Before the war the United States had a very small army, spending a few hundred millions of dollars. During the war the army had to spend fourteen thousand millions of dollars, and these sums were expended in such a way that there was no graft, very little waste, and almost no delay in payment. Nearly half of this amount was spent to pay, clothe, and feed the army. The remainder was spent to purchase equipment, munitions, transportation, and services for prosecuting the war.

"America's total war expenses totaled $23,363,000,000. We could have, for the cost of this war, carried on the Revolutionary War for 1,000 years.

"Of this, $2,069,000,000 represented normal Government expenditures and $21,294,000,000 represented extra war costs. Of this sum $14,000,000,000 was spent by the army of the United States. These figures, of course, do not represent any future payments such as insurance, claims, or benefits, which will add large sums to the above.

"On May 16, 1919, the Treasury Department announced that our total credits to all allies was $9,370,219,000.

"As time goes on wars become more terrific, more awful to contemplate. Everything seems to be in a more concentrated form than previously. Each war is the forerunner of a worse war to follow, and yet we seem to hesitate in formulating a military policy of preparedness."

SINGER HEIR TO MARRY.

Princess de Broglie of Paris Engaged to British Baron's Son.

The engagement has been announced in Paris of the Princess Jean de Broglie to the Hon. Reginald Allwyn Fellowes, the son and heir of Baron de Ramsey of Ramsey Abbey, Huntington, England. The Princess is a daughter of the late Duchess Decazes, and is a granddaughter of the late Isaac Singer, her mother having been Isabella Singer, from whom she inherited a large fortune.

The Duke Decazes is her brother and he has also a Danish title. The Hon. Mr. Fellowes is a cousin of the Duke of Marlborough, as well as of the Hon. Lionel G. Guest and Captain the Hon. Frederick E. Guest, all of whom married American girls.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert William Anderson of Augusta, Ga., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Eloise Anderson, to William F. Stuckle of Montclair, N. J.

The engagement is announced of Miss Helen Weil, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Weil of Toledo, Ohio, to Herbert Frankel, a commission merchant of Washington Market, this city, who was in the navy during the war.

Mrs. James C. Wagstaff of Cranford, N. J., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Marion B. Wagstaff, to Henry Breckenridge Ross of Columbus, Ohio.

NEWPORT'S GAYEST WEEK.

Horse Show at the Casino Is Added to Social Events There.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Aug. 24.—The present week will be the busiest of the Summer social season, including many dinners, informal dances, and luncheons, with the Newport Horse Show on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday afternoons at the Casino. Friday night will see an invitation subscription dance at the Casino, and next Sunday a public concert there, while Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock will witness the marriage of Miss Pearson and Mr. Ripley in Trinity Church.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt will entertain tomorrow evening for the Duke and Duchess of Roxburgh. Mrs. Vanderbilt will entertain tomorrow evening at The Breakers. Mr. and Mrs. Peter W. Roberts of Philadelphia are also giving a dinner, followed by informal dancing, at Sunnyside on Monday evening.

Governor and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman and Mrs. Ward Douglas entertained informally with luncheons today. Colonel George R. Fearing and Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss were among those entertaining dinner companies tonight. Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills gave a dinner in honor of their daughter, the Countess of Granard, some of the guests including the Duke and Duchess of Roxburgh, Lady Lowther, and Governor and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver G. Jennings, after a short stay at their Newport cottage, are returning to Fairfield, Conn., tomorrow for the Fall. Reginald C. Vanderbilt will entertain a dinner party at the Clambake Club on Aug. 29. Robert W. Goelet also is entertaining a dinner company there this week.

J. De Sibour of Washington, Mrs. A. R. Moffett of New York, E. W. Nash of New York, visiting Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss; H. F. Burgess of New York, staying with Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. Sturgis, and Rodman Wanamaker, 2d, of New York, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harriman, were registered today at the Casino.

Registered at the Newport Country Club were Miss Burden, B. De N. Cruger, Miss Fanny L. Johnson, Mrs. Fordham Morris, Captain Yates Sterling, U. S. N., and Mrs. Sterling, Mrs. W. T. Eldridge, Mrs. Ogden H. Hammond, J. Rutherford, S. A. Weldon of New York, Mrs. F. O. French of Tuxedo, Amos Tuck French, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Sturgis, E. Pennington Pearson, J. Gordon Douglas, Frederic Cruger, Mrs. Walker Smith, Mrs. C. R. Moffatt, Miss Evelyn R. Smith, and P. A. Carroll.

Others there were Charles H. Gibson of Boston, Miss Marion Hollins of Islip, R. De B. Boardman of Boston, Miss Edith Wallack of Washington, F. R. Appleton, Jr., of New York, Wadsworth R. Lewis of Ridgefield, Conn.; James A. Burden, C. O. Draper, Mrs. William Post, F. A. Sterling of Paris, Miss Margarette Wood of Washington, Roland L. Redmond of Tivoli, N. Y.; Mrs. William F. Sheehan of New York, visiting Mrs. F. Gray Griswold; Mrs. Hewitt of New York, visiting her sister, Mrs. Burke Roche, and Percy Kirklin, visiting Robert W. Goelet.

EZRA MANDEVILLE WILKINS.

Member of the Times Advertising Staff Dies After Loyal Service.

Ezra Mandeville Wilkins, for the last five years connected with the advertising department of THE NEW YORK TIMES, the last three years as assistant advertising manager, died late on Saturday night at his home, 235 West Seventy-fifth Street, after an illness of about a week. Accompanied by a delegation from THE TIMES business staff, the body will be taken to Springfield, Mass., for interment.

Before coming to New York Mr. Wilkins was for thirty-two years with the business department of The Springfield (Mass.) Republican, becoming its advertising manager. He was graduated from the Springfield High School in 1879. His father, Ezra Wilkins, had early been a printer in The Republican office, being one of the "old guard" associated with the late Samuel Bowles.

Mr. Wilkins resigned from The Republican in 1912, and came to New York with The Pharmaceutical Era, and The Soda Fountain, published by D. O. Haynes & Co., of 82 Fulton Street. Five years ago he came to THE TIMES, and to its interests he had since given loyal and faithful service.

GEN. DE BOISDEFFRE DIES.

Testimony in Dreyfus Case Led to His Quitting French Army.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—General Le Mouton de Boisdeffre, former Chief of Staff of the French Army, died today. He was born in 1839.

General de Boisdeffre studied at the College of Saint Cyr and at the Staff College. During the Franco-Prussian war he was a Major of cavalry and Aide-de-Camp to General Chanzy, and in 1882 was promoted to be Colonel. In 1890 he became Assistant Chief of Staff, and three years later Chief of Staff.

At the trial of Emile Zola in 1898, during the Dreyfus agitation, he appeared in full uniform in court, and in a much-applauded address to the jury affirmed the existence of a third "secret document" incriminating the accused officer. Later, when it became known, through the confession of Lieut. Col. Henry, that the document to which he had referred was a forgery he tendered his resignation.

General James Worden Pope.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 24.—Brig. Gen. James Worden Pope, U. S. A., retired, died at his home, 1,143 Logan Street, this city, last night, after a long illness. General Pope was born at Louisville, Ky., June 6, 1846, and in 1910 he was retired for age. He was graduated from West Point in 1868 and was a famous Indian fighter. His first American ancestor, Colonel Nathaniel Pope, was the great-great-great-grandfather of George Washington.

Mrs. Russell A. Alger Dies at 79.

DETROIT, Aug. 24.—Mrs. Annette Henry Alger, widow of General Russell A. Alger, who was Secretary of War during President McKinley's Administration and who was former Governor of Michigan, died at her home here today at the age of 79 years. Mrs. Alger presided over her husband's home in Washington during the trying experience of the War Department in the Spanish-American war. She was married to the General just before the Civil War. A son, Captain Alger, survives.

Senator Edge's Father Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 24.—William Edge, father of United States Senator Walter E. Edge, died here last night in his seventy-fourth year. The funeral will be held on Tuesday morning at the home of Senator Edge, 170 South Pennsylvania Avenue, this city.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH ALBERT KERR, long with the Cudahy Packing Company in Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 256 Gates Avenue, of pneumonia. Mr. Kerr was 48 years old.

HORACE WELLS, 70 years old, a druggist, who lived at the Hotel Astor, died yesterday in Bellevue Hospital of chronic neuritis.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WRIGHT GOULD, wife of Alfred L. Gould, editor and publisher of The Whitestone Herald, died at her home in Whitestone, L. I., on Saturday.

ALONZO A. PIERCE, 81 years old, manufacturer, is dead at Pawtucket, R. I.

JOHN B. CARBERRY, 68 years old, for twenty years an inspector for the Brooklyn Bureau of Highways, died of heart disease on Thursday at 432 Seventy-third Street, Brooklyn.

CHARLES D. LAKEY, a veteran insurance journalist and father of Alice Lakey, the pure food specialist, died at Melvin Village, N. H., yesterday, in his eighty-seventh year.

CHARLES WINFIELD ARMOUR died on Saturday at his home, Ellerslea, Morristown, N. J., in his seventy-second year.

IRA M. TAYLOR, since 1886 in the real estate and insurance business in East Orange, N. J., died yesterday at his home, there, in his seventy-third year.

Sergeant PATRICK J. CORCORAN, 1st Military Police Company, 1st Division, A. E. F., formerly Corporal of Company C, 22d New York Volunteer Infantry, died at Coblenz, Germany, on Aug. 3, of bronchial pneumonia.

WILLIAM PEASE HICKOK of 29 Claremont Place, Mount Vernon, died of apoplexy Saturday at the Mount Vernon Hospital. He was Secretary of the Correspondence Chess League of America, into which were merged through his efforts the four leading chess organizations of North America.

THEODORE COOPER, ENGINEER, DIES AT 81

Builder of Great Bridges and Assistant on First Manhattan Elevated.

FORESAW QUEBEC DISASTER

His Warning Message Would Have Saved Lives—Helped Captain Eads on St. Louis Span.

Theodore Cooper, for many years a consulting engineer in this city, and an authority on iron and steel construction, retiring about ten years ago, died at 10:30 o'clock last night at his home, 353 West Fifty-seventh Street, after a week's illness of pneumonia. Mr. Cooper was unmarried, and was born at Cooper's Plains, N. Y., eighty-one years ago.

He was graduated from the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, at Troy, N. Y., in 1858, and was an engineering officer in the navy in the civil war, and later assistant professor at the Naval Academy. With Captain James B. Eads, in 1872 he was in charge of the manufacture and construction of the St. Louis bridge. He became Superintendent, in turn, of both the Delaware and Keystone Bridge Companies.

Mr. Cooper was assistant engineer in charge of the construction of the first elevated railroads in New York City. He was one of the five expert engineers selected by the President to determine the Hudson River bridge span, and was consulting engineer for the New York Public Library and the Quebec bridge.

When the first cantilever bridge across the St. Lawrence River at Quebec collapsed in 1907 and nearly 100 lives were lost, it was said the lives of all the men might have been saved had a telegram sent by Mr. Cooper been received and heeded. Mr. Cooper had been informed by an inspector of the dangerous condition of the bridge and had sent a telegram of warning, which was delayed in transit.

Mr. Cooper was a member of the Board of Experts on the Manhattan Bridge plan in 1903. He was a lifelong member of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

Born.

BROWN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Brown, 6 Macdougal Alley, a son, Sunday, Aug. 23.

Married.

AMATEIS—COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Larry Cohen announce the marriage of their daughter, Dorothy, to Roland F. Amateis on Aug. 24.

Died.

ARMOUR.—On Saturday, Aug. 23, 1919, Charles Winfield Armour, husband of the late Ella J. Colwell, at his residence, Ellerslea, Morristown, N. J., in his 72d year. Funeral private on Wednesday, Aug. 27.

ATWATER.—On Friday, Aug. 22, Marion Reed Atwater, wife of William C. Atwater, Jr., and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Reed. Funeral services will be held at 447 East 17th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn, Monday, Aug. 25, at 2 P. M.

BAUM.—Mrs. Pauline Baum, (nee Seessel,) died Sunday morning, Aug. 24, in her 74th year, beloved mother of Simon, Henrietta, Edith, and Mrs. Henry Weissenbach, and sister to Mrs. Amelia Lissner. Funeral strictly private, 174 West 79th St. Memphis, Tenn., papers please copy.

BOEHS.—Augusta. Services 2 P. M. today, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell's,) Broadway, 66th St.

BLACK.—On Saturday, Aug. 23, Ruth Havens, beloved daughter of William Clayton and May Cort Black. Funeral services at her late residence, 479 Ocean Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, Aug. 26, at 8 o'clock. Interment Greenwood.

BRACKMAN.—Fanny, my beloved wife and our mother, passed away on Sunday, Aug. 24, 1919, at 2:45 P. M.; Companion of the Foresters of America. Services on Monday evening at 9 o'clock. Burial on Tuesday at 1 P. M., 963 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.

BRONBERG.—Anna, beloved mother of Henrietta Berger, Sadie Welch, Pauline Greenfield, Rose, Max and Dr. Charles Bronberg, died suddenly, Aug. 23. Funeral on Tuesday, Aug. 26, 2 P. M., from S. Weisenberg Funeral Parlor, 1,653 Lexington Av., near 104th St.

CANTER.—Aug. 24, 1919, Miriam Canter, aged 78 years, beloved wife of Israel Canter. Funeral from her late residence, 200 West 134th St., Aug. 25, 2 P. M.

COOPER.—Theodore, consulting engineer, retired, at his residence, Sunday night, 353 West 57th St., in his 81st year. Notice of funeral later. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

CORCORAN.—At Coblenz, Germany, on Aug. 3, of bronchial pneumonia, Sergeant Patrick J. Corcoran, 1st Military Police Company, 1st Division, A. E. F., formerly Corporal, Company C, 22d New York Volunteer Infantry, 1898; member Captain Henry J. Reilly Camp, No. 16, U. S. W. V., Rizal, P. I.

CRAMER.—Suddenly, Aug. 23, 1919, William Ellsworth, son of the late George and Sarah Bartlett Cramer, at his residence, 1,022 Lexington Av. Funeral private Monday, Aug. 25. Interment Hyde Park, N. Y. Dutchess County papers please copy.

CURTIS.—Suddenly, on Aug. 23, N. Willard Curtis, in his 54th year, beloved husband of Laura A. Curtis. Funeral services at his late residence, Beach 141st St., Belle Harbor, L. I., at 11 A. M. Tuesday, Aug. 26, and from Trinity Church, Arlington and Schenck Avs., Brooklyn, at 4 P. M. Ballston (N. Y.) papers please copy.

De TAKACS.—Suddenly, on Aug. 23, Andrea, the beloved husband of Bessie de Takacs, nee Schenkel. Members of American Motion Picture Association are invited to attend funeral Tuesday, Aug. 26, at 2 P. M. Interment in Brookside Cemetery, Englewood, N. J. Automobile cortege.

EARLE.—On Aug. 23, Ronald Hamilton, son of the late Arthur Earle of Childwall Lodge, Wavertree, Liverpool. Notice of funeral hereafter.

EDGE.—William, at Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 23, in the 74th year of his age. Funeral services at the residence of his son, Walter E. Edge, 170 South Pennsylvania Av., Atlantic City, on Tuesday, Aug. 26, at 9 A. M., for relatives and friends. The remains can be viewed same day from 8:30 to 9 A. M. Interment Northwood Cemetery, Downingtown, Penn., Tuesday, 1 P. M.

EISENSTEIN.—Abraham, beloved husband of Ray Eisenstein, (nee Dimond,) and beloved father of Edward, passed away suddenly Aug. 23, 1919. Funeral 3 P. M., Aug. 25, from late residence, 620 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

ELMENDORF. — Mahlon C., suddenly, at Hunter, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FARNSWORTH.—Suddenly at Lake Waramaug, Conn., Saturday, Aug. 23, 1919, Erwin D. Farnsworth, late of East Orange, N. J. Notice of funeral later.

GAHN.—On Friday, Aug. 22, 1919, at the residence of her niece, Mrs. H. W. Janssen, 15 Park Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., Jane Faretta Gahn, in her 75th year. Funeral services at above residence on Monday, Aug. 25, at 2 P. M.

GILMAN.—Bessie, passed into eternal rest. Funeral services at her late home, 556 West 140th St., Tuesday, Aug. 26, 12 noon.

GOTTMAN.—Rosa, widow of Simon, died suddenly at Caldwell, N. J., Aug. 23, beloved mother of Myer, Adolph and Babette and sister of Adolph, Ascher and Hannah Bayreuther. Services at 10 A. M., Tuesday, at 193 Roseland Av., Caldwell, N. J. Interment at 1 P. M. at Mount Hope Cemetery, Cypress Hills. Friends and relatives invited.

GRINNELL.—Aug. 23, at 604 West 112th St., after a lingering illness, Annie Meyer Grinnell, beloved wife of Leopold Grinnell and devoted sister of Mrs. Albert J. Bendix. Funeral services at Fresh Pond Cemetery Monday at 2:30.

HAWES.—Madeline E., in her 73d year, at the residence of her sister, Inogene Charvet, 37 West 61st. Funeral Monday, Aug. 25, at the Paulist Fathers, 60th St. and Columbus Av., at 10 A. M.

HICKOK.—William Pease, at Mount Vernon, N. Y., Saturday, in his 61st year. Funeral services Tuesday, 3 P. M., Trinity Church, Mount Vernon. Interment at Woodlawn. Worcester, Mass., papers please copy.

JOSEPH.—Aug. 23, Ernest Joseph, Cleveland, Ohio, son Mr. and Mrs. I. Joseph, husband Helen Haiman Joseph.

KERR.—On Saturday, Aug. 23, 1919, Joseph Albert, at his late residence, 256 Gates Av., Brooklyn, husband of Beatrice Johnson. Funeral will be held from the Elks Lodge, 144 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, Aug. 25, at 8:30 P. M. Interment Chattanooga, Tenn. Chattanooga, Tenn., papers please copy.

LAWTON.—On Aug. 22, 1919, at her Summer home, Elizabethtown, Adirondacks, Eliza M. C. Lawton, daughter of the late General Robert Anderson and widow of James M. Lawton. Funeral service at her late Summer home, Elizabethtown, Sunday, 5 P. M. Interment West Point, N. Y., Monday at 5 P. M.

LAWTON.—THE COLONIAL DAMES OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK announce with sorrow the death on Aug. 22, 1919, of Mrs. James Marsland Lawton, once member of the Board of Managers.

Eleanor Van Rensselaer Fairfax, President.
Elizabeth S. C. Potter, Recording Secretary.

LAWTON.—THE HUGUENOT SOCIETY OF AMERICA announce, with deep regret, the death on Aug. 22, of their late Honorary Secretary General, Mrs. James M. Lawton.

WILLIAM MITCHELL, President-General.
MARGARET A. JACKSON, Secretary-Gen.

LEDERHAUS.—On Saturday, Aug. 23, August Lederhaus, in his 71st year. Relatives and friends and various societies of which the deceased was a member are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at his late residence, 7th Av. and 4th St., Whitestone, L. I., Tuesday, at 8:30 o'clock. Take Jackson Av. trolley to Broadway, Flushing, then the Whitestone trolley to the door. Interment private. Ohio papers please copy.

LEDERER.—Bernhard, on Aug. 23, after a lingering illness, father of William, Louis, Annie Garfunkel, Gertrude Holtzman, Ester Hess, Jennie Schwarz, and Cecelie Friedman. Funeral services at his late residence, 540 West 136th St., Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment Acacia Cemetery, Bayside, L. I. Kindly omit flowers.

LEVY.—Rosa, age 74, beloved wife of the late Moses Levy, mother of Jennie Ulmer and Bella Roos, died Saturday, Aug. 23. Funeral services at her late residence, 348 Seventh Avenue, New York, Monday, 2 P. M. Cemetery, Mt. Zion. Kindly omit flowers.

LEWIS.—On Aug. 17, 1919, Mary Herkimer Lewis, widow of Horace H. Lewis, aged 83 years. Funeral private.

LYON.—At her home in Katonah, New York, on Aug. 23, 1919, Charlotte Edith Lyon, dearly beloved sister of Edwin and the late Thomas Lyon, aged 66 years.—Funeral services at Katonah Methodist Episcopal Church on Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock. Interment Oak Lawn Cemetery, Fairfield, Conn., at 3 P. M.

PIERCE.—On Aug. 24, 1919, Mabel Vanderhoef, beloved wife of Howard Pierce. Funeral services at her late residence, 733 East 223d St., Bronx, on Tuesday evening, Aug. 26, at 8 o'clock.

POOR.—James Harper, at East Hampton, on Saturday, Aug. 23, in his 57th year. Funeral at St. Luke's Church, East Hampton, on Tuesday, Aug. 26, at 3:30 in the afternoon. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station, New York, at 10:01 in the morning. Interment private.

REID.—Henry A., Aug. 23, 1919, in the 91st year of his age. Funeral services at his residence, 88 North 9th St., Newark, N. J., Monday, Aug. 25, 3 P. M. Lackawanna trains leave Hoboken at 2:30 P. M. for Roseville Av. station.

SCHMITT.—On Saturday, Aug. 23, 1919, in his 56th year, at his residence, 520 East 77th St., Charles Schmitt. Relatives and friends, also Mechanics Lodge, No. 113, I. O. O. F., and Golden Rule Encampment, No. 44, I. O. O. F., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at B. Kolb & Sons' Funeral Parlors, 994 2d Av., near 53d St., Monday, Aug. 25, 2 P. M.

STEVENSON.—At Newton, N. J., Aug. 22, Adele Manning, widow of the Rev. David Stevenson. Burial service at Alpine Cemetery, Perth Amboy, N. J., Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Philadelphia papers please copy.

TAYLOR.—On Sunday, Aug. 24, 1919, at his residence, 120 Chestnut St., East Orange, N. J., Ira M. Taylor, in his 73d year. Funeral private.

THOMAS.—At Westport, Conn., Friday, Aug. 22, 1919, Herbert Bennett, only son of William Marion and Ida L. Thomas, in his 20th year. Funeral services at his late residence, Compo Road, Westport, Conn., Monday, Aug. 25, at 3 P. M. Cars will meet 12:03 train from Grand Central Station.

WILKINS.—Ezra Mandeville, on Saturday, Aug. 23, after a short illness, at his residence, 235 West 75th St., city. Burial at Springfield, Mass.

WOLFF.—Walter E., late of 36 West 35th St., devoted brother of Stephen and son of the late Morris and Sarah Schoolherr Wolff, aged 39 years. Funeral Tuesday morning, the 26th inst., at 10:30 o'clock, from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Bldg., Broadway and 66th St.

In Memoriam

WILLCOX.—In sad but loving memory of Stannard Anderson, who died Aug. 25, 1916, 18 years of age, the only child of Henry C. and Lucille M. Willcox.

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PIRATES CARRY GIANTS THROUGH NINE SCORELESS INNINGS BEFORE YIELDING

ONLY RUN OF GAME IS MADE BY GIANTS

Zim's Double and Carlson's Wild Toss in Tenth Bring Defeat to Pirates.

TONEY PUZZLE TO VISITORS

Burns and Kauff Help a Lot, One by a Foxy Play and the Other by a Stunning Catch.

The Giants gained a half game on the Reds up at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon, using Hugo Bezdek's Pirates as the parties of the second part. Through a powerful telescope that advance might assume important proportions, but otherwise it causes no stir whatever in pennant circles. The Cincinnati club officials will continue to make preparations for the big crowd that will swarm into Redland in early October. While the Reds were resting in Quakertown the Giants, minus Manager McGraw, slapped a 1-0 defeat on the Pirates, the process requiring ten innings.

An ulcerated tooth got the decision over the Giants' Manager Saturday night and John J. heard the hall clock strike off all the hours up to daylight yesterday morning. The team was under the direction of Christy Mathewson in the afternoon and Matty didn't have much to do. The Giants, like the Pirates, spent most of the innings going out in one-two-three order, up to the tenth, and then they cashed in the winning run quickly, before an out had been made.

Big Fred Toney interposed his huge frame between the batting slump of the Giants and another defeat. So effective was the bulky hurler that only three of the Pirates got past first base in the ten innings. Meanwhile Harold Carlson was stepping along at almost the same speed. Three Giants got to second base in the regulation nine innings and none of the trio got around to third. Then Carlson helped to hurry his own defeat by making a weird peg to first base on Frank Frisch's bunt, the misplay allowing the winning run to drift over the dish.

Zimmerman to the Rescue.

Heinie Zimmerman, who had collected one of the five scattered hits made by the Giants up to the tenth frame, launched the home half of the overtime period with a double that hugged the left field foul line all the way to the bleacher fence. Frisch made a pretty bunt, to advance Heinie to third. It was so good a bunt that Carlson put on some extra speed in an effort to get Frisch at first base, the ball got away from Whitted and Zim came over with the winning run, no play being made on him at the plate.

A heady play by George Burns pulled the Giants out of a troublesome situation in the eighth inning. After Terry had popped to Kelly for the first out Schmidt pushed a single into left, Carlson bunted and beat the throw to first base. With runners on first and second bases, and the top of the Pittsburgh batting order due at the plate, indications pointed to a run, and one run at this stage would spell victory. Bigbee popped a fly to left field and Burns came in for an easy catch, while the two runners hugged their bases. Instead of catching the ball Burns trapped it, then made a hurried peg to Frisch. The Fordham youngster tagged Schmidt, who was forced from second base when the ball hit the ground. Then he touched his toe to the bag, forcing Carlson, and the inning was over.

The game, though quickly played, was a listless affair up to the eighth inning. Neither team threatened to do any scoring, and the sides were retired in such rapid order that there was a monotony even in the speed. From the eighth, when the Pirates' big opportunity was squelched by Burns's quick thinking, action was fast and play spectacular.

In Pittsburgh's ninth Max Carey opened with a single to centre and then gave the fans a flash of his great speed. While Toney stood on the mound, preparing to take a shot at first base for a play on Carey, Max dusted for second. By the time the ball arrived in Kelly's hands Carey was almost at second, and a fine slide carried him safely into the bag.

Toney Firm as a Rock.

A possible run assumed dangerous proportions at this stage, but Toney was equal to the task and the inning ended with Max at second. Southworth attempted to sacrifice but popped a little fly to Heinie Zimmerman. Whitted, another dangerous hitter, lofted to Kelly, and Barbare closed the inning with a drive to left centre on which Burns made a good catch.

With two down in the Giants' half of the ninth Young got a fluke double on a pop fly that hopped out of Terry's fingers in short left field. A hit by Fletcher would have ended the game right here, and the Giants' Captain slapped one down past third base that was foul by inches. Then he lofted high to deep centre and Max Carey camped under the ball.

In the Pirates' tenth, just before the Giants pushed over the winning run, Benny Kauff qualified for a sprig of laurel with a game saving catch. George Cutshaw, first batsman to face Toney in the tenth, slapped one on the seam and away went the ball down that home run lane between right and centre fields. Kauff opened the clutch, put on full speed, and reached the line of flight just in time to make a fancy catch. If the ball had escaped Benny the Giants would have needed more in their half of the inning than the run which Heinie carried over.

Benny didn't doff his bonnet to the applauding thousands as he neared the New York dugout after the Pirates had been retired. The reason was that Benny had no bonnet to doff. On his way in from centre field Kauff had torn his cap to bits, and just before disappearing from view he hurled the dilapidated headgear to the few breezes that wafted through the stands. Benny had failed to hit a ball out of the infield in three previous attempts, and the massacre of the hat was for the purpose of bringing him some luck, as he was due to bat third in New York's tenth. The cap was destroyed in vain, as the Giants had the game won before Benny had an opportunity to reach the plate.

The score:

NEW YORK. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PITTSBURGH. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	4	0	2	2	1	Bigbee,lf	4	0	0	2	1
Young,rf	4	0	1	1	0	Carey,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Fletcher,ss	4	0	0	0	2	Southw'th,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Zim'man,3b	4	1	2	1	2	Whitted,1b	4	0	0	11	0
Frisch,2b	3	0	1	3	0	Barbare,3b	4	0	0	2	2
Kauff,cf	3	0	0	3	2	Cutshaw,2b	4	0	0	3	5
Kelly,1b	3	0	0	14	0	Terry,ss	4	0	1	1	2
Gonzales,c	3	0	0	5	0	Schmidt,c	3	0	1	3	1
Toney,p	3	0	0	1	4	Carlson,p	2	0	1	2	2
Total	31	1	6	30	11	Total	33	0	5	*27	13

*None out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Carey, Carlson.

New York..........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Zimmerman, Young. Stolen base—Terry. Sacrifice hits—Frisch, (2,) Carlson. Double play—Burns and Frisch. Left on bases—New York, 5; Pittsburgh, 5. Base on balls—Off Toney, 1. Struck out—By Toney, 3; Carlson, 3.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 1; Pittsburgh, 0.
(10 innings.)
Brooklyn, 10; St. Louis, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 4; New York, 1.
Cleveland, 2; Philadelphia, 1.
Washington, 5; St. Louis, 0.
Boston, 8; Detroit, 7.
(11 innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cincinnati	78	34	.696
New York	68	39	.636
Chicago	60	48	.556
Brooklyn	53	56	.486
Pittsburgh	52	55	.486
Boston	40	63	.388
St. Louis	39	67	.368
Philadelphia	38	66	.365

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	72	39	.649
Detroit	65	44	.596
Cleveland	63	46	.578
St. Louis	58	51	.532
New York	57	51	.528
Boston	50	59	.459
Washington	43	67	.391
Philadelphia	28	79	.264

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at New York.
(Game starts 3:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts 3:30 P. M.)
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
(Two games.)
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Boston at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at St. Louis.

THREE HITS OFF CALDWELL.

Indians Defeat the Mackmen, 2—1—Pitcher Felled by Thunderbolt.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 24.—Ray Caldwell pitched his first game for Cleveland today and defeated Philadelphia, 2 to 1. The Indians' runs were registered on two passes, a sacrifice, and infield out, and Dugan's error. While Dugan, the last man up, was at bat a terrific thunderbolt broke, throwing spectators and players into a momentary panic. Pitcher Caldwell was felled, but recovered quickly and resumed pitching.

The score:

CLEVELAND. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	PHILADELPHIA. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	4	0	2	3	0	Burrus,1b	4	0	0	5	0
Chapman,ss	2	1	0	4	3	Witt,2b	4	0	1	6	3
Speaker,cf	2	1	0	1	0	Walker,lf	4	0	0	3	1
Harris,1b	2	0	0	11	0	Burns,rf	3	1	1	5	0
Gardner,3b	2	0	0	0	3	Dugan,ss	3	0	1	1	0
Wambs's,2b	3	0	0	1	2	Thomas,3b	2	0	0	0	0
Smith,rf	3	0	0	2	0	Perkins,c	3	0	0	3	4
O'Neill,c	2	0	0	5	3	Allen,cf	2	0	0	1	0
Caldwell,p	3	0	1	0	2	Naylor,p	3	0	1	0	2
Total	23	2	3	27	13	Total	28	1	4	24	10

Errors—Witt, Dugan, Allen.

Cleveland ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 .—2
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Sacrifice hits—Thomas, Chapman, Harris. Double plays—Walker, Naylor, and Perkins; Perkins and Witt. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 4; Cleveland, 3. Bases on balls—Off Naylor, 4; Caldwell, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Caldwell, (Burns.) Struck out—By Naylor, 2; Caldwell, 3.

DODGERS BUY CATCHER.

Taylor of Charlotte (N. C.) Club Recommended by Nap Rucker.

Just after yesterday's game with the St. Louis Cardinals Charley Ebbets, President of the Brooklyn Baseball Club, announced that he had purchased Taylor, a catcher of the Charlotte (N. C.) South Atlantic League club. "I don't know anything about him except that Nap Rucker, who is scouting for us, called me on the long distance telephone and told me Taylor is 'the goods,'" said Ebbets. "I immediately purchased him. Any one Rucker recommends is good enough for me. I asked Rucker if he was a 'head,' and Nap told me he was a collegian. That's all I know about him. He will join the club next Spring."

American Association.

Louisville, 5; Indianapolis, 3.
(First game.)
Louisville, 10; Indianapolis, 5.
(Second game.)
Columbus, 7; Toledo, 5.
Minneapolis, 8; St. Paul, 5.
Milwaukee, 4; Kansas City, 3.

Curves and Bingles.

Umpire Quigley provided some fine interference for Gonzales when Mike was chasing Max Carey's foul in the third inning. The Cuban did everything but climb the umpire's back before Quigley finally got out of the way. Then Mike made an easy catch.

Toney must have used up about ten pounds in blanking the Pirates for ten innings. A blazing sun beamed down on the big fellow and he perspired profusely. Toney was overcome by the heat at St. Louis two weks ago and Acting Manager Mathewson interviewed him several times during yesterday's game, to make sure that Fred was able to continue.

George Kelly did some fine fielding around first base and grabbed off a pair of twisting fouls close to the stand. He did not have much success with the stick, fanning on two of his three chances. Some of the spectators were inclined to ride the big first baseman, which hardly is the sportsmanlike attitude to take toward a youngster trying to win his place in the majors.

George Whitted was three times the victim of some fancy fielding by the Giants and he went through the game hitless as a result. Fletcher made a fine play on his high bounder in the first frame, Kelly made a fancy catch of his foul fly near the stand in the fourth, and Zimmerman retired Whitted after a pretty stop in the seventh.

Frank Frisch tried to add another stolen base to his string after hitting to right field in the seventh, but Schmidt's fine throw to Cutshaw nipped the Fordham star. Schmidt had to make a throw from a difficult angle, as the ball almost hit Benny Kauff, but he got it away with speed and a true aim and Frisch was retired.

The attendance ran close to 18,000, a good turnout, but many thousands below the Sunday average. That big lead which the Reds have accumulated during the last two weks has served to put a crimp in the enthusiasm of the fans.

Both pitchers had fine control. Carlson went through the game without handing out a pass, and Toney issued but one. Toney gave a good exhibition of control in the sixth by striking out Carey and Southworth in order, after being in the hole with one strike and three balls on each batsman.

The first nine innings were reeled off in one hour and twenty-five minutes and the overtime session was finished in less than ten minutes. Only once did either team have two runners on the bases in an inning, so there was no reason for any slow work by either boxman.

Ernie Quigley and Hank O'Day did not hear a word of protest from either players or fans from start to finish. The nearest thing to a protest against a decision was a harsh look which George Whitted turned on O'Day in the seventh inning when he was declared out on a close play at first base.

The Reds now lead by only seven and a half games, which makes the task of the Giants about as easy as breaking into one of the Treasury vaults with a knife and fork.

ROBINS HAVE FUN WITH CARDINALS

Jam Base Hits All Over the Lot and Trounce Guests from St. Louis by 10 to 1.

It was a holiday in Brooklyn yesterday, but it was no day of rest. Some 6,000 honest-to-goodness fans—they had to be honest-to-goodness fans—turned deaf ears to the call of the wild waves and braved the withering heat to watch the Dodgers batter the St. Louis Cardinals all over Flatbush and the outlying district. When it was all over the official scorer decided the count was 10 to 1 in favor of the Robins, and every one was willing to take his word for it. It was the first time in many sunlit days that the Dodgers have won by so far that the actual score didn't trouble any one. As the Pirates were defeated by the Giants, Brooklyn advanced to a tie with Pittsburgh for fourth place in the standing of the National League clubs. In other words, Brooklyn is once more in the first division, even if the position is as crowded as a B. R. T. express.

Brooklyn maced the ball for twenty-one safe blows, including three doubles and a home run. On the whole, it was a feast that fattened the batting averages of Wilbert Robinson's brigade to a material extent. Every one on the club collected at least one hit. It looked dubious for Chuck Ward for a time, but he finally managed to pluck a base hit for himself in the eighth inning. That made every one happy but the Cards, and they don't count; not on this section of the more or less dry highway, at any rate. Somewhere else they may have some friends, but it's two to one they're not in St. Louis.

Lots of Exercise for Robins.

Some idea of just how festive the occasion was can be gleaned from the fact that Jimmy Johnston got four hits in five times at bat, including a double; Griffith collected three, including a double and a home run; Myers gathered three, so did Konetchy and Otto Miller, while Ivy Olson made two and the rest made one each. Fair enough for one day's work!

In the first inning ominous clouds gathered on the Brooklyn horizon. Things looked dark and threatening when Schultz romped all the way to second on Ward's wild throw. Heathcote fanned and Stock was an easy out, Johnston to Koney, Schultz taking third. Hornsby singled to deep right and Schultz cantered in with what proved to be the Cardinals' only run of the game.

The clouds were still doing business when the Dodgers had completed their half of the first inning. Nary a run did they score. But in the second the score was tied. With one out, Konetchy almost knocked Doak off the mound with a single. Doak recovered the ball and threw wild, but not wild enough for Koney to try for second. He reached the midway, however, when Ward was expunged, Doak to Jack Miller. Otto Miller singled through Lavan and Koney romped to third. Clarence Mitchell, coaching at third, pulled a bone by not sending Koney home, but it worked out all right as Sherrod Smith smashed a double to right and Koney scored. Miller tried to score from first, but was nipped at the plate, Schultz to Stock to Clemons. The score was tied, but not for long.

Pair of Runs in Third.

In the third inning Brooklyn tallied twice. Olson burned Hornsby's hands with a liner. Johnston made his second hit, a double to left, and took third on Griffith's single to centre. He scored on Zach Wheat's single to left, Griffith taking second. Myers singled to right, Griffith scoring and Wheat taking third. Myers went to second on the throw in. Koney was hit by a pitched ball. Ward hit into a double play. Stock sprawled on the ground as he fielded the ball, but managed to toss it to Lavan in time to retire Koney, and Ward was doubled at first.

In the fourth inning the Robins continued on their merry way. Otto Miller singled to left. Smith lined to Schultz. Miller reached second while Doak was tossing out Olson. He scored on Johnston's third hit, a single to left, and Jimmy took second on the throw in. Griffith flied to Heathcote, and the Dodgers had collected a fairly healthy lead.

Again in the fifth Brooklyn added a run to its growing total. Wheat caromed a hot one off Doak's shin into Hornsby's hands and was out at first. Myers beat out a bunt and went to third on Koney's single to centre. It was Ed's second hit. Ward forced Koney, Lavan to Stock, who threw wild to first trying for a double play, and Myers scored. Ward tried for second, but was out, Koney to Stock.

The sixth inning found the Dodgers still at it. This time not so much credit was due the Dodgers. They owed the run to the generosity of Willie Doak. With two down, Olson singled to left. Doak made three attempts to catch him napping off first and the third resulted in a wild throw, Olson pulling up at third base. He scored on Johnston's single to left. When Griffith doubled to the same territory Johnston reached third. Zach Wheat tried hard to do something worth while and nearly succeeded. He smashed a liner toward second and Doak threw up his gloved hand, apparently for self-protection, and the ball stuck in it.

Tuero Relieves Doak.

Doak was then given permission to go to the shower bath and a lot of fans wished they were going with him. Oscar Tuero, who is a Cuban in spite of his first name, took up the pitching burden for the Cards in the seventh inning, and, while he managed to keep the Robins from scoring in that round, he was in hot water from the start.

In the eighth inning Brooklyn sewed up the game, so to speak. Olson led off with a single to centre. Johnston failed to get his fifth hit in succession. He fouled to Clemons. Griffith then lifted the ball over the right field fence for a home run and there wasn't anything else for Olson to do but score too.

Wheat was hit in the leg by a pitched ball, but the injury didn't prevent him from taking third on Myers's single to centre. Myers was perched on second after the throw in. After Koney struck out, Tuero slipped a wild pitch into the proceedings and both Wheat and Myers scored. That's the kind of a wild pitch it was. It was then that Ward managed to get his hit. It was a single. Miller fouled to Clemons, thus ending one of the busiest afternoons the official scorer has had from a Brooklyn viewpoint.

The score:

BROOKLYN. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	ST. LOUIS. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Olson,ss	5	2	2	1	4	Schultz,rf	5	1	0	1	1
Johnston,2b	5	1	4	2	7	Heathcote,cf	5	0	1	2	0
Griffith,rf	5	2	3	5	0	Stock,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Z.Wheat,lf	4	1	1	3	0	Hornsby,3b	3	0	1	1	3
Myers,cf	5	2	3	2	0	McHenry,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Konetchy,1b	4	1	3	9	1	Clemons,c	4	0	0	4	2
Ward,3b	5	0	1	2	0	J.Miller,1b	3	0	1	7	3
O.Miller,c	5	1	3	3	0	Leslie,1b	1	0	1	1	0
Smith,p	4	0	1	0	3	Lavan,ss	4	0	2	4	2
						Doak,p	2	0	1	2	3
						Tuero,p	0	0	0	0	1
						aShotten	1	0	0	0	0
						bBaird	1	0	1	0	0
Total	42	10	21	27	15	Total	36	1	9	24	18

a Batted for Doak in seventh.
b Batted for Tuero in ninth.
Errors—Johnston, Ward, Lavan, Doak.

Brooklyn ....0 1 2 1 1 1 0 4 ..—10
St. Louis..............1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 1

Two-base hits—Johnston, Griffith, Smith. Home run—Griffith. Stolen bases—Schultz (2,) Johnston. Double play—Stock, Lavan and J. Miller. Left on bases—St. Louis, 11; Brooklyn, 10. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 3. Hits—Off Doak, 15 in 6 innings; Tuero, 6 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Doak, (Konetchy;) Tuero, (Wheat.) Struck out—By Tuero, 1; [illegible] Wild pitch—Tuero. Winning pitcher—Smith. Losing pitcher—Doak.

Southern Association

Little Rock, 5; Nashville, 4.
(12 innings; first game.)
Little Rock, 7; Nashville, 3.
(7 innings; second game.)
Memphis, 5; Chattanooga, 2.
No other games played.

Eastern League.

Pittsfield, 5; New Haven, 3.
Waterbury, 4; Springfield, 1.
Bridgeport, 9; Hartford, 3.
Providence, 6; Worcester, 3.

Following Babe Ruth in His Quest for Home Run Record

Date.	Place and Pitcher.
Apr. 23	At New York, off Mogridge.
May 20	At St. Louis, off Davenport.
May 30	At Philadelphia, off Perry.
June 7	At Boston, off Dauss, Detroit.
June 17	At Boston, off Morton, Cleveland
June 24	At Boston, off Robertson, Sen's.
June 30	At New York, off Shawkey.
July 5	At Boston, 2 off Johnson, Phila.
July 10	At St. Louis, off Shocker.
July 12	At Chicago, off Danforth.
July 18	At Cleveland, off Jasper.
July 18	At Cleveland, off Myers.
July 21	At Detroit, off Ehmke.
July 24	At Boston, off Shawkey, N. Y.
July 29	At Boston, off Leonard, Detroit.
Aug. 14	At Chicago, off Kerr.
Aug. 16	At Chicago, off Mayer.
Aug. 17	At St. Louis, off Shocker.
Aug. 23	At Detroit, off Dauss.
Aug. 24	At Detroit, off Ayers.
Aug. 24	At Detroit, off Love.

Total—22. Major league record is 25, made by Freeman of Washington (N. L.) in 1899.

Ruth's home runs in American League prior to 1919 season: 1915, 4; 1916, 3; 1917, 2; 1918, 11. Total—20. Grand total—42.

BABE RUTH CLOUTS 2 MORE HOME RUNS

Boston Slugger Bats Red Sox to 8-7 Victory Over Tigers Before 25,000 Fans.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 24.—Two bases on balls, combined with three hits, gave Boston an 8 to 7 victory over Detroit today after eleven innings of the greatest baseball ever staged at Navin Field. Twenty-five thousand persons watched Babe Ruth add two more home runs to his total, and then drive over the run that won the contest. The two circuit clouts today swelled the Red Sox slugger's total to 22 for the season, three less than the major league record.

Three runs behind, the Tigers tied the score by a rally in the fifth. Then Ruth put them one behind in the next inning with his second homer. Detroit bunched three hits in the eighth and took another lead, but the visitors tied it up again. In the eleventh, Shannon and Hooper walked, and Scott singled. Roth scored Shannon and Scott with a single to left, and Ruth drove Hooper in with the winning run.

The score:

BOSTON. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	DETROIT. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper,rf	4	2	1	1	0	Bush,ss	4	0	1	1	5
Vitt,3b	4	0	1	0	2	Young,2b	4	0	1	4	4
Roth,cf	6	0	1	3	0	Cobb,cf	5	0	1	4	0
Ruth,lf	5	3	3	4	0	Veach,lf	6	0	2	5	0
McInnis,1b	5	0	0	14	0	Heilmann,1b	6	1	1	12	1
Walters,c	4	0	2	6	0	Shorten,rf	5	1	1	2	0
Shannon,2b	4	1	2	1	5	R.Jones,3b	5	1	2	2	2
Scott,ss	5	1	1	4	5	Ainsmith,c	5	2	3	3	1
S.Jones,p	3	0	0	0	3	Ayers,p	1	0	0	0	1
Pennock,p	0	0	0	0	0	Love,p	0	0	0	0	0
aGainer	1	0	1	0	0	Leonard,p	1	0	0	0	0
bMcNally	0	1	0	0	0	dFlagstead	0	1	0	0	0
cSchang	0	0	0	0	0	eEllison	1	0	0	0	0
Russell,p	0	0	0	0	0	fDyer	1	1	1	0	0
Total	41	8	12	33	15	Total	44	7	13	33	14

a Batted for Jones in sixth.
b Ran for Gainer in ninth.
c Batted for Pennock in eleventh.
d Batted for Ayers in fifth.
e Batted for Love in seventh.
f Batted for Leonard in eleventh.
Errors—Roth, Shannon.

Boston ....2 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 3—8
Detroit ....0 0 0 0 3 0 0 2 0 0 2—7

Two-base hits—Walters, Shorten, Gainer, Ainsmith, Dyer. Home runs—Ruth, (2.) Stolen bases—Vitt, R. Jones, Hooper, Veach. Sacrifice hits—Vitt, McInnis, Young, Schang. Double plays—Scott, Shannon, and McInnis; Bush, Young, and Heilmann; Scott and McInnis. Left on bases—Boston, 9; Detroit, 10. Bases on balls—Off Jones, 3; Ayers, 1; Love, 2; Pennock, 1; Leonard, 2; Russell, 1. Hits—Off Ayers, 4 in 5 innings; Love, 2 in 2; Leonard, 6 in 4; Jones, 9 in 8; Pennock, 1 in 2; Russell, 3 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Ayers, (Hooper.) Struck out—By Jones, 3; Ayers, 2; Leonard, 2; Pennock, 2; Russell, 1. Winning pitcher—Russell. Losing pitcher—Leonard.

BEARS HAVE EASY TIME.

Score 9 to 4 Victory Over Colts—Lamar's Hitting a Feature.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Newark defeated Rochester, 9 to 4, today in the final game of the series. Both clubs played poor ball, but none of the Bears' errors figured in the scoring, while Rochester donated five runs to the visitors in the seventh on five errors and some other poor playing. Pat Shea pitched a strong game for the Bears, Lamar's home run in the first inning being the only tally for the Colts until the eighth, when Lamar batted in two more runs with a double and scored later in the inning.

Three hits and an error gave Newark two runs in the second and the visitors batted in another in the sixth. The Rochester infield went to pieces in the seventh, Long and Donahue each making two errors in this round. Miller got all the way around in the eighth on a bunt when Ogden threw to the bleachers after fielding the ball.

The score:

NEWARK. (I.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	ROCHESTER. (I.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Miller,1b	3	1	0	7	2	Long,3b	4	1	1	1	3
Dowd,2b	4	1	1	2	6	Rodriguez,ss	5	1	1	5	3
Letter,lf	5	2	1	4	0	Lamar,cf	4	2	2	2	0
Bruggy,c	4	2	1	2	2	Cueto,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Jacob,cf	4	2	2	5	1	Schweitzer,lf	3	0	0	1	1
Sargent,ss	4	0	2	4	3	Nagle,2b	2	0	0	3	3
McAlpine,3b	3	0	1	1	1	Donohue,1b	3	0	1	8	1
Denke,rf	4	0	0	1	0	O'Neill,c	3	0	0	6	2
Shea,p	3	1	0	1	1	Gray,c	1	0	0	0	0
						Ogden,p	4	0	0	1	2
Total	34	9	8	27	16	Total	33	4	6	27	15

Errors—Sargent (3,) Miller, Denke, Long (2,) Donohue (2,) Ogden (2,) O'Neill.

Newark ....0 2 0 0 0 1 5 1 0—9
Rochester ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—4

Two-base hits—Lamar, Sargent. Home run—Lamar. Stolen base—Jacobs. Sacrifice hits—Nagle, Miller, Dowd. Sacrifice fly—Schweitzer. Double plays—O'Neill, Rodriguez, and O'Neill; Jacob, Bruggy and Sargent; Sargent, Dowd and Miller. Left on bases—Rochester, 7; Newark, 5. First base on errors—Rochester, 3; Newark, 3. Bases on balls—Off Ogden, 4; Shea, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Ogden, (McAlpine.) Struck out—By Ogden, 3; Shea, 1. Wild pitch—Ogden. Passed ball—O'Neill.

HOME RUN BEATS SKEETERS

Ellerbe's Clout Wins Game for Binghamton, 2 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Rain stopped the last game of the series here today in the last half of the seventh inning, with Binghamton on the winning end, 2 to 1. Ellerbe's home run over the fence in the fifth inning, with O'Rourke on first base, won the game for the locals.

Zellars allowed but four hits, while Harper was touched up for eight safe drives, five of them infield taps.

The score:

BINGHAMTON. (I.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	JERSEY CITY. (I.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
O'Rourke,ss	2	1	0	4	5	Kane,rf	3	1	1	0	0
Ellerbe,3b	3	1	1	0	0	Mooers,ss	2	0	0	0	2
McLarry,1b	2	0	0	7	3	Fitzs'ns,3b	3	0	1	3	2
Riley,cf	3	0	0	2	0	Bauman,2b	3	0	2	2	1
Holden,rf	3	0	1	1	0	Zitman,cf	3	0	0	1	0
Fisher,c	2	0	1	2	2	Denoville,1b	3	0	0	8	1
Shannon,lf	3	0	0	2	0	Wig'w'th,lf	3	0	2	0	0
Hartman,2b	2	0	1	2	1	Cobb,c	2	0	1	2	1
Harper,p	1	0	0	1	3	Zellars,p	2	0	1	2	1
Total	21	2	4	21	14	Total	24	1	8	18	8

Binghamton ....0 0 0 0 2 0 .—2
Jersey City ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Fisher, Cobb. Home run—Ellerbe. Sacrifice hits—Harper, Mooers. Double plays—O'Rourke and McLarry, (2.) Struck out—By Harper, 1; Zellars, 5. Bases on Balls—Off Zellars, 2. Wild pitch—By Zellars, 1. Time—1 hour, 10 minutes. Umpires—O'Brien and Warner.

GIANTS VS. PITTSBURG TODAY, 3:30 P. M., Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

YANKEES TRAMPLED IN WHITE SOX RUSH

American League Leaders Tally Tenth Straight Victory Before Large Crowd.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The winning streak of the White Sox went on unchecked this afternoon when the Yankees hooked up with Kid Gleason's league leaders in the second game of their series. The Sox got the verdict, 4 to 1, the victory being the tenth in succession for the Chicago team. As a result of this triumph, while the Tigers were being defeated by the Red Sox in Detroit, the gap between the White Sox and Tigers has widened to six games. The White Sox have only twenty-nine more to play.

A crowd of 25,000 fans filled the stands and bleachers at the South Side Park, and the White Sox gave them plenty of opportunity to cheer. Runs came one at a time, two of the home team's scores being the result of some speedy base-running while the Yankee infield was handling the ball. With Quinn pitching in good form, the game did not appear safe until the Sox put over their final run in the eighth inning.

As far as pitching went, honors were as evenly distributed as ever happens in a ball game. Each boxman allowed seven hits, each handed out four passes, and each struck out three men. Williams had a slight edge on Quinn inasmuch as all the hits off the local southpaw were singles, while the Yankee veteran was touched for a double and a triple, both of which helped in the scoring.

Sox Take Lead at Once.

The White Sox went to the front in the opening inning and never were headed. After Liebold had been retired Eddie Collins worked Quinn for a pass and he moved around to third base on a passed ball. Weaver could furnish no aid, but Joe Jackson came through with a smash to left for two bases and Collins walked home.

In the second inning the Sox added one more run, enough to win as later developments proved. Gandil was out of the way when Quinn started trouble with another pass, this one to Risberg. Schalk hit to right for a base and Risberg galloped around to third. Schalk started for second on the throw-in, was turned back and then run almost to death on the bases. While the Yankee infield was chasing the little catcher up and down the line Risberg made a dash for the plate, and his effort was crowned with success.

New York escaped a shutout by pushing one run over in the third inning. Vick carried the run over after two narrow escapes from putouts, one at first base and the other at third. Sam reached first on a single and Peck followed with a liner toward left field. Weaver went into the air and made a great catch, then hurried a throw over to Gandil while Vick hurried back to the bag. The throw was a bit wide but Buck escaped an error on the exemption allowed while attempting to make double plays. It was a close call for Samuel, however. Baker followed with a single to right which sent Sam around to third. A snap throw by Schalk to Weaver had Vick trapped off third by ten feet but Buck let the ball get away from him and Sam scored on the misplay.

Add One More Tally.

In the sixth inning the White Sox made the crowd a little easier by adding one more run to the scoreboard. With one out Jackson got his second hit, a single to left. Felsch's infield hit sent Joe along to second, and Gandil followed with a grounder to Peckinpaugh. Peck's throw to Pratt forced Felsch at second, and Pratt then shot a throw along to Pipp in an effort to complete a double play. Meanwhile Jackson had turned third at top speed and was on his way to the plate. It was an unexpected play and Joe got away with it. Pipp straightened after taking Pratt's throw and shot the ball along to Hannah, but Jackson slid over the plate safely just as the ball arrived.

Neither a pass nor any trick base-running was mixed up in Chicago's last run. Eddie Collins hit to centre in the eighth inning for three bases and he jogged home on Hap Felsch's long sacrifice fly.

The score:

CHICAGO. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	NEW YORK. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Liebold,rf	4	0	1	2	0	Vick,rf	3	1	1	2	0
E.Collins,2b	2	2	1	4	3	Peck'p'gh,ss	3	0	0	1	3
Weaver,3b	4	0	0	1	1	Baker,3b	4	0	2	1	2
Jackson,lf	2	1	2	1	1	Pipp,1b	4	0	0	9	1
Felsch,cf	3	0	1	4	0	Pratt,2b	3	0	1	2	6
Gandil,1b	4	0	0	9	1	Lewis,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Risberg,ss	2	1	1	1	1	Bodie,cf	4	0	1	4	1
Schalk,c	3	0	1	4	4	Hannah,c	3	0	1	4	1
Williams,p	3	0	0	1	2	Quinn,p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	27	4	7	27	13	Total	30	1	7	24	15

Errors—E. Collins, Weaver.

Chicago ....1 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 ..—4
New York..............0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Jackson. Three-base hit—E. Collins. Sacrifice hits—E. Collins, Quinn. Sacrifice fly—Felsch. Double play—Peckinpaugh, Pratt, Pipp, Hannah, and Bodie. Left on bases—New York, 7; Chicago, 5. Bases on balls—Off Williams, 4; Quinn, 4. Struck out—By Williams, 3; Quinn, 3.

SENATORS BLANK BROWNS.

Scoring Runs in Last Three Innings, Washington Wins, 5 to 0.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 24.—Liefield held Washington scoreless for six innings, but the visitors solved his delivery in the last three and drove out five runs, winning from St. Louis today, 5 to 0, and checking their losing streak of six straight. Zachary kept the Browns' hits well scattered.

The score:

WASHINGTON. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A	ST. LOUIS. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Judge,1b	5	1	1	12	1	Austin,3b	5	0	2	1	1
Foster,3b	5	0	2	0	3	Gedeon,2b	1	0	0	3	5
Milan,cf	5	1	2	1	0	Jacobson,1b	4	0	2	9	1
Rice,rf	4	0	1	1	0	Smith,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Gharrity,lf	3	0	1	1	0	Williams,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Menosky,lf	0	0	0	1	0	Tobin,lf	4	0	0	4	0
Shanks,ss	4	1	1	3	2	Gerber,ss	4	0	1	0	2
Leonard,2b	2	0	0	1	2	Severeid,c	3	0	2	5	1
Janvrin,2b	2	2	2	0	2	Liefield,p	2	0	0	0	5
Picinich,c	1	0	1	7	2	aDemmitt	1	0	0	0	0
Zachary,p	3	0	1	0	1						
Johnson,p	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	35	5	12	27	13	Total	32	0	8	27	15

aBatted for Liefield in the ninth.
Errors—Shanks.

Washington ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 1—5
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Gharrity, Picinich. Three-base hit—Gerber. Home runs—Judge, Janvrin. Sacrifice hits—Picinich, Gedeon, Rice. Double plays—Gedeon, Gerber, and Jacobson; Foster, Leonard, and Judge. Left on bases—Washington, 8; St. Louis, 11. Bases on balls—Off Zachary, 4; Liefield, 2. Hits—Off Zachary, 6 in 6 2-3 innings; Johnson, 2 in 2-1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Zachary, (Gedeon;) Liefield, (Picinich.) Struck out—By Zachary, 2; Johnson, 2; Liefield, 1. Winning pitcher—Zachary.

Other International Scores.

(First Game.)

		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0 0 0 0 3 0 1 1 .—	5	7	1
Reading	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	5	3

Thomas and Bengough; Weinert and Cook.

(Second Game.)

Reading	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1—	3	10	1
Buffalo	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0—	2	8	1

Game called at end of the eighth.
Keefe and Konnick; Marshall and Case.
(Other teams not scheduled.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Baltimore	87	39	.691
Toronto	79	49	.617
Buffalo	72	54	.571
Newark	64	63	.492
Binghamton	61	64	.488
Rochester	53	73	.421
Jersey City	44	81	.352
Reading	41	78	.344

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Toronto.
Newark at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Rochester.
Reading at Binghamton.

Five Leading Batsmen of the Major Leagues

National League.

Player.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Cravath	71	206	33	70	.340
Roush	107	408	61	136	.333
Stock	105	384	47	119	.310
McHenry	80	259	31	80	.309
Myers	105	401	45	123	.307

American League.

Player.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Cobb	94	374	64	139	.372
Veach	108	413	67	144	.349
Jacobson	90	330	57	115	.348
Sisler	107	413	74	143	.346
Jackson	111	412	59	142	.345

EATON MOVES PAST KRAMER FOR TITLE

Wins Half-Mile Cycle Championship and Breaks Tie with Veteran Rider.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 24.—Ray Eaton, the young Newark rider, won the half-mile bicycle championship at the Newark Velodrome today and broke the tie in the standing between himself and Frank Kramer, the champion. Eaton won the final from Alfred Goullet, the former navy man. Kramer, who was shut out of the first grand semi-final by Goullet, beat Harry Kaiser, the New Yorker, for third place.

The championship standing follows:

Eaton, 28 points; Kramer, 25; Goullet, 18; Madden, 8; Spencer, 6; Kaiser, 3; Grenda, 2; McNamara, 1.

Francisco Verri, the Italian rider, won the championship consolation from Jake Magin and Willie Hanley.

Anthony Young, a member of the Bayview Wheelmen, took the three races in the amateur ranks. He won the half-mile handicap from scratch, an Australian pursuit match, and the one-mile for Class A amateurs.

Oscar Egg, the Swiss cyclist, met Reggie McNamara, the Australian, in a match pursuit race, and after going three miles and 1,540 yards Egg passed McNamara.

Lloyd Thomas, San Francisco, won the two-mile invitation from Gus Lang, John Bedell, and Willie Keller in the order named. Jake Magin, twenty-five yards, won the mile handicap.

The five-mile open went to Alfred Goullet, who beat Madden, Magin, Hanley, and Eaton in that order.

The summaries:

ONE-MILE HANDICAP, AMATEUR.—Won by Anthony Young, Newark, (scratch;) second, Fred Taylor, Newark, (scratch;) third, Kris Dotterweich, Newark, (40 yards;) fourth, Michael Deorio, New York City, (60 yards.) Time—0:56 3-5.

TWO-MILE INVITATION, PROFESSIONAL—Won by Lloyd Thomas, San Francisco; second, Gus Lang, Newark; third, John Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I.; fourth, Willie Keller, Newark.

HALF-MILE HANDICAP, AMATEUR.—Won PROFESSIONAL—Won by Ray Eaton, Newark; second, Alfred Goullet, Newark; third, Frank Kramer, East Orange; fourth, Harry Kaiser, New York City. Time—City, (6 yards.) Time—0:56 3-5.

CHAMPIONSHIP CONSOLATION.—Won by Francisco Verri, Italy; second, Jake Magin, Newark; third, Willie Hanley, San Francisco.

ONE-MILE NOVICE—Won by Joe Buelow, Newark; second, Oliver Walters, Newark. Time—2:24.

PURSUIT MATCH, PROFESSIONAL—Won by Oscar Egg, Switzerland; second, R. J. McNamara, Australia. Time—8:36 3-5. Distance, 3 miles 1,540 yards.

AUSTRALIAN PURSUIT MATCH, AMATEUR—Won by Anthony Young, Newark; second, Charles Ostreicher, Newark; third, Chris Dotterweich, Newark; fourth, David Sands, Newark. Time—6:22. Distance, 2 miles 1,310 yards.

ONE-MILE HANDICAP, PROFESSIONAL—Won by Jake Magin, Newark, (25 yards;) second, Willie Hanley, San Francisco, (20 yards;) third, Tom Bello, Brooklyn, (85 yards;) fourth, Eddie Madden, Newark, (10 yards.) Time—1:54 2-5.

ONE-MILE CLASS B, AMATEUR—Won by Frank Jessup, Paterson; second, James Magett, Newark; third, Gus Merkle, Newark; fourth L. F. Seuffert. Time—2:03 4-5.

ONE-MILE CLASS A, AMATEUR—Won by Anthony Young, Newark; second, Willie Beck, Newark; third, Carl Hambacher, Bloomfield; fourth, E. C. Beni, New York City. Time—2:08.

FIVE-MILE OPEN, PROFESSIONAL—Won by Alfred Goullet, Newark; second, Eddie Madden, Newark; third, Jake Magin, Newark; fourth, Willie Hanley, San Francisco. Time—9:56 4-5.

ALPHAS WIN RELAY RACE.

Glencoes Second and St. Anselm's Third at Macombs Dam Park.

The Alpha Physical Culture Club's team won the relay race of one and seven-eights miles in the athletic meet held yesterday at Macombs Dam Park by that organization. The relay race was open to teams of the Intersectional Athletic League, and was a handicap affair. The Glencoe A. C. finished second, and St. Anselm's A. C., third. Goode, Manning, Jackson and Poe composed the winning quartet, which traveled the distance in 7 minutes 57 seconds.

Hilton Manning, starting from scratch, won the 100-yard dash, but only after a hard fight with Edgar Padmore, who had a handicap of two and a half yards. Manning broke the tape a bare six inches ahead of his Alpha clubmate. Richard Lewis was third. The time was :10 4-5.

The summaries:

1⅞-Mile Relay Race.—Alpha Physical Culture Club, (Goode, Manning, Jackson, and Poe,) 87 yards, first; Glencoe A. C., (Tea, Knosel, Frick, Hecht,) 115 yards, second; St. Anselm's A. C., (O'Connor, Hannon, Skea, and Beagen,) 61 yards, third. Time—7:57.

100-Yard Dash.—Hilton Manning, (scratch,) first; Edgar Padmore, (2½ yards,) second; Richard Lewis, (3½ yards,) third. Time—:10 4-5.

300-Yard Dash.—Claude Meade, (15 yards,) first; Edgar Padmore, (6 yards,) second; Walter Powe, (scratch,) third. Time—:33 4-5.

Richbourg Draws Release.

Lance Richbourg, the infielder about whom the Giants and Dodgers had quite a controversy in the Spring and whom the Giants later sent to the Oakland club of the Pacific Coast League, has been unconditionally released by the Giants. Richbourg played three innings for Oakland and then was turned back to the Giants. McGraw released him on Saturday.

Cubs Lose Exhibition Game.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 24.—The New Haven Eastern League team defeated the Chicago Nationals, 1 to 0, in an exhibition game here today by a batting rally in the ninth. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
New Haven	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—	1	7	2
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	5	0

Courtney and Meyers; Alexander, Bailey and Daly.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs. Rifle, 110 pounds; Startling, 125; Night Stick, 110; Star Realm, 103; Bally Mooney, 105; Poacher, 110; Doleful, 108; Right Angle, 110; Mormon Elder, 108; *Grundy, 118; Arrah Go On, 110.

SECOND RACE.—Selling steeplechase; for four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Kingstown Pier, 140 pounds; Rhomb, 143; Harwood, 143.

THIRD RACE.—The Troy, for two-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs. *Hurry, 96 pounds; Air Raid, 101; Simpleton, 110; *Squire Charlie, 101; Northern Belle, 100; Fait Accompli, 107; His Choice, 109; Herd Girl, 105; *Germa, 109; Lady Wood, 109.

FOURTH RACE.—The Watervliet Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. Spur, 115 pounds; Thunder Clap, 107; Fairy Wand, 113; Valor, 123; Escoba, 114; Tailor Maid, 92; Corn Tassel, 107; Pastoral Swain, 95.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; one mile. Senator Crow, 108 pounds; Athlone, 103; Joyful, 103; Mormon Elder, 112; Hong Kong, 112; Terentia, 120; Courcelles, 98; Chasseur, 115; Highland Light, 107; Sea Rock, 112.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; five furlongs. Grayshian, 110 pounds; Neddam, 116; Sammy, 100; Lady Brummel, 107; Star Court, 100; Thelma E, 115; Mark West, 100; Universal, 100; Wildair, 105; John P. Grier, 100; Masked Dancer, 113; Smart Guy, 116; Captain Alcock, 100.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

AMERICAN RIFLEMEN TAKE CABLE MATCH

Defeat English by Goodly Margin in Twenty-Man Team Test of Accuracy.

CALDWELL, N. J., Aug. 24.—America triumphed over England this afternoon, winning the outdoor international small-bore rifle match.

The match was shot under decidedly dramatic conditions, and at times the big crowd of visitors had to be restrained from rushing upon the field and congratulating the marksmen. The United States had twenty men on its team against the same number representing Great Britain. The latter team made its scores a few days ago, sending the results by cable. The figures were kept a secret until the close of the match this afternoon. When it was announced that America had won over England by 94 points great excitement prevailed at the ranges. The final score for the United States was 7,617, with 7,523 for England, out of a possible 8,000.

Captain E. Newitz of Great Britain, the only person in this country who had the official scores of the Britishers, was on the range during the match. His figures showed the British average to be 376 out of 400 points for the men on his team, but he kept these figures secret, and it was not until the match was well along toward the finish that he intimated that if the marksmen kept up their remarkable shooting they would win.

Each man on the team was allowed twenty shots at the fifty-yard range and twenty on the 100-yard range, using twenty-two-calibre cartridges. Two seventeen-year-old schoolboys, A. M. Morgan and W. R. Stokes, the former holding the schoolboy championship of the United States, did exceptionally good work in the match. Mrs. E. C. Crossman, wife of the team captain, also made a very credible showing, turning in a score of 377. She is the only women ever to have shot in an international team match.

The winning team and the scores follow:

Captain G. L. Wotkyns, 391; A. M. Morgan, 388; N. H. Richard, 386; W. R. Stokes, 386; A. L. Hart, 385; P. Raymond, 385; J. E. Miller, 384; D. A. Preuesner, 382; E. Rice, 382; Lieut. Commander W. A. Lee, 382; Marine Sergeant W. Andrews, 382; J. Remeu, U. S. M. C., 379; G. Chesley, 379; Commander R. R. Stewart, 377; Mrs. E. C. Crossman, 377; H. Denny, 376; A. Laudensack, 375; J. Boles, 374; J. Schnerring, 374; J. Wade, 373.

Total, 7,617. Average per man, 380 out of possible 400.

OVER 300 ARE TO COMPETE.

Great List of Entries for Annual Caledonian Games.

Up to date over 300 A. A. U. entries have been received for the annual games of the New York Caledonian Club at Washington Park, Maspeth, L. I., on Labor Day. Twelve teams are to start in the medley relay race handicap. Among A. A. U. cracks entered are: Jack Sellers, New York A. C., 1,000 yards; Homer Baker, Glencoe A. C., 1,000 yards; L. Murchinson of St. Louis, 100 yards and 300 yards; Eddie Renz, New York A. C., one-mile walk; A. Reilly, Knights of St. Anthony, 600 yards; Max Bohland, Paulist A. C., C. Pores, Millrose A. A., and Mike Devaney, Millrose A. A., two-mile run.

Every club has entered its full track team to compete for the point trophy donated by Colonel Walter Scott. This meet will be the last tryont for the A. A. U. champions previous to the National A. A. U. championships at Philadelphia. A special event added to the great program is the five-man team tug-of-war on cleats closed to A. A. U. teams. A Scottish dancing competition will be a leading feature.

TOLEDO STAR FOR W. AND J.

Kirk, Crack Scott High Quarter Back, Matriculates There.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Aug. 23.—Washington and Jefferson's football stock rose last week when Manager John H. Murdoch announced that the registration card of Waldorf Kirk of Toledo, Ohio, quarter back on the crack Scott High School eleven of that city, had been received at the college office, and that a letter to the manager stated that the recruit would be here for the preliminary practice on Sept. 10.

Kirk, who has just been released from the army, is regarded in the Middle West as one of the best preparatory school quarter backs in many years. The Scott High team, on which he played, and which has been coached by Tommy Merrell and later by "By" Dickson, the Pennsylvania star, won a championship two years in succession, with Kirk as quarterback. The youngster weighs about 165 pounds, is touted as a speed marvel, and is rated as the best quarter among the Buckeye State high school players.

Men's wear at McCutcheon's
Special Sale
Manhattan Shirts
Reg. Trade Mark.
Our semi-annual Sale of both McCutcheon and Manhattan Make Shirts is now in progress.
The Manhattan Shirts are offered at the regular Manhattan Sale prices.
McCutcheon Silk Shirts
Heavy-weight Silk Shirts, in a good assortment of patterns and plain colors, $7.25, 8.75, 9.75.
Sale of Pajamas
Mercerized self-striped Cotton Pongee Pajamas, $2.95.
Linen Mesh Underwear
Linen Mesh Athletic Shirts and Knee Drawers at $2.50 the garment. This is about half of today's price.
James McCutcheon & Co.
Fifth Avenue
Men's Wear Dept., 33d Street Entrance

Confidence in one's clothier is a necessity to easy manners.
If uneasy, moneyback.
We make to fit, not to measure.
A most complete stock of clothes for formal functions. Evening suits and cutaways of the world's best woolens at half the fine tailor's fee.
ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St. / Broadway at Warren / "Four Convenient Corners" / Broadway at 34th St. / Fifth Ave at 41st St.

CHEMISTS
have as yet failed to find a satisfactory substitute for gasoline. Why waste it? Use a
RE-CARBURETER AND PRIMER.
Ask your dealer.
C. B. THOMAS,
1,777-1,779 Broadway

OF what does clothing satisfaction consist? Views differ, of course—we'll tell you our idea.
Style that is authentic and entirely suited to the requirements of the well groomed New Yorker.
All wool fabrics, expert tailoring, price that delivers honest value.
Satisfactory Wear Guaranteed
We've merged our ideas in our clothes—you get all these features in their full development.
Weber and Heilbroner
Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores
*241 Broadway 345 Broadway 775 Broadway *1185 Broadway
*44th and Broadway 1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau
20 Cortlandt *30 Broad *42d and Fifth Avenue
*CLOTHING AT THESE STORES

HOST OF CRACK TENNIS PLAYERS BEGIN BATTLE FOR NATIONAL TITLE TODAY AT FOREST HILLS

TENNIS TITLE PLAY WILL BEGIN TODAY

Leading Stars of Net Game to Compete in Championships on Forest Hills Courts.

AN INTERNATIONAL TOUCH

Australian and Japanese Experts to Battle America's Best — Three Features on First Day Schedule.

TODAY'S FEATURE MATCHES.

At 1 P. M.

Court No. 3.—Maurice E. McLoughlin of Los Angeles vs. Arthur S. Cragin of New York.

At 3 P. M.

Court No. 1. Conrad B. Doyle of Washington vs. S. Howard Voshell of Brooklyn.

At 4:30 P. M.

Court No. 2.—Captain Gerald L. Patterson of Melbourne, Australia, vs. Frederick B. Alexander of New York.

With the foregoing as the most important matches of the sixty-four which must be played in the opening round of the national singles championship today, followers of tennis are assured of interesting competition at the West Side Tennis Club. This thirty-eighth annual contest for the premier honors of the country finds all the men who were making tennis history in 1916 back in the game, with a host of newcomers ready to challenge them for supremacy.

Not only are the youngsters knocking at the portal of the tennis hall of fame, but players who hold high rank in international competition also are trying for the title. The team of the Australian Imperial Forces includes Norman E. Brookes, who has held the world's championship; Gerald L. Patterson, who won it from him at Wimbledon a few weeks ago; R. V. Thomas and Ranodlph Lycett, who have won many events both in Australia and on the Continent.

Among other contenders is Ichyia Kumagae, who would like to take the singles crown back to Japan, and his playing during 1919 shows that he must be reckoned with.

A Galaxy of Tennis Stars.

This tournament represents a culmination of events almost without precedent in the tennis world, for besides Brookes, Patterson, Lycett and Thomas, it includes Clarence J. Griffin, Willis E. Davis, and Charles S. Garland, who represented the United States at Wimbledon, and Watson M. Washburn, who won the A. E. F. championship. As he and Dean Mathey and R. Norris Williams played in most of the important French events and along the Riviera, generally with success, the present championship brings together the players recognized as the class of the tennis world.

Edward C. Conlin, Chairman of the National Tennis Umpires Association, said last night that plenty of officials will be available to handle all of today's matches. They are urged to be at the West Side Tennis Cub ready for assignment at 1 o'clock, as it is necessary to start the matches promptly on account of the number that must be played.

"On account of the importance of this championship," said Mr. Conlin, "I hope it will be possible to call the spectators' attention to a few points, which to them may seem of minor significance, but which are really of great importance to the players. In the first place a gallery is there to see good tennis. The committee does all it can to make the gallery comfortable, and the players are certainly putting forth every effort to win, which makes the contest enjoyable. There is, consequently, an obligation on the gallery, to co-operate with officials and players for the success of the event.

Some Don'ts for Spectators.

"One of the worst things that can be done by a spectator, particularly at the end of a court, is to move about. A tennis ball in flight travels very fast and a player has but a fraction of a second to judge its course. Any moving object like a light dress or fan or parasol or a person walking, may spoil his 'sight' on that ball and lose the shot. Hence the importance of remaining seated while play is in progress.

"Neither should spectators converse in loud tones or applaud while a rally is on. Wait until the point is decided and then applaud all you like. Don't applaud errors; the good strokes are the ones that deserve praise, and when a man nets the ball, keep quiet, even though you want his opponent to win.

"Of course a gallery should not coach the players or talk to officials. They have a hard enough job at best. Never call 'Good,' 'Out,' 'Let it go,' &c., because thereby you are influencing a player's judgment, which is a factor in the outcome of the match. Furthermore, such remarks by spectators may confuse the players, who are unable to tell whether they are made by officials or someone in the gallery.

"If you don't agree with an official's decision, please withhold your signs of disapproval. Remember first, that he is in a better position to see the shots than most of the spectators, and secondly, that he is doing the best he can to call the points as he sees them. The players don't kick, for they know that any errors of judgment generally even themselves in the course of a match.

"The main thing to remember is that tennis is an amateur sport, played for the fun of it, by players who don't receive a penny for their services. Neither do the officials. They are in the game for the love of it, with the idea of providing a clean sporting contest for the enjoyment of the spectators. Everyone in the stands can help toward the successful conduct of the match and no one will appreciate this co-operation more than the players and officials."

WANT CHANGE IN VOTING.

Request of Westerners to be Submitted to National Tennis Body.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—To give Western tennis organizations better representation in the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, a change in voting rules of the association is to be asked by Dr. Summer Hardy, President of the California Lawn Tennis Association.

Each Eastern club, it is pointed out, is entitled under present rules to one vote on questions submitted to the annual meeting of the National Association. Western clubs are organized in associations, each of which is entitled to not more than five votes, although the California association, for instance, includes thirty-five clubs in its membership.

In seeking a remedy for this condition, Dr. Hardy is said to have the united support of the tennis clubs of the West. He is a member of the committee on equalization of voting power, appointed by the national body.

New York Tennis Club Tourney.

The New York Tennis Club will hold its annual open tournament for the New York State championship for women on Sept. 8 and succeeding days. In addition to the championship, the events will be mixed doubles and girls' open singles. Entries should be sent to Mrs. W. H. Pritchard, New York Tennis Club, 238th Street and Broadway.

OAKMONT PAIR WINS TROPHY IN PLAYOFF

Herron and Peacock Beat Dean and Haight for the American Golfer Emblem.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 24.—In the playoff of the tie for the American Golfer trophy, held here this afternoon, S. Davidson Herron, the new champion, and his team mate, Grant A. Peacock, representing Oakmont, defeated J. S. Dean and Richard M. Haight, the Princeton University pair, finishing four strokes ahead of the Orange and Black players in a four-ball best ball contest. Herron and Peacock had a card of 75, while Dean and Haight required 79.

Dean, who played fine golf, had to bear the brunt of the match for the Tiger pair. At the end of the first nine holes Haight and Dean were four strokes behind, Herron and Peacock being out in 37, to their opponents' 41. Coming back each pair required 38.

Peacock helped out Herron on three holes, but it was Herron's remarkable putting that won the match. The two pairs were tied last Sunday, with a score of 72 each.

Today's cards were as follows:

HERRON AND PEACOCK—	
Out	5 4 4 5 4 3 5 3 4—37
In	4 4 6 3 4 4 4 5 4—38—75
HAIGHT AND DEAN—	
Out	6 4 6 5 4 4 5 3 4—41
In	4 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4—38—79

WESTERN GOLF PLAY TODAY.

Women's Title Tournament to be Played Over Detroit Links.

DETROIT, Aug. 24.—Approximately 150 women golfers will tee off at the Detroit Golf Club tomorrow to contest for places in the championship flight of the Women's Western Golf Association. The entry lists include some of the best women golfers of the country.

Thirty-two will qualify tomorrow for the champion flight and for three additional flights of sixteen players each. Tuesday four other flights of eight players each will be formed for those failing to qualify Monday. Thus there will be tournament match play for 112 of the entries. Match playing for the championship begins Tuesday, the semifinals being reached Friday. Eighteen holes will constitute the qualifying play in all matches, finals included.

Miss Elaine Rosenthal, Chicago, who won the title over Miss Frances Hadfield, Milwaukee, last year, will not play in this season's tournament.

Proal Wins Rumson Golf Title.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Aug. 24.—For the fifth time, Pierre A. Proal, crack golfer of the Deal and Rumson Country Clubs, won the Rumson golf championship today by defeating J. F. Shanley, Jr., 5 up and 4 to play.

PLANS FOR GOLD CUP RACE.

Miss Detroit III. Will Defend Classic Motor Boat Trophy.

Detroit will stage the Gold Cup motor boat regatta from Aug. 29 to Sept. 1. The regatta committee has arranged for four races to be held during the four days, in addition to the trials for the one-mile championship of North America Trophy. All of the races, with one exception, will be run in three heats, like the Gold Cup.

The daily program for Aug. 29, 30, and Sept. 1 will be featured by a thirty-mile heat for the Gold Cup. It will be preceded by a ten-mile heat for the Sallan Trophy for cabin cruisers and a fifteen-mile heat for express cruisers for The Detroit News Trophy. Both of the latter are handicap affairs and are being handled by the Detroit Yacht Club, the defending body, and the Gold Cup Committee.

The Detroit course lies between Belle Isle and the American shore, in the Detroit River, and is usually smooth, with the exception of the upper end of the course, where it juts into Lake St. Clair.

Miss Detroit III., with "Gar" Wood at the wheel, will defend the Gold Cup which she won last year. Wood has held the trophy since 1917 and expects to retain it for the Detroit Yacht Club. The defender is now powered with a twelve-cylinder aviation engine, Liberty type, that Wood believes has brought her speed up to seventy miles an hour. The challengers include Miss Detroit II., Miss Detroit Power Boat Association, the 1917 champion; Miss Minneapolis, Miss Minneapolis Power Boat Association, the 1916 champion, and Arab IV., Buffalo Launch Club. It is not improbable that boats from Toledo, Toronto, and Peoria will also challenge before the time limit expires.

Commodore A. A. Schantz, head of the Gold Cup Committee, has extended an invitation to the Prince of Wales, now touring Canada, to cross the border at Windsor and witness the races.

AUSTRALIANS WIN FRIENDS.

Imperial Force Tennis Team Is Admired by Americans.

Now that the Australian tennis players have lost their sea-legs and are beginning to play tennis, the galleries are finding the team of the Australian Imperial forces a mighty likeable group. The ability of Norman E. Brookes won a host of admirers when he was here in 1914, and this admiration is deepened as the class of his game is appreciated.

At 42 years of age he is playing wonderful tennis and many a youngster watching him in matches at Newport and Longwood has found something to copy in his versatile, smooth-running game.

Gerald L. Patterson, nephew of Mme. Melba, captain in the artillery for three years and heralded as the "Hurricane," is bound to attract attention to any match in which he takes part. Patterson is well set-up, five feet eleven inches tall and weighing 166 pounds, although he looks a bit heavier. He has the face of a good fighter, ruddy in appearance from his outdoor life. Patterson is a great believer in tennis for boys and his experience justifies his opinion, for he began playing when 10 years old. His father taught him the game and has coached him in later years.

WARD AND PRENTICE WIN.

Defeat Bodman and Adams in Seabright Tennis, 6—1, 6—2, 6—4.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 24.—Holcombe Ward, and Bernon S. Prentice, many times singles champion of the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club, won the doubles titles this afternoon by defeating George F. Bodman, former Yale 'Varsity player, and T. S. Adams, in straight sets, 6—1, 6—2, 6—4.

Ward displayed his American reverse twist, that netted him many points in former international engagements, and on more than one occasion outgeneraled his competitors, while Prentice never played better tennis nor has he used better tennis strategy on the court than he showed this afternoon.

Grand Circuit at Readville Track.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—The Grand Circuit race meeting which opens tomorrow at the Readville track for five days will decide twenty-two events, ten of them early closing stakes. Three divisions of the American Horse Breeder Futurity will be decided, among them that for three-year-old trotters.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

The Result At Oakmont.

In one way, at least, the national amateur golf championship which ended Saturday over the Oakmont links in Pittsburgh was perhaps the most satisfactory of all the championship tourneys of the U. S. G. A. Not only was a worthy golfer, in the person of S. Davidson Herron of Oakmont, crowned as amateur champion for the year, after a sterling struggle and an excellent finish, but still another golfer comes out of the title test a defeated man, but victor in a match that will be remembered as long as the royal and ancient game holds sway in this country.

Herron is national amateur golf champion for 1919, and not a word of criticism should detract from his glory the tribute that is due. He won his title fairly by defeating all golfers who faced him. When it is considered that the Oakmont entry was absolutely the strongest list of contenders that the national tourney ever comprised, the survivor of such a joust is indeed a champion among golfers.

But up Boston way there is a slim, gaunt young man, but four years older than the youthful champion, who is now recuperating from a long spell of ill health. His illness antedated and postdated the Oakmont fracas. Against the advice of physicians and friends he played in the tournament. In the second round he came to grips with Chick Evans of Chicago, defending champion, and a golfer who is at this very moment considered by many experts as the finest shotmaker that American golf has ever produced. The result is historic, and Francis Ouimet, pale and drawn, defeated by J. Wood Platt of North Hills, emerges from the tournament the foremost figure and the brightest star in the firmament of American amateur golf.

A word for Evans. The Chicago golfer had the hardest rôle of all to play at Oakmont in his famous match with Ouimet. He had all to lose and nothing to win. If he had won, it would have been said of him that he defeated a sick man. When he lost, there were many not slow to decry his ability when a fever patient toppled him from his throne. The bare record of the match shows that he played a magnificent uphill battle and, when a match is decided by the last putt on the home green, there is almost as much credit due to the loser as the winner.

⁂

Cincinnati and the Pennant.

Barring a collection of serious mishaps to the players, Cincinnati has the National League pennant of 1919 lashed to the flag pole. The space of time to the season's end and the Reds' wide margin are handicaps which the Giants cannot hope to overcome. It is the first time that Cincinnati will have had the pennant since the organization of the National League. The Reds' triumph will be a good thing for the game, for it takes the championship out of the larger baseball centres and brings it into a new territory. New York, Chicago, Boston, and Philadelphia have monopolized the pennant business too long for the game's good.

Cincinnati was the first city in the country to have a professional baseball team. In 1869 the famous Red Stockings were organized and they played everywhere in the country and didn't lose a game. In its long career in the National League the Cincinnati club has had a long and impressive array of managers, including Cy Keck, J. W. Neff, O. P. Caylor, Tom Loftus, Charley Comiskey, William Ewing, Robert Allen, Bid McPhee, Joe Kelly, Ed. Hanlon, John Ganzel, Clarke Griffith, Hank O'Day, Joe Tinker, Buck Herzog, Christy Mathewson, and finally Pat Moran.

All the credit for this year's success goes to Moran. During the past year there was a big change in the company controling the Cincinnati Club, and August Herrman, who has ruled there for many years, was not permitted to rule with as free a hand as he has in the past. The officials of the ball club this year kept their hands off the managerial end of the game, and for the first time in the history of the game in Redland a manager was the real boss of the ball club.

Moran has not been interfered with in any way. He was permitted to choose his players and run the club as he saw fit. With a free rein the experienced and astute Moran mapped out his own campaign and had smooth sailing. First, he established harmony in a club which has in the past been honeycombed with cliques. There were no trouble-makers under Moran and his players gave him the best baseball they could play.

An old catcher himself, Moran gave attention to his pitching staff. He has accomplished wonders with his staff of flingers and has worked them so successfully that there have been no sore arms or cases of overworked boxmen. Moran made his players believe in themselves, he gave them confidence and made it known to them when the season started that their job was to win the pennant. When Moran took charge of the team there was one disappointed ball player. He was Heinie Groh, the third baseman, who believed that he was going to be the manager. Moran told the world far and wide, before the season was two weeks old, that in Heinie Groh he had the greatest third baseman in the game, and there hasn't been a player in Moran's outfit who has played such a great game this season as Groh. Moran knows how to handle men and his baseball machine has worked with oily smoothness through the season.

The Cincinnati players are now so keyed up to the thrill of the pennant fight that they refuse to be defeated. They are like the Boston Braves of 1914. The word defeat is not in their lexicon. They are being carried along on their own momentum and nothing less than a cataclysm can stop them.

⁂

Sportsmanship and Tennis.

A tennis fan who signs himself "A Former Dub," objects strenuously to an article appearing recently on this page in which the dangers of over-partisanship and undue excitement on the part of the tennis gallery were pointed out. He believes that the writer was advocating a "perfect lady's" game, and argues that tennis can be "red-blooded" only if the spectators are "red-blooded," too. The "dub" quotes with great contempt the purposely exaggerated description of an ideal tennis on-looker as "an emotionless, unprejudiced, unopinionated automaton," and decides that "the traditions are all wrong." "Rowdyism," he concludes, "is, of course, another matter entirely."

The only answer that need be given the protesting "dub" is to postulate a few of the very possibilities of the "rowdyism" which might quickly and easily follow in the wake of demonstrations which have actually taken place this season. There was no objection voiced to partisanship as such, but only to its expression at the wrong time and in the wrong way. The most fervent applause is entirely acceptable when it comes between rallies, but it should be the appreciation of good playing rather than the mere crowing over the discomfiture of the enemy.

Above all things, a tennis crowd should never be allowed to take an active part in the work of either the players or the officials. Such interference must be curbed at the outset, or all the sportsmanship of tournament tennis will vanish forever. A few examples of possible rowdyism may make this sufficiently clear, and their actual parallels are not hard to find in other lines of sport.

For instance, Norman Brookes of Australia serves a fault at a critical juncture in an international match. Immediately cries of "double!" arise from all parts of the grand stand, with a tramping of feet and clapping of hands and cat-calling and whistling added for good-measure. Or, again, Mr. Patterson is running toward the back-stop to recover a deep bounding lob. The spectators directly above and in front of him shout, "Can't get it!" and perhaps wave their hats in his face to make sure that they are right. Or a home player is about to hit at a ball which is going out and is promptly saved from the mistake by a unanimous call of "Out!" from the bleachers. Conversely, an opponent hesitating whether to strike at a ball in the air, which may or not be good, is loudly advised to "Hit it!" and perhaps does so with disastrous results. Again, a player is standing in mid-court ready to smash a lob. As the ball descends, a bedlam of noise breaks out all around him. He hurries his stroke and flubs the shot.

From such demonstrations to the throwing of pop-bottles would not be such a long step. Is the point clear? If not, by all means let there be further discussion of the issue.

At Forest Hills this week there will surely be consistent efforts made by the National Umpires Association to keep all the spectators conversant with the etiquette of the game. In past years, signs were prominently displayed with the words: "Please do not applaud while the ball is in play." In future it is probable that far more detailed instructions will be necessary. In fact, some of these have already been issued in the form of a pamphlet by Edward C. Conlin.

So far as the players are concerned, there need be little fear for the traditions of the game. The last few weeks have witnessed several admirable exhibitions of sportsmanship on the part of American tennis stars.

At Southampton last Friday Willis Davis was willing to resign a victory over one of the greatest players of the world by serving a deliberate double fault at a crucial moment because he realized that the decision of a linesman had been wrong.

Similarly, at Longwood, in the challenge match for the national doubles championship, attention was called to an error in umpiring which would have been of distinct value to the American team. And the point was replayed, with the resulting loss of the set and match. Later another slip in the umpire's chair was promptly corrected, again in favor of the visitors. Moreover, when in the early stages of this important contest, one of the American players was temporarily incapacitated by an accident, no appeal was made for a period of rest, either by himself or by his partner. And the fact that he went right on playing as best he could unquestionably had much to do with the ultimate loss of the American championship.

If the spectators at tennis matches can be trained to the point of view of the players themselves, the traditions and etiqutte of the game will never be seriously endangered.

⁂

The Outlook for Steeplechasing.

It is generally admitted that cross country racing on the Eastern tracks this season has been a dismal disappointment to the promoters of the sport as well as to the patrons. This has been due to the very limited number of fencers, with the consequent lack of real competition. But it is pleasing to know that there are bright prospects for this branch of the sport. According to Frank J. Bryan, Secretary of the Hunts Committee of the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association, there will be a big boom next year, for already more than 150 horses are being schooled for the jumps to replenish the stables which were permitted to run down during the period of the war.

Cross country racing is undoubtedly the most picturesque part of the turf sport and, when properly conducted, with large fields of entries, has an extensive following. Its decline was traceable directly to the war, which took into the service a majority of the men who had fostered this form of racing. Such men as Paul D. Cravath, James Park, Richard Mortimer and Norman Prince, among numerous others, went into the service and accordingly neglected their racing interests. Those who kept some of their horses in training reduced their stables.

To make the situation worse, little encouragement has been offered to steeplechase racing by the various associations since the beginning of the war. The purses have never been large enough to attract men of modest means, so that the jumping events depended entirely upon the men who went into cross country racing for the sport alone.

Since the opening of the Saratoga meeting the steeplechase events have been almost a joke, and this despite the fact that Saratoga has one of the most beautiful cross country courses in the country. But at the present time there are not more than fifty jumpers in training and of these many have been withdrawn from competition. The climax was reached Saturday, when only three starters went to the post in the Beverwyck Handicap and, of these, two were from the stable of Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark. Doublet, the other starter, fell on the first turn of the field and the event ceased to be a contest.

The most encouraging feature of the promised boom is that a number of horsemen who have previously neglected this field are now taking up steeplechasing. Moreover, there will be many new horses next season. At present, most of the jumpers have raced each other time and time again, until the handicapper finds it difficult to arrange a contest that will not be obviously one-sided.

Among the newcomers is Lawrence Waterbury, who is gathering a string of high class horses for both flat and cross country racing. One of his fencers next season will be Ticket which he recently purchased from James Butler. Quite a number of other racers which perform well on the flat will be schooled for the jumps. Ral Parr, one of the enthusiasts of the steeplechase game, is already [illegible] plans to increase the number of his jumpers which will be in condition to start in [illegible] next spring.

It now remains only for the racing associations to offer such purses as will encourage owners of jumpers and the cross country sport will be placed on a firm footing.

⁂

Lacrosse Is Coming Back.

Is there any game, outside of lacrosse, that is purely indigenous to America? Baseball harks back to English rounders; hockey is an adaptation; golf belongs to Scotland, and tennis and football are evolutions of games born in Europe in the ancient days of sport.

But lacrosse is native to this continent. It was a game of the original American, the Redskin. It has been developed particularly in Canada; in the United States Johns Hopkins, Harvard and a few other institutions have produced excellent teams in the past, but its greatest prosperity has been experienced in the dominions of our neighbor to the north.

Lacrosse has been played to an exceedingly unimportant extent since the war began, and even for several years previous thereto, but the indications at present are that it is destined to regain its popularity in Canada. In the years immediately preceding the war it practically expired for lack of public interest and patronage, and, while the war was on the game generally was at a standstill. The amateur players made a noble response to the call of service, and many of them paid the full price of their devotion.

Canadians are now rejoicing, however, in the prospect that the old game will make a great come-back, and it has, in fact, already, especially in and near Toronto, shown signs of prosperity that have been absent for a decade. Professional lacrosse was formerly the principal interest, but amateur games, in which many of the players are boys who saw service, are now attracting thousands of lovers of the sport. Perhaps the quality of play may not be what it was when men made a living at lacrosse, but the old sportsmanship is there, as well as the old local rivalry, which was for years a prop of what Canadians often like to call their national game.

PLAN BILLIARD TOURNEYS.

Chief Interest Now Is in October Pocket Billiard Event.

At a meeting of the American Amateur Billiard Association to be held at the Claridge Hotel early next month plans will be perfected for holding a series of billiard, pocket billiard, and three-cushion tournaments similar to those staged under the auspices of the association last season. As a matter of fact the meeting will be merely for the formal ratification of the plans which have already been laid.

It has been arranged to stage the Class D straight rail tournament in October, the Class C balkline in November, the Class B balkline in December, the Class A balkline in January, the Class A pocket billiards in January, and the Class A three-cushion tournament in February.

U. S. TEAM TIES IN SOCCER.

Bethlehem Players and Swedish Team Each Score One Goal.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 24, (Associated Press.)—The Bethlehem Steel soccer football team today played a tie game with a combined team from Norrkoping. Each team scored one goal.

Baldwin to Coach Maine.

ORONO, Me., Aug. 24.—James Baldwin of South Dennis, Mass., former Dartmouth player, has been engaged as football coach at the University of Maine, it was announced today.

RACE AROUND COAST OF STATEN ISLAND

Natalie II. and Mary James Win on Corrected Time in Jamaica Bay Y. R. A. Fixture.

Corrected time played an important part in the annual Round Staten Island Race of the Yacht Racing Association of Jamaica Bay yesterday. Both classes that filled were won by yachts that had liberal handicaps. These allowances were figured on the past performances of the craft, and each boat had to cover the course within 5 per cent. of her past performance time.

The winner in Class B of cruisers, the more important division to fill, proved to be Natalie II, the property of A. Nelson, Jr. The craft was the fifth across the finish line. On corrected time, Natalie II covered the 39⅝ nautical mile course in 4:42:26. The actual time of the craft was 5:28:27. It is interesting to note that had Natalie II taken 40 seconds less to cover the course, she would have been disqualified for exceeding her entered speed.

William Bond's Champ was the first boat home, covering the course in 4:53:23. On corrected time she moved into fourth position. R. Geiser's Python, which finished second on actual, also took second place on corrected time. Twelve boats raced in the division.

Although Commodore L. C. Heimer's Margarette II. was the first of the Class C open power boats to finish, on corrected time the first prize went to Mary James, the property of W. H. James. She was the third boat of a field of five to finish.

The race was well managed by the regatta committee of the Tamaqua Yacht Club of Sheepshead Bay. It was made up of A. Lee, Chairman; F. B. Williams, G. L. Baylies, and M. H. Tisne.

The start and the finish were off Manhattan Beach. At the starting hour a fairly strong breeze was blowing from the west, and kicked up a little sea. As long as they were on the ocean the boats had to face rough water. Champ and Renslif led the fleet practically around Staten Island. Renslif had engine trouble and had to anchor. That left Champ to finish first well ahead of the balance of the fleet.

The summary:

CRUISERS—CLASS B.

Start, 10 A. M. Course, 39⅝ Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Champ, W. Bond	2:53:23	4:53:23
Python, R. Geiser	3:09:55	5:09:55
Adalew, F. Salamon	3:22:05	5:22:05
Renslif, J. A. Flisner	3:19:04	5:19:04
Natalie II., A. Nelson, Jr.	3:28:27	5:28:27
Blue Bird, D. C. Childs	3:29:13	5:29:13
Minnie B, Dr. Barton	3:57:56	5:57:56
Jenn, C. Behr	4:38:50	6:38:50
Siren, A. W. Kreuger	4:45:56	6:45:56
Flirt, C. Andrews	5:01:16	7:01:16
Nerled, F. Farrington	5:24:04	7:24:04
Catherine, R. Chandler	5:26:17	7:26:17

Corrected time on Natalie II., 4:42:26; Python, 4:47:06; Blue Bird, 4:48:12; Champ, 4:51:24; Minnie B., 4:55:03; Adalew, 5:05:54; Jenn, 5:09:54; Siren, 5:15:50; Renslif, 5:19:04; Nerled, 6:23:56; Flirt and Catherine raced, unrated.

OPEN POWER BOATS—CLASS C.

Start, 10 A. M. Course, 39⅝ Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Margarette II., L. C. Heimer	5:04:45	7:04:45
Smarty, II., L. Golly	5:16:50	7:16:50
Mary James, W. H. James	5:26:28	7:26:28
Elsie B, E. W. Burkhart	Not Timed.	
May, L. Smith	Not Timed.	

Corrected time on Mary James, 5:39:57; Smarty, II., 6:04:12; Margarette, II., 6:26:28.

ARIA CROSSES LINE FIRST

In Close Finish in Star Class Race On Little Neck Bay.

The yachts of the Star class competing in the tenth of a series of twelve races for the championship of three Long Island Sound yacht clubs, the Bayside, Manhasset Bay and Port Washington, yesterday shifted the scene from Manhasset Bay, where the last two races were held, to the course of the Bayside Club on Little Neck Bay.

Flying the colors of the home club, George Abbott in the Aria in Class A, crossed the finish line 24 seconds ahead of another Bayside entry, Donald Cowl, in the Tara. Only two seconds behind the latter was another yacht of the local club, the Maia, owned and sailed by Benjamin L. Linkfield. It was the first time this season that yachts of the Bayside Club finished one, two, three in one of these races.

A fresh westerly breeze was blowing when the yachts were given the starting signal. The fleet included seven yachts of Class A and ten in Class B. The finish between the Aria, Tara, Maia, the Snapper, owned and sailed by A. Iselin, 2d, and the champion Altair, sailed by the owner, E. V. Willis, was spectacular. Only one minute and 32 seconds separated the five yachts.

F. W. Teves, sailing the Neptune, won in Class B over Gordon Corry in the Aquilla, by a margin of 50 seconds. G. A. Duerr, in the Dione, was third.

The remaining two races of the series will be sailed on Manhasset Bay, one over the course of the Port Washington Yacht Club and the other over the course of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club.

The summary:

INTERCLUB CHAMPIONSHIP RACE—STAR CLASS—CLASS A.

Start, 3:15. Course, 6 miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Aria, George Abbott	4:36:42	1:21:42
Tara, D. Cowl	4:37:06	1:22:06
Maia, B. L. Linkfield	4:37:08	1:22:08
Snapper, A. Iselin, 2d	4:37:30	1:22:30
Altair, E. V. Willis	4:38:14	1:23:14
Taurus, W. L. Inslee	4:39:33	1:24:33
Little Dipper, G. A. Corry	4:41:08	1:26:08

STAR CLASS—CLASS B.

Start, 3:25. Course, 6 miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Neptune, F. W. Teves	4:29:09	1:24:09
Aquilla, Gordon Curry	4:49:59	1:24:59
Dione, G. A. Duerr	4:52:24	1:27:24
Big Dipper, J. R. Robinson	4:52:53	1:27:53
Banshee, M. Egerton	4:53:08	1:28:08
Starlight, A. Nesbett	4:54:50	1:29:50
Orion, F. K. Thayer	4:54:59	1:29:59
Cynosure, H. P. Kingsbury	4:56:20	1:31:20
Southern Cross, A. Knapp, Jr.	4:57:35	1:32:35
Draco, G. A. Schieren	Did not finish	

YACHT RACES ARE CLOSE.

Rani and Hiuheehee Win by Seconds at Greenwich.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 24.—Exceptionally exciting and close were the races today among the Arrow and Indian Harbor One-design Class. There was a westerly wind, light and variable, when the yachts started over the five-mile course. In the Arrow Class, the Snapper, Jack o' Lantern, and Windward Second were not more than a foot apart at the finish line. Clifford Mallory's Rani, sailed by E. Burton Hart, won the race in this class, with A. G. Hanan's Comrade a close second. The latter yacht was sailed by J. R. Johnson and Judge G. F. Sims. John R. Johnson's Hiuheehee beat H. A. Sturgis's June Bug in the Indian Harbor One-design Class by ten seconds.

The summary:

ARROW CLASS.

Start, 11:30 A. M.

	Finish.
Rani, Clifford Mallory	12:42:45
Comrade, A. G. Hanan	12:43:03
Snapper, F. S. Page	12:44:[illegible]
Jack o'Lantern, L. H. Dyer	12:44:00
Windward II., R. E. Monks	12:44:03
Hawk, Ralph E. Staven	12:44:55
Bubble, Robinson Leach	12:46:45

INDIAN HARBOR ONE-DESIGN CLASS.

Start, 11:35 A. M.

	Finish.
Hiuheehee, John R. Johnson	12:55:00
June Bug, H. A. Sturgis	12:55:10
Uses, J. Rynders	12:55:30
Salome, H. N. Whittlesey	12:55:45
Wabesi, Richard Outwater	12:55:55

LE CYGNE WINS YACHT RACE

Takes Harlem Y. C. Event on East Chester Bay by Actual Time.

Members of the Harlem Yacht Club held their third club race of the season on East Chester Bay yesterday. The wind was light and from the west. The yachts were sent around a course made up of a beat, a run and a close reach home. In the handicap class, the winner on both actual and corrected time was Le Cygne, the property of W. Walters. In the Kitten Class, Rob Goeller's Wild Cat was the first yacht home.

The summary:

HANDICAP CLASS.

Start—12:25. Course—13 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Le Cygne, W. Walters	1:41:33	1:16:33
Manhaska, F. J. Robinson	1:49:22	1:24:24
Uncas, L. Hawthorne	1:48:46	1:23:46
Victory, H. Glover	Disabled.	

Corrected time—On Le Cygne, 1:16:33; Manhaska, 1:16:43; Uncas, 1:16:32.

KITTEN CLASS.

Start—12:30. Course—6½ Miles.

Wild Cat, R. Goeller	1:20:20	50:20
Kitten No. 1, T. W. Dunham	1:24:35	54:35

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GRACE SEES SERIOUS SHIPPING CONDITIONS

Alleviation of Situation Abroad an Immediate Necessity to Restore Trade to Normal.

OPPORTUNITY FOR AMERICA

Benjamin Stern Says Government Red Tape Hampers Business—Prominent Arrivals on the Baltic.

After stopping at Halifax to discharge more than 2,000 passengers, most of them Canadian soldiers, the White Star liner Baltic docked here yesterday with many notables among the 415 passengers on board. The steamer carried 1,753 bags of mail from the other side.

W. R. Grace, head of the firm of W. R. Grace & Co., accompanied by Mrs. Grace, returned from a five months' business tour of England, France, and Italy. He described shipping conditions abroad as serious, and said that alleviation of this situation was an immediate necessity to restore trade to normal.

"I do not believe that any one here realizes the serious situation of shipping in the countries I visited," Mr. Grace said. "In England there is no indication that an approach to normal conditions has been begun and although some building is going on, there is an unrest of labor affecting the country, and I cannot see an immediate change for the better.

"Tonnage cannot either be bought or chartered abroad, and, generally speaking, the shipping is still in the hands of the Government, which controls all movements of vessels. To me it looks as if the United States, with its building program rapidly going ahead, would soon be a dominating figure in the world's shipping."

Mr. Grace said that it was gratifying to him that the ships of his firm's New York-South American lines were being returned by the Government. He said the company expected to have its lines running normally in the very near future.

The volume of business abroad would be much larger for American firms, if they were not tied down by the interminable red tape of the American Government, said Benjamin Stern of the dry goods store of Stern Brothers, another passenger.

"It begins with the passport when you sail away and ends with the ridiculous immigration and customs regulations when you return," he said. "There is plenty of business abroad to be had by Americans, but they don't seem to get much help from their own Government in facilitating their work."

Mayor A. D. Bulck of Hamilton, S. S. Spurling, and Y. P. Hand, members of the Bermuda Trade Development Board, said they had been in Europe trying to obtain ships to be used for passenger service between New York and Bermuda. They said they had completed negotiations with Furness, Withy & Co., owners of the Bermudian to put the steamer in operation soon between the two places.

F. C. Cramer of San Francisco, chief counsel for the Royal Dutch Shell Oil Company, also on the Baltic, said he had made a hasty trip abroad to investigate a report to the effect that the British interests were endeavoring to get control of the company and its oil wells in Java. The importance of the rumor lay in the fact, he said, that the Royal Dutch Shell Oil Company was the chief rival on the other side of the Standard Oil Company. He said he found the rumor was untrue.

Another arrival was E. Manifold Raeburn, newly appointed Director General in this country to the British Ministry of Shipping. He succeeds to the place formerly occupied by Sir Ashley Sparks, present head here of the Cunard Line. Mr. Raeburn was accompanied by fifteen members of his staff.

Francis Powell, Vice President of the Anglo-American Oil Company, came on the steamer in the interests of the English Speaking Union, of which he is Vice President in Great Britain. Concerning the union, he said:

"It is rapidly gaining membership in seven English speaking countries, and the movement tends to bring these peoples closer together. The union, I am confident, will advance the aims of the English speaking nations."

Other arrivals on the Baltic were Alf Hayman, the theatrical producer; Miss Anne Murdock, Joseph I. Sherwood, inventor of a system of longitudinal framing of ships, and Mrs. Harsen Rhoades of 162 East Thirty-fifth Street, who has been abroad as a Red Cross worker since 1916.

URGES WAR ON BOLSHEVISM.

Speaker Tells Catholic Young Men's Union to Teach Americanism.

At the closing session yesterday afternoon of the forty-fifth annual convention of the Catholic Young Men's National Union, Archbishop Hayes was re-elected Spiritual Director; Michael J. Slattery of Philadelphia was re-elected President, and T. J. Thornton of Philadelphia was elected Secretary and Treasurer. Edward R. Reagan of Newark, N. J., was elected First Vice President, and Charles L. Ewart of Providence, R. I., was elected Second Vice President.

Dr. Joseph H. Wade, District Superintendent of Schools in the Bronx, urged the delegates in their educational work to teach American citizenship, in order to counteract the Bolshevist tendencies of the time. There are places in New York City, he asserted, where young men and women are being taught Bolshevism, and not always by foreigners.

Resolutions dealing with the high cost of living were adopted, which read: "The chaotic economic conditions existing today throughout the country must manifestly result in continued unrest and discontent among the people. We place ourselves unequivocally on record as demanding immediate readjustment of these conditions and insist upon taking punitive measures against those who seek unconscionable gain from the control and distribution of the very necessaries of life."

Resolutions were adopted favoring Irish independence and giving to the "young men of Ireland our assurance of a full knowledge of their aims and of our sympathies with their ideals." It was asserted that, "If Ireland, the only white nation in the world now held in slavery, shall be compelled to continue in subjection to foreign and despotic domination, the war just concluded must be justly characterized in history as a war for the continuation of force."

SERVICE CLUB TO CLOSE.

First Organization of Its Kind in the United States.

The Soldiers, Sailors and Marines Club of the National League for Women's Service, which was the first club in the United States for service men, will close its doors tonight after the regular program is concluded, it was announced yesterday. Although there will be no festivities to mark the closing of the club, besides the Monday night dancing class, many of the women of the league who have been interested in the club, will be present.

Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim was the chairman of the club and some of those who have served as hostesses or danced with the men were Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. J. Frentice Kellogg, Mrs. George Etheridge, Mrs. Nelson H. Henry, Mrs. Henry G. Gennert, Mrs. Alexander Trowbridge, Miss Grace Henry, Miss Marjorie Curtis, Miss Mary Schieffelin, Mrs. Albert Spalding and Mrs. Donn Barber.

TO GET EUROPE'S STUDENTS

Eliot Wadsworth Sees Larger Tasks Ahead for Our Universities.

Eliot Wadsworth, who is joint Chairman with Thomas W. Lamont of the Harvard Endowment Fund, which is now seeking to raise $11,000,000 for the university, declared yesterday that America's universities must face the task of supplying educated men with whom Europe is to achieve its progress during the next two decades. For generations it has been the habit to send American students abroad to finish their courses, but the war, he said, had changed that, and Europe must send her students to seats of learning here.

"I wish every one could carry in his mind a picture of the destruction that has been wrought in Europe by the war," Mr. Wadsworth said. "By destruction, I mean not only the ruining of houses, factories, schools, and libraries, but the wiping out of the broader and more fundamental fabric which makes civilization.

"The United States, as well as the whole world, has benefited in endless ways from the product of European educational institutions. No one can foretell how soon these European institutions will recover from the destruction which has taken place. For five years they have been closed up, at a standstill. Thousands of brilliant young men are dead, who might have been the leaders and teachers of tomorrow. One of the colleges at Oxford, with a usual registration of about 150 students, has an Honor Roll of 273, the men who died for their country. Harvard, with a registration in 1915-16 of 5,200, lost 338 men in the war. This void, this blank space, will not be closed at once. It is general throughout the Old World.

"America's duty is clear. We are in a position never before occupied by any nation in the world. With this unique position there must come extraordinary responsibilities. One, perhaps the greatest, is 'to carry on the torch of learning.'"

Mr. Wadsworth said that for America to properly carry out her duty she must provide better for her college professors, whose salaries have not risen with the general increase of the cost of living. Harvard wanted to pay her professors adequately and to attract the world's leading teachers to her staff, he continued, and it was for this reason that every effort was being made to give the university an endowment of proportionate size.

FIND HESSIAN WAR HUTS.

Relics of the Revolution Unearthed Near Upper West Broadway.

Reginald Pelham Bolton and William L. Calver, members of the New York Historical Society, discovered the lower walls, floors and foundations of two war huts yesterday afternoon in a large vacant plot of land on the west side of Broadway, between 169th and 170th Streets, which were evidently constructed and occupied by some unit of the Hessian invaders during the war for American Independence. The huts were found at a point about 140 feet from the westerly Broadway curb, situated a block from the rear of the Twenty-second Regiment Armory.

A theatre is to be erected here, and when the foreman of the diggers, who were doing the excavating for the foundation was told on Saturday of the finding of the supposed Revolutionary relics, he notified Mr. Bolton, and the latter, with Mr. Calver and several workmen, began digging and hunting over the ground. The huts, twelve feet square, were situated thirty-three feet apart. The parts of the walls remaining are of brick, with thick wood floors and fireplaces of brick and stone.

"There are probably forty or fifty more of similar huts in the field," said Mr. Bolton. "We found also several buttons from uniforms of officers, one of a private's uniform, together with an axe-head and a Hessian bullet. The history of the location shows that it was marked on the ancient maps of the district as 'the eleventh milestone.' History also indicates that the group of huts was known as "Camp General Bondonop.' This officer was not at this particular camp in all probability, as it was a small one, but it bore his name."

Mr. Bolton thought that this site of the war huts had never been built upon, or, if it had, the buildings must have been temporary wooden structures, all traces of which have disappeared. Parts of the floors of the huts were in a good state of preservation. A large section of the Washington Heights district was the camping ground of the Hessians at one period. In 1912 Mr. Bolton found several similar huts and a quantity of bone buttons, used on the underwear of Hessian soldiers.

VIRGINIA VOTERS PRAISED.

Anti-Prohibitions Association Comments on Recent Election.

The Association Opposed to National Prohibitions, at 19 West Forty-fourth Street, issued this statement yesterday:

"Elections held since nation-wide prohibition supposedly took effect have given indisputable proof of the revulsion of public feeling against the tyrannous sway of professional reformers wherever they have gained control. Nothing could be more gratifying to the lovers of American institutions, of constitutional liberty, of popular government by a free and fair election than the returning sense of liberality and public spirit on the part of the rural voters of Virginia.

"The primary elections held in that State on Aug. 5 for the selection of State Senators and Representatives in the Legislature brought the first public expression at the polls concerning the issue of prohibition since July 1. The issue in these primaries was not so much the straight-out question of 'wet' or 'dry' as it was whether the Anti-Saloon League's methods of enforcement are to be longer endured by the people of the Old Dominion, and the answer has been an overwhelming repudiation of prohibition as it now stands in Virginia."

The statement concludes with a review of the political aspects of the primary contests and the issue involved, and the reports of various Virginia newspapers on the results of the elections throughout the State.

VETERANS SEEK EDUCATION.

Soldiers Eagerly Apply for Knights of Columbus Scholarships.

More than 100 applications had been received, within an hour after the announcement had been made that the Knights of Columbus Committee on War Activities had offered 100 scholarships to American veterans of the war, it was stated yesterday. The scholarships provide for attendance at forty-one universities, colleges, and technical schools of the country. The announcement made yesterday by the order, states:

"The Knights of Columbus Committee, in order to clear up misunderstandings regarding the scholarships stated that they were solely for American veterans of the great war; that they were open to all veterans regardless of religious beliefs; that fifty of the scholarships were in agricultural, technical, and scientific courses, including mining and foreign service, and that fifty were in academic college courses; that board and lodging, tuition and books for the complete course would be provided for each successful applicant.

"All applications for these service men's scholarships must be made on or before Sept. 1, to the Supreme Secretary, Knights of Columbus, New Haven, Conn."

Sacrament School Ready for Use.

Mgr. Guinan, rector of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and Seventy-first Street, announced yesterday the completion of the parochial school, which will accommodate 800 pupils. The building cost $200,000, and is ready for the opening of the Fall term. Sisters of Charity are to have charge, with Sister Xavier Mary, formerly of St. Agnes School as principal. The new school is part of a group of buildings in French Gothic, costing $500,000, which is taking the place of long, low frame buildings long used by the parish.

JAPAN ASKED PEACE THROUGH ROOSEVELT

His Correspondence Shows He Undertook Mediation in Russian War at Her Request.

OVERPRAISE AMUSED HIM

If His Efforts Had Failed, He Wrote His Daughter, He Would Have Been Condemned by Public.

Extracts from the correspondence of Theodore Roosevelt, to be published in the September issue of Scribner's Magazine, reveal that he undertook mediation in the Russo-Japanese war upon the direct request of Japan. The compiling of extracts from more than 150,000 letters of the twenty-sixth President has been done by his friend, Joseph Bucklin Bishop, who has sifted out for his first article all the letters relating to the peace negotiations at Portsmouth.

This request from Japan for mediation was cabled to Takahira in Washington four days after the Japanese naval victory over the Russians in the Japan Sea on May 27, 1905. In the negotiations that followed the President was without the advice of many of his Cabinet members. John Hay, Secretary of State, was ill; Secretary of War Taft was in the Philippines, and Elihu Root had resigned his post.

"I was amused by the way in which they (the Japanese) asked me to invite the two belligerents together directly on my own motion and initiative," he wrote. "It reminded me of the request for contributions sent by campaign committees to office holders, wherein they are asked to make a 'voluntary contribution of 10 per cent. of their salary.' It showed a certain naïveté on the part of the Japanese."

In other letters, some of them to John Hay, he wrote of the unsatisfactory attitude of the Russian Government. Some of the extracts from these letters are:

"The Russian Ambassador announces to me officially the Government is bent on war, but that privately he would welcome peace. * * * Did you ever know anything more pitiable than the condition of the Russian despotism in this year of grace? The Czar is a preposterous little creature, as the absolute autocrat of 150,000,000 people. He has been unable to make war, and he is now unable to make peace."

Telling of his troubles in the negotiations, President Roosevelt wrote:

"What I cannot understand about the Russian is the way he will lie when he knows perfectly well that you know he is lying."

Mr. Bishop writes that when difficulties were encountered the President would appeal to England to use its good offices with Japan, and to Germany to attempt to influence the Czar. Cablegrams also were sent every day to the Czar and Mikado. The uncertainty of the negotiations throughout is revealed by "confidential messages" sent to the President by the Japanese envoys on the night before the agreement was reached, expressing the belief that it would be hopeless to continue.

Roosevelt, in referring to the Kaiser in one letter, said:

"The Kaiser has had another fit, and is now convinced that France is trying to engineer a congress of the nations, in which Germany will be left out. What a jumpy creature he is, anyhow."

After King Edward and diplomats of all nations had praised him for the success of the peace negotiations, he wrote this letter to Mrs. Longworth:

"It is enough to give any one a sense of sardonic amusement to see the way in which the people generally, not only in my own country, but elsewhere, gauge the work purely by the fact that it succeeded. If I had not brought about peace I should have been laughed at and condemned. Now I am overpraised. I am credited with being extremely long-headed, &c. As a matter of fact, I took the position I finally did not of my own volition, but because events so shaped themselves that I would have felt as if I was flinching from a plain duty if I had acted otherwise."

TO MARK CONSTITUTION DAY

Security League Announces Nation-Wide Celebration on Sept. 17.

The National Security League announced yesterday the receipt of many communications from State Superintendents of Education saying that the school children in their States would observe "Constitution Day" on Sept. 17, the day on which the campaign by the Security League against un-American radical doctrine is supposed to reach its climax. The announcement says that representatives of forty-one States have promised participation in the exercises that will mark the anniversary of the American Constitution.

Representatives of the following organizations constitute the Constitutional Celebration Organization Committee, which is directing the promotion of the campaign: National Association for Constitutional Government, Sons of the American Revolution, Daughters of the American Revolution, American Rights League, American Defense Society, and the Boy Scouts of America. Others on the committees are Governor William L. Harding of Iowa, Charles J. Bonaparte, John M. Parker, James M. Beck, Edgar A. Bancroft, Dr. W. W. Willoughby and William Roscoe Thayer. An honorary committee consists of the Governors of twenty-two States and the Mayors of more than 100 large cities.

TO HOLD DEATH INQUIRY.

Relatives Assert Hospital Physicians Refused to Move Dying Woman.

The Medical Examiner's office began an investigation last night into the circumstances of the death of Mrs. Lena Phillips of 411 East Ninetieth Street, after the charge had been made by relatives that ambulances from Bellevue and Reception Hospitals refused to take her to those institutions for treatment. The relatives said they had sent calls for ambulances, but that the physicians refused to move the patient.

Physicians from Bellevue Hospital advised the relatives not to have the patient moved because of her weakened condition, and suggested that physicians be called from Reception Hospital. Physicians who responded from Reception Hospital said that the relatives refused to have the patient taken to that institution because they thought that she might be sent to some institution on Blackwell's Island. When the Reception Hospital physicians called a second time they found other physicians in attendance, and the patient died while they were there.

The diagnosis of the Medical Examiner was that the woman had died from narcomania, or the effects of an uncontrollable desire for narcotics.

Big Consumption of Tea.

Even in the years when alcohol in various forms could be obtained for beverage purposes, there were other drinks consumed in this great country of ours. Tea, for instance, and tea in quantities that positively stagger the imagination; for the report of the supervising tea examiner for the year ended June 30 shows that 113,338,535 pounds of tea were examined and 1,420,568 pounds were rejected for quality. A pound of tea makes many cups. Consider, if you can, how many cups 112,000,000 pounds would make!—Hartford Courant.

TO FORM A BLOCK CLUB.

112th Street, Between 7th and 8th Avenues, to Organize.

A new type of neighborhood club for the welfare of children residing in 112th Sreet, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, is being organized by their parents. This block is known for its large number of children. Many automobiles and vehicles pass through it daily, and parents some time ago decided to take measures to make it a better and safer playground for their young.

The idea of a community centre, however, came from the boys of the neighborhood. They appealed to I. B. Sussman, a furrier of 244 West 112th Street, and other residents to assist them in forming an organization and in getting suitable clubrooms. Mr. Sussman took a survey of the block and found it contained 425 families, 5 elevator apartment houses, 17 other types of apartment houses, and 26 private dwellings. As a result of the boys' plea residents of the block will shortly call a meeting, when it is expected a parents' organization will be formed to promote the children's interests.

Plans have already been made to acquire a dwelling in the block, which will be transformed into a boys' clubhouse. Boys between the ages of 8 and 15 will be eligible for membership. The parents are to become honorary members so that they may co-operate with the boys in the management of the club. It is planned to have reading and recreation rooms, a gymnasium, library and meeting hall, and a place, as Mr. Sussman expressed it, where the boys may hang their hats and coats, and feel that they have a headquarters.

TRADE IN THE FAR EAST.

American Business Men Failing to Develop Field, Says Expert.

Philip Norton, Chairman of the Committee on Relations with the Orient, of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce, has just returned from an extended trip through Manchuria and the Orient. He says that the great opportunities which now exist for American goods in those countries are fast being taken advantage of by other nations, and if the United States does not immediately enter that field of commerce the opportunities will be entirely lost.

"Three years from now the opportunities for Americans in the Far East will be gone," said Mr. Norton at the Rotary Club in the McAlpin Hotel yesterday. "Other countries are aware of them and are beginning to establish themselves in this field. The question is whether or not the American business man is so short sighted that he is going to enjoy the war created business of today in Europe and neglect the potential trade possibilities of the Orient. Business men here should combine to trade with Siberia, but they must decide today, for next year will be too late.

"Great Britain is excelling us in planning for the reconstruction trade in the Orient. Organizations with Government support are being formed for the purpose of meeting any need. Insurance protecting those who desire to trade with Russia has been inaugurated so that we will find well established competitors. Germany has no embargo on Soviet Russia and today is striving to take control of that distracted country. If we permit her to succeed she will become a menace, for the Germans are still unchastened."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Davison, Faxon, Stokes Co.; J. V. Wellborn, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Ottenheimer Bros.; H. Koch, house furn. goods, refrigerators; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—Eastern Skirt Co.; A. Gerber, wool, serge, poplin, plaids; Elk's Club.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; S. D. Sampson, coats, suits, dresses; 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—S. Ginsberg & Co.; S. Ginsberg, piece goods; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Strauss Bros.; S. Strauss, domestics, woolens; Commodore.
BALTIMORE—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; Miss C. H. Field, infants' wear; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; E. Goldenberg, dry goods; 1,150 B'way.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—J. Pulitzer, coats, suits; Breslin.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery & Co.; Mr. Murray, umbrellas; 25 W. 33d.
BOSTON—Shepard-Norwell Co.; C. E. Hebbard, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; Miss G. D. Hurtubise, women's suits, basement; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Silver, raincoats, Summer clothing; W. Miller, sweaters, underwear; 225 5th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum & Co.; H. A. Meldrum, Jr., representing; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—The Fair; J. Isba, ready-to-wear; T. Wise, fancy art goods; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Eiseman, Kaye Co.; M. Eiseman, leather goods; 18 W. 33d.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; K. Johnson, boys', youths' clothing; 309 6th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. O. Stevens, F. C. Sweeney, rugs, carpets; Miss O'Connell, misses' dresses; Miss A. Barclay, Mrs. S. Stapleton, millinery; D. Griffin, colored piece goods; 1,107 B'way.
CINCINNATI—Heldman Clothing Co.; J. Schild, woolens, trimmings; 817 B'way.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; Mr. Moskowitz, jobs silk, waists, jobs muslin underwear; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—The W. Taylor Son & Co.; Mr. Ansley, staple, fancy stock; Miss Weisenbaum, misses' suits; Mr. Wenthworth, house furn. goods, toys; 470 4th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; G. Doyle, women's suits, dresses, children's wash suits, millinery; Mr. Doody, men's boys', clothing, underwear; Mr. Kridel, waists, muslin underwear; Mr. Knox, gen'l mdse.; 225 5th Av.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; E. A. Kaulbach, coats, suits; 19 E. 24th.
DALLAS, Texas—Perkins D. G. Co.; W. W. Orr, furn. goods; J. R. Summers, notions; 60 Worth.
DENVER—May Co.; C. Brooks, men's furn. goods; 37 W. 26th.
DENVER—J. C. MacDonald, woolens, tailors' trimmings; Prince George.
DETROIT—Newcomb, Endicott Co.; Miss M. McCarthy, waists; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—The Emporium; R. J. Shields, men's furn. goods, women's hosiery, underwear; 116 W. 32d.
DYERSBURG, Tenn.—M. Salenfriend, house dresses, children's dresses; 1,193 Broadway.
HAVANA, Cuba—M. Nordax, cigars; 397 Canal St.
INDIANAPOLIS—Effroymson & Wolf; L. G. Wolf, notions, ribbons; 116 W. 32d.
INDIANAPOLIS—Selig D. G. Co.; S. L. Hahn, coats, suits, dresses; 1,150 B'way.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayers Co.; J. C. Weinman, dress goods, silks, trimmings; 225 5th Av.
IRONWOOD, Mich.—Leader Dept. Store; Mr. Wolpson, children's coats; 212 5th Av.
JACKSON, Tenn.—A. Tuchfeld, Mrs. A. Tuchfeld, genl. mdse.; Sherman Square.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Faris & Walker; B. Younkers, ginghams, cotton, wash goods; 116 W. 32d.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—John C. Lewis Co.; G. Ross, dry goods; 404 4th Av.; Cumberland.
MEMPHIS—John Gerber Co.; W. Moriarity, dress goods, silks, boys' clothing; 1,150 B'way.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; J. S. Kapp, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; B'way and 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Ed. Schrister Co.; W. J. Maertz, yarns, linens, art needlework; 404 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Mrs. A. Bogk, corsets; McAlpin.
MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge Co.; F. E. Leonard, domestics, blankets; 43 Leonard.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—H. J. Grimes & Co., Miss K. M. Walsh, ready-to-wear; Penn.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; A. Silverman, women's coats, suits, dresses; 1,133 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; W. Kaufmann, umbrellas; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Bull; Miss M. F. Roe, art embroideries, novelties; 1,140 B'way.
POTTSVILLE, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; G. C. Arbogast, notions, laces; 230 5th Av.; Herald Square.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—L. Adler; J. Rierstein, men's furn. goods; 1,150 B'way; Broztel.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Standecker & Co.; V. Standecker, millinery; 656 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer, Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss C. Hamm, suits, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; R. H. Haller, linings, wash goods; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Rice & Stix D. G. Co.; T. Zlock, ready-to-wear; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Eby & Walker D. G. Co.; W. J. Schmirke, coats, suits; 56 Worth.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; A. S. Harris, cloaks, suits, dresses; Miss L. Storman, waists; 470 4th Av.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; G. G. Schulze, dress goods, silks; 350 B'way.
WACO, Tex.—Sanger Bros; I. Strauss, clothing; 19 E. 24th.
WESTERLY, R. I.—P. H. Opie Co.; Miss E. Opie, waists, hosiery, underwear; Mrs. L. Tetlow, Miss Hughes, infants', children's wear; Pennsylvania.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Colvig Bros.; M. L. Colvig, notions, millinery; Breslin.
WORCESTER, Mass.—C. T. Sherer Co.; Miss T. M. Walsh, upholstery goods; 6 W. 32d.
WORCESTER, Mass.—B. Schultz & Co.; B. Schultz, piece goods; Breslin.

WILL DISCUSS PATENT EVILS

Chemical Society to Take Up Reforms at Its Annual Meeting.

The question of patent reform will be discussed by the American Chemical Society in a special symposium at the annual meeting of the society at the Hotel Bellevue-Stratford Nov. 2-6 in Philadelphia. As every large industry in the United States is under chemical control the discussion is expected to develop a concerted movement.

One of the main points of discussion will centre about a paper to be read by Dr. Bernard C. Hesse, in which he will advocate the collection of an annual fee from all inventors. If the holder of a patent is actually making use of his rights the nominal fee would not embarrass him in any way, but if he is merely holding papers for the purpose of blocking others and collecting a tribute he would be less likely to take out patents which he did not intend to work.

In a recent address Mr. Thomas Ewing, for many years United States Commissioner of Patents, drew attention to the need of a complete reorganization of the Patent Office.

"Congress," he said, "allows $3,000 a year for the Patent Office to keep up with all the technical literature of all the arts. It ought to be $50,000, and it ought to be whatever is necessary beyond that, and yet it was absolutely impossible for me to get one dollar beyond the $3,000 a year while I was there. There was a separate set of German patents, 200,000 in number, which we wished to bind by classes according to German classification, so that searches might be made through them by the public, who are interested. It took me three years to get an appropriation of $20,000 to bind them, and during that whole time they were tied in bundles, because we did not dare open the bundles for fear numbers would be lost."

The advocates of reform believe that the Patent Office, which is now of the Interior Department, should be changed to an independent bureau, so it could get the necessary assistance from Congress to have all the equipment necessary for making its judgments certain and trustworthy. They declare that such action would save every year in the relief of business from the uncertainty of wrongly granted patents millions of dollars over all that it would cost.

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Office: Woolworth Building, Phone Barclay 481.
Salesroom: 68 West 45th Street, " Vanderbilt 2524.

TO REACH PLANT—We have arranged for our boat to leave foot of West 95th St., New York City, on exhibition and sales days, starting at 7:30 A. M. each day and will leave every half hour.

FROM WEST 42D ST. OR CORTLANDT ST.—West Shore Ferry, take Grantwood car to Hudson Heights, walk east or take West New York Ferry at West 42d St. and walk north to plant.

Or 130th St. (Fort Lee Ferry) and take car to Hudson Heights.

We advise all prospective buyers to travel by way of our boat.

Permits issued on dock. No admission without permits.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY, Auctioneers
1519-21 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE

By Order of the United States Army, Ordnance Department, Philadelphia District
ABOUT 400,000 WOODEN AND METAL-LINED PACKING BOXES; ALSO FRAME STORE HOUSE
Which the United States Army has declared as Surplus
AND ORDERED SOLD AT PUBLIC SALE
TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1919, at 12 M.,
in our second floor salesroom, 1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The sale comprises about 400,000 Wooden and Metal-Lined Packing Boxes of various dimensions, the property of the United States Government, which are stored at the plants of the du Pont de Nemours Co. at Parlin, N. J., and Carneys Point, N. J., the American Metal Products Co., Paulsboro, N. J., Victor Box Co., Quakertown, Pa., Artillery Fuse Co., Wilmington, Del., Milton Manufacturing Co., Milton, Pa., Eddystone Munitions Co., Eddystone, Pa., T. B. Rice & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., Stanley G. Flagg & Co., Stowe, Pa., Watson Manufacturing Co., Lancaster Pa., Bethlehem Steel Co., Redington, Pa.

Also frame building, 100x160 feet, at Redington, Pa., in which a number of the boxes are now stored.

The boxes are of yellow and white pine, plain, tin or zinc lined. They are all new and in excellent condition, having been designed and made for the Ordnance Department for overseas shipment of munitions.

Samples may be examined on and after August 15, 1919, in our second floor salesroom, 1519-21 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Catalogues with full description of the boxes, material, size, number and location, also terms of sale, etc., mailed upon application to the Auctioneers.

PACKARD TOURING CAR, TIRES IN EXcellent condition. Lozier touring car, 1917; mechanically perfect, newly painted; tires in first-class condition. Auction to be conducted at 12 o'clock Monday, August 25, 1919. Other entries received up to day of sale. Automobile Department, CHARLES SHONGOOD, 539 Broadway, Telephone Spring 4563. PAUL BREW, Manager.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures.
Van Praag & Co. 537 Broadway. Spring 3342.

BURLING & DOLE, Auctioneers.
Woolens, dry goods, general merchandise.
599 and 601 Broadway. Phone Spring 9044.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BEAVER CLOTH Wanted.—Open for Chase's broad size beaver No. 2. Phone Gramercy 3389.

BELTINGS Wanted.—Mercerized, 2½ inches, white, open for big quantity. 134 West 37th St., 7th floor. Greeley 2810.

BELTING Wanted.—1¾ and 2¼ inches, in fancy patterns. Madison Square 4620; Extension 18.

BOLIVIAS Wanted.—Eick's brown, taupe, and reindeer. Farragut 9805.

BROADCLOTH Wanted. — Will exchange taupe, plum, burgundy, and black for brown, beaver, and navy. Chelsea 9653.

BROADCLOTH SILVERTONES Wanted.—110, 112, Brown, Deerhorn, Milliken, Pekin, and Reindeer. Bernstein, Farr. 616.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or F. & H.; quantity for cash. N. W. Levine & Co., 45 West 25th St. Farragut 4072.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—F. & H. or botany 315, all colors. D. M. Jonas, Madison Square 6985.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Will exchange 110 reindeer or green for navy. Chelsea 4814.

BROCADED SATIN Wanted.—Any quantity, for cash. Princely Skirt Co., 1,123 B'way.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits, Coats wanted, left from the Spring, for spot cash. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

CHARMEUSE Wanted.—Will exchange navy for black or brown. Madison Square 684.

CHEVIOTS Wanted.—Heavyweight cotton warp; burgundy, green, brown. I. Finkelstein, 30 West 33d St. Madison Square 2844.

COATEES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on pile fabric coatees. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive coat jobber placing quantity on popular-priced plush and cloth coats. Call with samples, 29 West 35th St., first floor.

COATS, Suits, and Dresses wanted; 34th St. ready-to-wear shop. Nemerov, Inc., I. H. Kopf, Buyer, 13 West 30th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles ladies' and misses' Fall coats. 45 West 27th St., 5th Floor.

COATS Wanted.—Must be high class; $40 and up; will place stock orders. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on ladies' and misses' coats. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—500 plush coats, plain and fur trimmings. 6 West 18th, 10th floor. 4597 Chelsea.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—Jobs only, from 1 to 1,000. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted. — Amoskeag pink chambray, 26c.; Amoskeag corded gingham check, 26½c.; Amoskeag gingham plaid, 28½c.; harvest nainsooks, 16½c. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gram. 4814.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—All kinds, plain and fancy, for cash; quantity no object. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—White cambrics. Buyers Co-Operative Association, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 8636.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—All shades; 50 and 54 inches. Gramercy 806.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—3-thread; all colors; reasonable; spot cash. Madison Square 2152.

CREPE METEOR Wanted. — Taupe and brown, 40 inches wide. Rashkind & Soloff, 22 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on tricolettes, tricotines, serges, satin, velveteen, and party dresses of snappy style; come with samples all week. 11th floor, 25 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on serges, tricotines, satins, and velvet; call before 12. Crown Costume Co., 43 West 24th St.

DRESSES, Suits, Winter Coats, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted. — Better grade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing large orders on high grade satin, tricotine, and jersey. Ask Mr. Klein, 51 West 24th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders on new style velveteen, serge, tricotine, and jersey dresses. Call all week, 11th floor, 54 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serge, satin, tricolette, tricotine; open for any quantity for cash. Madison Square 6950.

DRESSES Wanted.—High-class well-made georgette tricolette and silk Duvetyn. Call with samples all week. S. Wolf, 42 E. 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you left in ginghams, voilles to close out? 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on tricotines, tricolettes, paulettes and satins. Call before 12, 15 West 30th, 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing stock orders on popular priced party dresses. M. Simon, 234 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on high-class tailored dresses. 1,170 Broadway, Room 508.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large orders on serge and satins; call all week. 279 5th Av., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on satins, velveteens, and tricotine. 6 West 32d St., 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Tricolettes and satin; immediate orders given. 32 East 31st St., 8th floor.

DRESSES, Suits, Capes, Coats Wanted.—Highest grade; cash. Telephone Canal 1128.

FLANNEL Wanted, or similar, large, light and dark gray, tan, brown, navy, green, &c.; also flannelette. Spring 8849.

FOULARDS Wanted.—Open for quantity. Shapero, Lewis & Co., 150 Madison Av.

FRENCH SERGE, Tricotines, Silvertones, and Cotton Back Satins Wanted.—At reasonable prices. B. Hyman & Shevell Co., 715 Broadway.

FURS Wanted.—Muffloum collars. 137 West 27th. 1st floor.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Can use a quantity of white gabardines; also in sateens; submit swatches. I. Doischman Garment Co., 103 West 34th.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—All colors in the gray or finished; good quality; open for quantity. R 17 Times.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—All colors, cheap, cash. Nat Lebenson, 9 West 20th. Chelsea 6511.

GEORGINE Wanted.—Large quantity, all shades. Reliable Waist Co., 65 West Houston St.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Amoskeag and better grades; small or large quantities; spot cash. Gramercy 1337.

HOLMES Wanted.—2205 polo and silvertone coating. Louis Baumen, 12 East 32d.

JERSEY SILK Wanted.—10,000 yards flesh, for underwear. H. Lubaud, 135 West 29th.

KERAMI Wanted.—Gray and black. Spring 9181.

KERSEY Wanted.—Will pay cash for 110, black and taupe. Madison Square 3935.

KERSEY Wanted.—Juilliard's 2002 and 110, black. Knobel-Bloom, 145 West 30th.

LININGS Wanted.—Will exchange Ironwear and Monarch taupe Venetian for blacks. Philip Klein & Bro., 11 West 32d St. Madison Square 3198.

LUSTONE Wanted.—American 15045, colors 303, 307, 314, 317. A. & S. Oppenheimer, 158 West 25th St.

MALINES Wanted.—All colors, all qualities, millinery use. Sandler, 21 West 45th.

MISSES' COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at snappy styles. Call 236 5th Av., 7th floor.

PANAMAS Wanted.—228, BPNL, SPA, or similar, for cash. Call Farragut 3245.

PANAMA Wanted.—B. P. & L. or similar. Jacob Lashin, Farragut 4963.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted.—All colors, cheap, cash. Nat Lebenson, 9 West 20th. Chelsea 6511.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—American Woolen Co. 16007, shades 44 and 41; 15032, shades 163 and 393; [illegible], shade 562, 112, brown; F. A. Bochman Co. frost glow, shades 1279, 1277, 1274, 1295; Cypress, 1262; Holden-Leonard Co., chameleon cord, 4652, 4672, 2692; tinseltone, 4534, 4661, 4671; Juilliard 110, brown; Prudential 327, shades 205, 212; Stevens 6109, shades 7-8. De Land 9600, shades 11, 12, 13.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Trimmings, broadcloths, velours, silvertones; lining of every description; prices must be right. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

PLUSHES Wanted.—H. & H. 200, Peerless T 10, Auffmordt 40-40; open for quantity for cash. Greeley 4376.

PLUSH SEAL Wanted. — Cash. Farragut 7384.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Hind & Harrison Baffin seal, also Behring seal. Farragut 2616.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Silk, any quality or quantity, for cash. Gramercy 4020.

PLUSH Wanted.—Cotton burgundy, for cash. I. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Open for any quality or quantity. Farragut 8883.

PLUSHES Wanted.—T10 and 4040. Madison Square 4540. Ext. 14.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Open for quantity of Peco or H. & H. Farragut 4078.

PLUSH Wanted.—Quality or quantity, for cash. Farragut 6650.

POLO Wanted.—American, 15035, in navy, brown, and reindeer; also Parker Wilder velours. J. J. Ludwig & Co., Farragut 98[illegible]

POLO Wanted.—American 15035, colors 303, 307, 313, 317. A. & S. Oppenheimer, 138 West 25th St.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—American 15035; all colors; also taupe velour. Madison Square 5523.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—Stephen's 1075 or similar. Silver & Goldstein, [illegible] West 28th.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—Stevens 1075. Knobel-Bloom, 145 West 30th.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—De Land 9600, all shades. Farragut 707.

POLO CLOTH Wanted.—American 15035 Pekin or Copen only. Greeley 4377.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for American Merz. Andrews in brown; also 11433 navy. Phone Lithauer. Madison Square 3375.

POPLIN Wanted.—American or Walworth, black and dark brown. Madison Sq. 1969.

Buyers' Wants

POPLINS Wanted.—American, Stevens, Walworth, or similar; also De Land 9600 and Stevens's 2821. Freedman, Farragut 9752.

POPLIN Wanted.—Cotton warp, navy and black; also wool black. Williamsburgh Mfg. Co., 1,133 Broadway, N. Y.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open to buy Scotia poplins at a price; black preferable. Madison Square 6863.

RUBBERIZED materials, every description wanted. Phone Gramercy 3151-5945.

SATIN, Peau de Cygnes and Taffetas Wanted.—All colors. Greenberg, 38 West 33d.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 4061, 54292, 7120, 6120, 7512, 7312, 7614, 7301, W. F. X., M. F. L., V. S. L., S. B. G. L. 104, 9, 99, 838, 235; Poplins, P. P. L. 774; mannish serges of any kind in quantities. Call Gramercy 1064.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use large quantity of serge, 54289, 7512, 7120, 11433, 104; navy and black only. Call all day, 7th floor, 1,115 Broadway. Use 25th St. elevator.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 9, 0936, 7120, 7512, and all other makes, any quantity; also Parker Wilder 551. B. A. Wechsler, 1,199 Broadway. Chelsea 984.

SERGES Wanted.—0360, 0936, 838, 235, 519, 528, 11433, 7120; also U. S. tricotines. George Hoffspiegel, 124 East 23d St. Phone Gramercy 1913.

SERGES Wanted.—Cotton warp, navy and black, 87, V.L.L., Amesbury, Hamilton, navy only. Bieber, 37 West 21st St.

SERGE Wanted.—Open to buy navy, 4061, at a price. A. Schwartz, 147 West 22d St. Chelsea 6895.

SERGES Wanted.—Quality, Whitman's 104, navy, for cash. 134 West 37th St., 7th floor. Greeley 2810.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 54289, WFX, 9, 99, 7614, 7301, MFL, VSL, 0936, 838, 235, 9058 or similar. Spring 5372.

SERGE 87's Wanted or similar serge in all colors, for spot cash. J. & S. Post, 115 West 29th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy 54292, brown, or will exchange 54289 and pay the difference. Madison Square 6863.

SERGES Wanted.—833, 235, 0936, 4632, 104, 519, 87. Gramercy 1814.

SERGES Wanted.—FRS and US 235, any quantity, for spot cash. Farragut 3340.

SERGES Wanted.—F. R. S. and U. S. 235, any quantity; spot cash. Farragut 3340.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, Dunmore 0360, 838. Wolworth's 3715. Madison Square 3388.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 528, 519, 9, 99, 41-105, 1464, 838, 235. Gramercy 4783.

SERGES Wanted.—7512, 833, 9056, 7120, 519, 11433, 87. Gramercy 4493.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity of 7614. Farragut 3452.

SERGE Wanted. W. F. F., navy, cash. Chelsea 3639.

SHARKSKINS Wanted.—S. K. U., large and small lots, all colors. Canal 9499.

SHIRTS Wanted.—Jobber is open for jobs in men's top shirts, silk fancy hose, ladies' coats and suits. Address 1009, Hotel Aberdeen.

SILKS Wanted. — Messalines, Peau de Cygnes and taffetas, solids and changeable, also wash satin white and flesh; open for large quantity for cash. Lewis, Hurwitz & Co., 136 Madison Av.

SILKS Wanted.—All kinds, plain and fancy; also shirting, poplin, Jap silk; for cash. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

SILK TAFFETA Wanted. — Black and changeable. Manhattan Petticoat, 3 West 29th St.

SILKS Wanted.—All kinds; also poplins; spot cash. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

SILKS AND VELVET REMNANTS Wanted.—Of any kind. Madison Square 3381.

SILKS Wanted.—Of any kind; spot cash. Call Madison Square 3381.

SILVERTONE Wanted. — American 15032, brown and oxford, U. S. black serge; also navy, brown, and plum suiting silvertone. 5028 Madison Square.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — 16007 in pekin, Juilliard's 110 and 2002 in all colors; also 13058 in all colors; can use quantities. Call Greeley 4618.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Heavyweight Pekin, spot cash. I. Funt, 24 West 25th St. Chelsea 9513.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—American 15032, Taupe 313, Copen 303, Reindeer 317. Farragut 2616.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Oxford; good quality; also navy. Yalama, Madison Square 8508.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Plum silvertones wanted; any mill. Madison Square 10170.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Brown, navy, reindeer, and burgundy. Madison Square 67[illegible]

SILVERTONES Wanted.—For cash, 15030, 15032, 16007. Spring 5372.

SKINNER'S Satin Remnants Wanted.—Back and brown only. Stuyvesant 4430

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobs all kinds; quantity no object; cash. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

SUEDE-LIKE CLOTH Wanted.—Seconds and ends, also cotton back satin jobs. S. Graff, 1,339 South Avers Av., Chicago.

SUEDELIKE OR LEATHERSKIN CLOTH Wanted.—Howlett and Hockmeyer; open for all colors. Leo F. Sturm, 8 West 30th.

SUEDINE Wanted.—Stevens's 4314, reindeer, brown, and taupe. Merit Co., 1,333 Broadway.

SUEDINE Wanted.—American 13058; will pay cash. Crown Cloak Co., Chelsea 5561.

SUEDINE Wanted.—American 13058 brown, shade 302; cash. Chelsea 9784.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber buying suits; lower priced. 11th floor, 145 West 30th.

TAFFETAS AND SATINS Wanted.—In evening shades, by dress manufacturer. Call Chelsea 8696.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—All colors, cheap, cash. Nat Lebenson, 9 West 20th. Chelsea 6511.

TAFFETAS Wanted. — Changeables and plains. 44 East 25th St., 6th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Open for light blue and pink. Phone Gramercy 3389.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—In evening shades. Encore Dress, 40 West 27th.

THIBETS Wanted.—Green, burgundy, brown, navy. Irving Finkelstein, 30 West 33d St. Madison Square 2844.

THIBET Wanted.—Stoneys and starking, 820 Oxford. Meyer Gans Son & Co., 151 West 26th St.

TINSELTONES Wanted.—Will pay cash for Holden-Leonard colors, 4672, 4634, 652. Madison Square 3935.

TINSELTONE Wanted. — Holden Leonard's Copen 4672, Brown 4644, Ruffelt 4531. Farragut 2616.

TINSELTONES Wanted. — Holden-Leonard; shades 4534, 4531, 4672. Vanderbilt 1389.

TINSELTONE Wanted.—Holden Leonard's 718; cash. Chelsea 9784.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Open to buy U. S. No. 907 or similar in navy. Call Wallerstein & Scher Co., 213 4th Av. Stuyvesant 6629.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—For cash; U. S., Gera, Ethan Allen, botany, Pacifics, Garfield, De Land, or similar. Spring 5372.

TRICOTINES Wanted. — U. S., American, Cleveland silvertones; Joel's 15030, 15032. Gramercy 845.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All shades, any quantity. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Open for navy tricotines; spot cash. Chelsea 9638.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Open for quantity; good quality only. R 16 Times.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S. Biltrite Dress, 124 West 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Ehrensall Co. Farragut 352.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Fisher Kennedy style 1,600 and other makes. Chelsea 5155.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for large quantities of Parker Wilder 551 or similar cloth, navy and brown. Flaster & Bieler, 150 West 22d. Farragut 2541.

VELOURS Wanted.—Green, brown, navy taupe, tan; about $3.75; can use seconds, also remnants for cash. N. Y. Manufacturing, 600 Broadway.

VELOURS Wanted.—American or F. & H. lightweight, brown, reindeer, and navy; cash. Schulman Bros., 104 West 27th. Farragut 3440.

VELOURS Wanted.—Checks, Stevens, D. & M., or similar; can use quantity; also light weight silvertones. Freedman, Farragut 6134.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight; navy, brown, reindeer, copen., terra cotta, and other shades; will pay cash. Mad. Sq. 9784.

VELOURS Wanted. — K544, 11050, or 954 Saxonia, brown and navy; also 110 broadcloth, black and brown. Madison Sq. 6635.

VELOURS Wanted.—Buckley and Cohen, 716, all colors; quantity no object; spot cash. I. Funt, 24 West 25th St. Chelsea 9513.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 or similar, Holmes 2205; Buckley & Cohen 716 cloth, all shades. Chelsea 7929.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will exchange taupe for navy and brown. J. Heit & Son, 136 Madison Av. Madison Square 8585.

VELOURS Wanted.—Slater's, Keeley & Watson, or similar; in brown only. Greeley 4376.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light weight, reindeer, brown, navy;—also silvertones. Goldstein Bros., 12 West 27th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweight; Dobson's 300 or similar; spot cash. Stuyvesant 2496.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for suiting velour, in all shades. Chelsea 1560.

VELOUR Wanted—Gera 50332, seal brown, shade 467; cash. Madison Square 1969.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 or similar, brown, navy, and reindeer. Madison Square 67[illegible]

VELOURS Wanted.—Brown, American or Saxonia. Farragut 2477.

VELOUR CHECK Wanted.—All shades, at a price. Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for all kinds; any quantity. Gramercy 7959.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight, light tan. Murray Hill 6727.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Brown or will exchange black for same. J. Heit & Son, 136 Madison Av. Madison Square 8585.

Buyers' Wants

VELVETEENS Wanted.—27-inch twill back, navy and black; cash. Ginsberg, 25 West 31st St.

VELVETS, CHENEYS' CHIFFON Wanted.—All colors for cash. Madison Square 5807.

WAISTS Wanted.—Jobs of all kinds, quantity no object, for cash. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

WHIPCORDS Wanted.—8 oz. Palmer. Telephone Spring 8900, Department "A."

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—Large quantities, all shades, spot cash. Ask for Mr. Irving. Madison Square 6880.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity; heavy and light weights; men's and women's wear; spot cash. Call with samples. Elias Surut & Son, 670 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Will buy for cash poplins, panamas, and serges; any quantity. Thomas Posner & Bro., 114 West 27th St.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

AMERICAN WOOLEN 0384; three shades. Reich. 4152 Madison Square.

APRON BINDING.—10,000 yards in pink and blue. Bieber, 37 West 21st St.

ARCTIC FOX and Baby Persian Lamb.—Below market price. 1120 Greeley.

ARMY BLANKETS AND COMFORTERS.—Can be seen by appointment. Telephone M. Neuwirth, Spring 3871. Room 1203, 752 Broadway.

BEAVERS.—Blumenthal's 4014, quantity for immediate delivery. Telephone Gramercy 6658.

BEAVER.—Dobson's J 38. Greeley 4582.

BEAVERTEX.—Salt's. Blumenthal's Furmoss. Madison Square 8047, 4351.

BOLIVIA.—De Land's 658, all shades; also silvertones 801, Copen, taupe, reasonable. Chelsea 9955.

BOLIVIA.—De Land's, 3700, silvertips bolivia, all colors, at reasonable price. Farragut 6572.

BOLIVIAS.—Silver tip, Goodman & Herman 260, Dobson 617, all colors. Mad. Sq. 9656.

BOLIVIA, SAXONIA, FROSTILLA 971. Lipschutz. Madison Square 5466.

BOTANY YALAMAS in choice assortment. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av., 14th floor.

BRAIDS.—Superior quality, 3 embs.; all lines; immediate delivery. Spring 2129.

BRIGHTWOOD.—Black velour, botany, black 362, broadcloth, black Yalama to close out. Madison Square 6375.

BROADCLOTH. — Worumbo black broadcloth, also serges, tricotines, silvertones, light and heavy weight velours for immediate delivery. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d St. Gramercy 4481.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, F. & H.; all colors; chevola, Wm. Whitmans, all colors; Sydney Blumenthal seal art plush. Phone 1166 Knickerbocker.

BROADCLOTHS.—F and H black, navy, brown, green, plum, also 75-75 velour, navy, brown, green; $4 net cash. Chelsea 8597.

BROADCLOTH.—12 pieces Botany, assorted colors, $3.25 net; reindeer and pekin Yalama, $4.25 net. Vanderbilt 4030.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 355, black 317½ C. S. G., black; 65c. Faultless, 1,161 Broadway. Farragut 5176.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, all shades; all widths; cheap. Tannenbaum-May, 19 West 24th St.

BROADCLOTH.—110, Juilliards; also 15032, silvertones, all shades. Phone Farragut 4088.

BROADCLOTH.—All colors. Singer Bros., 136 Madison Av. Madison Square 6590.

BROADCLOTH. — 110-933 reindeer; cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

CAMEL HAIR Polo cloth; dating. Reich, 4152 Madison Square.

CAP MATERIALS.—Nice assortment materials desirable for caps. Madison Square 3515.

CHARMEUSE AND CREPE METEOR.—To sell cheap. Superior Waist & Dress, 141 West 29th.

CHIFFONS.—1,000 yards assorted printed French chiffons; heavy quality; 75c. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 3381.

CHILDREN DRESSES.—2 to 14; ginghams and chambrays; immediate delivery. Levi Bros., uptown showroom, 1,270 Broadway; factory, 55 West 3d.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—1,000 all wood velours, to close; sizes 2 to 6, $3; 6 to 10, $4.75 to $5.75. Nivel, 114 West 26th St.

COATINGS.—American 16007, Stevens, 2821, 1078, Arthur Joels 17, also Oxford coatings and suitings; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

COATING.—¾ Flagler's No. 24, burgundy, brown and navy; cheap. Canal 4377.

COATS.—Ladies', misses', pile fabric and cloth; immediate delivery; off our racks. Why place orders? I. Dolschman Garment Co., 103 West 34th St., northwest cor. of 34th St.

COATS.—Immediate delivery made of plushes, silvertone broadcloths, velours, and all leading materials. Call and inspect, Singer & Son, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Close out 150 Polo cloth silvertone; 5 models, lined throughout; guaranteed satin; sacrifice. Isaac Lefkowitz, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Large stock ladies' coats of latest material and models; immediate delivery; low price. Ace Cloak Co., 259 5th Av.

COATS.—Velours, plain and full trimmed, to close out; attractive styles. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th.

COATS and Coatees.—Plushes and velours on racks for immediate delivery. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th.

COATS.—Plush jobs, cloth jobs, juniors', misses', children's, infants' jobs; will sell cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—250 silvertones, fancy silk lined, large sealine collars; sacrifice. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Plush, plain fur trimmed, fur effects; immediate delivery. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Children's, 8-14 years, to close out. Klein & Zimmerman, 128 Washington Place.

COATS.—Stouts and stylish stouts J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COTTON GOODS AND SILKS.—Over one million dollars; we sell almost everything below market price. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS AND SILKS.—Over one million dollars worth plain and fancy below market price. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS, SILKS.—Quilted satins and sateens below market price. J. Weinberg, 137 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS.—Washed wipers, 10 bales colored and white, at sacrifice. Acme Mills, 187 Mercer St. Spring 8245.

COTTON GOODS.—Few pieces fancies, silk and cotton, suitable skirts. Roth Mfg. Co., 130 West 17th St.

COTTON PLUSH.—H. & H., Timmies; all shades; reasonable. Chelsea 4814.

COTTON PLUSH and Pearson's Egyptian Seal, cheap. Gramercy 806.

COTTON PLUSH.—Pearson's 8008, 27 inches. Greeley 4582.

COVERT.—Fine quality; dating. Reich, 4152 Madison Square.

CREPE DE CHINE, 3-thread ivory, flesh; also georgettes; reasonable, regular terms. Madison Square 3047.

DRESSES.—Keep ahead of competition. All-wool tricotine dresses, $14.75; ready to ship; all sizes; any quantity. You will sell them before the other fellow receives his. The number is a wonder. See it. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Come in today and look at our fine selection of models in all materials now in vogue; our style, workmanship, and prices are right. Ansonia Dress & Costume Mfg. Co., 56 West 35th St., N. Y.

DRESSES.—We have on the racks exceptional values in party dresses; also for street wear and wedding dresses. A trial will surely convince. I. Frank & Son, 6 West 32d.

DRESSES.—3,000 to close out immediately; velvets, tricolette, paulettes, tricotines, jerseys, taffeta, and georgettes; sizes 16 to 44; big bargains. Hattie Dress, 3 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Printed voiles, georgettes, crepe de chine; closing out at a sacrifice; also see our tricotines, Fall models, at $13.75. Paragon Dress, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Buyers, see our wonders in tricolettes, paulettes; immediate delivery at $20.75; seeing is believing. Metropolis Garment, 259 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Wash dresses and skirts for exporters, to close out, in large quantities; skirts, $12 dozen; dresses, $21 dozen. Ford, 114 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—500 charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tricotines, serges; beautiful models; 25 per cent. less than market prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Tricotines, serges, satins, beaded georgettes, and taffetas; on racks at a sacrifice. Franco-American Dress, 114 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Latest styles, materials; unusual values; immediate delivery. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Close-out prices, tricotine and satin dresses; assorted snappy styles. Wolf & Rubin, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, tricolette, tricotines, jerseys; prices $15 to $45; immediate deliveries. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—See our wonderful values, satins, serges, jerseys, $8.75 to $14.50; immediate delivery. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

DRESSES.—Close out, $2.75, flowered voiles, ginghams, organdies; regular to $5. Queen, 114 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin and serges, to sell very reasonable. Cohen & Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—500 to close out, serge, silk, and poplin; below market price. Greenberg, 38 West 33d.

DRESSES.—Georgette beaded and tailored, at sacrifice prices. Queen, 114 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Serge, $4.75 up; up-to-the-minute style. Queen, 114 West 26th St.

Offerings to Buyers

DRESSES.—We are prepared with the best collection of dresses you ever saw; no verbal camouflage or sweet words will do them justice; superior in every detail; tricotine, $13.75; wool velours, $12.75; serges, $4.75; they will appeal to the careful shoppers who make price an important consideration; positively prompt delivery. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES.—Mr. Jobber: Finding a bargain is like finding anything else—it makes the finder happy. If you want to return home in good spirits, come into our showroom and pick dresses of tricotine, tricolettes, velvet, serge or satin at $7.50 to $27.50 off the racks. Jump into these bargains quickly—and think later. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—We take the scare out of scarce; others make promises and excuses, we make deliveries right off the racks. Come up and see the big values. Serges, satins, georgettes, and georgette combinations, taffetas, tricotines, paulettes, and tricolettes, jerseys, $7.50 to $21.50 up. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—In advertising lies the secret of business success, but not in advertising lies. When we advertise our dresses in serge, satin, tricotine, tricolette, velvet at $7.50 to $27.50, and claim they're the biggest values in New York, we mean every word of it. When will you be in? M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES, Dresses, Dresses.—Most wonderful line created in one showroom; 150 serge dresses at $5; 100 silk dresses, $5; our regular line consists of tricolettes, mannish serge, highest grade satin dresses, tricotines, taffetas, best paulettes, georgettes; a visit to our showroom will convince you. Milton, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—For immediate delivery; beautiful new Fall models in high-grade charmeuse, satins, tricotines, tricolettes, from $22.50 to $37.50; positively the very best values in the market; call and see for yourself. Klif Dress Co., 28 West 27th. Chelsea 5676.

DRESSES.—Satin and Juilliard all wool French serges; guaranteed, at $9.50; positively immediate delivery assured; we have them on the racks; absolutely the best values in town; we manufacture them ourselves; come and see our factory. Solomon & Kramer, 119 West 23d St.

DRESSES.—Profit without profiteering. You make a quick turn-over with our all-wool serge dresses at $13.75; simply wonderful; 20 up-to-the-minute styles on the racks; we positively deliver immediately; don't risk promises. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—We don't use Barnum & Bailey Ads to get trade; our better-grade chic dresses in charmeuse, tricotine, tricolette, chiffon, velvets, from $26 to $42, speak for themselves. Wm. Asinof, 30-32 West 24th.

DRESSES.—500 on the rack for immediate delivery, consisting of satins, tricotines, jersey, all latest creations, at a very low price. Kaufman Bros., 122 West 26th St. Farragut 9186.

DRESSES.—Contractor has tricotine, satin, serge, charmeuse dresses; will close out reasonable; better grade merchandise. Belnord Dress Co., 41 East 21st.

DRESSES.—Tricotines, tricolettes and serges on the racks for immediate delivery, from $16.75 to $32.50; see best values in New York. Manco Dress, 35 West 31st.

DUVET DE LAINE.—F. & H., new taupe, Concord and Beetroot; cheap. Vand. 3572.

ELASTICS. ¼ inch, ⅜ inch, ¾ inch; immediate delivery. Franklin 4109.

FALL MIXTURES.—Stevens 2821, all colors. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

GAUZE.—500,000 yards gray gauze, 22x18, 36 inches wide, weight 19 yards; 300,000 yards, 44x40, 32 inches wide, weight 9.87 yards. Call Shuldiner, Madison Square 4060.

GEORGETTES.—40 pieces 37-inch white and flesh, $1.42½ net. 4620 Madison Square, extension 13.

GEORGETTES.—Navys and colors, good qualities, cheap. Manufacturer, Farragut 3216.

GEORGINES.—15 pieces sunset, 5 coral; good quality; reasonable. 4620 Madison Square, extension 13.

GINGHAMS, Chambrays and Percales.—Spot delivery. Gramercy 4410.

GOLDTONE. — Andrews 6196, all colors. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

GOLDTONE.—Stevens 4312, all colors. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

HOSIERY. — For immediate delivery, 2,400 dozen 176-needle half hose; sewed toes, looped tops; 1 lb. 1 oz. to the dozen. 3,200 dozen 176-needle half hose; looped toes and tops; 1 lb. 6 ozs. to dozen. 1,200 dozen 176-needle natural cashmerette half hose; looped toes and tops. S. Kaplan, 79 Canal St. Telephone Orchard 1820.

JAP SILKS.—Fancy sateens, (colors); prices right for cutting-up trade and jobbers. Banner Fabrics, 27 West 24th. Chelsea 7669.

JAP SILKS. 2¾.—Colors, naturals; also heavier weights, below market price. Clifton Mill, 11 East 17th.

JAP SILK, 12 M-M Habutai, suitable for shirtings; below market price. Vanderbilt 7237.

JERSEY.—Potter's melange, burgundy, reindeer, purple; cheap. Ideal Dress, 134 West 29th St.

JERSEY.—Schreibern, to sell cheap. Superior Waist & Dress, 141 West 29th.

JERSEY Shawmut wool, all colors; reasonable. Simpson, Madison Square 1873.

JERSEYS.—Navy and colors, cheap. 114 West 26th St., 11th floor.

LACES, Silk Braids, Beads.—Small lots of each; close out. Mode, 35 East 20th.

LININGS.—Fancies and 3-thread crepe de chine, for immediate delivery. Melrose Silk Co., 235 5th Av.

LINING.—Fancy twills and black sateen; cheap. Chelsea 9688.

MACKINAW.—28-ounce, cheap; overcoating, velours, tricotines, polotones, suitings. Metropolis, Farragut 129.

MELTON AND CHEVIOTS.—Three-quarters under market price. 1039 Stuyvesant.

MEN'S OVERCOATS.—Oxford grey, 100 to close out, $9.00. National Clothing Exchange, 80 Bleecker St.

MEN'S and Young Men's Clothing.—Stock on hand for immediate delivery. Sabin & Rosenberg, 96 5th Av.

MIDDY BLOUSES.—Entire lot, close out; out of business. Horn, 480 Broome St.

OUTING FLANNELS.—36-inch, plain gray, in gray stripes, Nos. 901, 2801, and 1101; about 400 pieces, to close out the lot at 25c. per yard. Address John Kling, 543 Church St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

OXFORDS, Serges, Tricotines, Velours, Panamas, Cheviots. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av., Md. Sq. 292.

OVERCOATS. — 200, Astrachan collars, quilted, heavy; $10.50. Louis Friedman, 713 Broadway.

PAULETTE SILK.—All colors, immediate delivery. Madison Square 9666.

PEACHBLOOM, Plumette and Silver Tip Bolivia.—All shades, to close out. Cohen & Goldstein. Phone Madison Square 4620.

PEACH BLOOM.—F. & H., all colors; also botany yalama, gera duvet de laine. Madison Square 1520.

PETTICOATS.—Silk, also silk and cotton mixtures; biggest values; $2.50 up; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 244 5th Av.

PIECE GOODS for Sale.—Suitings and over coatings. Chelsea 8341.

PLUMETTE.—Joel, Pekin, reindeer; cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

PLUMETTE.—Joel's 107 Pekin. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

PLUSHES. — Dobson H60, brown tipped, black; Baffin seal, also mercerized plushes, all colors. Greeley 4376.

POIRET TWILLS.—20 pieces, navy, Dobson's cloth, below market prices. National Costume, 148 West 24th.

POIRET TWILL.—3 pieces; brown; good quality. Murray Hill 3778.

POLO CLOTH.—Stewart's 1000; also American 16007, 15030; American heavyweight velour, silvertones, bolivias; cheap. Chelsea 985.

POLO, STEVENS 6109; dark brown and light brown. Lipschutz, Madison Sq. 5466.

POLO CLOTH.—Stevens 6109, all colors. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

POLO CLOTH.—Laurence 819, color 6. Lipschutz. Madison Square 5466.

POPLINS.—Scotia 0302, navy, cotton warp. Milltex Woolen Co., Mad. Square 8047.

POPLINS.—Susquehanna 171; immediate delivery. Melrose Silk Co., 235 5th Av.

RAT TAILS, silk; 500 gross; immediate delivery. Franklin 4109.

SATEENS.—A-1 Burgundy; dark brown, navy. Call Gramercy 5399.

SATINS, Peau de Cygnes and Crepe de Chines.—To close out. Call Madison Square 3673.

SATIN.—Black, navy, taupe, brown, 40 inches; good quality; reasonable. Mad. Sq. 4173.

SATIN YARN.—Dyed, cotton back, 50 pieces gray to close out cheap. Madison Square 1682.

SATINS.—36 and 40 inch black and navy, for sale cheap. National Costume, 148 W. 24.

SECO LINING.—36-inch black, navy, cheap. Ideal Dress, 134 West 29th.

SECO.—500 pieces to close out. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

SERGES.—All-wool and cotton warps, 32, 36, 50, and 54 inches, French and storm serges, also tricotines, gaberdines, and tricolettes; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES.—7120-9656-16829, W. F. X., 54289, velours, tricotine coatings, suitings. Charles Cohen Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6174.

SERGES.—4061, 9056, 3665; and heavy velours. Beinfeld, Gramercy 1114.

SERGES.—54289, navys and colors, 114 West 26th St., 11th floor.

SERGES.—Gera 9056 Fastolite, 1294 and 7301. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SERGE.—54289 brown, 5 pieces to quick buyer. Phone Madison Square 3776. F. H.

SERGES.—54289, $2.70; 6120, $2.60; 4061, $1.70; 60-day acceptance. Gramercy 1661.

SERGE.—54289, ten pieces, all navy, to close out. Levy, 55 West 16th.

Offerings to Buyers

SERGES AND POPLINS.—Heavy weight, 54289, WFX, Botany 833, 11433, 780 navy and black, Pacifics, all wool, Panama, black and navy, LPA., SBGL., Whitman's 99, 3, Huebschman's 41-31, all makes of tricotines in navy and other shades, American silvertone 15030, 15032, 16007, American polo 15035, Holmes' triumphant 184, heavyweight and lightweight velours and suiting silvertones; also big variety of Broadhead and Empire cotton warp plaids. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—7120, 6120, W. F. X. 780, 787, 815, 4002, T. P. S. 4061, P. P. L. 8158, 833, 87, 41-102, 821, 519, 528; also silvertones, tricotines, Peachbloom and jerseys. Weinstein & Davidoff, Madison Square 5814, 4620.

SERGES.—4050, 4082, LWF, 4040, 4848, MFL, KSW; Brightwood poiret twill, 4042-F, and others. David Carity, 44 East 23d. Gramercy 4992.

SERGES.—Pacific C. F. L., 13 pieces of navy, 5 brown, 2 copen, and 2 green at 65c. net, cash. Cerf Bros., 138 West 25th.

SERGES.—7301, 104, 11433, 7512, 9056, 4061, 6120, 4408, 528, reasonable on terms. Gramercy 762.

SERGES.—11433 navy, $3.25; colors, $2.75; 228 Panama navy, $2. L. Levy, 707 Arch St., Philadelphia. Market 3278.

SERGES.—4061, navy, at $1.72½; terms to manufacturers. Pearl Woolen Co., 141 West 17th. Farragut 6527.

SERGES.—Botany 11433, Gera 9056, and all grade satin. Kaufman Dress Co., 11 West 32d. Madison Square 8580.

SERGES.—Mernhardt No. 56 navy; Buckman cassimere, No. 203, line 3-208, line 5. Phone Spring 1764.

SERGES.—11433, 4632-838; velours, light and heavy weights; all shades. Majestic Textile, 24 East 21st.

SERGES.—0360, 838, 99, 104, 4632, 54292, 11433, 528, 7120, 54289, 4061, 7301, 7614. Madison Square 4622. Estelle.

SERGES.—47116, 2 pieces Rookie, 3 pieces black, $2.10. National Costume, 148 West 24th.

SERGES.—11433, 9056, and other makes, all navy, below market price. Chelsea 1529.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—50 pieces 56-inch wide; much lower than mill price. Faultless, 1,161 Broadway. Farragut 5176.

SHIRTS.—Shantungs, pure silk, imported heavyweight, beautifully made; $48 per dozen. Harry Berger Shirt Co., 96 Spring St.

SILKS.—Over one million dollars worth georgette, crepe de chine, taffeta, satins, velveteens, poplins and a wonderful assortment of fancy novelties to be sold at big sacrifice. Store, 1,183 Broadway.

SILKS.—For immediate delivery in tricotine, silvertone, tinseltone, and suedine, $27.50 to $75. Eisenberg & Sommerfield, 32 East 31st.

SILVERTONES.—Saxonia lightweight, American 15030, 15032, 16007, Holmes triumphant 184, also American polo 15035. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SILVERTONES.—American 15032, Holmes 184, Stewart's 1000; Ottaquechee 114; also Joel's plumette; all colors. Greeley 4377.

SILVERTONES, lightweight, navys and other colors, to close out; reasonable. 24 East 21st, Room 801. Gramercy 1899-6726.

SILVERTONES.—Suiting weight; all colors; immediate delivery. Cohen & Goldstein. Phone Madison Square 4620.

SILVERTONES 801.—Copen, also Juilliards 2124, also American 15020, brown. Chelsea 4814.

SILVERTONES.—Parkside, 105, taupe and Pekin, to close out cheap. Cohen & Goldstein. Phone Madison Square 4620.

SILVERTONES, velours, serges, Stevens's polo, yalamas, broadcloths. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av., 14th floor.

SILVERTONE.—Burella, Buckley & Cohen, 801, navy, reindeer, henna. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

SILVERTONE. — Joel's, American 15032, 15007 velours, botany 5816, 5947; reasonable. Gramercy 845.

SILVERTONES. —Otaqueechee and Dexter Richards, 114 brown, navy, reindeer; $3 net cash. K 201 Times.

SILVERTONES. — Otaquechee and Dexter Richards 114, in all shades. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SILVERTONE.—American 15030, 15032, all shades; also Parkside brown; reasonable. Farragut 588.

SILVERTONE. — American 15032, navy, brown, henna. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

SILVERTONES. — Plaid Otaquachee 115, brown and ox blood. Kramer, Mad. Sq. 9656.

SILVERTONES. — All wool suitings, all colors. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

SILVERTONES.—Suiting, Joel's, Read & Andrews's, all shades. Kramer, Mad. Sq. 9656.

SILVERTONES.—Buckley & Cohen 801, all colors; cheap. Kramer, Mad. Sq. 9656.

SILVERTONES. — Newhouse, No. 2, all colors. Goldberg, Farragut 7273.

SILVERTONES.—Dobson 621, all colors. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SILVERTONES.—American, 15032, all colors. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SILVERTONES.—American 16007, shades 46, $3.20. Madison Square 8047.

SILVERTONE CHECK. — Joel 806, cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SILVERTONE. — Ottaquechee, navy and brown. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

SILVERTONES, Raritan 806, all shades; will sell cheap. Greeley 6172.

SILVERTONES, also Velours and Polo Cloths.—Will sell cheap. Farragut 220.

SKIRTS for the Fall.—Follow the crowd for exclusive styles and popular prices; see line of famous Pioneer Skirt Co., 3 West 29th.

SKIRTS. — Susquehanna poplins, plaids, checks, $2.75; all other grades on hand; immediate delivery. Milton, 48 West 25th.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplin, 171, at $2.12½; serge and poplin dresses, $4.25 up. Milton Skirt Co., 450 4th Av.

SKIRTS.—Juniors' velour plaid, 2,000 on rack; immediate delivery. G. P. G., 11 East 22d. Gramercy 4744.

SHIRTS. — Silk shirts, of all descriptions; for immediate delivery. Rainbow Shirt, 189 Greene, near Bleecker.

SKIRTS.—All wool plaids. Herman M. Weinstein, 220 5th Av.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna silk, poplin, $2.37½. Ford, 114 West 26th St.

STEVENS.—4312, 1073, all colors; cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

SUEDENES.—American 13058, all colors. Greeley 4376.

SUITINGS.—Priestleys Scotch bramar, below market price; good assortment. Thomas Posner & Bro., 114 West 27th St.

SUITS.—Five hundred of the latest models and materials on our racks for your selection, at moderate prices. 19 West 27th St.

SUITS, COATS AND DRESSES.—To close out cheap. S. Lieblich Sons, 34 West 33d.

SWEATERS.—Job assorted silk sweaters; to close out. Diamond Tea Gown Co., 105 East 29th.

TAFFETAS.—Black; quantity; below market price. Farragut 3941.

TINSELTONE TWILL.—Holden Leonard 719, navy, reindeer, brown, taupe. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

TRICOLETTES AND PAULETTES. — All colors, immediate delivery. Co-operative Buyers Association, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 8636.

TRICOLETTES and Paulettes.—36 inches wide; all colors. Republic Textile Co., 22 West 32d St.

TRICOTINES.—Gera Mills 10854, Ethan Allen, Cleveland 9708, Pacifics and other makes in all shades. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

TRICOTINES.—50 pieces, cheap; also lightweight velours, parksides, silvertones, Bolivias. Chelsea 985.

TRICOTINES.—American, Brightwood, Dobson, U. S., Stoney & Starkey; cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

TRICOTINE.—Navy, black, taupe, reindeer; Brightwood, Stoney & Starkey. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

TRICOTINE, Silvertone.—Lausser, style 1678; brown, navy and black. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

TRICOTINE.—Botany 5952, 24 navy, 3 black, 1 brown; reasonable. Cohen & Polowan, 19 West 21st.

TRICOTINE.—Whitman, 36 inches; also U. S. Joels, silvertone Joels, American. Gramercy 845.

TRICOTINE.—U. S. 907, navy; navy men's wear flannel; reasonable price. Stuyv. 4846.

TRICOTINES, navy, good quality, at a price. Chelsea 1858.

TWEEDS.—Fisher Kennedy's 3400. Greeley 4582.

UNIFORMS.—Military serges and gabardines; immediate delivery. U. S. Uniform, 93 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3928.

VELOURS.—Coatings, Saxonia 954, all colors; also Botany 5816, all colors; other coating velours similar to K-544. 24 East 21st St., Room 801. Gramercy 1899-6726.

VELOURS.—Large quantity heavyweight in stock; immediate delivery; also serges, silvertones, broadcloths. American Piece Goods Co., 315 4th Av.

VELOUR, Tricotine, Serges, Broadcloth 0360, 032, 833, 7120, W. F. X. 112, 315; reasonable. Kaplan, Farragut 9855.

VELOURS. — Heavyweight Wyandott, 600 brown taupe, rose taupe; Reindeer. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

VELOURS.—F. & H. and American; all shades; also peach bloom and velduvyne. Madison Square 3240.

VELOURS.—Parker Wilder: 5 pieces burgundy, style V14. I. D. Karpas, 22 West 26th St.

VELOUR.—All wool, reindeer and taupe; also men's wear oxfords. Stuyvesant 4846.

VELOUR. — Light weight, Stevens, plum; cheap. 1120 Greeley.

VELOURS.—Kelly 701, brown and navy; cheap. Greeley 1120.

VELOURS.—Lightweight, all colors. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

VELOURS.—All wool and wool mixed; $1.50 up. Greeley 4583.

Offerings to Buyers

VELOURS.—Heavyweight, Wyandotte, 600; Fastolite, 140, 145; Kelly Rafter, 300; Clough Pike, 524; Juilliard's 230, brown, navy, burgundies, plum, green, new blue; also serges, 54289, 4000, 4061, 4421, 4050, 3, 0209; also big assortment of plaids and stripes; polo cloth, Eick 322, all colors; Parksides, silvertones, 102; silk poplins, high lustre, quantities; immediate delivery. Mirkus Bros., 44 East 21st. Gramercy 1769, 2744.

VELOUR.—Heavyweight; 10 pieces navy; cheap. Canal 4377.

VELVETEENS.—27, 29 36 inch straight and twill back at a price. Mutual Textile Co., 332 4th Av. Madison Square 1265.

VELVETEENS.—All widths and colors, straight and twilled back. Phone Madison Square 8644.

VELVETEENS for sale, cheap. Jos. Cashman & Co., 34 West 15th. Farragut 4330.

VELVETEENS.—Twill back, all colors, to close out. 1948 Madison Square.

VENETIANS.—Black and colors; also imitation Venetians. Greeley 1120.

WAISTS.—We have on hand 200 dozen georgettes, assorted colors, latest styles, hand made embroidery, to be delivered at once. Arlington Waist, 97 5th Av.

WAISTS.—Jap, crepe de chine, and georgette waists; immediate delivery; attractive prices. Robinson Co., 688 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

WAISTS.—300 dozen georgine hand-embroidered and lace trimmed, $36 dozen; also georgette and crepe de chine, for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5397.

WAISTS. — Novelty silk nets, georgettes, crepe de chine, $18 to $60; immediate delivery. Famous Waist Co., 99 Greene St.

WAISTS, Waists, Waists.—Thousands of dozens on hand, $9 to $125 dozen. Milton, 48 West 25th.

WAISTS.—Cotton; quick delivery; up to $18 dozen. S. Schlein, 1270 Broadway.

WAISTS.—Job georgette waists to close out. Ruth Waist Co., 105 East 29th.

WORUMBO.—Polo cloth 1092, $6. Einhorn, 112 Madison Av.

ZIBELINES STROOCKS.—Black only; sell below market price. Phone Spring 5652.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on very fine georgette, tricollette and silk Duvetyn dress; yours or our materials; call with samples all week. 42 East 32d, 8th Floor.

CONTRACTORS wanted on cotton and georgette waists; steady work. Apply Monday, Aug. 24, Mr. Cohn, Nemours Trading Corporation, 151 5th Av., city.

CONTRACTORS.—Must be experienced in making children's elderdown bathrobes. W A 809 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers

Contracts Offered.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors specializing on party dresses and making stylish models can get big business; bring samples all week. 11th floor, 54 West 25th St.

Allied Industries.

FOR SALE—About 50 Singer sewing machines, also button sewing machines and Union Special. Leo Feinberg, 139 6th Av., 1st floor.

ONE double needle ruffling machine to sell; no dealers. Apply 113 Greene St., top floor.

RUBBER BOOTS.—Large lot U. S. Army hip rubber boots, new and perfect, at very low price. J. H. Kirkland, 127 Duane St.

Situations Wanted.

SILK SALESMAN.—Open for engagement to represent manufacturers of silk to the wholesale and retail trade in Canada; AI man and a business getter. X 123 Times Annex.

SILK SALESMAN.—Open for engagement to represent manufacturers of silk to the wholesale and retail trade in Canada; AI man and a business getter. X 123 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Graduate engineer, 32, eight years' experience, desires salesman position where technical knowledge is essential; commission. P S 49 Times.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF MAINE—COUNTY OF ANDROSCOGGIN, Supreme Judicial Court.—CUMBERLAND COUNTY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY v. LEWISTON, AUGUSTA & WATERVILLE STREET RAILWAY.—OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, v. LEWISTON, AUGUSTA & WATERVILLE STREET RAILWAY. Consolidated Cause in Equity No. 49.

LEWISTON, AUGUSTA & WATERVILLE STREET RAILWAY.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the decree of foreclosure and sale made and entered by the Supreme Judicial Court of the State of Maine in and for the County of Androscoggin on July 31st, 1919, in a certain consolidated cause pending in said Court, in which consolidated cause two causes, one brought by Cumberland County Power & Light Company against Lewiston, Augusta & Waterville Street Railway and the other by Old Colony Trust Company, Trustee, against Lewiston, Augusta & Waterville Street Railway, have been consolidated and which is now proceeding under the title "Consolidated Cause in Equity No. 49," I, Wallace H. White, by said decree appointed to be the Special Master therein referred to, (hereinafter referred to as "the Special Master",) will sell at public auction to the highest bidder or bidders therefor at the main front entrance of the County Court House in the City of Auburn and the State of Maine on Friday, September 5, 1919, at three of the clock in the afternoon, upon and subject to the terms, conditions, and provisions in said decree more particularly set forth, the property in said decree described and therein directed to be sold, the same being the property subject to the lien of the mortgage or deed of trust made, executed, and delivered by Lewiston, Augusta & Waterville Street Railway to Old Colony Trust Company as Trustee, dated April 1, 1907, and/or all mortgages or deeds of trust supplementary thereto, (said original mortgage and said mortgages supplementary thereto being hereinafter referred to as "the First and Refunding Mortgage").

A brief description of said property is as follows:—

All the property of every character, nature, and description of Lewiston, Augusta & Waterville Street Railway, (hereinafter referred to as "the Street Railway",) and its Receivers and all interests of every character, nature, and description of the Street Railway and its Receivers in property (including cash, cash assets, claims, credits, accounts, and items receivable which have come into the possession or under the control of the Receivers since June 30, 1919, and which shall be in such possession or under such control at the time of the delivery of the possession of the property sold), and, subject to prior liens and interests as stated in Article Fourth of said decree, includes but without limiting in any way the generality of the foregoing the following property, excepting therefrom any part of said property which may have been duly released from the lien and operation of the First and Refunding Mortgage:—

All the estates and properties, real, personal and mixed, rights, privileges, franchises and choses in action, of every nature and kind and wheresoever situated, now owned or possessed by or belonging to the Street Railway, or to which it is or may be in any manner entitled in law or in equity; including all its railroad, street railway and electric light and power lines and plants, and properties, rights, privileges and appurtenances used in connection therewith, real estate, power houses, sub-stations, car barns, offices and other buildings, structures and improvements, rolling stock, equipment and machinery, boilers and engines, tracks, sidings, poles, wires and overhead construction, motors, lamps and electrical equipment, cables, conduits, bridges, viaducts, fixtures, tools and appliances, rights of way and contract rights, situated in the Cities of Lewiston, Bath, Auburn, Augusta, Gardiner, Hallowell and Waterville, and in the Towns of West Bath, Brunswick, Topsham, Lisbon, Minot, Poland, Mechanic Falls, Webster, Winthrop, Manchester, Farmingdale, Chelsea, Wales, Monmouth, Litchfield, West Gardiner, Vassalboro and Winslow, and in the Counties of Sagadahoc, Androscoggin, Cumberland and Kennebec and elsewhere in the State of Maine.

For more particular description of some of the property of the Street Railway included above, reference may be made to the following conveyances:

(1) By the Street Railway to Old Colony Trust Company, Trustee, dated April 1, 1907, and recorded, among other places in Kennebec Registry of Deeds, Book 476, Page 392; Augusta Clerk's Office, Book 24, Page 169; Cumberland Registry of Deeds, Book 813, Page 209; Sagadahoc Registry of Deeds, Book 111, Page 429; Androscoggin Registry of Deeds, Book 217, Page 361.

(2) By the Street Railway to Old Colony Trust Company, Trustee, dated December 22, 1910, and recorded, among other places, in Androscoggin Registry of Deeds, Book 237, Page 324; Kennebec Registry of Deeds, Book 510, Page 272; Lewiston Clerk's Office, Volume 56, Pages 95-96-97.

(3) By the Street Railway to Old Colony Trust Company, Trustee, dated August 19, 1913, and recorded, among other places, in Cumberland Registry of Deeds, Book 915, Page 365; Androscoggin Registry of Deeds, Book 247, Page 585.

(4) By the Street Railway to Old Colony Trust Company, Trustee, dated February 7, 1918, and recorded, among other places, in Cumberland Registry of Deeds, Book 1000, Page 383; Androscoggin Registry of Deeds, Book 278, Pages 21-2-3-4; Kennebec Registry of Deeds, Book 566, Page 369; Sagadahoc Registry of Deeds, Book 138, Page 192.

Included in the property which has been duly released from the lien and operation of the First and Refunding Mortgage is that described in the

(1) deed from Old Colony Trust Company, Trustee, to the Street Railway, dated July 11, 1912, and recorded in Sagadahoc Registry of Deeds, Book 125, Page 489, and the

(2) deed from Old Colony Trust Company, Trustee, to the Street Railway, dated July 8, 1914, and recorded in Cumberland Registry of Deeds, Book 934, Page 206,

to which deeds and the records thereof reference is hereby made for particular descriptions.

The so-called "Turner line," which is included in the foregoing general description of the Street Railway's property, and which is referred to in Article Third of said decree and hereafter in this notice, comprises that certain line of railroad or street railway commencing at a point on the line formerly of the Lewiston, Brunswick & Bath Street Railway at its northerly terminus near the entrance to Lake Grove in the village of East Auburn, so-called, within the limits of the City of Auburn, Maine, said point being about five hundred (500) feet south of the outlet of Lake Auburn; thence in a general northerly direction following along the side of the country road leading from the City of Auburn to the village of Turner to a point in the village of Turner opposite the front door of the residence now or formerly of F. T. Faulkner, together with the several parcels of real estate described in paragraphs (b), (c), (d) & (e) of a certain instrument of conveyance by Lewiston, Augusta & Waterville Street Railway to Old Colony Trust Company as Trustee, dated December 22, 1910, and recorded among other places in Androscoggin Registry of Deeds, Book 237, Page 324, and in Kennebec Registry of Deeds, Book 510, Page 272, to which instrument and to another from E. P. Sanderson and others, dated July 28, 1910, and recorded in Androscoggin Registry of Deeds, in Book 231, Page 509, reference is hereby made for more particular descriptions.

In and by said decree the Receivers are ordered, not more than twenty days nor less than five days prior to the date fixed for the sale under said decree of the property thereunder directed to be sold, to file with the Clerk of Court a statement or statements showing as definitely as practicable—

(1) All indebtedness, obligations, and liabilities contracted or incurred by the Receivers then remaining unpaid.

(2) All unpaid indebtedness or liabilities contracted or incurred by the Street Railway prior to the appointment of the Receivers in the operation of the property directed by this decree to be sold, and which, so far as the Receivers are informed, are claimed to be prior in lien or superior in equity to the First and Refunding Mortgage.

(3) All outstanding contracts to which the Street Railway or the Receivers may be parties, stating in the case of contracts to which the Street Railway is a party whether such contracts have been assumed or adopted or disaffirmed by the Receivers.

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(4) All cash and cash assets in possession or under the control of the Receivers which have been received by them since June 30, 1919, and all moneys owing to them.

In and by said decree the Receivers have also been ordered to file with the Clerk of Court, as soon as practicable, and at least ten days prior to the date fixed for the sale under said decree, a brief statement enumerating several mortgages or deeds of trust referred to in Article Fourth of said decree and subject to which the sale hereby ordered is to be made, and setting forth the amounts of all bonds or other obligations then outstanding thereunder and secured thereby, and all sums then due and payable under or by virtue of said several mortgages or deeds of trust.

Every such statement filed by the Receivers in accordance with the foregoing paragraphs will be advisory only and will in no way constitute a representation or warranty, and no such statement will constitute ground for relief from any bid because of any representation or statement therein or omissions therefrom, nor will anything contained in such statement be binding upon any purchaser at any sale under this decree. All purchases will be deemed to be made in reliance upon the purchaser's own knowledge or information as to the property purchased. For a more particular description of the property to be sold or the terms of sale, intending purchasers are hereby referred to said decree and to the records of said consolidated cause and the constituent causes, and to the advisory statement or statements of the Receivers to be filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Judicial Court of the State of Maine in and for the County of Androscoggin, pursuant to said decree.

As more fully provided by said decree to which reference is hereby made:

I. Said sale will be made without valuation, appraisal, right of stay or extension, and shall operate so far as may be as a complete foreclosure.

II. The property to be sold, whether sold as an entirety or in parcels, will be sold subject to any valid and subsisting prior liens thereon, or valid and subsisting prior interests (legal or equitable) therein, and will, but without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, to the extent and so far as any of the instruments more particularly referred to in Article Fourth of said decree may respectively constitute valid subsisting prior liens upon or create valid subsisting prior interests in or to any of said property, be sold subject to the lien of or the interest created by said instrument or instruments.

III. Said sale will be made in the following manner:—

(a) The Special Master will first offer for sale as an entirety all the property of every character, nature, and description of the Street Railway and its Receivers and all interests of every character, nature, and description of the Street Railway and its Receivers in property, (including cash, cash assets, claims, credits, accounts, and items receivable which shall have come into the possession or under the control of the Receivers since June 30, 1919, and which shall be in such possession or under such control at the time of the delivery of possession of the property sold,) and will note the highest bid therefor.

(b) The Special Master will next offer for sale all the property referred to in the next preceding sub-paragraph (a,) excepting the so-called Turner line, which means the parcels of land in the village of Turner and the line of street railway running from Lake Grove in the City of Auburn to said village of Turner, which are more particularly described as "the Turner line" in Article Fourteenth of said decree, together with all the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto, and will note the highest bid therefor.

(c) The Special Master will next offer for sale the aforesaid Turner line, together with all the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto, and will note the highest bidder therefor.

(d) The Special Master will next offer for sale the aforesaid Turner line without the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto, and will note the highest bid therefor.

If the highest bid received for all said property when offered for sale as an entirety equals or exceeds

(1) the highest bid received for all said property, excepting the aforesaid Turner line and the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto, plus

(2) the highest bid received for the aforesaid Turner line as a separate parcel, whether with or without the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto,

then all said property will be stricken off and sold as an entirety to the highest bidder therefor, but if the highest bid received for all said property as an entirety is less than

(1) the highest bid received for all said property, excepting the aforesaid Turner line and the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto, plus

(2) the highest bid received for the aforesaid Turner line as a separate parcel, whether with or without the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto

then all said property, excepting the aforesaid Turner line and the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto, will be stricken off and sold to the highest bidder therefor; and the aforesaid Turner line, as a separate parcel, with or without the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto as the case may be, will be stricken off and sold to the highest bidder therefor.

IV. No person will be entitled to bid for the property by this decree directed to be sold unless such person shall first deposit with the Special Master, as a pledge that he will make good his bid in the event of its acceptance, the amounts, either in cash or certified checks on some national bank or trust company acceptable to the Special Master, and made or endorsed payable to his order, or the face amounts of First and Refunding Bonds in bearer form, and if coupon bonds, accompanied by the coupons of October 1, 1918, and all subsequent coupons, as follows:—

(1) In the case of a bid for all said property as an entirety or for all said property, except the Turner line and the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto, the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000) in cash or certified check, or Fifty Thousand Dollars ($50,000) face amount of First and Refunding Bonds;

(2) In the case of the Turner line, whether with or without the franchises and privileges appertaining thereto, the sum of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) in cash or certified check, or Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000) face amount of First and Refunding Bonds.

Such deposits may be partly in cash or certified check and partly in First and Refunding Bonds, but in the same relative proportions.

In lieu of the deposit of bonds and coupons in accordance with the foregoing requirements, the Special Master may accept the certificate of any national bank or trust company acceptable to the Special Master that it holds, subject to the order of the Special Master, bonds of the required character in bearer form, and if in coupon form accompanied by the required coupons.

Any deposit so received by the Special Master from an unsuccessful bidder will be returned to him after the property shall be struck off. The deposit received from the successful bidder will be applied on account of the purchase price of the property.

V. In case any bidder upon the acceptance of his bid by the Special Master and confirmation by said court, fails to comply within a period of ten (10) days after the entry thereof with any order of said court requiring or relating to the payment of the balance of the purchase price, then the money or bonds deposited by such accepted bidder as hereinbefore provided, will be forfeited as a penalty for such failure and will be applied to the payment of the expenses of the re-sale and to making good any deficiency in case the property shall be sold for a less price on such re-sale, and for such other purposes as said court may direct.

If said court does not confirm any sale, the deposit made by the accepted bidder at such sale will forthwith be returned to such bidder.

VI. The purchaser upon confirmation of the sale shall make such further payment or payments in cash on account of the purchase price (in addition to the cash or proceeds of any certified check theretofore deposited by such purchaser with the Special Master at the time of sale as hereinbefore provided, which said cash or proceeds shall be received as a part of the purchase price) as the court may from time to time direct. The remainder of such purchase price not required to be paid in cash may be paid in cash, or any purchaser may satisfy and make good the balance of his bid in whole or in part by turning in to be paid and cancelled

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or to have payment on account credited thereon, First and Refunding Bonds and unpaid past due coupons appertaining thereto entitled to share in the distribution of the proceeds of the sale, and such purchaser will thereupon be credited therefore on account of the purchase price of the property purchased with such amounts as would be payable on such First and Refunding Bonds and coupons out of the proceeds of sale if the whole amount of the purchase price were paid in cash. All such bonds unless payable to bearer and transferable by delivery shall be duly endorsed or assigned in blank.

The Special Master may in his discretion accept temporarily instead of bonds and coupons the certificate or certificates of any national bank or trust company which he may approve that it holds subject to his order bonds of the amount and character therein specified, and if in bearer form accompanied by the coupons therein stated, and will deliver the same to him on demand for cancellation or other disposition according to the terms of said decree.

Said court reserves the right to re-take and re-sell, upon such notice as it may direct, any property directed by said decree to be sold, in case the purchaser thereof shall fail or omit to comply with any order of said court requiring payment on account of the unpaid balance of the purchase price within ten (10) days after the entry of the order for such payment.

Neither the purchaser nor the successors or assigns of any purchaser will be required to see to the application of the purchase money.

The fact of purchase and the acceptance of a deed or deeds of the property by the purchaser shall not be construed as an election to accept any contract, agreement or lease sold as part of the property offered pursuant to said decree or embraced in any deed.

VII. The purchaser or purchasers at any sale under said decree, and his and their assigns, shall as part of the consideration for the property purchased, and in addition to the sums bid by them and elsewhere in said decree required to be paid by him or them, take such property and receive the deeds or other instruments of conveyance and transfer thereof, subject to the provisions of Article Fourth of said decree so far as applicable, and upon the express condition that such property shall be charged with the payment, satisfaction and discharge of the following:—

(1) Any taxes and other public charges which may be a lien upon or chargeable against the property or franchises of the Street Railway herein directed to be sold.

(2) Any indebtedness and the liabilities of the Receivers incurred in this cause or in any of the constituent causes in the management or operation of the property of the Street Railway herein directed to be sold, and otherwise in the discharge of their duties as such Receivers between December 16, 1918, the date of their appointment, and the delivery by them to the purchaser or purchasers of possession of the property sold, to the extent that such indebtedness and liabilities have not been paid or shall not have been paid out of moneys in possession of the Receivers.

(3) Any unpaid claims of creditors of the Street Railway which have been or shall be admitted by the parties in interest or adjudged by this court to be prior in lien or superior in equity to the First and Refunding Mortgage.

At the time of delivery by the Receivers of possession of the property sold the Receivers will pay over to the purchaser or purchasers thereof, if the property be sold as an entirety, or to the purchaser or purchasers of that part of the property other than the so-called Turner line, if the property be sold in parcels, or upon their written order, all cash then in possession or under the control of the Receivers which shall have been received by them since June 30, 1919, and will transfer and deliver to said purchaser or purchasers or upon his, its, or their written order or orders, all cash assets, claims, credits, accounts, and items receivable then in the possession or under the control of the Receivers, and which shall have come into their possession or under their control since June 30, 1919.

No purchaser will be held personally liable under Article Seventh of said decree for any indebtedness, obligation, or liability specified in said Article and required to be paid, the method herein provided for the enforcement of the liability of such purchaser for all such indebtedness, obligations, and liabilities being exclusive of all other remedies.

VIII. By said decree said Court reserves for future adjudication all questions not disposed of therein.

For further particulars reference is hereby made to said decree of foreclosure and sale. The attention of intending purchasers is also called to the advisory statements to be filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Judicial Court of Maine in and for the County of Androscoggin prior to said sale by the Receivers of the Street Railway, pursuant to Article Eighth of said decree of foreclosure and sale.

Dated at Auburn, Maine, August 5, 1919.

WALLACE H. WHITE,
Special Master.

JOHN F. DANA, 57 Exchange St., Portland, Maine, Solicitor for CUMBERLAND COUNTY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY.
PILLSBURY & DANA, 58 State St., Boston, Mass., Solicitors for OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE.
TILESTON E. WOODSIDE, Lewiston, Maine, Solicitor for LEWISTON, AUGUSTA & WATERVILLE STREET RAILWAY.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

REORGANIZATION OF BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY AND MASSACHUSETTS ELECTRIC COMPANIES

PLAN AND AGREEMENT
DATED MARCH 6, 1919,
AS AMENDED.

TO CREDITORS OF BAY STATE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY WHO HAVE PRESENTED OR SHALL PRESENT THEIR CLAIMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE DECREE OF MARCH 11, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that creditors of Bay State Street Railway Company who on the eleventh day of March, 1919, had presented, or who thereafter have presented or shall present, their claims in accordance with the provisions of Article Thirteenth of the decree entered on that date in the District Court of the United States for the District of Massachusetts in the Consolidated Cause, entitled The Archibald McNeil & Sons Company v. Bay State Street Railway Company, in Equity, No. 834, and who have claims subordinate in lien and inferior in equity to the Refunding First Mortgage dated July 1, 1904, from Boston & Northern Street Railway Company to Adams Trust Company (American Trust Company, successor), or to the Refunding First Mortgage dated July 1, 1904, from Old Colony Street Railway Company to Old Colony Trust Company, may, subject to such regulations and requirements not inconsistent with the provisions of said decree as the Reorganization Managers from time to time shall establish, participate in said plan and agreement by filing with Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Mass., Depositary for that purpose, on or before April 18, 1919, or in case of creditors who shall hereafter present their claims as aforesaid, within seven days after such presentation, a written declaration of their desire to participate in said plan and agreement accompanied by such data, information and assignments of their claims as shall be required by the Reorganization Managers all in such form as shall be required by the Reorganization Managers, and upon the filing of such written declaration and other papers shall receive therefor certificates of deposit of said Depositary in form approved by the Reorganization Managers, upon the acceptance of which they shall be entitled to participate in and shall be bound by the provisions of such plan and agreement, subject, however, to the right of the Reorganization Managers in their discretion at any time, either before or after the acceptance of the assignment of any such claim or the issue of certificates of deposit in respect thereof, to require that such claim be judicially established or determined by arbitration as a condition precedent to participation or to further participation in said plant and agreement. No rights under such plan and agreement shall accrue in respect of any such claims unless so deposited. If any such claim is non-assignable, the holder thereof may, nevertheless, participate in said plan and agreement in the manner aforesaid, substituting for an assignment of the claim such other documents in respect thereof as the Reorganization Managers shall require.

For further information reference is made to said plan and agreement, particularly at pages 15 and 21. A copy of said plan and agreement will be sent upon application to the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Mass., Depositary.

LEE, HIGGINSON & COMPANY,
Reorganization Managers,
44 State Street, Boston, Mass.

Select Conservative Investments

In these exceptional times even the most conservative investments yield unusually liberal returns. To obtain on your money an average yield of, say, 6%, you can keep well within the limits of conservatism. All the more reason, therefore, why you should be careful to avoid the pitfalls of unsound or untried enterprises, and exercise the utmost discrimination in selecting your investments.

Send for List No. 1242
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To yield about 4.80%

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We own and offer a comprehensive list of carefully selected Government, Municipal, Railroad and Public Utility Bonds which we recommend for investment. We shall be pleased to send descriptive circulars to investors on request.

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The average investor has neither the time nor the facilities to distinguish between preferred stocks that are preferred as to dividends only, and those having strong protective provisions which compare very favorably with most bonds.

We have prepared in our 1919 booklet an especially attractive list of certain selected preferred stocks, yielding 6½% to 7% income, which we recommend for investment.

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City of London
Ontario
6% Bonds
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to yield 6⅛%

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5% Bonds
Due 1st July, 1929
to yield 6.20%

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Business Awaits New Trend in Labor Situation as Living Costs Recede.

The labor situation continues to supply the chief factor working for uncertainty and caution among manufacturers in many lines, but the undercurrent of recent news from industrial centres indicates a change of sentiment in its earliest stages. The steel industry occupies the most prominent place at the moment in public attention, and the signs point toward a test of strength in the near future between efforts of unions and the firm intention of the employers to see that the labor organizations do not rule them. The steel trade unions are acting under the handicap of lesser numbers than nonunion workers, but with the moral force which comes with the knowledge that unions have been mainly successful in getting their way in traction strikes and in numerous scattered walkouts at industrial plants and on railroads. The union leaders, supported by the overwhelming vote of their members to force their demands through a strike if necessary, desire to meet with steel company officers to talk things over. The steelmakers have, however, steadily ignored the whole matter of a controversy over wages, working hours, &c., standing on the record of high pay which the rank and file of mill, furnace, and mine hands have enjoyed for the last few years. Chairman E. H. Gary of the Steel Corporation expressed the opinion some time ago that a general strike could not be brought about by the union leaders. Other manufacturers show complete confidence in the outlook. Thus there is presented a highly interesting possibility of a strike being called which the most competent observers of steel trade conditions maintain would be a failure. Should the labor leaders go ahead and attempt to tie up the industry, and fail in their effort, the result could hardly be anything but a jolt to the prestige of the unions in other fields than the steel industry. If the union executives hesitate to do anything at all after the strong emphasis they laid last week on the 98 per cent. vote for a strike, the public impression will be that a "bluff" failed to work. Any way it is taken, the union's effort contains possibilities which may be significant in the future relations between worker and employer. Certainly the present decline in prices of various goods necessary to daily living is adding nothing for the time being to the plea of organized labor for higher wages to meet living costs.

In considering last week's decline and subsequent recovery of stock market quotations, a review of price movements is worth while. Between Feb. 10 and July 16 the average price of industrial stocks, dealing with a group of twenty-five issues, advanced about 38 points. From the latter date to last Wednesday reactionary swings had eliminated approximately 13 points of the rise. Between Wednesday and Saturday noon the average price regained 3 points of the previous recession. A number of the more sensational stocks had fallen 20 points or more from the top, and these were among the most active on the recovery of last week. Buying which brought about the upturn appeared to be mostly in the way of short covering, although the insistence behind purchases of automobile and shipping shares aroused the thought in some speculative quarters that fresh accumulation had begun in them. The consensus among brokers during the week was that the public, as distinguished from these traders who constantly follow the ticker, was not interested on the buying side, and had comparatively little to do with the sales of the week. A deduction from this was that, whatever liquidation of the public's holdings occurred between July 16 and Aug. 16, was not continued on a broad scale last week. Hence, arises the question, Has the market discounted in the last five weeks the less generous expectations of the grain crops, the problems of labor, and the handicaps which adverse foreign exchange rates are bringing upon our commerce? An answer would be supplied on the affirmative side if the public renewed again its purchases of securities, which supplied the backbone of the market in June. The professional element in the market has not yet given evidence of assuming the leadership in a forward movement, for these traders want to see how the money situation shapes up at the end of the current month, when in normal years the reverse flow of funds, previously on deposit at New York, gets under way to the agricultural regions. Last Saturday's Clearing House bank statement disclosed the possibility of stiff call loan rates until the banks had strengthened their position as regards reserves, which at other times when the composite reserve fell below legal requirements did not necessitate many days.

It probably was a coincidence, but the fact remains that the foreign exchange market improved sharply the day after the Government's report on commerce in July was issued. From a low record level of 4.14¼ sterling sight drafts rose to 4.21 before Saturday noon, easing off somewhat at the end of the week. The Continental rates moved in favor of the European centres. If there was a connection between the trade statement and exchange rates it would seem to be more sentimental than practical at this time for the reason that the increase in the total of imports as compared with June was slight indeed against the bulk of the balance which has piled up this year in favor of the United States. The result of a single month, in which the export outflow was retarded by harbor strikes, would, furthermore, be an unsatisfactory and faulty yard stick for measuring future tendencies of the trade balance. What the July figures showed was an aggregate value of imports amounting to $345,000,000, the largest for any month in our history. Exports of $570,000,000 displayed a decline of about $350,000,000 from the outgo in June. The trade balance of $225,000,000 compared with $265,000,000 in July last year and $21,929,000 in July, 1913. If the July ratio of imports to exports, in comparison with the June results, could be maintained, there would be reason to trace out in a few months the effect which a natural factor was having upon the exchanges, turning them back toward their normal relations. As it is, the absence of detailed figures on imports makes impossible a deduction for the immediate future. It is not known whether the more important increases of imports came from Europe or from other continents.

Index numbers, comprising wholesale prices of necessities, indicate clearly that the agitation to reduce living costs is having some effect. Dun's reports show that certain cottons have declined 17 per cent. and some varieties of hides are 22 per cent. lower than at the time the investigations got under way. The Government, State, and municipal investigators are discovering great accumulations of food and other products in warehouses, and much of these supplies are to be sold soon. All of which helps to relieve a vexing problem. It is to be hoped that the zeal of the authorities finds a definite line of cleavage between goods hoarded for the sake of profit and goods held as a reserve by distributing organizations for periods of light production, so that later hardship be not brought about through hurried sales of materials which should be dealt out gradually.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED AUG. 23, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	5,390,245	193,871,414
Same period a year ago	1,325,454	86,385,645

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	83.40	79.62	93.56	69.73
Same period a year ago.	73.91	72.55	74.22	64.12

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
502	ADAMS EXPRESS	42½	40	40	−2
9,600	Advance Rumely	37	31	37	+¾
1,900	Advance Rumely pf.	69¾	67	69	−⅛
14,700	Ajax Rubber	100½	86⅝	94	−7½
2,300	Alaska Gold Mines	2⅝	2½	2½	−⅛
3,300	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2	2	−¾
17,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	38¼	35¼	38¼	..
900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	91⅛	90	90½	−2½
7,900	Am. Agricul. Chem.	102	100	102	+½
100	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf.	99	99	99	−1
400	Am. Bank Note	45¾	43¾	43¾	−2¼
100	Am. Bank Note pf.	48¼	48¼	48¼	+¾
5,100	Am. Bosch Magneto	113	106¾	113	+⅝
6,100	Am. Beet Sugar	86	80½	85	+½
100	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	93¾	93¾	93¾	+3¾
27,800	Am. Can	50⅛	46¼	49½	−1½
300	Am. Can pf.	105	104	104⅞	+⅝
62,500	Am. Car & Fdy.	126⅞	120	124	−2½
300	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	116	115½	116	..
5,900	Am. Cotton Oil	55	51⅝	54½	−1½
3,600	Am. Drug. Syndicate	11⅝	11⅛	11¼	−⅝
200	Am. Express	90	90	90	−3
21,400	Am. Hide & Leather	31½	26	28¾	−3¼
18,200	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	118	110	113¾	−5¼
7,310	Am. Ice	48½	37½	43¼	−6¼
2,300	Am. Ice pf.	70	64	70	+2
91,000	Am. International	95⅝	89¾	95⅝	+⅛
18,400	Am. Linseed	73¼	70	73¼	−¾
37,200	Am. Locomotive	85½	81⅛	85⅝	−1⅝
200	Am. Locomotive pf.	106	105½	105½	−1
5,700	Am. Malt & Grain	60	55	58⅞	−1⅛
70,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	75⅝	72½	75	−½
600	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	103	102¼	103	−3
200	Am. Snuff	121⅞	120	121⅞	−1⅛
20,700	Am. Steel Fdys.	40½	37⅛	39	−1⅝
800	Am. Steel Fdys. pf.	95⅝	94½	95⅝	..
9,400	Am. Sugar Ref.	128½	122⅜	127	−1
110	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	114¾	114¾	114¾	−1¾
58,750	Am. Sum. Tobacco	83⅝	73	80⅞	−1¼
500	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	93	92½	92½	−6
12,100	Am. Tel. & Tel.	102½	100	102⅝	+1⅝
5,150	Am. Tobacco	220	207⅛	218⅝	−1⅛
500	Am. Tobacco pf., new	100¾	100	100	..
25,100	Am. Woolen	112¼	106	109¾	−3¼
100	Am. Woolen pf.	106	106	106	−1
9,060	Am. Writing Paper pf.	60	51½	56½	−4
10,600	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	24¼	20⅛	22¾	+¾
800	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	57	56	56	−2½
32,700	Anaconda Copper	67¼	64	66¾	+¾
2,400	Assets Realization	3⅜	2½	2⅞	−⅛
2,600	Associated D. G.	53½	51⅝	53½	−½
9,000	Atch., Top. & S. F.	89½	88	89½	−½
300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	81½	81	81½	+½
1,800	Atlantic Coast Line	94	92	93	−2
17,500	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	150¾	140	150½	+6
100	Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf.	74	74	74	−½
185,300	BALDWIN LOCO.	105⅝	98½	103¾	−2⅞
11,700	Baltimore & Ohio	41¼	39¾	40⅞	−⅛
1,100	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	52	50¼	50⅝	−3⅝
2,200	Barrett Co.	117	116	116¼	−1⅝
100	Barrett Co. pf.	113	113	113	−2¼
1,500	Batopilas Mining	1¾	1½	1¾	+¼
124,700	Bethlehem Steel, Class B	84⅞	79½	84½	+⅛
800	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	111½	110¾	110¾	−1⅛
9,700	Booth Fisheries	19¼	17½	18¾	−⅝
100	Brooklyn Edison Elec.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	−⅞
11,700	Brooklyn Rapid Transit.	25½	23	25¼	+⅝
1,000	Do. cfs.	21	20	21	+½
100	Brooklyn Union Gas	80	80	80	−¼
200	Brown Shoe	90¼	90	*90	−3½
300	Brown Shoe pf.	97¼	97	97	−½
100	Buffalo & Susq. pf.	51	51	51	−2
2,200	Bruns. Term. & Ry.	12	10¼	10⅞	−2⅛
6	Buffalo, Roch. & Pitts.	57	57	57	..
16	Do. pf.	97	97	97	..
1,900	Burns Brothers	138	128	136	−4
9,100	Butte Copper & Zinc	13	11¼	12⅞	+⅝
26,800	Butte & Superior	29½	23½	28¾	+4
1,000	Butterick Co.	32	30⅛	30⅛	−2
5,900	CAL. PACKING	68½	65¼	68½	+1
6,800	Caddo Con., O. & P.	35	30	33¼	−2
25,300	Cal. Petroleum	46	40⅝	45	+⅝
2,100	Cal. Petroleum pf.	82½	80	80¾	−2¾
1,600	Calumet & Arizona	75	72	75	+½
9,500	Canadian Pacific	157	153⅛	156¾	+1¾
500	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	101	101	101	+½
1,600	Central Foundry	31	29	31	−3
900	Central Foundry pf.	58	54¾	54¾	−6¾
117,000	Central Leather Co.	93½	86½	92½	−1¼
200	Central Leather Co. pf.	109	108⅛	108⅛	−2⅞
200	Central R. R. of N. J.	213	213	213	+10
600	Certain-Teed Products	40⅞	38	38	−5½
100	Certain-Teed Prod. 1st pf	86	86	86	−4½
17,600	Cerro de Pasco Copper	52¾	49¼	*52	+1
5,100	Chandler Motor	238	209	238	+4
7,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	57⅝	53½	57⅝	+1⅛
2,000	Chi. Great Western	9	8	8⅝	−⅜
1,500	Chi. Great Western pf.	24½	22⅛	24½	−¼
9,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	41⅞	39	41½	−½
12,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	63¾	60⅛	63¾	+⅞
3,100	Chi. & Northwestern	93½	91½	93	+1⅛
300	Chi. & Northwestern pf.	125	124	125	..
700	Chi. Pneumatic Tool	77	73	75	−3
7,300	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	24¾	22½	24¾	+1⅛
2,200	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 7% pf.	71¾	68½	69¾	−2¼
2,600	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 6% pf.	59½	55¼	58	−2
15,900	Chile Copper	23¼	21⅞	23¼	−¼
6,500	Chino Copper	44	41½	44	+1¾
200	Clev., C., C. & St. L. pf.	66¾	66	66	−2¾
200	Cluett, Peabody	79¾	79	79	−4
100	Cluett, Peabody pf.	104	104	104	−1½
8,100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	44	40	44	+½
900	Colorado Southern	22½	20½	22½	..
200	Colorado Southern 1st pf	53	53	53	−1
8,400	Columbia Gas & Elec.	59¼	57	58½	−½
600	Comput. Tab Recording.	51	50	51	+4
1,400	Consol. Cigar	58	54	58	−2½
900	Do. pf.	80	79	79	+1
3,200	Consolidated Gas	95	92⅝	94½	−½
11,100	Consol. Inter. Cal Min.	19	12½	18⅝	−¾
7,700	Continental Can	95	87½	92¼	−3¼
300	Continental Insurance	74½	72⅝	74½	+2½
40,300	Continental Candy	12¾	11¼	12⅛	−⅝
81,000	Corn Prod. Refin.	76⅝	71	76⅛	−1⅜
700	Corn Prod. Refin. pf.	106½	106	106½	+½
100	Crex Carpet	54½	54½	54½	−9½
200	Cripple Creek Central	10	10	10	−10
156,900	Crucible Steel	140⅞	132⅛	139⅞	+2⅜
1,100	Crucible Steel pf.	100½	99	100	−1
15,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	32¼	30⅝	31¾	−¾
3,500	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	79¼	77⅛	78	−½
100	Cuban-American Sugar	227	227	227	−23
1,300	DELAWARE & HUD.	106	103½	105	+⅞
300	Del., Lack. & West.	189	185	189	+3
800	Denver & Rio Grande	9¼	8	8⅛	−1¼
8,800	Denver & Rio G. pf.	15½	12⅝	14	..
100	Detroit Edison Co.	117	117	117	−3
3,100	Dome Mines	13¼	12½	12⅝	−1⅛
800	Dul., So. Shore & At.	4¾	4⅛	4⅛	−⅝
3,100	ENID-JOHNSON	105	98	101	−4
700	Do pf.	103	101⅞	103	..
200	Elec. Stor. Battery	92¾	92	92¾	−1⅞
5,900	Elk Horn Coal	37⅞	34⅜	36	−2
500	Elk Horn Coal pf.	47	42	42	−2
16,100	Erie	16¼	15	15¾	−¼
5,200	Erie 1st pf.	24¾	23½	24¾	+½
1,300	Erie 2d pf.	18	16¾	18	+¼
12,300	FAMOUS PLAY.-L.	105	93	95	−11
400	Fed. Min. & Smelt	15⅝	13	15⅝	+⅝
2,100	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf.	33⅛	31	32	−2¼
3,100	Fisher Body	89⅞	84½	89⅛	+⅞
29,500	Fisk Rubber	45¾	42⅛	45	−½
18,300	Freeport-Texas	47½	42⅝	47	+½
9,100	GASTON W. & WIG.	30⅝	28⅛	30	−⅝
17,400	General Cigar	81	74	79¾	−2¼
1,700	General Electric	162¾	160	162	−2⅜
67,800	General Motors	237	210¼	235	+17½
600	General Motors pf.	90½	90	90	−¾
22,400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	74	70	73	−1⅛
500	Goodrich pf.	102¾	102¼	102¾	+¼
400	Granby Consol	67½	66⅛	67½	−2½
7,800	Great Northern pf.	87	85	87	+1
17,000	Gt. N. C. for O. Prop.	42	37⅜	42	..
1,100	Greene-Cananea Cop.	42½	40¾	41	−¾
2,100	Gulf States Steel	58⅛	55¾	55¾	−4¼
300	Gulf, Mobile & North.	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	−⅛
100	Gulf, Mobile & North. pf	38	38	38	−1
600	HARTMAN CORP.	87	83	*87	+¼
6,900	Haskell & Barker	59⅞	57½	59¼	−1
1,700	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	95	90	92	−2⅛
29,500	Inspiration Copper	59½	56½	59½	−¼
11,000	Interboro Consolidated	7	5½	6	−¼
6,200	Interboro Consol pf.	20¼	16	19	+1
2,400	Internat. Agricultural	28½	25⅛	25⅞	−3⅛
1,100	Internat. Agricul. pf.	81¾	80	81¾	−⅜
4,600	Internat. Harv., New	131	125½	130½	−½
251	Inter. Harv. pf, New	117¼	114¼	114¼	−¾
173,100	Internat. Mer. Marine	57½	48	56¾	+4
51,000	Internat. Mer. Ma. pf.	116⅝	110	116⅝	+3⅞
36,700	Internat. Nickel	26¼	24¾	26¼	..
39,400	Internat. Paper	56⅛	50	55	−1⅝
1,100	Inter. Paper pf stamped	77	74¼	77	+1
100	International Salt	54	54	54	..
100	Iowa Central	6	6	6	..
4,000	JEWEL TEA	26	24	26	+½
300	Jewel Tea pf.	66	65	65⅞	−4⅝
2,400	Jones Bros. Tea	37	36	36¾	+⅛
2,600	KAN. CITY SOUTH.	19¼	18	19	−½
300	Kan. City South. pf.	50⅝	50	50½	−½
100	Kayser (J.) & Co. 1st pf.	118	118	118	+1
25,400	Kelly Springfield Tire	128¾	116¾	117	−9
1,100	Kelly Spring. T. 8% pf.	104	102⅞	104	..
200	Kelsey Wheel	65	61¼	65	−1
200	Kelsey Wheel pf.	98	96	98	+2
14,500	Kennecott Copper	36¾	33⅞	36⅝	+⅝
116,200	Keystone Tire	83½	62¾	75¼	−8¼
100	Kress (S. H.) Co.	84½	84½	84½	+2¼
100	Kress (S. H.) Co. pf.	110	110	110	+5¾
4,700	LACKAWANNA STEEL	78	74	75	−3⅛
100	Laclede Gas	50	50	50	..
200	Lake Erie & West.	9	9	9	−⅛
3,000	Lee Rubber & Tire	30	27½	28⅝	−1½
3,900	Lehigh Valley	48⅝	47⅞	48⅝	−⅜
100	Liggett & Myers	240	240	240	−10
200	Liggett & Myers pf.	113⅛	111½	111½	−1⅝
800	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	68	62½	62½	−
3,700	Lorillard (P.) Co.	224⅞	207	224⅞	+5⅜
100	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	112	112	112	−⅛
300	Louisville & Nashville	105¼	104⅞	104⅞	−3⅝
300	MACKAY COS.	74	74	74	−3
100	Mackay Cos. pf.	64	64	64	..
900	Manhattan Shirt	31½	31	31½	−2⅛
100	Marlin-Rockwell	67	67	67	−3
8,300	Maxwell Motors	48⅝	44	48⅝	+1⅛
3,900	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	73½	69⅝	73½	..
3,800	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	36	33¼	36	..
200	May Dept. Stores	98	97	97	−½
100	May Dept. Stores pf.	108½	108½	108½	+⅝
76,500	Mexican Petroleum	173½	163	173	−1
4,100	Miami Copper	27½	26	27½	+⅝
38,700	Midvale Steel	49⅞	47½	49⅝	−⅞
2,200	Minn. & St. Louis, new.	16⅞	15	16⅞	+1¼
100	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	86	86	86	+½
201	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	100	100	100	−3
30,600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	13½	11¼	12½	−1¼
2,800	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	18	15	16	−2½
16,700	Mo. Pacific	27¼	25½	27⅛	−⅝
3,000	Mo. Pacific pf.	48	45¾	47⅛	−2⅜
1,500	Montana Power	72	68½	68½	−2½
200	NASH., CHAT. & ST. L.	113	112½	112½	−5¼
2,600	National Acme	36	35⅝	36	−¼
1,600	National Biscuit	115	107	114	−2¾
100	National Biscuit pf.	115	114	115	−2
500	National Cloak & Suit	80¼	76	76	−7⅞
11,200	National Cond. & Cable.	18	14¾	16⅛	−1⅞
6,400	National Enam. & S.	73	69⅝	71½	−1¾
400	National Enam & S. pf.	102⅛	102	102	..
2,700	National Lead	79	75⅛	78½	−¾
100	National Lead pf.	110½	110½	110½	−¼
600	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	8⅜	7⅝	7⅝	−1⅛
3,500	Nevada Con. Copper	18½	17½	18½	−½
3,200	N. Y. Air Brake	111½	105	108¾	−2¾
12,500	N. Y. Central	73¼	70	73¼	+¼
200	N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis.	26	25	25	−1⅛
100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	47½	47½	47½	−½
4,000	N. Y. Dock	60	58	59½	−2¾
400	N. Y. Dock pf.	66	64	64	−6½
20,930	N. Y., N. H. & H.	32¾	30⅛	32¾	−¾
200	N. Y., Ontario & West'n	20	20	20	−⅛
100	Norfolk Southern	15	15	15	−¼
2,100	Norfolk & Western	100¼	98¾	99⅝	−1¼
400	North American	58	57⅛	58	..
6,300	Northern Pacific	86⅞	84⅞	86	−½
8,300	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	75	68	72½	−3½
63,200	OHIO CITIES GAS	52½	49⅛	52⅜	+½
400	Ohio Fuel Supply	[illegible]	50	50	−1⅜
2,100	Ontario Mining	7	6⅝	6⅝	−⅞
34,200	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	10¼	9⅝	10¼	+¼
2,100	Owens Bottle	56	53¾	56	..
2,200	PACIFIC G. & E.	68	65¼	68	+1
1,000	Pacific Mail	39	37½	39	+1
300	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	39½	38	38	−¾
184,700	Pan Am. Pet. & Trans.	110¾	104	110	+⅜
5,200	Penn. Seaboard S.	42¾	39⅛	39⅛	−4½
12,715	Penn. Railroad	43⅝	42⅞	43⅛	−½
2,700	People's Gas, Chicago	45	39	42	−3
500	Peoria & Eastern	13⅞	12	12	−2¼
4,500	Pere Marquette	17⅞	16⅝	17½	−½
700	Pere Marquette prior pf.	61	60	60	−1½
4,400	Philadelphia Co.	34¾	32⅝	34	−1
35,700	Pierce-Arrow	54⅞	48½	54⅛	+⅝
400	Pierce-Arrow pf.	106¾	106½	106½	−½
20,300	Pierce Oil	21	20	20¾	−⅝
20,500	Pitts. Coal	67	59⅛	62	−5
100	Pitts. Coal pf.	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	−2¾
300	Pitts. Steel pf.	95	92¼	92¼	−2¾
9,500	Pitts. & West Va.	33	30½	32¾	+⅛
200	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	78½	78½	78½	−2½
1,900	Pond Creek Coal	19	17	18	−2
8,300	Pressed Steel Car	85⅞	78½	82½	−3½
1,300	Pressed Steel Car pf.	103	101	101	−1
100	Public Service, N. J.	82	82	82	−4½
1,000	Pullman Co.	118¾	116	116¼	−1¾
4,700	Punta Allegre Sugar	66½	62⅝	66¼	+2⅝
6,800	RY. STEEL SPRING	89¾	86	89	..
7,900	Ray Consol. Copper	23⅞	22⅝	23⅞	+⅝
39,750	Reading	79	75⅛	78¾	−½
100	Reading 1st pf.	34½	34½	34½	−1
100	Rutland pf.	17	17	17	..
1,700	Remington Typewriter	72	68	69	−3
28,700	Republic Iron & Steel	86¼	80⅝	85½	−⅝
500	Republic Iron & Steel pf.	104¾	104¼	104¼	−1½
400	Republic M. T.	47	45½	45½	−2½
111,100	Royal Dutch tr. r., N. Y.	90¾	86	90⅝	+⅝
200	Do. rects.	87⅝	85⅝	87	..
1,200	Royal Dutch, Am. sh.	92	87	87	−1¾
10,200	ST. L.-SAN FRAN.	18⅝	16¼	18⅝	+⅝
100	St. L.-San Francisco pf	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	−1⅞
300	St. L. Southwestern	16	16	16	−⅞
400	St. L. Southwestern pf.	29	27⅝	27⅝	−2⅜
900	Savage Arms	73	71	71	−¼
13,900	Saxon Motor	26¾	23	26	+¾
1,200	Seaboard Air Line	9⅛	8½	8½	−⅝
800	Seaboard Air Line pf.	17¾	17	17	−2
1,200	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	201	198½	198½	−4½
800	St. Joseph Lead	14⅝	14	14	−½
3,100	Shattuck-Arizona	15	13	15	−2½
277,630	Sinclair Oil Refining	58	51¾	57¼	+2¼
2,900	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I.	62¼	59¼	62	..
79,100	Southern Pacific	95⅝	93	95½	+¼
17,500	Southern Railway	25⅝	23½	25¼	+¼
2,700	Southern Railway pf.	62	59¾	61	−1¼
1,700	Stromberg Carb. rights.	10	9	9⅝	..
13,710	Stromberg Carburetor	73½	63	71	−2½
209,800	Studebaker Co.	106	93½	*105½	+3½
900	Studebaker Co. pf.	101¾	99¾	*99¾	+½
10,600	Stutz Motor	109¾	99	109⅜	+3¼
2,200	Superior Steel	40	35¼	39	−1⅛
100	Superior Steel 1st pf.	105	105	105	..
16,400	TENN. COP. & CHEM.	13½	12⅞	13⅜	−¼
19,400	Texas Co.	252	235	248½	−1½
57,700	Texas & Pacific	44	37¼	42⅜	−2⅝
300	Third Avenue	18	18	18	−1
56,300	Tobacco Products	100⅜	85	94	−6⅞
1,600	Tobacco Products pf.	105	100	101	−3¾
10,770	Transcont. Oil	45⅝	42¾	45	−⅝
3,200	Transue & W.	56½	53	56	−2
100	Twin City Rap. Trans.	43	43	43	−2
300	UNION BAG & PAPER	86½	82	85	..
15,000	Union Pacific	124	120⅝	123¾	+⅛
100	Union Pacific pf.	70	70	70	..
6,700	United Alloy Steel	51¼	49	51¼	..
1,650	United Cigar Stores	200	170	200	..
1,200	United Drug	158	150	152	−8
500	United Drug 1st pf.	51½	51	51½	+⅜
100	United Drug 2d pf.	155	155	155	..
2,000	United Fruit	180½	172½	176	−2
163,200	Unit. Ref. St.	106½	80⅛	85¾	−10⅛
113,000	Do rts.	15⅞	9	11⅛	−5⅛
1,300	United R'way Invest.	10⅛	10	10	−1
2,100	Unit. R'way Invest pf.	22⅛	21⅝	22	−2
14,900	U. S.-C. I. P. & F.	33⅞	28½	31¼	−2⅞
1,800	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	67	64½	65	−5¼
1,200	United States Express	26⅛	25⅛	26	−⅛
62,100	U. S. Indus. Alcohol	138½	123½	123½	−10¼
200	U. S. Indus. Alco. pf.	103½	103	103	−1¾
62,900	U. S. Food Prod.	78⅛	72	75½	−2½
2,400	U. S. R. & Imp. Co.	42¼	39	42¼	−½
47,000	U. S. Rubber	121	114¼	120	−3
850	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	114	112	112	−1
2,100	U. S. Smelt. Ref. & M.	64½	62¾	64½	+¼
100	U. S. S. Ref & M pf.	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	..
734,800	U. S. Steel	102⅛	98⅜	101⅜	−1⅝
2,336	U. S. Steel pf.	116¼	114	115	..
25,700	Utah Copper	84¼	80	84¼	+¼
900	Utah Securities	15	14½	15	−1½
6,400	VA.-CAR. CHEM.	83	76	82¾	+2⅝
500	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	113½	113	113½	+¼
350	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	61	59⅞	60	..
2,800	WABASH	10	9⅝	10	..
3,800	Wabash pf A	31	30	30¾	−⅝
700	Wells-Fargo Express	58	55½	58	−3
7,200	Western Maryland	12¾	11⅛	12	−⅝
500	Western Pacific	20⅞	20	20⅞	−⅛
1,500	West. Union Tel.	85⅝	84	85	−½
1,140	West'house Air Brake	111⅝	108	108	−4
22,900	West'house E. & M.	52½	50½	52½	..
700	Wheeling & Lake Erie	9⅛	9	9⅛	+⅛
20,400	White Motors	61½	56	61	+1¼
7,200	Wilson & Co.	92	81½	87	+½
56,000	Willys-Overland	33	30	32¾	+1¼
1,100	Willys-Overland pf.	95⅛	92	92	−3
500	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	126	125	125	−2
2,400	Worthington Pump	68	63⅝	65⅞	−3⅛

*Ex Div. †Ex rights.

Permanency
and
Progress

Municipalities do not go out of business. They expand in population and wealth with each succeeding generation. This power back of the securities of our communities explains why

The Municipal Bond

showed less fluctuation in value in the last four years than any other class of investment.

Send for our List B-101 of Tax Exempt Bonds.

Spitzer, Rorick & Company
Established 1871
Equitable Bldg., New York
Toledo Chicago

L&D

Summary of
CHINO COPPER COMPANY
presenting the strong financial features and excellent fundamental condition of the company.

Circular on request

LIGGETT & DREXEL
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
61 BROADWAY N.Y.
Phone - Bowling Green 6780
105 DEVONSHIRE ST. BOSTON

Root
&
Van Dervoort
8%
Preferred

Send for Circular

Richardson, Hill & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1870
Members New York Stock Exchange, Boston Stock Exchange
50 Congress St. Boston

Long Term Railroad Bonds
to yield 7% to 8%

SYSTEMS
Baltimore & Ohio
New York Central
Southern Railway
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford

The above bonds are followed by substantial equities represented by junior mortgages in stocks.

F. J. LISMAN & CO.
Specialists in Steam Railroad Securities Since 1890.
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange
61 Broadway New York

We offer a new issue of

First Mortgage
3 year 6% Bonds
To net 6½%

Net earnings after Federal Taxes over seven times annual interest charges on these bonds.

Additionally secured by deposit with trustee of stock of a controlled company having book value considerably greater than the outstanding amount of the bonds and on which dividends of 100% have been paid in the past seven years.

Circular on request.

Wm. West & Co.
27 Pine St. New York

Woodward Iron Company

First and Consolidated Mortgage
Sinking Fund 5% Gold Bonds

Dated January 1st, 1912 Due January 1st, 1952

Clark, Dodge & Co.
51 Wall Street, New York

MUNICIPAL BONDS
EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

		Yield
$696,000	City of Hartford, Conn. 4¼% Reg. Water Bonds, Due Dec. 1, 1920-27	4.30%
145,000	Township of No. Bergen, N. J. 5% Improvement Bonds, Due July 1, 1925	4.55
100,000	Duval County, Fla. (Jacksonville County Seat) 5% Bridge Bonds, Due January 1, 1949	4.70
75,000	City of Everett, Wash. 5% Water Bonds, Due June 1, 1936	4.75

Descriptive circular upon application.

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 Nassau St., New York
Boston St. Louis Portland, Me. Chicago

$125,000

State of Oregon
4% Gold Bonds
Due August 1, 1928-33

Exempt from the Federal Income Tax
Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and New England
Eligible to secure Post Savings Deposits

Prices to yield 4.50%

Remick, Hodges & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall Street New York
Correspondents: R. L. Day & Co., Boston

A SOUND BASIS FOR INVESTMENT

Chain Store Systems, through quantitative buying and centralized management, are able to effect great economies.

Send for a copy of our booklet that describes some of the leading organizations.

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Investments
Commercial Paper
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New York
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Los Angeles
Members New York Stock Exchange

$200,000

City of Spartansburg, S. C., 5s
Due September 1, 1939
Price 103⅞ & Interest
Yielding 4.70%

Curtis & Sanger
Members New York, Boston and Chicago Stock Exchanges
49 Wall Street New York
BOSTON SAN FRANCISCO CHICAGO

An Analysis of

Pacific Gas and Electric Co.

A Prosperous Public Utility Company

For the past five years, including a period of war and high operating costs, earnings averaged $7.62 a share on the common stock. Present earnings estimated at the rate of 11% per annum or over twice the present 5% annual dividend rate.

Circular C-3 sent upon request.

A. A. Housman & Co.

Members
New York Stock Exchange.
New York Cotton Exch.
N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exch.
New York Produce Exch.
Chicago Board of Trade.
Associate Members of
Liverpool Cotton Ass'n.

20 Broad Street, New York
Branch Office—25 West 33d St.

Drilling for Oil

The wells in the Mid-Continent field are drilled mostly by standard tools, rotary drilling being confined to a few fields in Texas, and to fields in the Red Beds in Oklahoma. Drilling costs are greater than in the eastern fields, but less than for fields still further west.

One not acquainted with actual field operations cannot fully realize what an important factor water supply plays in the drilling of wells.

The water question in the big Texas developments is one of the most important and difficult features in the drilling, as water is needed from the outset, and most of the delays incident to speedy development can be ascribed to this cause.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co
111 Broadway New York

Mississippi River Power Company

1st Mortgage 5% Bonds
Due January, 1951

Price to Yield About 6½%

Net earnings are nearly double the interest on these bonds.

They are secured by first mortgage on the entire property of the Company, which owns one of the largest hydro-electric developments in the world located on the Mississippi River at Keokuk, Iowa.

Power is sold to public utility and industrial companies in the surrounding territory, including St. Louis, East St. Louis, Burlington and Fort Madison.

Circular B-2, containing detailed information, sent upon request.

Stone & Webster
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 6020
Boston Chicago

Exempt from Federal Income Tax

Municipal Bonds

$40,000
ST. PETERSBURG, FLA.,
School District 6% Bonds
Due June 1, 1949
To Yield 5.15%

$100,000
HARDIN COUNTY, TEXAS
5½% Road District Bonds
Due 1931-1949
To Yield 5.15%

$35,000
VAN ZANDT COUNTY, TEXAS,
5½% Road District Bonds
Due 1930-1943
To Yield 5.20%

Particulars on request.

STACY & BRAUN
5 Nassau Street
Toledo New York Cincinnati

Municipal Bonds

Easy to buy.
Easy to sell.
Maximum of safety.
Minimum of trouble.
Best of collateral.
Range of return to you 4½% to 5¼%
Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes.

List of offerings and full particulars upon request.

BRANDON, GORDON AND WADDELL
Ground Floor, Singer Building
89 Liberty Street, New York

PLEADS FOR RETURN OF ECONOMIC LAWS

George E. Roberts Deprecates Efforts to Establish Government Licensing System.

SEES DANGER IN RADICALISM

Disappointed by Extravagant Utterances of Railway Brotherhoods on Plumb Plan.

Unrest and lessened production threaten America's prosperity, according to George E. Roberts, Vice President of the National City Bank, who urges that this is a time for earnest appeal to the intelligence and patriotism of every man and woman, and comes out strongly against Government attacks on business and radical Federal Trade Commission efforts to bring about a permanent licensing system to perpetuate some of the war period expedients. In an article in The Americas, published by the bank, Mr. Roberts writes:

"With the deterioration of the crops there was a natural stiffening of prices in foodstuffs and clothing materials, and this prompted a buying movement which carried them still higher. The buying was not only for home consumption, but for foreign markets. The June exports were far above any previous record. Foreign countries bought heavily of cotton goods and leather, both of which rose rapidly. Sensational statements have been current in the newspapers as to what shoes and clothing would cost next year, labor troubles have multiplied, and finally came the extraordinary pronouncements of the railroad brotherhoods.

"The utterances of the chiefs of the railroad trainmen are most disappointing, because the business community has been accustomed to place confidence in these men as intelligent and well-informed as well as good-intentioned citizens. They have always disclaimed revolutionary purposes, and certainly the rank and file of the railroad orders as individuals are good citizens. It is true that the chiefs gave a shock to the country two years ago when they forced the Adamson law from Congress under a strike threat, but even so the business community was not prepared for the extravagant utterances which have recently come from them.

Demands Create Alarm.

"Congress has been proceeding for some months, as expeditiously as possible, with the task of finding a solution for the railroad problem. The proper committees of both Houses have had hearings upon the subject and are formulating bills, it being the common understanding that there would be no postponement action and that some determination would be reached this year. Indeed, this seems to be the explanation of the action of the brotherhoods. They have not been content to allow Congress to follow the normal course of legislation or to present their views as other citizens are invited to. Their demands were presented in such a manner as to create alarm throughout the business community. They carried the idea that unless complied with the railroads would be closed to traffic, the greatest possible disaster which could befall the country. It is difficult to understand how any body of men can have such a distorted idea of their own rights as to seriously consider the infliction of such a calamity. Such a threat is far beyond being an attack upon the owners of railroad property; it is a menace to the Government and all of the people of the country. So long as any probability exists that a concerted action to tie up the railroads will be taken, that is the most important fact in the business situation. It is a matter of vital concern that such a threat should be made and that such a possibility should exist."

Touching on the Government and its attitude toward business, Mr. Roberts writes:

"As though the managers of industry did not have troubles enough at this time, with labor demands, price fluctuations and all the uncertainties of the situation, the Government, through its various departments and commissions, is resuming its attacks.

"The perennial attack upon the beefpackers has been renewed by the Department of Justice, and following a report by the Federal Trade Commission an attempt is being made to pass radical legislation, aimed primarily at the packers, but of a character which may well be regarded with concern by all business interests. It is nothing less than for a permanent licensing system, which would perpetuate one of the expedients of the war period. During the war, when all were agreed that it was necessary to concentrate the energies of the country in support of the Government, there was a strong argument for the licensing system, giving autocratic powers to the authorities at Washington. It was necessary that there should be control at Washington, not because, as a permanent thing, all industry could be conducted most intelligently and efficiently from Washington, but because certain policies were desirable during the war. Now the people who think that Government officials are competent to conduct everything, wish to make some of these powers permanent. They want to put great industries under the immediate supervision of Government officals, with complete power in the hands of the latter, not merely to prosecute violations of law by common legal procedure, but to act as prosecutor, judge and executioner, or, in other words, to exercise arbitrary power."

Fail To Recognize Economic Law.

"The fundamental trouble at the bottom of all this turbulence in the industrial world," he says in conclusion, "and this pressure upon the Government to interfere in business affairs, is in failure to understand that there are natural economic laws always at work accomplishing the ends sought by such agitation, and doing so far more efficiently and certainly than it can be accomplished by arbitrary measures. By means of these laws all the progress of the past has been achieved. If they are allowed to work without interference they will work with great efficacy, but if they are constantly interfered with by arbitrary action the result is nothing but confusion. The Government when it enters the business field is no wiser than the individual, usually an inexperienced subordinate, who happens to represent it, and it is a safe general rule that the more the Government meddles with business the less efficient business will be."

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Aug. 23, 1919.

STOCKS. (SHARES.)

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Monday	$1,089,250	$176,423	$263,783
Tuesday	1,038,915	191,274	497,404
Wednesday	951,868	211,325	774,961
Thursday	1,226,062	177,801	836,730
Friday	779,450	247,893	429,225
Saturday	304,440	320,738	113,895
Total wk.	$5,390,425	$1,325,454	$2,915,998
Yr. to date	193,871,414	86,885,645	123,271,697

BONDS. (PAR VALUE.)

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Monday	$13,613,000	$6,251,000	$3,110,000
Tuesday	12,031,300	7,583,500	3,126,000
Wednesday	9,015,300	8,432,000	2,242,500
Thursday	11,644,000	8,811,500	2,452,500
Friday	10,897,000	7,405,500	3,075,000
Saturday	5,048,000	5,881,000	891,500
Total wk.	$61,748,600	$44,364,500	$14,897,500
Yr to date	2,069,361,000	995,386,500	627,875,436

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.

	Aug. 23,'19	Aug. 24,'18	Increase.
Corporations	$6,969,500	$4,879,000	$2,090,500
Liberty	52,077,100	33,801,500	18,275,600
Foreign goods	2,558,000	5,648,000	*2,000,000
State	13,000	17,000	*4,000
City	131,000	19,000	112,000
Total all	$61,748,600	$44,364,500	$17,379,500

*Decrease.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Aug. 18	4.24¾	4.23¾	4.23¾	4.25½	4.24½	4.24½
Aug. 19	4.20½	4.18¾	4.18¾	4.12½	4.19½	4.19¾
Aug. 20	4.16	4.12¼	4.16	4.17	4.13¼	4.17
Aug. 21	4.17¾	4.15¼	4.17½	4.18¼	4.16	4.18¼
Aug. 22	4.19	4.18¼	4.18¾	4.19¾	4.19	4.19½
Aug. 23	4.21	4.19½	4.19¾	4.22	4.20¼	4.20½
Week's range—						
High			4.24¾			4.25½
Low			4.12¼			4.13¼
Same week last year—						
High			4.7560			4.7660
Low			4.7545			4.7650
Year to date—						
High			4.7585			4.7656¾
Low			4.26¼			4.27
Corresponding period last year—						
High			4.76⅛			4.77⅛
Low			4.7545			4.76⅛

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Aug. 18	7.98	7.98	7.98	7.96	7.96	7.96
Aug. 19	8.13	8.13	8.13	8.11	8.11	8.11
Aug. 20	8.16	8.16	8.16	8.14	8.14	8.14
Aug. 21	8.15	8.10½	8.15	8.13	8.17½	8.13½
Aug. 22	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.08	8.08	8.08
Aug. 23	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.08	8.08	8.08
Week's range—						
High			7.98			7.96
Low			8.19½			8.17½
Same week last year—						
High			5.61			5.60
Low			5.67¼			5.66¼
Year to date—						
High			5.45¾			5.44½
Low			7.87½			7.85½
Corresponding period last year—						
High			5.61			5.60
Low			5.75⅝			5.71¾

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cab.	Holland. Dem.	Cab.	Italy. Dem.	Cab.
Aug. 18—	5.72	5.70	37.00	37.1875	9.30	9.28
Aug. 19—	5.74	5.72	36.375	36.5625	9.49	9.47
Aug. 20—	5.74	5.72	36.1875	36.375	9.57	9.55
Aug. 21—	5.72	5.70	36.1875	36.5625	9.57	9.55
Aug. 22—	5.67	5.65	36.8125	37.00	9.55	9.53
Aug. 23—	5.65	5.63	38.8125	37.00	9.56½	9.55
Week's range—						
High	5.65	5.63	37.00	37.1875	9.30	9.28
Low	5.74	5.72	36.1875	36.375	9.57	9.55
Same week last year—						
High	4.06¼	4.04½	51.75	52.25	7.50½	7.50
Low	4.25	4.23	50.75	51.25	7.50½	7.50
Year to date—						
High	4.81	4.79	42.56¾	42.81¾	6.86	6.25
Low	5.75	5.74	36.75	37.00	52.00	52.375
Corresponding period last year—						
High	3.94	3.91	52.00	52.375	7.50½	7.50
Low	4.56	4.51¾	42.75	43.25	9.15½	9.14

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cables.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cables.	Christiania. Dem.	Cables.
Aug. 18	21.60	21.80	24.30	24.50	23.25	23.45
Aug. 19	21.375	21.50	24.125	24.25	22.75	22.875
Aug. 20	21.25	21.40	23.85	24.00	22.70	22.85
Aug. 21	21.60	21.75	24.00	24.15	22.70	22.85
Aug. 22	21.625	21.75	24.25	24.375	23.00	23.125
Aug. 23	21.625	21.75	24.25	24.375	23.00	23.125
Week's range—						
High	21.625	21.80	24.30	24.50	23.25	23.45
Low	21.25	21.40	23.85	24.00	22.70	22.85
Same week last year—						
High	31.10	31.45	35.25	35.65	31.25	31.65
Low	30.875	31.25	34.625	35.00	31.20	31.50
Year to date—						
High	26.875	27.125	29.125	29.35	28.00	28.25
Low	21.60	21.80	24.25	24.45	23.40	23.60
Corresponding period last year—						
High	32.00	32.50	36.00	36.40	33.00	33.50
Low	29.75	30.25	31.50	32.00	30.00	30.50

	Spain. Dem.	Cables.	Rubles 100. Bid.	Ask.	Rubles 500. Bid.	Ask.
Aug. 18	19.12	19.20	6.30	6.40	6.10	6.20
Aug. 19	19.12	19.20	6.45	6.55	6.15	6.25
Aug. 20	19.12	19.20	6.40	6.50	6.20	6.30
Aug. 21	19.55	19.65	6.40	6.50	6.20	6.30
Aug. 22	19.65	19.75	6.40	6.50	6.20	6.30
Aug. 23	19.65	19.75	6.40	6.50	6.20	6.30
Week's range—						
High	19.65	19.75	6.45	6.50	6.20	6.30
Low	19.12	19.20	6.30	6.40	6.10	6.20
Same week last year—						
High			25.80	25.90	13.60	13.50
Low			24.50	24.70	13.30	13.20
Year to date—						
High			20.90	21.05	17.65	17.60
Low			18.95	19.05	6.25	5.90
Corresponding period last year—						
High			29.25	29.50	15.00	14.75
Low			24.05	24.15	12.50	13.00

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cables.	Peking. Dem.	Cables.	Shanghai. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	84.50	84.60	136.50	136.75	129.50	129.75
Low	82.50	82.60	136.50	136.75	128.00	128.25
Same week last year—						
High	85.00	85.25	127.50	128.00	120.00	120.50
Low	84.00	84.25	127.50	128.00	120.00	120.50
Year to date—						
High	84.00	84.10	136.50	136.75	128.00	128.25
Low	79.50	79.60	131.00	131.125	122.00	122.125
Corresponding period last year—						
High	85.00	85.25	127.50	128.00	120.00	120.50
Low	71.25	71.50	109.50	109.75	102.50	102.75

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem.	Cab's.	Calcutta. Dem.	Cab's.	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—						
High	41.00	41.25	41.00	41.25	49.50	49.75
Low	41.00	41.25	41.00	41.25	49.50	49.75
Same week last year—						
High	35.73	35.73	35.73	35.73	49.875	50.00
Low	35.73	35.73	35.73	35.73	49.875	50.00
Year to date—						
High	41.00	41.25	41.00	41.25	50.00	50.125
Low	35.25	35.50	35.25	35.50	49.25	49.50
Corresponding period last year—						
High	38.75	39.00	38.75	39.00	50.00	50.125
Low	34.48	35.73	34.50	34.75	49.875	50.00

	GREECE. Dem.	Cables.	JAPAN. Kobe. Dem.	Cables.	Yokohama Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	19.15	19.20	50.50	50.75	50.50	50.75
Low	18.80	18.90	50.50	50.75	50.50	50.75
Same week last year—						
High	19.45	19.50	53.50	53.75	53.50	53.75
Low	19.45	19.50	53.50	53.75	53.50	53.75
Year to date—						
High	19.35	19.40	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Low	18.80	18.90	50.50	50.75	50.50	50.75
Corresponding period last year—						
High	19.45	19.50	53.50	53.75	53.50	53.75
Low	19.40	19.45	51.50	51.65	51.50	51.65

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Dem.	Cables.	Rio. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—				
High	42.25	42.35	25.75	25.875
Low	42.25	42.35	25.25	25.375
Same week last year—				
High	44.50	44.75	24.75	25.00
Low	44.50	44.65	24.50	24.75
Year to date—				
High	45.15	45.25	28.125	28.25
Low	42.20	42.35	25.10	25.25
Same period last year—				
High	46.21	46.31	27.04	27.14
Low	43.72	43.82	22.90	23.00

GERMANY.

	Demand.	Cable.
Aug. 18	*5.125	5.125
Aug. 19	4.875	4.95
Aug. 20	4.875	4.95
Aug. 21	4.70	4.80
Aug. 22	4.85	4.90
Aug. 23	4.85	4.90
Week's range—		
High	5.125	5.125
Low	4.70	4.80

*Cents per mark.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—DEALINGS DISCONTINUED.

CORN.	Sept. High.	Low.	Dec. High.	Low.	May. High.	Low.
Aug. 18	1.80	1.76½	1.43¼	1.38⅞	1.37¼	1.33¾
Aug. 19	1.87	1.78½	1.45⅞	1.40½	1.40	1.35
Aug. 20	1.85¾	1.82½	1.45¾	1.42¾	1.40	1.37
Aug. 21	1.85	1.83⅜	1.45⅜	1.43¼	1.39¼	1.37⅛
Aug. 22	1.85¾	1.84	1.47¼	1.44¾	1.41¼	1.39¼
Aug. 23	1.82¼	1.77½	1.44½	1.40⅝	1.38¼	1.36¼
Wks rg	1.85¾	1.76½	1.47⅛	1.38⅞	1.41¼	1.33¾

OATS.	Sept. High.	Low.	Dec. High.	Low.	May. High.	Low.
Aug. 18	73	71	71⅝	73⅝	78¼	76
Aug. 19	73¼	71½	76⅛	73⅞	79	76½
Aug. 20	73½	72½	76⅜	75	79¼	78
Aug. 21	73⅜	72¼	76¼	74¾	78⅞	77¼
Aug. 22	74	72¾	76⅝	75⅜	79⅜	78¾
Aug. 23	72⅞	71⅝	75¼	74¼	78½	77½
Wks rg	74	71	76⅝	73⅝	79⅝	76

Provisions.

LARD.	Sept. High.	Low.	Oct. High.	Low.	Jan. High.	Low.
Aug. 18	29.25	28.00	29.00	27.67	26.70	25.00
Aug. 19	28.80	28.00	28.50	27.70	25.80	25.75
Aug. 20	29.10	26.60	28.90	28.30	26.50	25.80
Aug. 21	29.35	28.72	29.22	28.57	26.50	26.20
Aug. 22	29.75	29.50	29.70	29.25	26.75	26.55
Aug. 23	29.65	29.20	29.55	29.17	26.50	26.15
Wks rg	29.75	28.00	29.70	27.67	26.75	25.00

RIBS.	High.	Low.
Aug. 18	24.70	23.20
Aug. 19	24.30	23.65
Aug. 20	24.60	24.10
Aug. 21	25.15	24.55
Aug. 22	25.50	25.10
Aug. 23	25.00	24.50
Week's range	25.50	23.20

PORK.	Sept. High.	Low	Oct. High.	Low.
Aug. 18	44.00	40.40	39.00	38.50
Aug. 19	43.00	41.50	40.50	39.00
Aug. 20	43.20	42.20	40.50	40.00
Aug. 21	44.50	43.25	40.75	40.50
Aug. 22	45.00	44.70	41.30	41.30
Aug. 23	44.25	44.00	42.25	40.75
Week's range	45.00	40.40	42.25	38.50

COTTON.

	Oct. High.	Low.	Dec. High.	Low.	Jan. High.	Low.
Aug. 18	30.30	29.75	30.43	29.89	30.30	29.86
Aug. 19	30.93	29.95	31.12	30.10	31.00	30.02
Aug. 20	30.85	30.07	30.90	30.25	30.80	30.20
Aug. 21	31.17	30.18	31.52	30.42	31.40	30.28
Aug. 22	31.60	30.80	31.89	31.15	31.78	31.10
Aug. 23	31.30	30.95	31.62	31.30	31.55	31.22
Wks rng.	31.60	29.75	31.80	29.89	31.78	29.86

	March. High.	Low.	May. High.	Low.
Aug. 18	30.32	29.96	30.30	29.90
Aug. 19	31.05	30.10	31.05	30.11
Aug. 20	30.79	30.30	30.77	30.42
Aug. 21	....	....	31.40	30.48
Aug. 22	....	....	31.95	31.50
Aug. 23	31.68	31.40	31.67	31.48
Week's range	31.68	30.30	31.95	29.90

SPOT COTTON.

	New York.	New Orl'ns.
Aug. 18	30.55	30.38
Aug. 19	31.40	30.63
Aug. 20	30.75	30.13
Aug. 21	31.50	30.38
Aug. 22	31.50	30.75
Aug. 23	31.80	30.75
Week's range—		
High	31.80	30.75
Low	30.55	30.13

PACIFIC MAIL SHIPS TO SAIL ATLANTIC

Steamship Company Announces Re-establishment of San Francisco to Baltimore Service.

WILL USE PANAMA CANAL

Sailings from Southern Port Begin Next Month with Four New Freighters in Operation.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company, the oldest steamship company in the United States, will immediately re-establish a service between San Francisco and Baltimore by way of the Panama Canal, its vessels again sailing the Atlantic Ocean, which was the scene of its first operations in 1848. Sailings will begin from Baltimore next month, the company placing in that lane the new steel freight steamships Point Lobos, Point Adams, Point Bonita, and Point Judith.

When the Panama Canal was opened the company, which was then controlled by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, was prevented by the Canal act from operating its vessels through the new waterway, but subsequently the company has passed to the control of interests which are not barred from using the canal.

The new service will broaden the trade lanes now covered by the company, which extend from San Francisco to the Far East and southward via Central American ports to Panama. All of the company's vessels are operated under the American flag. In explaining the adoption of Baltimore as an Atlantic terminal in its new Atlantic-Pacific service the company states that shipping is congested in New York Harbor and more advantageous rates may be obtained in the Southern port.

In 1848 the company established a water route from New York to Colon, where cargoes were freighted across the Isthmus of Panama in wagon trains to Panama, where they were reshipped to San Francisco. This service was maintained until the Panama Railroad was completed in 1855. For many years thereafter the company maintained a double steamer service from New York to Colon and Panama to San Francisco, but finally withdrew its vessels from the Atlantic and operated solely in the Pacific.

INQUIRES INTO OIL STOCKS.

Federal Trade Commission Sends Two Investigators to Texas.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Investigations of some fifty complaints of the sale of "wildcat" oil stocks in the Texas oil fields have been started by the Federal Trade Commission.

The Commission announced today that it had sent two of its investigators into the region with instructions to make a searching inquiry into cases, complaints of which were lodged with the Commission by concerns interested in the legitimate development of the field.

Equitable Meeting Today.

About 1,200 delegates to the Sixtieth Annual Convention of the Equitable Life Assurance Society will assemble at the Waldorf-Astoria this morning. These men constitute the members of the Quarter Million Club and Century Club of the Insurance Society, and come from every section of the United States and Canada to attend the meeting. They are the guests of the society during their entire trip. Several hundred women insurance writers and wives and daughters of the delegates also will be in the city at this time.

"In spite of the war the year 1918 proved to be the best business year that any American insurance company ever had," said Henry J. Powell, of Cincinnati, at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday, "while there is hardly a company which cannot show business for the first seven months of 1919 which exceeds its entire 1918 business."

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NEW ISSUES

$1,100,000
Chicago, North Shore and Milwaukee Railroad

6% Gold Notes

Divided as follows:

$600,000 Secured 6% Gold Notes—Series "A"—Due Aug. 1, 1920

Price—99.29 and interest yielding **6.75%**.

Security—A direct obligation of the Company and secured by deposit with the Trustee of $857,200 par value of the Company's First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds, the bonds thus being pledged at approximately 70.

$500,000 6% Equipment Gold Notes

Due $50,000 August 1, 1920, and $25,000 each year February and August thereafter to August 1, 1929.

Prices according to maturities, August 1, 1920—August 1, 1921, to yield **6.50%**. February 1, 1922—August 1, 1929, to yield **6.75%**.

Security—These notes, in the opinion of counsel, are a direct obligation of the Company. They are secured by a first lien on 15 Steel Interurban Motor Passenger Cars, 15 Steel Interurban Control Trailer Passenger Cars, 12 Parcel Dispatch Motor Cars, and 10 One Man Safety Cars. The total cost of the equipment is at the rate of $100 of equipment for not in excess of each $70 of notes issued. Title to this equipment remains in The Northern Trust Company, Chicago, Trustee, until all notes are paid.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Chicago, North Shore and Milwaukee Railroad owns and operates the electric railroad along the shore of Lake Michigan through practically a continuous succession of cities and towns from Evanston, Illinois, to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, together with a branch line from Lake Bluff Junction west to Area, Illinois. The territory served is one of the wealthiest and most rapidly growing suburban communities in the United States. The property embraces 84.54 miles of road, nearly all of which is double-track construction, or 169.57 miles measured as single track.

On August 6, 1919, the Company began frequent through service from the elevated loop in Chicago to its terminal in Milwaukee. All-Steel Limited Trains, with dining cars, now carry passengers to and from the heart of the retail, hotel, theatre and business districts of the cities of Chicago and Malwaukee, without change or transfer.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES

Following is a consolidated statement of the earnings and expenses of the Company:

12 Months Ended June 30	1919	1918
Total Operating Revenue	$3,252,845.68	$2,149,762.42
Operating Expenses, including Maintenance and Taxes	2,357,832.80	1,535,492.96
Net Earnings	$ 895,012.88	$ 614,269.46
Miscellaneous Income	11,859.76	6,678.35
Net Income Available for Interest Charges, Depreciation, Etc.	$ 906,872.64	$ 620,947.81
Annual Interest on $4,060,000 First Mortgage 5% Bonds, $1,220,000 6% and 7% Secured Gold Notes and $627,500 Equipment Notes Requires	$ 316,450.00	

NOTE: Operating expenses as shown above include Maintenance amounting to 16.03% of Total Operating Revenue for 1919.

WE RECOMMEND THESE NOTES FOR INVESTMENT

All statements herein are official or based on information which we regard as reliable, and, while we do not guarantee them they are the data on which we have acted in the purchase of these securities.

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The National City Company
NATIONAL CITY BANK BLDG.
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WALL STREET, LOOKING WEST FROM WILLIAM STREET 1803

At No. 42 Wall Street the Merchants' Bank opened its doors for business on June 2, 1803, organized by merchants for merchants under Articles of Agreement drawn up by Alexander Hamilton. It had as stockholders 391 of the prominent mercantile men of New York City, under the Presidency of Oliver Wolcott; and a distinguished Board of Directors, composed of Richard Varick, Peter J. Munro, Joshua Sands, Thomas Storm, William W. Woolsey, John Howe, John Kane, Joshua Jones, Robert Gilchrist, W. Van Zandt, Jr., Isaac Bronson, James Roosevelt, John Swartwout, Henry J. Wyckoff, Isaac Hicks and Henry A. Coster.

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of the City of New York
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Nation Has but 1,500,000,000 Marks Gold—Paper Reaches 40,000,000,000 Marks Daily.

DOLLAR BUYS 24 MARKS

Tageblatt Expert Estimates 9,000,000,000 Marks are Abroad—Looks to Us for Help.

BERLIN, Aug. 23, (Associated Press.)—The financial writer on the Lokal-Anzeiger takes a gloomy view of the financial situation, and the decreasing value of the mark. He points out that Germany has only 1,500,000,000 marks in gold left in the Reichsbank, and of this she cannot dispose, while the paper money now totals 40,000,000,000 marks, and more is being printed daily.

"Only foreign credits can save Germany from complete bankruptcy," says the writer. "If Finance Minister Erzberger is able to induce foreign credits to Germany then disaster can be avoided."

The writer questions the ability of the Finance Minister to obtain the necessary credits, saying the accomplishment of this task is well-nigh impossible. He cites an alleged threat of an American financier to remove the mark quotation from the stock exchanges of the world, declaring this would make the mark utterly worthless.

The dollar has been buying more marks recently than ever. The quotation rose from about 10 marks per dollar, the rate after the signing of the armistice, to 14 and 15 marks. Here it stood for a time, but recently it swung rapidly upward and as high as 24 marks were offered in Berlin for American bills. The correspondent was informed at the Dresdner Bank that on an American draft he might surely count on 18 marks and probably more per dollar.

Felix Pinner, the Tageblatt's financial expert, admits that Erzberger's plans are partly responsible for the financial situation, but he calls attention to the heavy overloading of the foreign markets with German money, giving as an instance Switzerland, where he says there are 2,000,000,000 marks, or as much as Germany's paper circulation in peace times. A similar situation exists in Scandinavia and Holland, says Pinner, who adds that the Entente Powers doubtless have picked up many millions in occupied territory.

"The escape of the mark abroad and its consequent depreciation," Pinner declares, "came about in two ways: First, through payment for goods smuggled through occupied territory, and, second, through Erzberger's withdrawal order."

Pinner estimates that 9,000,000,000 marks are abroad. He says havoc was caused to the value of the mark when it was proposed to stamp bills and invalidate those unstamped. The writer also declares that credit from the United States is the only salvation, and that unless the people work and increase production they cannot expect to induce credit to come to Germany.

WORLD UNITY OF CHURCHES.

Germany to be Represented in Congress to Plan It at The Hague.

The following was issued yesterday by the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America:

"The International Committee of the World Alliance for International Friendship Through the Churches will meet on Sept. 30 at The Hague. This will be the first gathering at which German delegates will be in conference with representatives of the allied nations.

"The delegates appointed to represent the American branch of the World Alliance are the Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, the Rev. Charles S. Macfarland, the Rev. Peter Ainslie, the Rev. Frederick Lynch, the Rev. Arthur J. Brown, George A. Plimpton, George Nasmyth, and Dr. Henry A. Atkinson.

"The delegates will sail for Europe on the Rotterdam about Sept. 20. Dr. Brown, and possibly others of the delegation, will remain to attend the annual meeting of the French Protestant Federation at Lyons in November."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED AUG. 23, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$61,748,600	$2,069,361,000
Same period last year	44,364,500	995,386,500

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	75.19	74.90	79.05	76.60
Same period a year ago.	76.62	76.47	77.87	75.77

Range, 1919 High	Range, 1919 Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
35	25	2	ALASKA G. M. cv. deb. 6s, A	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	-4⅛
103⅜	97	1	Am. Ag. C. cv. 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾	+⅛
112½	100	16	Am. Ag. C. deb. 5s	104	103	104	+1
93	84	40	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s	87	86⅛	86⅛	-⅞
100½	99¾	1	Am. H. & L. 6s	100	100	100	..
104⅜	100½	27	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s	101	100⅛	100⅜	+⅛
86	80½	8	Am. T. & T. col. 4s	82½	80½	80½	-2½
94	85⅝	111	Am. T. & T. c. t. 5s	86½	85½	85½	-⅝
90¼	88	4	Am. Writing P. 7s	89	88	88	..
88¾	83¾	14	Armour & Co. 4½s	85	84½	85	+1
58	54⅞	2	Ann Arbor 4s	55½	55½	55½	..
85½	76	73	A., T. & S.F. gen. 4s	77⅛	76	76½	-½
79½	72	19	A., T. & S.F. adj. 4s	72⅜	72	72	-2
102¼	90	6	A.,T. & S.F.cv.4s,'60	90	90	90	-2¼
85½	76½	14	At. Coast L. 1st 4s	76½	76	76⅛	-1½
88	81¼	4	At. C. L. unif. 4½s	81¼	81¼	81¼	..
78⅛	68½	1	A.C.L., L. & N.col.4s	68½	68½	68½	-5⅛
101⅛	100	1	BALDWIN LOC. 5s	101	101	101	..
82½	69⅛	39	Balt. & Ohio g. 4s	70	69½	69½	-½
82½	72	13	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s	72¾	72	72	..
89½	83⅞	12	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s	85⅞	83⅞	83⅞	-⅛
96½	96	138	B. & O. temp. 6s	96½	96¼	96¼	-¼
80	70¾	15	B. & O. conv. 4½s	72	70¾	70¾	-1
86¼	80	1	B. & O.S.W.div.3½s	80½	80½	80½	+½
68	61¾	1	B. & O., T. & C. 4s	61¾	61¾	61¾	-¼
92	87	6	Beth. Steel ref. 5s	88½	88¼	88⅜	+⅛
89½	80	9	Beth. St. pur. m. 5s	85⅞	85⅞	85⅞	+⅛
97	92	4	Braden Copper 6s	94½	93½	93¼	-1⅛
86	75	12	B. R. T. 7s, 1921	76½	75	75	-1⅛
53	43	6	B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s	45	45	45	..
70	55	8	B. R. T. gold 5s	55¼	55	55	-1
79¼	72	2	Brooklyn Un. El. 5s	74½	74½	74½	-1
83	79⅛	13	Bush Term. Bldg. 5s	83	82¼	83	+1⅛
83½	80	16	Bush Term. 5s	82	81½	82	+½
96	94½	1	B., C.R. & N. c.t. 5s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	-⅝
96½	90	7	CAL. GAS & EL. 5s	90¾	90⅝	90¾	+¾
98½	93½	50	Central Leather 5s	97⅛	96¾	96¾	-⅜
87½	78	..	Cent. Fdry. 1st 6s	87½	87½	87½	+1½
83	72¼	13	Central Pacific 4s	72½	72¼	72¼	-1¾
85¾	82⅝	2	Cent. Pac. gtd. 3½s	82¾	82¾	82¾	..
80	75	2	C. P., Thro S. L. 4s	76	75	75	-⅞
83	72¼	12	Cent. Pac. gtd. 4s	72⅝	72¼	72⅝	-2¼
90	86	3	Cent. R. R. & Bkg. of Ga. col. 5s	89	89	89	-1
105	100	2	C. of N. J. gen. 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	-⅛
102	100⅝	1	C. of N.J.gen.5s,reg.	102	102	102	+⅞
99¼	96½	8	Cent. of Ga. 6s	97	96½	96½	..
99½	93½	8	Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	95	93½	94	+½
91⅝	84	54	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s	84¾	84	84⅛	+⅛
93¼	87	12	Ches. & O. fund. 5s	87	87	87	-5
85¼	77¾	35	Ches. & O. cv. 4½s	78⅛	78	78	-⅛
83⅛	76	3	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	75½	75½	75½	-¾
53	40	4	Chicago & Alton 3s	50	50	50	+1
40	33½	2	Chi. & Alton 3½s	34	33½	34	..
96½	94	179	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	95¼	94	95	..
83	76	12	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	77½	76	76	-2
85⅞	81	2	C.,B. & Q., Ill.Div.4s	82	81	81	-1
99¾	99	2	C., B. & O., I. Div.5s	99¾	99⅝	99⅝	-⅛
30⅜	22	3	C. & E.I.ref.4s,c.of d.	27	27	27	-3
36	22	11	C. & E.I.ref.&imp.4s	30	30	30	..
63¼	57	63	Chi. Gt. W. 1st 4s	58	57	57	-½
76¼	68	5	C.,M. & St.P. gen.4s	68	68	68	-1
84⅜	75	35	C., M. & St. P.4s,'25	79	75	75	-½
74¼	66	30	C.,M. & St.P.ref.4½s	67⅝	66	66¾	+¾
81⅞	73	11	C., M. & St. P. cv.5s	73⅛	73	73	..
82	71⅜	33	C.,M. & St.P.cv. 4½s	73	71½	71½	-1½
100	99½	5	C.,M.& St.P.,F.&S.6s	99½	99½	99½	-½
72	68½	1	C., M. & Pu. Sd. 4s	69	69	69	-1
100⅞	95½	18	C. & N. W. gen. 5s	96¾	95½	95½	-1
81	72½	14	Chicago Rys. 5s	73½	72½	72½	-1¾
65	61	22	C. & W. Ind. con. 4s	61½	61	61	-3⅜
79½	70	5	C., R.I. & P. gen. 4s	71½	70	71½	+½
76½	66	67	C., R.I. & P. ref. 4s	68	66	66½	-1⅞
125	109	81	Chile Copper 7s	118½	117	117¼	-2¼
94¾	81½	92	Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s	90	88½	90	+⅛
95	82½	59	Chile Copper cv. 6s	90	87½	89⅞	+1¾
72½	61⅝	5	C.,C.,C.&St.L.gen.4s	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	-3⅜
84½	78	7	C.,C.,C.&S.L.deb.4½s	79⅛	79	79	-⅛
88	83	1	Cleve., St. L. 4½s	83	83	83	-3½
80½	73½	5	Col. Industrial 5s	80	79	79	..
90½	82	2	Col. G. & E. 1st 5s	89½	89¼	89¼	-1
80⅞	77¼	47	Col. & Sou. ref. 4½s	79¼	79	79	..
89	82¾	1½	Comp.-Tab.-Rec. 6s	87½	87½	87½	-½
105¾	100	134	Con. Gas cv. 6s	100½	100	100¼	-¼
90	85	5	Cons'n Coal, Md. 5s	85	85	85	-3
85¼	81	4	DEL. & H. ref. 4s	82	81	82	-1
75¼	65	28	D. & R. G. con. 4s	67	65	65½	-1½
60½	45	37	D. & R.G. 1st ref. 5s	58⅜	57⅝	58⅝	-⅛
96¾	96⅛	3	Det. City Gas 5s	96½	96¼	96½	-¼
81⅛	71	17	Det. United 4½s	74½	73	73½	-1
96	93½	2	EL., J. & E. 1st 5s	91	91	91	-5
84	79⅞	1	Ed. El. Ill.,Bkn.,c.4s	80	80	80	..
57½	51	49	Erie gen. 4s	51⅜	50	50	-1½
70½	61¼	4	Erie 1st con. 4s	61½	61	61	-¼
52	44½	1	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. A.	44½	44½	44½	-1
52	43⅛	13	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B.	45⅜	43½	43½	-1¾
83	77⅝	27	Erie, Pa., col. tr. 4s	82	82	82	-½
55	45½	63	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D.	47	46	46	-2
99⅜	98¾	6	FT. W. & D. C. 6s.	99¼	99	99	-½
85	80⅝	13	Fla. East C. Ry. 4s	80½	80½	80½	-½
101	100¼	1	GA. PACIFIC 6s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	-¼
98	95	4	Granby con. cv. 6s, A	97	97	97	..
98	95	2	Gran. con. cv.6s,stpd.	97	97	97	..
15⅞	6⅝	21	G'n B. & W. deb. B	10⅜	9⅝	9⅝	-⅞
80	74½	2	Gulf & S. I. 5s	73½	73½	73½	-1½
66¼	54	182	HUD. & MAN. ref.5s	58⅜	54½	58⅜	+2⅞
19¼	14	16½	Hud. & Man. adj. 5s	16¼	14	16¼	+¼
97¼	91¾	14	ILL. CENT.temp.5½s	93½	91¾	91¾	-2
77⅝	66	3	Ill. Cent. 4s, '53	66	66	66	-6⅝
61	61	2	Ill. Cent. Litch. 3s	61	61	61	..
84¼	78¼	1	Ill. Cent. 4s	77½	77½	77½	-1⅛
79	79	1	Ill. C. Cairo B. 4s	79	79	79	..
67⅝	66	1	Ill. Cen. Lon. 3s	66	66	66	-1⅝
86⅝	82¼	2	Illinois Steel 4½s	85	84⅝	84⅝	+⅛
98¼	95	5	Indiana Steel 5s	96	95¾	95¾	-⅛
43¾	27⅞	157	Interboro-Met. 4½s	32	30	30¼	+1½
40¾	29¾	31	Int.-Met. c. of d.	31⅛	29¾	29⅞	-4⅝
75½	64	417	Int. Rapid Tr. 5s	66½	64	64¼	-1⅛
85¼	76½	11	Int. Agriculture 5s	83⅞	83	83⅞	+⅝
105⅜	96	138	Int. Mer. Marine 6s	97½	96	96	-1⅛
96	93	2	Int. & G. Nor. 6s	94⅝	94½	94½	..
48	42	2	Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	43	43	43	..
75½	65	8	K. C., FT. S. & M. 4s	65	65	65	-⅞
64¾	51	12	Kan. City So. 3s	57½	51	54	-5⅝
94	95	1	K. Co. E. L. & P. 5s	85	85	85	-5
80½	73	1	Kan. Central 4s	73	73	73	-4
74	70	3	LAKE SHORE 3½s	70	70	70	-1½
90	84¾	8	Lake Sh. 4s, '28	85	84¾	84¾	-1¾
98	96	9	Lack. Steel 5s, '23.	96⅞	96¾	96¾	-¼
99	86	26	Lack. Steel 5s, '50.	94	92½	92½	-1
86⅛	72½	1	Leh. V. of P. con. 4s	71	71	71	-1½
102⅞	101⅛	14	Leh. V. col. tr. 6s.	102	101¼	101⅝	+⅛
94	80	3	Leh. Val. N. Y. 4½s	80	80	80	-7¼
114¾	111	1	Liggett & Myers 7s.	112	112	112	-½
77½	73	2	Long Isl. deb. 5s, '37	73¾	73¾	73¾	..
77	74	1	Long Isld. ref. 4s	74	74	74	-1
108	105	1	Long Dock 6s	108½	108½	108½	+8½
94	89¾	5	Lorillard 5s	91⅜	90	90	-1¾
88½	83	15	Louis & N. unif. 4s	83⅛	83	83	..
88¼	82	1	La. & Arkansas 5s	82¼	82¼	82¼	..
93	88	2	L.&N., S.&N.A.5s,'63	88	88	88	-4⅞
72¼	65⅛	1	MAN. consol. 4s	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞	-⅛
91	86	15	Midvale Steel 5s	88	87	87⅝	-⅝
92½	85⅛	1	Mich. State Tel. 5s	85½	85½	85½	-5⅞
81½	80	2	Mil. & Nor. con. 4½s	80	80	80	+1¼
78¼	75¼	1	Mil. S. & N. W. 4s	76	76	76	-⅞
80	75¼	1	M. & St. L. con. 5s	77¾	77¾	77¾	..
49	40	2	M. & St.L.1st&ref.4s	45	45	45	-5
69	62	100	Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	64	63½	63½	-1
38	29	14	M., K. & T. 2d 4s	36	35⅛	36	..
34	29	2	M., K. T. s. f. 4½s	32	32	32	..
30	20¼	1	M., K. & T. ext. 5s	20¼	20¼	20¼	-4¾
92	87	6	Mo. Pac. 5s, '26	89	87	87	-2
63½	57	180	Mo. Pac. gen. 4s	57⅝	57	57½	..
95⅞	91	50	Montana Power 5s	91½	91	91	..
73	70	2	Morris & Essex 1st and ref. 3½s	70	70	70	-1½
88½	83	4	Mor. & E. s. f. 4½s	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	-4⅛
99⅝	99⅝	1	Mor., L. & Tex. 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	..
68¾	63	5	N. O. TERM. 4s	63½	63	63	-2
97½	94	8	N. O., T. & M. 6s	94½	94½	94½	-⅝
62½	50	34	N.O., T. & M. inc. 5s	56	55	55	..
100½	95⅞	84	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s	96¾	95⅞	96	-⅞
73	69½	53	N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	70¼	69½	69½	-½
86	78	12	N. Y. Cent.deb.4s,'34	79⅜	78	78	-8½
86	78	1	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	+⅝
70	70	10	N. Y. C. con. 4s, A.	70	70	70	..
68	62¼	1	N.Y.C., L.S.col. 3½s	62¼	62¼	62¼	-⅜
70	63	2	N.Y.C., M.C.col. 3½s	63	63	63	-½
76	71	5	N.Y.C.,& St.L.deb.4s	73⅞	73	73	-⅞
84	80	9	N.Y.,C. & St.L.1st 4s	80½	80	80	-1
72	68	3	N. Y. Dock 4s	69	69	69	..
94	86	4	N.Y.G.,E.L.,H.&P.5s	86½	86½	86½	+½
74	67	2	N.Y.G.,E.L.,H.& P.4s	69½	69	69½	+½
52	50	9	N.Y.,N.H.&H.cv. 3½s	50¼	50¼	50¼	+¼
88	78	13	N.Y.,N.H. & H.cv.6s	78⅜	78	78	-½
98¼	97¼	1	N. Y. & Nor. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼	+1
56½	50	5	N.Y.,N.H. & H.n.cv.d. 4s, '47	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	-⅞
16½	10½	12	N. Y Rys. adj. 5s	12½	11½	11½	-½
46½	38½	10	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	39	38½	38⅞	-1⅛
62	52	3	N. Y. State Rys. 4½s	55	55	55	..
78¼	64	3	N. Y., S. & W. r. 5s	64¼	64¼	64¼	-4¼
101½	98⅜	44	N. Y. Tel. s. f. 6s	99¼	98⅜	98⅜	-1¼
91½	84⅝	35	N. Y. Telephone 4½s	85¾	84⅝	84⅝	-1⅜
54	42⅞	7	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	46⅜	46⅛	46⅜	+¼
86½	79	5	Norf. & W. con. 4s	79	79	79	-1½
110	103	181	N. & W. cv. 6s, f. p.	104¾	103	103¼	-1¾
89	88	1	Norf. & So. 1st 5s	88	88	88	-1
69¼	65	1	Norf. So. 1st ref. 5s	65	65	65	-1
86	76¼	44	Nor. Pacific 4s	77½	76¼	76½	-½
61⅞	56	87	Nor. Pacific 3s	57	56	56⅛	+⅛
91	85¼	1	Nor. States Pow. 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼	-¼
61⅝	60	1	OG. & L. C. 4s	60	60	60	-1½
91⅛	88	1	Ohio Riv. gen. 5s	88	88	88	-3⅛
86	76½	10	Ore.R.R. & N.con.4s	76⅝	76½	76½	-⅛
101½	99⅞	6	Ore. Sh. Line 6s	100	99⅞	99⅞	-1
88	83½	20	Ore. Sh. Line ref. 4s	83½	81½	81½	-2
79⅞	70	6	Ore.-Wash. ref. 4s	70	70	70	-2½
88	84	5	PAC. GAS & EL. 5s	85⅛	85	85	+1
95⅛	90¼	16	Pac. T. & T. 5s	91⅛	90½	90½	+¼
89⅞	81¼	12	Penn. gen. 4½s	82⅞	82	82½	-⅜
97⅞	89¾	176	Penn. gen. 5s	91¾	89¾	89¾	-2
		11	Penn. con. 4½s	96⅛	95	96⅛	..
98½	97½	7	Penn. gtd. 4½s	97¾	97¾	97¾	-¾
77½	67¼	2	Peo. Gas, Chi., ref.5s	69	69	69	+1½
90	83	8	Pere Marq. 1st 5s	83½	83½	83½	..
112¼	88⅝	81	Pierce Oil cv. 6s,'24.	104¾	104¼	104¼	-1⅜
140	100	44	Pierce Oil cv. 6s,'20.	107	105⅛	107	..
60⅞	51	3	Peoria & East.1st 4s	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	-6¼
91	88⅝	1	P.,C.,C.&St.L.4s,S.G.	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	+2
94½	91⅜	1	P.,C.,C. & St. L.4½s	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	-⅛
94⅛	92	5	Provident Loan 4½s.	92	92	92	-2⅛
80	75	7	Public Service 5s	78¼	78	78	..
65⅝	62½	3	P. Ry., L. & P.cv.5s	65⅝	65⅝	65⅝	+⅜
75¼	75¼	2	Portland Ry. 5s	75¼	75¼	75¼	..
86¾	80	26	READING gen. 4s	80⅝	80	80	-½
96¼	92¾	10	Rep. I. & S. f. 5s,'40	93⅞	93½	93½	-¼
72¾	62	14	R. I., A. & L. 4½s	63¼	62	62	-2⅜
		1	Rio. Gr. W. 1st 4s	65	65	65	..
		1	Rio Gr. W. col.tr.4s	57½	57½	57½	..
		2	Roch. & Pitts. 1st 6s.	100¼	100⅛	100¼	..
68	64⅛	2	SAN AN. & A. P. 4s	64¼	64¼	64¼	-⅝
82½	74	56	St. L., I. M. & S. unif. & ref. 4s	76	74	74	-1⅜
98	95⅞	1	St. L. & S. F. gen. 5s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	-⅞
64	50	61	St.L. & S.F.pr.lien 4s	57¾	57	57½	+¼
71	62⅜	27	St.L. & S. F. adj. 6s	63¾	62¾	63¾	+⅝
56	40½	132	St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s	47⅛	46¼	47⅛	+⅝
79⅝	71½	3	St.L. & S.F.pr.lien 5s	72	71½	71½	-1⅜
64½	58	4	St. L. & S. W. 1st Term. 5s	59⅞	59	59	-⅞
65⅛	57½	11	St. L. S. W. con. 4s.	59	58½	59	..
74	65	8	St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	66	65	65⅛	-2⅜
106½	105	1	St. P., M. & M., Mon. Cent. 6s	106½	106½	106½	..
74	65	12	St.P.,K.C.& S.L.4½s	65¼	65	65¼	-⅝
108	105⅛	1	Sav.,Fla. & W. 1st6s.	105	105	105	-⅛
60	51	8	Seab. Air L. ref. 4s.	52	51¾	52	..
53	44	52	Seab. Air L. adj. 5s.	45½	44	45	..
74	67	1	S. A. L. g. 4s, s	67	67	67	..
93½	85	12	So. Bell Teleph. 5s	85	85	85	-1
115	99¾	501½	So. Pac. cv. 5s	101	99¾	100⅝	-⅜
87¾	82¾	79	So. Pac. cv. 4s	84¼	83½	84	-¼
83½	76½	40	So. Pac. ref. 4s	77	76½	76⅝	-1¼
77	68½	28	So. Pac. col. 4s	69⅞	69	69¼	-¼
68¾	64	1	So. Ry., M. & O. c.4s	64	64	64	-2
96⅝	89	59	Southern Ry. 5s	91	89	90	-½
69	64	49	Southern Ry. gen. 4s	65	64	64	-⅝
96½	91½	6	Stand. G. & E. cv. 6s	91½	91½	91½	-½
95	91	1	Stand. Milling 5s	91	91	91	-1
96	91	6	TENN. COP. cv. 6s.	94	94	94	..
104	100½	1	Texas Co. deb. 6s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	..
59⅝	50	33	Third Av. ref. 4s	53½	51	51	-3
42½	25	102	Third Av. adj. 5s	35⅝	33¾	33¾	-¾
56	45	10	Tol., St. L. & W. 4s	52	52	52	-1
87	85¼	3	Tol. & O. C., West. Div. 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼	-1¾
97	93¼	2	Tri-City 5s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	+⅛
71½	69	14	UND. RYS., London, inc. 6s	69	69	69	..
89¾	81½	3	Union Bag & P. 5s.	81½	81½	81½	-7½
86¼	83½	38	Union Pac. 1st 4s	85¼	83½	85¼	+¼
89¼	82	43	Union Pac. cv. 4s	83	82	82⅝	-1⅝
83½	76½	11	Un. P. 1st & ref., 4s	77	76½	76½	-½
105	102	68	Union Pacific 6s	103¼	102	102⅛	-⅛
36½	22	30	U. R. R. of S. F. 4s, Union Trust rcts.	31	30¾	31	..
36¾	22	6	U. R. R. of S. F. 4s, Eq. T. r.	30¾	30½	30¾	-¼
36⅞	27	1	U. R. R. of S. F. 4s	33	33	33	-½
78	60	9	U. S. R. & Imp. 5s.	74	73	74	-1
76½	70	10	U. Ry. Inv. Pitts. 5s	75	75	75	-1
105	102¾	19	U. S. Rubber 7s	104½	104¼	104¼	+⅛
89½	86	77	U.S.Rub.1st & ref.5s	87	86¾	86⅞	+⅛
98	94	2	United Fuel Gas 6s.	95	95	95	-⅞
101⅛	99⅝	120	U. S. Steel 5s	100⅝	99⅞	100¼	+⅛
101¼	99¼	1	U. S. Steel 5s, reg.	99¼	99¼	99¼	-1
96	95⅞	5	Utica & B. R. 4s	96	96	96	+⅛
104	100¼	9	VA.-C. CH. cv. 6s	102⅛	102	102⅛	-1⅝
98½	95	15	Va.-C. Ch. 1st 5s	96	95	95⅛	..
94½	85	13	Virginian Ry. 5s	86½	85	86½	..
98½	89	8	WABASH 1st 5s	89	89	89	..
89	82½	11	Wabash 2d 5s	83⅛	82½	82½	-⅝
81½	70	1	West Shore 4s	70	70	70	-5⅝
63	56	29	Western Md. 4s	58⅞	56	56	-2
86½	75	5	Western Pacific 5s	83	83	83	-½
91	85½	33	W. U. Tel. r. e. 4½s	87	87	87	..
99¼	96½	1	Western Electric 5s.	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	+⅜
..	..	10	Wh. & L.E. ref. 4½s	56½	56½	56½	..
100⅞	87	18	Wilson & Co. 1st 6s.	98⅞	97⅝	98	-½
104¾	95⅛	84	Wilson & Co. cv. 6s.	98¼	97⅝	97¼	-⅝
			Total sales				$6,969,500
			UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS				
99.96	98.20	1802½	Lib. 3½s, 1932-'47	99.94	99.66	99.92	+.02
96.00	92.50	809	Lib.1st cv.4s,'32-'47	94.20	94.00	94.10	-.06
95.00	92.10	2125	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42	93.00	92.72	92.78	-.22
96.10	94.00	505	Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947	94.50	94.10	94.30	..
95.36	93.00	7398	Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-1942	93.36	92.78	93.00	-.30
100.60	95.42	4	Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947	100.50	100.50	100.50	-.10
96.50	94.72	7642	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928	95.02	94.74	94.90	-.14
95.72	93.10	15630	Lib. 4th 4¼s,'33-'38	93.28	93.02	93.20	-.06
100.48	99.70	5956	Vict. 3¾s, 1922-'23	99.80	99.50	99.56	-.24
100.02	99.72	9487½	Vict. 4¾s, 1922-'23	99.76	99.54	99.64	-.08
		10	U. S. 2s, coupon	100¼	100¼	100¼	..
		2	U. S. 2s, reg	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	..
91	87½	10	Panama 3s, coupon.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	-2⅛
			Total sales				$52,077,100
			OTHER GOVERNMENT BONDS				
97⅞	96¼	1125½	Anglo-French 5s	97 1/16	97	97 1/16	-1/16
87	82⅛	14	Argentine 5s	84	83	83	-1
72	65⅞	1	Chinese Rwy. 5s	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	..
102⅛	98½	31	City of Bordeaux 6s	99½	99⅛	99½	+⅛
102½	98½	40	City of Lyons 6s	99¼	99	99⅛	+¼
102⅛	98½	76	City of Marseilles 6s	99½	98¾	99⅛	-⅝
100⅛	95	67½	City of Paris 6s	96¾	95	95⅛	-⅝
99	96⅞	19	Dom. of C. 5s, 1921.	98⅛	98	98⅛	-½
98⅝	94	19	Dom. of C. 5s, 1926.	95	94	94⅛	+⅛
98⅝	93⅞	13	Dom. of C. 5s, 1931.	94⅞	93½	94⅞	+1
92⅝	80⅞	11	Jap. 4½s, ster. loan.	85⅝	85	85	-2½
89	83	1	Jap.4½s,2d S.,Ger.st.	83½	83½	83½	..
101⅝	99¼	562	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1919	99 13/16	99½	99⅞	-⅛
99⅛	97⅞	233	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	98½	98	98¼	..
101¾	95⅝	286	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1937	96¼	95⅝	95½	..
79½	59	6	U. S. of Mexico 5s	61	59	59	-3
61	50	1	U. S. of Mexico 4s	53	53	53	..
			Total sales				$2,558,000
			STATE BONDS				
108¾	106¾	11	N. Y. State 4½s	108¼	108⅛	108¼	-2½
99½	98¼	2	N. Y. Canal 4s, '62.	98½	98½	98½	-⅝
			Total sales				$18,000
			NEW YORK CITY BONDS				
83⅞	81¼	10	3½s, Nov., 1954	82½	82½	82½	-1⅜
93⅛	90½	6	4s, 1957	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	-½
93⅝	90¼	9	4s, 1959	93¼	92⅞	92⅞	-⅛
98	96	2	4½s, 1960	97½	97½	97½	-⅛
98	96	76	4¼s, 1964	98	98	98	+⅝
102⅞	100	10	4½s, 1963	101⅞	101¾	101¾	..
102⅞	100½	9	4½s, 1965	101¾	101½	101½	-¼
102⅞	100½	9	4½s, Nov., 1957	101¾	101½	101¾	-⅝
			Total sales				$131,000
			Grand total				$61,748,600

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Missoula, Mont.,	4½s	4.80%
Columbia, S. C.,	4½s	4.75%
Chattanooga, Tenn.,	5s	4.70%
Knoxville, Tenn.,	5s	4.70%
Johnson, Tenn.,	5½s	5.125%
Counties of		
Thomas, Ga.,	5s	4.75%
Bell, Ky.,	5s	4.75%
Greenwood, S. C.,	5s	4.80%
Brazoria, Tex., R-D	5½s	5.15%
Amherst, Va.,	5s	4.80%
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"The Premier Investment"
This illustrated booklet briefly defines municipal bonds, the purpose for which they are issued and the manner of issuance.

"Bonds As Safe As Our Cities"
is the title of our booklet which deals with the safety of municipal bonds and their investment qualifications.

"Why Municipal Bonds Are Exempt From the Federal Income Tax"
This is a brief discussion of municipal bonds and their relation to the present Income Tax Law, which subject is of great importance to those who are burdened with this tax.

"Income Tax Record Book"
The purpose of this booklet is to simplify as much as possible the making out of your Income Tax return. It provides for accurately recording by months various forms of income, both taxable and exempt, and also places for allowable reductions. In addition, it contains a brief synopsis of the Income Tax Law and a concise statement of the tax exemption features of the various Liberty Bond issues.

"War Record of Municipal Bonds"
This pamphlet deals with the war record of bonds of our twenty largest cities, showing the prices at which they sold before the war and during the war. It evidences the stability of municipal bonds as an investment.

Upon request, we will be glad to send you in addition to any of the above booklets our list G-64 of selected municipal bond offerings.

William R. Compton Company
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New Publications for Taxpayers

Due Dates for Returns and Payments of Federal and New York State and City Taxes

This folder enables taxpayers to tell at a glance when returns and payments of Federal, New York State and New York City taxes are due.

Federal Stamp Taxes on Drafts, Checks, and Promissory Notes

This booklet contains a summary of the regulations of the Treasury Department relating to stamp taxes imposed by the Revenue Act of 1918 on drafts, checks, and promissory notes.

Copies of the above may be had at any of our offices, or will be mailed upon request.

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Vanadium Company

It is reported that Allan A. Ryan, Charles M. Schwab and J. Leonard Replogle have acquired the American Vanadium Company, which will be reorganized under the above name.

Particulars on the company's business and the domination of the field for its product is reviewed in the current issue of the FINANCIAL FORECAST.

AMONG OTHER ISSUES TREATED ARE:

Island Oil
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In requesting copies ask for No. 38. Sent without obligation.

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BUYING OPPORTUNITIES

We feel that, owing to the recent sharp decline, a number of issues are selling at a price that is below the intrinsic value of the properties they represent.

We submit a list of securities that we believe are entitled to sell higher in the near future.

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GLASS ANNOUNCES TREASURY PROGRAM

Second Semi-Monthly Issue of Loan Certificates Oversubscribed.

NEW ISSUE IN SEPTEMBER

Will Mature Feb. 2 and Will Be Closed Without Notice—No Fixed Minimum.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24. — Carter Glass, Secretary of the Treasury, tonight disclosed the financial program of the Government for the next few weeks, simultaneously with his announcement that the second semi-monthly issue of Treasury certificates of indebtedness had been oversubscribed and also that a new issue of certificates would be made.

The issue which has just been oversubscribed was offered as a part of the program for financing the current needs of the Government as set forth by Secretary Glass in his letter of July 25 to all the banks and trust companies of the country, and the success of both the first and second issues has been very gratifying to Secretary Glass.

"The splendid response of the banking institutions of the country to the Treasury's plan for financing the current needs of the Government," the statement said, "gives assurance that the Treasury may count upon unqualified and ample support whenever needed. The success of the first two issues, which realized a total of $1,063,053,500, has placed the Treasury in a very satisfactory cash position."

This, Mr. Glass stated, made it possible to make this announcement relative to the Treasury program for the next few weeks:

"There will be no fixed minimum amount for the issue of loan certificates dated Sept. 2 and maturing Feb. 2, (Series C-1920.) The issue will not remain open for any stated period but will be closed without notice. Federal Reserve banks will not assign quota in respect to this issue to the banking institutions of their districts.

"There will be no issue of loan certificates upon Sept. 15. An isue or issues of tax certificates of longer maturity may be submitted.

"The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the Federal Reserve banks on and after Tuesday, Sept. 2, to redeem in cash before maturity at the holders' option, at par and accrued interest to the date of such optional redemption, Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series V-J dated April 10, 1919, and maturing Sept. 9, 1919."

The minimum amount of subscriptions for Series B-1920 certificates asked for was $500,000,000, and the total subscriptions aggregate $532,152,000. Payment for certificates of this issue was made in certificates of other series in the approximate amount of $14,300,000. All Federal Reserve districts, except Richmond, equalled or exceeded their quotas.

The results for Series B-1920, by Federal Reserve districts, which are ranked in the order of the percentage of their aggregate subscriptions to aggregate quotas, are as follows:

District.	Quota.	Subscriptions Allotted.
Dallas	$12,000,000	$14,429,000
New York	160,600,000	201,004,500
Chicago	70,000,000	70,582,000
San Francisco	35,300,000	37,300,000
St. Louis	20,000,000	20,569,000
Atlanta	14,600,000	15,427,500
Philadelphia	35,300,000	36,276,000
Minnesota	17,300,000	17,300,000
Kansas City	20,000,000	20,238,500
Cleveland	45,300,000	45,319,500
Boston	43,300,000	43,855,000
Richmond	17,300,000	8,951,000
Total	$500,000,000	$532,152,000

Mr. Glass's statement regarding new issue, Series C-1920, follows:

"The Secretary of the Treasury, under the authority of the act approved Sept. 24, 1917, as amended, offers for subscription, at par and accrued interest, through the Federal Reserve banks, Treasury certificates of indebtedness, Series C-1920, dated and bearing interest from Sept. 2, 1919, payable Feb. 2, 1920, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. per annum. Applications will be received at the Federal Reserve banks. Bearer certificates without coupons will be issued in denominations of $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, and $100,000.

"Said certificates shall be exempt, both as to principal and interest, from all taxation now or hereafter imposed by the United States, any State or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority, except (a) estate or inheritance taxes, and (b) graduated additional income taxes, commonly known as surtaxes, and excess-profits and war profits taxes, now or hereafter imposed by the United States, upon the income or profits of individuals, partnerships, associations, or corporations. The interest on bonds and certificates authorized by said act approved Sept. 24, 1917, and amendments thereto, the principal of which does not exceed in the aggregate $5,000, owned by any individual, partnership, association or corporation, shall be exempt from the taxes provided for in clause (b) above.

"If any notes should be offered for subscription by the United States after the offering and before the maturity of such certificates, and the subscription price of such notes or the first installment thereof be payable on a date occurring at or before the maturity of such certificates, then on and after such date (a) such certificates will be accepted at par with an adjustment of accrued interest in payment on the subscription price, when payable, at or before the maturity or redemption of such certificates, or any such notes subscribed for by, and allotted to, holders of such certificates; and (b) upon ten days' public notice given in such manner as may be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury the certificates of this series may be redeemed as a whole at par and accrued interest. The certificates of this series do not bear the circulation privilege, and will not be accepted in payment of taxes or on Victory Loan subscriptions.

"The right is reserved to reject any subscription and to allot less than the amount of certificates applied for and to close the subscriptions at any time without notice. Payment at par and accrued interest for certificates allotted must be made on or before Sept. 2, 1919, or on later allotment. After allotment and upon payment Federal Reserve banks may issue interim receipts pending delivery of the definitive certificates. Any qualified depositary will be permitted to make payment by credit for certificates allotted to it for itself and its customers up to any amount for which it shall be qualified in excess of existing deposits, when so notified by the Federal Reserve bank of its district. Treasury certificates of indebtedness of Series V-J, maturing Sept. 9, and V-K, maturing Oct. 7, 1919, and of Series T-4 and T-6, maturing Sept. 15, 1919, (with any unmatured interest coupons attached,) will be accepted at par with an adjustment of accrued interest in payment for any certificates of the Series C-1920 now offered which shall be subscribed for and allotted.

"As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve banks are authorized and requested to receive subscriptions and to make allotment in full in the order of the receipt of applications up to amounts indicated by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Federal Reserve banks of the respective districts."

EXCESS RESERVE INCREASES

Amount on June 30 $101,866,000 More Than Required.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, announced tonight that the reserve held by all national banks on June 30, based on their deposits at that time, was $1,107,103,000, but that the actual lawful reserve held (all with the Federal Reserve Banks) was $1,208,969,000. This represented an excess of $101,866,000 over the amount required.

"The national banks in all of the twelve Federal Reserve districts," said Mr. Williams, "carried reserve in excess of the amount required. Besides the $1,208,969,000 reserve balances with the reserve banks the national banks on the date indicated also had with the Federal Reserve Banks in process of collection $287,415,000 additional. The cash carried by the national banks in their own vaults on June 30 was $424,455,000, making the sum total of cash on hand and due from Federal Reserve Banks, including the items in process of collection, $1,920,839,000. The increase in the excess reserve June 30, 1919, over May 12, 1919, was $43,513,000."

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	172 800	278,762	151,080	$167,000
Tuesday	158,150	294,245	176,943	115,000
Wednesday	261,830	246,540	207,500	59,000
Thursday	161.100	249,235	210,130	63,000
Friday	111,675	242,425	149,230	82,000
Saturday	48,810	150,330	96,600	52,000
Total	914,365	1,461,537	991,483	$538,000

INDUSTRIALS.

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
12⅝	6⅛	7,300	*Aetna Explosives	10½	8½	10	— ⅝
81	59	50	*Aetna Expl. pf.	60	60	60	..
3¼	2	14,700	*Acme Coal	2¾	2	2¼	— ¼
65	51	1,190	*Air Reduction	57½	54	57½	+ 3½
67½	51	18,200	*Allied Pack., Inc.	57	51	57	— 2
1¼	1	400	*Am. Chem. Prod.	1¼	1⅛	1¼	..
44	32	69,500	*Am Ship & C.	37¾	32	35½	— 2½
18	2½	1,900	*Am. Writ. Paper	14	12	13	— 1½
25	18	200	*Anglo-Am. C. C.	19½	19½	19½	— 1¾
38	32	200	Austin, Nichols	35¾	35½	35½	..
31⅞	24¾	4,000	*Bethlehem Motor.	27½	24¾	26	— 2
11¼	8¼	7,600	*Br.-Am. Chem. C.	9¼	8¼	8½	— ½
30	20	13,300	Br.-Am.Tob., coup.	24	22	22	— 1
27½	20¾	1,000	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	24	23	23	..
5¾	2½	11,200	*Car Lt. & Pow.	4½	3½	3¾	— ⅞
15⅝	4	1,800	*Chalmers Motors.	9	8½	8½	— ½
45	13⅞	6,300	*Colonial Tire	36	25	28	—10½
47	43	6,700	*Col. Graphophone	47	40	42	..
45	40	1,900	Coca-Cola	45	40	42	..
1⅝	⅞	15,600	Cu-Noor Chem.	1¼	1	1⅛	+ ½
14¼	11⅝	7,600	*Dafoe Eustice	13⅜	12¼	13	— ⅜
24	16½	9,400	Delatour Bev.	21	16½	19	— 4
14	8¼	5,625	*Excello T. & R.	9	8¼	8⅝	— ¼
62	52½	8,900	*Farrell Coal	58½	55	57	+ 1
94	89	1,700	*Farrell Coal pf.	94	92	92½	+ 2½
168	168	100	Fisk Rub. 2d pf.	168	168	168	..
97	38	7,600	*Gen. Asphalt	75¼	70	75¼	+ ¼
142	87	800	*Gen. Asphalt pf.	115	110	115	—10
130	118	90	*Gen.Am.TankCar.	130	130	130	+ 2
35	28½	100	*Godchaux Sugar	28½	28½	28½	— 1½
98	95	200	*Godchaux Sug. pf.	95	95	95	— 1
15/16	9/16	600	Grape-Ola	15/16	⅞	15/16	..
1 1/16	1 1/16	600	Grape-Ola pf.	1 7/16	1 7/16	1 1/16	..
6⅜	2	100	*Havana Tob.	2	2	2	— 3½
25	3	100	*Havana Tob. pf.	10	10	10	— 4
10⅝	6	78,500	*Hayden Chem.	9⅞	8⅝	9	— ¾
14⅜	4⅝	16,500	Hupp Motor Car	13	11	11⅜	— 1½
25	14½	100	*Imp.Tob.of G.B.S.	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ ¼
50½	26¼	73,900	*Indian Packing	39	26¼	29⅜	— 8⅝
35	10¼	6,200	*Inter. Rubber	22	19	21	— 1
55	10¼	4,400	*Iron Products	52	47½	49½	— 2½
10½	6	5,100	*Knicker. Motor	7½	6	6½	— 1½
36	8¼	200	*Lack. County Coal	9	8¼	9	— 3¼
34½	19½	500	Libby, McN. & L.	26	25	25	+ 3
94	27½	900	Lima Loco	87	83	83½	— 5½
6½	4	20,000	Marconi of Am.	6	5¼	6	+ ¼
34½	25	1,500	*Martin Parry	29	25	27	— 4
15½	13	800	*Motor Opp. Corp.	14¾	13	13½	— 1½
41¼	30⅛	2,000	*W. H. Mullin Mfg.	35	31	33	— 3
54	24	500	*Nat An. & Chem.	48	46	48	+ 3
81½	47	1,200	*Nat. Coal & Ice.	70	65	66½	— 4
20½	6½	100	*Nat. Fireproof'g.	9	9	9	— ¾
25	20	8,700	*Nat. Leather	25	20	21¼	..
78	16	1,100	N Y Shipbldg.	56	53	56	+ 1
8	2⅝	5,300	Nor. A. P. & P.	4¼	3⅞	4⅛	— ¼
46	32	7,100	Otis Steel	38	34½	34½	— 2½
17	14¼	12,200	*Overland Tire	17	14¼	17	..
41¼	32	4,300	*Par. Bing. Corp.	36¾	32	36½	+ 1½
65	55	1,225	*Phi-Jones Corp.	65	55	60	..
97	95½	1,500	*Phi-Jones pf.	97	95½	96½	..
1⅝	½	156,500	Perfection T. & R.	1 7/16	1⅛	1¼	— 3/16
16	7	7,000	*Philip Morris,w.i.	12½	11¾	12¼	— 1¼
27	9½	4,750	Pressman T. & R.	11½	9½	10½	— 1½
11	5¾	14,200	*Republic Rub.	6¾	5¾	5⅞	— 1⅜
43	37	4,550	*Root Vandervoort	40	38	40	— ½
77¼	21	15,900	Savold Tire	57	31	40	—17
56	29	6,300	Savold N. Y.	50	29	32	—18
34	25	6,300	*Savold Ohio	32	25	27	— 2
68	57½	600	*Spicer Mfg.	68	63	68	+ 8
44½	24	100	*Stand. G. & El.	24	24	24	— 5
20⅞	10	15,500	Submarine Boat	16½	15	15¾	— ⅝
15¼	6⅞	5,800	*Sweets Co.of Am.	12½	11½	12⅜	+ ⅛
65½	40½	800	*Swift Int., w.i.	56½	55	56	— 4
40½	25	36,800	*Tob. Pr. Exp. rts.	35	28	32⅜	— 4⅝
158	102	2,385	*Todd Shipyards	150¼	140	143	—15
1½	1/16	1,000	Triangle Film	1	1	1	..
..	..	4,300	*Union Carbide	80½	77	79	— 3½
8	6	7,800	*United Eyeglass	8	6	7¾	+ ⅝
28	23	3,100	U.S. Ind. Alco. rts.	28	23	23	..
3¾	7/16	24,500	Un. Profit Sh.	3	2½	2⅞	..
30¼	19½	800	*U.S. Retail Candy	22	19½	19½	— 8½
14	8½	12,800	U. S. Rubber rcts.	11½	8½	10½	— 1½
6¾	2	8,000	U. S. Steamship	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝	..
38½	37½	82,500	*Vanadium Steel	38½	37½	38¼	..
86	42½	700	*Warren Bros.	78	70	78	— 1
6¾	2	4,600	Wayne Coal	4¾	4	4½	— ¼
26	15¼	5,900	*Weber & Heilbr.	21	19	20½	..
61	48	1,000	*Welch G. J., w. i.	52	48	48¼	— 4½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
26½	17¼	1,600	Anglo-Am. Oil	22	21	22	— 1¼
197	163	40	Ill. Pipe Line	188	184	184	— 3
107	99	10	Ind. Pipe Line	100	100	100	— 2
404	316	55	Ohio Oil	370	365	365	— 7
317	263	30	Prairie Pipe Line	288	280	281	— 4
319	257	100	S. O. of Cal.	293	288	288	—12
798	668	262	S. O. of N. J.	703	690	690	..
19	10	1,400	S. O. of N. J. rts.	11¼	10¾	10¾	— 1¼
118	110¼	16,700	S.O. of N.J.pf.,w.i.	111½	110¼	110½	— ¾
430	272	110	S. O. of N. Y.	395	388	390	— 5

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
10½	10	9,700	*Ajax Oil, w. i.	10⅜	10	10¼	— ¼
1¼	¾	49,000	*Allied Oil	1	⅞	15/16	..
2⅜	1⅛	16,400	*Amal. Royalty	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
3⅜	3¼	1,800	*Atlantic Pet.	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	— ⅛
3/16	⅛	5,100	*Barnett Oil	3/16	⅛	⅛	— 1/16
16½	3	17,800	*Boone Oil	8¾	7⅞	8¾	+ ¼
4⅞	4	7,240	Boston-Mex. Pet.	4½	4	4¼	— ¼
78	18	119,500	*Boston-Wyo. Oil.	70	66	69	— 1
32¼	26½	3,600	*Brazos Oil Corp.	28¾	27	28	— ¼
2⅜	1¼	1,100	Burknett V. C. Oil	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	+ ⅛
5¼	4½	600	*Circle Oil	5	4¾	4⅞	— ⅛
46¾	35¼	1,900	*Cities Ser.B.T.Sh.	45⅜	44¼	45	— ¾
63	37	5,500	*Com'wealth Oil	59	56½	57	— 2
1⅝	½	4,300	*Con. Am. O. & G.	⅝	½	½	— ¼
16½	6	4,600	Continental Ref.	7½	6	6½	— 2½
12½	6⅞	19,000	*Cosden Oil	10¼	9⅜	9⅞	— ¼
11½	6	1,300	*Elk Basin Pet.	8¾	8¼	8¼	— ⅝
11	6¼	10,400	*Ertel Oil	10	8¾	9	— ½
42	4	63,500	*Esmeralda Oil	20	16	20	+ 4
4	2	12,000	*Federal Oil	3	2½	2⅝	— ¼
8½	3½	25,000	*Glenrock Oil	5	4⅛	4¾	— ¼
1⅝	15/16	4,520	Globe Oil	1 7/16	1¼	1⅜	..
25¼	18	5,000	Guffey-Gillespie O.	20	18	20	..
1⅛	¾	7,400	Harvey Crude	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛
23	9⅞	3,200	*Hercules Pet., A.	20	16	17	— 4
40¼	10	5,000	*Home Oil & Ref.	19½	17⅝	17	— ¾
35	30	30,900	Home Pet. of Den.	35	30	35	+ 2
144½	75	1,900	*Houston Oil	115	103	107½	—17½
5¼	.35	6,800	*Hudson Oil	1¼	⅝	⅞	— ⅛
8½	5¾	3,000	*Indiahoma	7¼	7⅛	7½	+ ⅝
35½	16¾	3,400	*Inter. Pet.	29	28	28½	+ ¼
39	30½	14,800	*Invincible Oil	35	30½	35	+ ⅛
9¼	6⅜	14,000	*Island Oil & T.	6¾	6½	6¾	+ ¼
2¼	½	10,500	*Lance Creek Roy.	⅞	½	⅝	— ¼
1	⅞	2,400	Little Sioux Oil	1	⅞	1	..
4⅞	1⅜	19,500	Livingston Oil	3	2¾	2¾	— ¼
7¾	5⅝	5,000	*Marland Pet.	7	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
35	20	6,700	*Merritt Oil Corp.	22½	21	22⅝	— ⅛
4 1/16	2⅛	9,500	Met. Pet.	2½	2⅛	2¼	— ¼
17½	10¼	2,400	*Mex. Panuco Oil	17	16½	17	..
3⅝	1⅜	46,000	*Middle States Oil.	3⅝	3	3	— ⅝
196	125	4,940	*Midwest Ref.	168	157	167	— 1
1⅝	¾	4,500	*Midwest Tex. Oil.	1	¾	¾	..
37	37	9,800	*Mid. States, new.	37	37	37	..
7	2¾	1,600	*National Oil	3½	2¾	3	— ⅝
9¼	8¾	58,100	*North Am. Oil	9¼	8¾	8¾	..
2¼	⅞	21,500	*Ohio Ranger	¼	⅞	1	— ½
80	16	26,500	Omar Oil & Gas	67	57	62	— 5
7	1⅝	1,000	*Orient Oil & Gas	5	4¾	4¾	— ⅜
2½	1	13,000	*Osage Nat. O. S.	1¼	1	1⅛	..
17⅜	11¼	8,200	*Pennok Oil	15	14½	15	+ ½
62	58	3,450	*Phillips Pet.	60¼	58	59	— 1
119	115½	200	*Phillips Pet. pf.	116	115½	115½	— 2½
15	8¾	18,500	*Pitts.-Texas	12¼	11⅜	11⅝	— ⅝
9⅝	7	10,700	*Producers & Ref.	9	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
19	8	12,800	*Queen Oil	10	8	10	+ 1
2½	½	6,800	*Ranger Oil	⅝	9/16	⅝	— ⅛
70	57	5,280	*Red Rock O. & G.	70	65	70	..
24	7¼	2,800	*Rickard Tex. Co.	15	15	15	— 2
2	.43	5,400	*Rock Oil	60	55	58	— 7
7⅝	2¼	20,500	*Ryan Oil	4¾	4⅛	4⅝	— ⅝
65½	38	11,750	*Salt Creek Prod.	56	49	56	..
9⅛	7	1,500	*Sapulpa O. & R.	7¼	7	7	— ⅝
⅞	⅜	500	Sequoyah O. & R.	9/16	9/16	9/16	..
14	7¼	100	Savoy Oil	9	9	9	— 1
8¼	6½	12,500	*Seaboard O. & G.,	8¼	7	7⅞	+ 1⅛
70⅛	66	19,200	*Shell Tr. & Tr.	69	66	68¾	+ ¾
34⅞	28½	27,700	*Simms Pet.	30½	28½	29	— 1¾
64½	49	62,100	*Sinclair Con. Oil.	56¾	51½	56¼	+ 2½
65	22	46,500	Sinclair Gulf Corp.	56¾	51⅜	56¼	+ 3⅛
85	22	36,500	Southwest Oil	26	22	25	— 1
7	3	4,600	*S'thwest P. & R.	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝	+ ½
16½	14	5,800	*Spencer Pet.Corp.	16¼	15½	16⅛	— ⅜
1¾	¾	71,600	*Stanton	1¾	1⅛	1¾	— ⅛
6½	4½	7,200	*Texas-Ken. Oil	6¼	5	5¾	— ⅝
6	2¼	8,400	*Texas-R. P. & R.	4½	3½	4⅝	+ ⅜
1 3/16	.11	6,500	*Texana Oil & R.	1 1/16	15/16	⅞	..
8⅝	5½	7,100	*Texas Pr. & Ref.	7	5½	6	— 1¼
1½	½	1,800	*Texas Steer Oil	1½	½	½	— ⅛
⅝	¼	37,500	*Texon Oil & Land	½	7/16	7/16	+ 1/16
1½	1⅛	138,000	*Trinity Oil Corp.	1½	1⅛	1⅜	— ⅛
2¼	2	1,100	*Troy Oil & Gas	2¼	2	2¼	..
⅞	½	65,200	*United Tex. Pet.	⅞	¾	13/16	+ ⅛
9½	6	1,700	*Valverde Oil	7	6	7	+ ½
3	3/16	10,200	Vacuum Oil & Gas.	¼	3/16	¼	..
6	1⅞	13,200	*Victoria Oil, new	2¼	1⅞	2¼	..
13½	11½	8,100	*Vulcan Oil	13⅛	12	12½	— ½
5	3¼	2,100	Wayland O. & G.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	+ ⅜
4	1	6,300	*W. St. O. & L., n.	4	3¼	3½	..
26	20½	20,700	White E. O. & R.	24¼	22½	23⅜	+ ¾

MINING STOCKS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
34	8	1,000	*Adelphia M. & M.	27	26	27	..
2	.33	49,400	Alaska-Br. Col. M.	1	13/16	13/16	— 1/16
1 1/16	⅜	4,800	Alaska Mines	½	⅜	½	..
1⅝	1	2,100	*Am. Hond. Min.	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	..
1 1/16	9/16	1,200	*America Mines	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
⅝	¼	400	*Am. Tin. Tung.	¼	¼	¼	..
1⅛	9/16	4,300	*Arizona Silver	7/16	7/16	7/16	..
6	3	10,000	*Atlanta	†5	3½	3½	..
80	45	31,800	*Belcher Divide	†52	40	40	—10
44	23	17,500	*Belcher Ext.	†30	23	25	— 3
13/16	⅝	9,100	Big Ledge Copper	⅝	½	9/16	— 1/16
92	42	19,400	Boston Montana	†80	73	75	— 3
43	27	13,600	*Caledonia Min.	†39	38	38	— 1
½	⅛	6,600	*Calumet & Jerome	5/16	¼	¼	..
2⅛	1¼	2,700	Canada Copper	1 13/16	1 5/16	1 5/16	— 3/16
2 3/16	.52	38,300	*Candelaria Silver	1 7/16	1⅛	1 3/16	— 3/16
15	11	37,500	Carrie Silver	†15	11	15	..
2⅜	1¼	500	*Cascade Sil. M.	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ½
15½	5	6,000	Cashboy	†6	5	6	+ ½
1 7/16	11/16	5,560	Con. Ariz. Smelt.	1¼	1 1/16	1⅛	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅝	18,000	Cresson Gold	3	2⅝	2⅝	— 3/16
3⅞	2 3/16	32,250	*Divide Ext.	2 13/16	2 3/16	2½	— ⅜
5⅞	1¼	23,500	El Salvador Silver	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝	+ ⅝
2¾	1¼	1,300	Eureka Croe. Min.	1½	1¼	1¼	— ¼
1⅞	1	14,000	Forty-nine Mine	1 1/16	1¼	1 7/16	+ 1/16
6½	3	6,500	*Gadsden	4⅜	4	4	— ½
1¾	.35	30,800	*Gold Zone Div.	†47	35	37	—11
20	11	8,700	*Goldfield Dev.	†18	16	17	— 1
4⅜	2½	6,600	*Golden Gate Exp.	3⅛	2¾	3	— ⅛
6	2½	1,000	Great Bend	†2½	2½	2½	— 1½
1.00	.85	21,740	Grand Pac. Cop.	†90	85	90	+ 2
4½	.55	1,680	*Hamilton M. & S.	2½	1	1	— 2
47	11	3,000	*Hasbrouck Divide.	†13	13	13	+ 1
6⅜	4 1/16	2,250	Hecla Mining	5 3/16	5	5⅛	— ¼
45	30	4,600	*Jim Butler	†32	31	31	..
16	10	900	Jumbo Ext.	†11	10	11	..
6	4½	5,800	Kerr Lake	5¼	5	5¼	..
37	15	45,800	*Knox Divide	†25	17	20	— 4
⅝	.15	3,000	La Rose Consol.	⅜	⅜	⅜	+ 1/16
57	10	4,900	Liberty Bell Div.	†48	46	47	+ 2
½	1/16	1,800	Louisiana Con.	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
49	24	40,800	*MacNamara Cres.	†38	32	33	+ 1
1½	.32	100,500	*MacNamara Min.	†66	50	51	—16
¾	¼	31,800	*Magma Chief	⅝	½	9/16	— 1/16
10	3	1,000	*Marsh Mining	†9½	9½	9½	+ ½
4½	2	600	Mason Valley	3½	3¼	3¼	— ½
5	3⅝	13,240	*Mother'e Cop., n.	5	4½	4¾	..
4⅞	⅝	3,200	*Natl. Tin Corp.	4⅞	3¾	3⅞	— ⅛
50	17	2,500	*Nevada Ophir M.	†24	24	24	— 3
15	8¼	5,500	Nipissing	10¼	9½	9⅞	— ⅝
48	15	4,800	Nixon Nevada	†23	23	23	..
5⅛	3	700	*Onondaga Mine	3⅛	3	3⅛	..
3⅝	1¾	8,800	*Ray Hercules	2⅞	2½	2½	— ¼
23	9	300	Rex Consolidated	†16	16	16	— 2
1½	⅜	18,900	Roper Group M.	1	⅝	⅝	— ¼
1	9/16	1,900	St. Croix Cons. M.	¾	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
28	13½	600	Seneca Cop. Corp.	21¾	21	21¾	+ ¼
½	¼	100,900	*Seven Metals M.	½	⅜	7/16	+ 1/16
1⅜	⅞	1,350	*Silver Dollar M.	1	⅞	1	..
37	13	17,500	*Silver King Div.	†18	14	14	— 2
1⅞	11/16	20,000	Sil. King of Ariz.	1	⅞	1	..
14½	9¼	11,000	*So. Am. Gold	10⅜	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅝
⅝	⅛	6,100	Stand. Sil.-Lead	⅜	3/16	3/16	..
34	13	3,000	Stewart	†24	24	24	— 1
82	14	2,000	*Sutherland Div.	†14	14	14	..
12	5	10,500	*Tonopah Divide	12½	5	5⅛	— ⅞
3¼	1¾	500	*Tonopah Mining	3	2 1/16	2 1/16	— 11/16
5¼	3 15/16	8,450	United Eastern	4½	4	4⅜	— 3/16
19	7	27,500	*U. S. Cont. M.	†16½	15½	16	+ ½
53	30	20,000	*Victory Divide	†37	30	32	— 6
94	71	1,100	Wash. Gold Quar.	†83	82	83	+ 1
3	1	3,860	West End Con.	1½	1 3/16	1¼	— 3/16
35	10	11,500	White Cap Min.	19	15	18	— 1
7	2	1,000	White Cap Ext.	†4	4	4	..
1¾	½	1,300	*Wilson Silver M.	⅝	½	⅝	— ⅛

BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
100½	98⅛	$6,000	*Am. T. & T. 1-yrs 6s, w. i.	99⅛	99	99⅛	— ⅜
110	98	5,000	*Anaconda 6s, w.i.	99	99	99	..
96	95	5,000	*Braden 6s,'31, w.i.	96	96	96	+ ½
99¾	99¼	2,000	*Can. Gov. 5½s,'21	99½	99½	99½	+ ⅛
97⅞	96⅞	112,000	*Can. Gov. 5½s,'29	97⅛	96⅞	97⅛	+ ⅛
97	94½	13,000	*C., C., C. & St. L. 6s, 1929	95	94½	95	— 2½
..	..	27,000	*Copen. 5½s, 1944	99¾	93¼	93¼	— ¼
99⅝	97½	85,500	*Gt. of Sweden 6s	98¼	97½	98	..
92½	82	80,000	*Int. R. 7s, w. i.	84¾	82	82	— 2¾
101	98½	5,000	*Lac. Gas 7s, w.i.	98¾	98½	98¾	— ¾
100	99¾	15,000	*R. J. Reynolds 6s, 1922	99¾	99¾	99¾	— ¼
65	40	8,000	*Russian Gov. 5½s	46	43	43	— 5
72	45	35,000	*Russian Gov. 6½s	46½	45	46½	+ 1½
96	96	2,000	*Sloss-S. 6s, 1929.	96	96	96	..
100¼	96	25,000	*Sou. Ry. 6s, w. i.	97¾	96	96	— 2¾
100⅝	99¼	2,000	*Swift Co. 6s, '21	100	99⅝	100	..
96⅝	96	110,000	*Swiss Gov. 5½s	96½	96	96½	..

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Important Notice to Stockholders

As your Committee has ascertained that there is apparently a very large amount of common stock of Wright-Martin Aircraft Corporation which is not owned by the persons in whose names the stock is registered, and as it is of the greatest importance to the shareholders that they should have an opportunity to deposit their stock under the Plan and Agreement of July 11th, 1919, the Committee has extended the time for deposits until and including *September 2nd, 1919*, so that the Plan and Agreement may be brought to the attention of owners of stock who are not registered on the books.

Copies of the plan and agreement should be obtained at once from the Depositary, *The Equitable Trust Company of New York*, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

New York, August 15, 1919.

CHARLES HAYDEN, Chairman,
FREDERICK B. ADAMS,
A. J. BROSSEAU,
JAMES B. CLEWS,
GEORGE H. HOUSTON,
AMBROSE MONELL,
HENRY K. POMROY,
ANDREW V. STOUT,
Committee.

CHADBOURNE, BABBITT & WALLACE, Counsel,
14 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

H. J. WOLFF, Secretary,
14 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

International Motor Truck Corporation

Important Notice to Stockholders

As your Committee has ascertained that there is apparently a large amount of stock of International Motor Truck Corporation which is not owned by the persons in whose names the stock is registered, and as it is of the greatest importance to the shareholders that they should have an opportunity to deposit their stock under the Plan and Agreement of July 11th, 1919, the Committee has extended the time for deposits until and including *September 2nd, 1919*, so that the attention of owners of stock who are not registered on the books.

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ANDREW V. STOUT,
Committee.

CHADBOURNE, BABBITT & WALLACE, Counsel,
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Arto Player Rolls—Baby Dimple Safety Pins—Belding Silks—Bludwine—Bradley Knitwear—Brown's Linen Ledger Papers—Buster Brown Shoes—Century Sheet Music—Clark's O. N. T. Cotton—De Bevoise Brassieres—Dove Undermuslins—Edison Phonographs—Elgin Silk Waists—Ever-Ready Razors—Fashionette Hair Nets—Feist Sheet Music—Globe-Wernicke Bookcases and Office Equipment—Harmony Snap Fasteners—Heatherbloom Petticoats—Herbert Tareyton Cigarettes—Holt Caterpillar Tractors—Hydegrade Fabrics—Ingersoll Watches—Jack Tar Togs—J. & P. Coats Mercerized Cottons—Jersey Cattle—Kaufman Hats—Kleinert's Dress Shields—Knox Gelatine—Lady Dainty Hair Pins—Lambsdown Underwear—Lea & Perrins' Sauce—Lily of France Corsets—Melachrino Cigarettes—Miss Manhattan Cloaks & Suits—Mueller Bathroom Fixtures—Natural Cigarettes—Niagara Maid Gloves & Underwear—Nucoa Nut Margarine—Orlando Cigars—Park Taylor Clothing—Philip Morris Cigarettes—Purity Oats—Pyrex Transparent Oven Dishes—Radior Toilet Preparations—Rameses Cigarettes—Ricoro Cigars—Royal Baking Powder—Runkel's Cocoa—Sealpax Underwear—Serene Smoking Mixture—Springtex Underwear—Strathmore Parchment—Tootsie Rolls—Towle's Maple Syrup—Treo Girdles—Triangle Collars—Troy Trailers—Tweed-O-Wool Coats & Suits—Twinity Snap Fasteners—United Cigar Stores—Van Raalte Veilings—Vellastic Underwear—Vindex Shirts—Virginia Dare Beverages—Young's Hats—W. B. Corsets.

If you know these names, then you are already acquainted with Federal resources, for these names are all the property of Federal clients. Such an association of leadership is not a mere coincidence but a demonstration of the fact that merchandise merit and merchandising ability must always unite to supreme accomplishment.

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FEDERAL
ADVERTISING AGENCY, Inc.
Six East Thirty-Ninth Street New York
30 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

INDUSTRIAL TENDENCIES ANALYZED

The Annalist Barometer of Business Conditions analyzes the tendencies of the great factors in industry, the combined influences of which determine the business condition of the nation. In The Annalist each week. Ten cents a copy on news stands; $4 a year by mail.

MATERIAL SUPPLY NEAR PINCH POINT

Labor Disturbances Spur Buyers to Prompt Action at Mill Centres.

PRICE PROBES DISCOUNTED

Cement, Structural Steel, Brick, Lumber, and Plumbers' Supplies Active.

Labor disturbances and prospective investigations are stimulating, rather than checking, building material production and demand.

Substance seems to be supplied to the opinion generally expressed in the building material and construction trades that investigations and probes into the causes of the high cost of building materials and supplies have political rather than practical purposes.

This was demonstrated during the last week, when it was found that orders for building materials from mill sources supplying the Eastern construction markets had assumed proportions out of all comparison with actual building material contracts placed in previous Augusts. Most of the acceleration, in fact, developed within the last five days, especially in brick and cement. For instance:

With practically the entire building construction industry of New York paralyzed by strikes and lockouts and with rumors of all sorts of price-squeezing campaigns about to be started by State and Federal officials, Portland cement mills supplying this market reported ten times as many actual contracts for cement during the first twenty days of August as there were during all of August last year, and more than twice as many barrels of cement contracted for than in the best previous August since 1916.

Total amount of shipments of Portland cement from mills in all parts of the country were nearly 30 per cent. greater than in any other July in the last five years.

More common brick is demanded in New York City today than has been called for in almost five years, despite strikes and lockouts. It is a fact that the demand is so much greater than the supply that in order to accelerate production there have been wage advances to brick-yard men up the Hudson River, which advance is for the moment being absorbed by the manufacturers. Hudson common brick in this market today is strong at $15 wholesale, with the usual advance for handling, cartage, and delivery to job, simply because the brick that is still coming in is of last year's production.

It may be positively accepted as fact by any prospective builder that just as soon as the 1919 brick begins to come into this market the price of this commodity will be much higher than it is now. Astute contractors and supply men are aware of this fact, hence the stampede to take up all the brick that comes into this market at the present price.

Structural steel offers its own illustration of the trend of the times. George E. Gifford, Secretary of the Bridge Builders and Structural Society, has compiled for the Dow Service Daily Building Reports these comparative figures, showing the rapid rise in demand for structural steel, (including bridges,) in the last few months. It may parenthetically be stated that, owing to curtailment of railroad expansion, most of his work represents building construction:

In January of this year 12½ per cent. of the structural steel shop capacity of the country was contracted for; same for February; 17½ per cent. for March, 24½ per cent. in April, 49 per cent. in May, 65 per cent. in June, and 74 per cent. in July. August will bring the total near 80 per cent. This point reaches a stage when mills can pick desirable business at a price that is attractive. If wage advances result from current negotiations with steel workers, it is entirely reasonable to expect further price advances in the market.

Plumbing supply departments present the same aspect with relation to higher prices. So does lumber. There are likely to be further advances in architectural terra cotta, stone, and other facing materials, including front brick, which are even now straining for higher pegs. A glance over current plumbers' supply lists shows price advances in pipe hangers, 10 per cent.; conductor strainers, 10 per cent.; globe and gate valves, 10 per cent.; ceiling and floor plates, 10 to 60 per cent.; nipples, automatic air valves, 5 to 10 per cent.; soldering coppers, injectors, and all steam specialties, approximately 5 per cent.; brass pipe inclining upward, with absolutely no shrinkage in price during the dullest period in years, and soil pipe is in a distinctly sellers' market.

A similar scrutiny over the list of electrical supplies shows no dearth of orders. Rubber tape is up 1 cent; heating appliances are advancing again; fuse blocks are up 7 points. The only reduction noticeable in the whole list is cut-outs, which is considered to be only temporary. Outlet boxes have advanced 15 per cent.; porcelain knobs are up 10 per cent., and another advance has taken place in rubber covered wire.

In the hardware department there is scarcely an item in current lists that does not show a sharp advance in price, yet there is more business being offered than mills are willing to accept at present prices.

Events in the retail department of the building material market moved rapidly last week. The stone masons went out on strike for higher wages. Their employers joined with the Building Trades Employers' Association to try to force a complete tie-up of every building job in the district next week by curtailing shipments of supplies from mill to distributers here by boat, rail, and auto truck. The dealers in masons' supplies have agreed to meet the employers next Wednesday to determine whether to completely tie up all construction work in the city. They hesitate to stop all construction work by closing their yards, but they learned that a workable arrangement with the building trades laborers in Chicago was effected by such means, and it is planned to accomplish the same thing here, so that building work can proceed without further interruption.

The strength of the local building market, even with strikes and lockouts, talk of inforced price reductions and rainy weather, is shown by the fact that July showed 15 per cent. gain over June, and the first fifteen days in August showed a similar gain in volume of building material moving to actual construction work in Greater New York. Since Aug. 1 the volume of materials moving out of yards has been almost negligible.

Yet the market is strong on future buying, a fact that is puzzling to experienced men in the Eastern building business. A week ago it seemed to the building trades that the bottom had about dropped out of the immediate building future. But forward buying as shown by mill contracts in all lines has shown to the trade apparently that strikes and lockouts are only temporary disputes, that talk of price investigations is promulgated for home consumption by constituents of over-zealous office holders who are not familiar with and who have not access to the mill conditions and sources of supply and the price trend and their causes there. The truth is that the practical business man has got to have a place in which to carry on his business, whether it be office building or factory, and he has already discounted the cost, knowing that the consumer of his wares will pay for it in the end, anyway, whether the advance is due to the higher wage he must pay his help or because the increasing demand and continued inadequate space make him unable to supply the market's needs. The future for commercial construction is much brighter than it was a fortnight ago.

Industrial Tendencies Analyzed.

The Annalist Barometer of Business Conditions analyzes the tendencies of the great factors in industry, the combined influences of which determine the business condition of the nation. In The Annalist each week. Ten cents a copy on news stands; $4 a year by mail. —Advt.

MONEY RATES

	On Call— High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals.
Aug. 18	4½	3½	3½	4 @4½
Aug. 19	4½	3½	4½	3½
Aug. 20	6 @6½	4 @4½	6	4 @4½
Aug. 21	6 @6½	5 @5½	6	5 @5½
Aug. 22	8	5 @5½	7	5 @5½
Aug. 23	5	5	5	5
Weeks' range—				
High			8	5½
Low			3½	5
Same week last year—				
High			6	6
Low			6	6
Year to date—				
High			20	10
Low			3½	3½
Corresponding period last year—				
High			6	6
Low			1¾	1¾

	On Time— 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Aug. 18	6	6	6
Aug. 19	6	6	6
Aug. 20	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Aug. 21	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Aug. 22	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Aug. 23	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Week's range—			
High	6	6	
Low	5¾@6	5¾@6	
Same week last year—			
High	6	6	6
Low	5¾	6	6
Year to date—			
High	8	8	8
Low	5	5	5¾
Corresponding period last year—			
High	6	6	6
Low	2½	2½	2½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4⅜@4⁷⁄₁₆

Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4⁷⁄₁₆@4⅜

Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @6

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5¼@5½

4 to 6 months....5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5½

DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

	Within 15 Days. Incl. Member Banks' Collateral Notes	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.	61 to 90 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	4	4¾	4¾
New York	4	4¾	4¾
Philadelphia	4	4¾	4¾
Cleveland	4¼	4¾	4¾
Richmond	4¼	4¾	4¾
Atlanta	4¼	4¾	4¾
Chicago	4¼	4¼	4¾
St. Louis	4	4¾	4¾
Minneapolis	4½	4¾	5
Kansas City	4½	5	5
Dallas	4½	4¾	5
San Francisco	4½	5	5

The rate of 3 to 4½ per cent. for one day discounts, in connection with the loan operations of the Government, is approved in the case of the New York district.

Secured by United States certificates of indebtedness or Liberty Loan bonds:

	Agricultural & Live Stock Paper, Over 90 Days.	Within 15 Days, Inc. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	5	4	4¼
New York	5	4	4¼
Philadelphia	5	4	4¼
Cleveland	5¼	4	4¼
Atlanta	5	4	4¼
Richmond	5	4	4¼
Chicago	5½	4	4¼
St. Louis	5½	4	4¼
Minneapolis	5½	4	4¼
Kansas City	5½	4	4¼
Dallas	5¼	4	4¼
San Francisco	5½	4¼	4¼

Trade acceptances 1 to 60 days and 61 to 90 days at 4½ per cent.

Acceptances purchased in open market, minimum rate 4 per cent.

Rates for commodity paper have been merged with those for commercial paper of corresponding maturities.

In case the sixty-day trade acceptance rate is higher than the fifteen-day discount rate, trade acceptances maturing within fifteen days will be taken at lower rate. Whenever application is made by member banks for renewal of fifteen-day paper, the Federal Reserve Banks may charge a rate not exceeding that for ninety-day paper of the same class.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San F.
Aug. 18	Par	Par	†25@15	Par
Aug. 19	Par	Par	†25@15	Par
Aug. 20	Par	Par	†25@15	Par
Aug. 21	Par	Par	†25@15	Par
Aug. 22	Par	Par	†25@15	Par
Aug. 23	Par	Par	†25@15	Par

†Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money	3 Mos.	Short Bills.	Exch. on London.
Aug. 18	3⅛	3⁷⁄₁₆@3⅝	3⁷⁄₁₆@3½	34f 5c
Aug. 19	3⅛	3⁷⁄₁₆@3⅝	3⁷⁄₁₆@3½	34f 5c
Aug. 20	3⅛	3⁷⁄₁₆@3⅝	3⁷⁄₁₆@3½	34f 5c
Aug. 21	3½	3⁷⁄₁₆@3⅝	3⁷⁄₁₆@3½	34f 5c
Aug. 22	3½	3⁷⁄₁₆@3⅝	3⁷⁄₁₆@3½	34f 5c
Aug. 23	3½	3⁷⁄₁₆@3⅝	3⁷⁄₁₆@3½	34f 5c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consol 2½s	British 4½s	Paris Rentes.
Aug. 18	52	88¼	......
Aug. 19	51⅞	87¾	......
Aug. 20	51¾	87⅝	61f 45c
Aug. 21	51¾	87⅝	61f 45c
Aug. 22	51¾	87⅝	61f 45c
Aug. 23	51⅝	87⅝	61f 45c

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
Aug. 18	59⅞d	$1.12¼
Aug. 19	59⅞d	1.11½
Aug. 20	59⅜d	1.10
Aug. 21	60¼d	1.11⅞
Aug. 22	60⅜d	1.12¼
Aug. 23	60½d	1.13¼

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.

Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. x Ex dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Aug. 23, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	80	85
A. W. W. & Elec., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	63	68
Appalach Pwr. 1st, '41	..	June & Dec.	72	76
Ariz. Power 1st, '33	6	May & Nov.	82	86
Ark. V. R., L. & P., '20	7	Jan. & July	98½	99½
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	90
Augusta-Aiken Ry. & Elec., '35	5	June & Dec.	20	35
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Buff. Gen. El., '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	96	98
Do deb., '22	6	Feb. & Aug.	107	108
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	..	89
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July	..	98
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	78	84
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	Jan. & July	90	93
Cent. Power & Lt., '22	6	Jan. & July	90	95
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29	5	Jan. & July	97½	..
Charleston City Ry., '23	5	Jan. & July	96	98
Charleston Con. Ry. G. & E., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	90
Cit. Serv. deb., Ser. B	7	Jan. & July	153	156
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	93
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	80	90
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	90
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	75	79
Do unstamped, '51	4½	Jan. & July	75	79
Cons. Gas, (Balt.,) '54	4½	Jan. & July	82	84
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	95	100
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	82	83
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	85	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	..
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	84	87
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	94	99
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	85	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	90	94
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	100	..
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	84	88
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.	94	97
Eliz. & Trenton, '62	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	80
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	86	92
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32	6	June & Dec.	80	90
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	77	82
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	78	83
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	90	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	50	60
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	90	..
Hoboken Ferry, '46	5	May & Nov.	80	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	95	..
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	90	..
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	50	56
K. C. Long D. T., '25	5	Jan. & July	84	86½
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	87	90
Knoxville Traction, '38	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	..
Met. Ed., '20	6	June & Dec.	94	97½
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	92	95½
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	77	79
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	75	80
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Nash.R.& L.1st con., '53	5	Jan. & July	93	95
Do ref., 58	5	Jan. & July	73	76
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	Jan. & July	88	95
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	90	93
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May & Nov.	55	60
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	63	67
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	95	96½
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	100	102½
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	..	78
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.	..	87½
N. Ont. Lt. & Pr., '31	6	Apr. & Oct.	81	83
Nor. States Power, '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	86	88
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	79	84
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	77	81
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan. & July	77	81
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21	6	Jan. & July	96	99
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	88	91
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	88	95
Paterson Ry. gen., '44	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	..	83
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	74	78
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	95	..
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	..	92
Riverside T., '60	5	June & Dec.	..	80
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	60	75
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	80	85
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Feb. & Aug.	88	90
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	87	91
So. Cal. Edison gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	88	92
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	84	87
Stand. Gas & El., '35	6	Apr. & Oct.	84½	87½
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	..	77
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	86	..
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	88	93
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	75	80
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	72	73½
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	88	91
Do deb., '26	6	May & Nov.	86	91
United Lt. & Ry., '23	7	Apr. & Oct.	97	99
Do., '20	6	May & Nov.	98	99½
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	69	70
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	48	50
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27	6	Feb. & Aug.	83	86
Unit. Util. conv., '48	6	Jan. & July	80	87
Wash., B. & A., '41	5	Mar. & Sep.	80	82
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	..	96
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	..	61¼
W. St. Gas & El., '27	6	Feb. & Aug.	88	91

*Flat.

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Aug. 23, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Am. B. Sh. & Fy., '52	5	Mar. & Sep.	99	..
American Ice, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	92	..
American Malting, '26	5	June & Dec.	96	..
Buf. & Sus. Iron 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Cent. Iron & Steel, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	95	..
Chi. Pneu. Tool, '21	5	Jan. & July	98	..
Lima Locomotive, '32	6	May & Nov.	95	99
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	82	87
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '13-'40	5	Jan. & July	90	97
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	98½	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Aug. 23, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	..	....	14	16
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	76	78
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	124	125
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	40½	42
Am. Light & Trac.	5	Q	Aug 1, 19	223	228
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	96	98
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Jun 2, 19	60	64
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	70	72
Am. Public Utilities	¾	..	Jul 1, 14	10	12
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	30	35
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	..	..	....	5½	6
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	May 15,19	58	60
Do participating pf.	..	..	....	10	13
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Jun 2, 19	73	78
Buffalo Gen. Electric.	2	Q	Jun 30,19	108	110
Cal. Electric Gen. pf.	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 19	83	87½
Capital Traction	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	85	86
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Jun 1, 19	..	45
Charles.Con.R.,G. & E.	..	..	....	40	50
Cities Service	*½	M	Aug 1, 19	437	442
Do pf.	½	M	Aug 1, 19	76¼	76¾
Do Bankers Shares	42.8c	M	Aug 1, 19	45¼	45½
Colorado Power	½	Q	Jul 15, 19	21	25
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 16,19	99	103
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jul 1, 19	73	78
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	..	Nov 1, 18	23	25
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	56	58
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Jun 1, 19	78	..
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jul 15, 19	..	61
Eastern Texas Elec.	2½	S	Jul 1, 19	55	59½
Do pf.	3	S	Jul 1, 19	80	85
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	92	95
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Jun 15,19	..	95
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	Jun 1, 19	110	115
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	....	10	12
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	47	50
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Mar 15,19	60	65
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jul 1, 19	75	..
Illum. & Pr. Sec.	..	..	....	10	20
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 15,19	88	95
Miss. River Pr. pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	51	53
Nashville R. & L. pf.	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 19	65	68
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	78	82
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 15,19	102¼	103½
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	....	11	14
Do pf.	3	S	Jul 15, 19	57	62
No. States Power	1¾	Q	Jan 20,18	67	70
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 21, 19	89	91
Nor. Texas Electric	1	Q	Jun 2, 19	53	57
Do pf.	3	S	Mar 1, 19	72	75
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	1½	Q	Aug 15,19	88	90
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Jul 10, 19	78	88
Pac. Pr. & Light pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	95	100
Republic Ry. & Light.	1	..	Jul 15, 18	13	15
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 15, 19	50	54
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	Aug 15,19	88	90
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 19	100	103
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Jun 1, 19	100	105
Standard Gas & Elec.	..	..	....	30	32
Do pf.	2	Q	Jun 14,19	46	47
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Aug 15,19	112	115½
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	....	4	5
Do pf.	..	..	....	15	18
United Light & Rys.	1	Q	Jul 1, 19	43	45
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	70	72
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	50c	Q	Apr 22,19	15½	16½
United Utilities	..	..	....	5	15
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	85	92
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Aug 1, 19	49	50
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¼	Q	Jun 1, 19	20	30
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Jun 1, 19	49	51
Western Power	..	..	....	24	25
Do pf.	1	Q	Jul 15, 19	76½	77½
West. States Gas & E.	⅞	M	Jun 30,19	15	20
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 19	80	83
Wisconsin Edison	$1	Q	Jul 1, 19	32	34

*1% payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stock. ¶Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Aug. 23, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr.	15,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	450	455
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	500	..
Cent. Union	12,500,000	*5½	Q	Jul 1, 19	455	465
Columbia	5,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30,19	360	370
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	130	..
Empire	2,000,000	3	Q	Jun 28,19	295	305
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	5	Q	Jun 30,19	440	445
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Aug 1, 19	435	445
Fidelity	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jun 30,19	220	230
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30,19	230	240
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jul 1, 19	245	260
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Jun 30,19	397	405
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Aug 1, 19	255	265
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2	Q	Jun 30,19	130	140
Irving Trust.	2,250,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	‡	..
Kings Co.	500,000	7	Q	Aug 1, 19	640	665
Law.T.& T.C.	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 19	125	135
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Aug 1, 19	175	185
Manufact'rs	1,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	165	..
Merc. T. & D.	1,000,000	..	..	....	240	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30,19	360	..
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Jun 30,19	600	..
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	10	S	Jun 10,19	785	800
People's Tr.	1,200,000	4	Q	Jun 30,19	290	310
Q. Co., Jama.	600,000	..	..	....	70	80
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Jun 30,19	400	410
United States	2,000,000	5	S	Jul 1, 19	875	925
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 19	430	450

*And 2% extra. †And 1% extra. ‡See Irving Nat. Bank.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	J. & J.	245	255
A. Sur'y($50)	5,000,000	$1	Q	Jun 30,19	70	75
Bd. & Mtg.G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Aug 15,19	240	250
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	S	Jun 30,19	118	128
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	May 1, 19	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	2½	S	Jul 10, 19	72	75
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jul 10, 19	510	..
Globe & Rut.	700,000	*10	Q	Jul 30, 19	1000	..
Great Amer.	5,000,000	†6	Q	Jul 15, 19	400	410
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	80	90
Home Fire	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	555	565
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	132	138
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jun 30,19	94	98
Nat Lib.($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	155	165
Nat. Surety	4,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	238	246
N.Y. T. & M.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	120	125
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	*10	S	J. & J.	185	200
N. River($25)	600,000	5	S	A. & O.	38	42
Pacific ($25)	400,000	5	S	Jul 22, 19	45	60
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 19	100	110
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	50	75
Westc'r ($10)	1,000,000	50c	Q	Aug 1, 19	36	39

*And 5% extra. †And 1% extra.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Blkr. St. & F Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	..	J. & J.	21⅛	..
B'way&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	..	Jan 1, 19	40	80
Bn. C.R.($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Jul 15, 19	10½	12
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	..	Jan 1, 19	50	75
8th Av. R.R.	1,000,000	4	..	Jan 15,19	120	160
42d St & G.St	748,000	4½	..	Feb 1, 19	..	190
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	..	Jan 15,19	..	110
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	..	Mar 20,19	..	95

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Aug. 23, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	15	S	Jul 1, 19	575	..
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	a5	S	May 1, 19	270	..
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	190	..
Bk. of Cuba.	100,000	6	S	Jul 1, 19	180	185
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	‡3	S	Jul 1, 19	215	225
Bowery	250,000	*3	Q	Aug 1, 19	420	..
B'way Centl.	100,000	..	..	....	140	150
Bronx Nat.	200,000	4	S	Jul 1, 19	150	160
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	....	125	140
Bryant Park.	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 19	150	160
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	Jul 1, 19	27	33
Chase Nat'l.	10,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 19	500	520
Ch.-Ph. Nat.	7,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 19	305	315
Chelsea Ex.	400,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	125	..
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	3½	B	Jul 1, 19	560	580
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	b2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	240	250
City Nat'l.	25,000,000	5	S	May 1, 19	435	445
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	b2	Q	Jul 1, 19	240	250
Colonial	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	350	..
Columbia	1,000,000	4	S	Jun 30,19	180	..
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jul 1, 19	390	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	May 1, 19	215	230
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	233	238
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Aug 1, 19	110	..
Corn Exch.	4,200,000	5	Q	Aug 1, 19	410	..
E. R. Nat.	1,000,000	2	..	Jun 1, 16	148	..
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13,17	110	130
Fifth Av.	500,000	†12½	Q	Jul 1, 19	870	925
Fifth Nat.	250,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	200	220
First Nat.	10,000,000	¶5	Q	Jul 1, 19	1025	1075
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30,19	200	215
Gotham Nat.	500,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	200	225
Greenwich	500,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 19	375	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	8	Q	Jul 1, 19	790	810
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 5, 19	350	370
Imp. & T.Nat	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 1, 19	570	590
Irving Nat.	4,500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	††325	335
Liberty Nat.	3,000,000	4½	Q	Jul 1, 19	635	665
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Aug 1, 19	..	290
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	215	230
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	5	Q	Jul 15, 19	406	412
Mer. Nat.	2,000,000	2	S	Jul 1, 19	230	240
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	192	200
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	400	420
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Apr 1, 19	200	210
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	430	..
N.Y. Co. Nat	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17	140	145
N.Y.Pro. Ex.	1,000,000	5	Q	Jul 15, 19	375	..
Pacific ($50).	500,000	a$1	Q	Aug 1, 19	135	..
Park Nat.	5,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 19	740	760
People's ($25)	200,000	3	Q	Jul 10, 19	130	140
Public	1,500,000	3	Q	Jun 30,19	270	..
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	550	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	395	415
State	2,000,000	5	S	Jul 1, 19	145	..
23d Ward.	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 19	130	140
United States	1,000,000	10	..	Jul, 1918	160	170
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jun 30,19	185	195
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	350	..
Westch'r Av.	100,000	2	Q	Aug 1, 19	170	..
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Jun 30,19	325	..

*And 7% extra. †And 55% special. ‡And 3% extra. ††Includes one-half share Irving Trust Co. stock. ¶And 5% of First Security Co. a—And $1 extra. b—And 1% extra. d—And $1 extra.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Aug. 23, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
American Brass	1½	Q	Aug 15,19	220	228
American Chicle	1	Q	Aug 1, 19	86	87
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	81	82
American Mfg	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	142	145
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 19	87½	90
Amer. Typefounders	1	Q	Jul 15, 19	44	46
Atlas Powder	3	Q	Jun 10,19	138	145
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	89	92
Babcock & Wilcox	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	120	124
Bord. Cond. Milk	4	S	Aug 15,19	106	108
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 14,19	96	98
By-Products Coke	1½	Q	May 20,19	120	130
Carbon Steel	¶2	Q	Jul 15, 19	107	110
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	..	80
Celluloid	2	Q	Jun 30,19	235	245
Central Aguirre Sugar.	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	215	220
Central Coal & Coke	1½	Q	Jul 15, 19	90	95
Chi. Ry. Equipment	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	103½	107
Childs	½	Q	Jun 10,19	67	73
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 10,19	95	99
Columbia Graphophone	$2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	445	455
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	94	95
Crocker-Wheeler	2	Q	Jul 15, 19	90	95
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 19	96	100
Del., Lack. & W. Coal.	$1¼	Q	Jul 15, 19	175	185
Draper Corp.	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	127	130
Eastern Steel	$2½	Q	Jul 15, 19	80	87
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 16,19	85	90
Eastman Kodak	$2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	600	620
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	Aug 1, 19	97½	99½
Federal Rubber 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	99	101
Federal Sugar	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	104	107
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	104	107
Fisk Rubber Tire pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	99	101
Gillette Safety Razor	h$2	Q	May 31,19	164	168
Hercules Powder	2	Q	Jun 25,19	210	220
Do pf.	1½	Q	May 15,19	109	112
Ingersoll-Rand pf.	3	S	Jul 1, 19	100	105
Int. Silver	..	..	....	30	45
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	94	97
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	May 31,19	66½	70
Manati Sugar	2½	Q	Jun 2, 19	116	118
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	97	100
Matanzas-Am.	..	..	....	5	12
Do pf.	..	..	....	..	80
Merg. Linotype	2½	Q	Jun 30,19	134	140
Merrimac Chem. ($50)	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	92	95
Nat. Candy	2½	S	Mar 12,19	97½	102
Do 1st pf.	3½	S	Mar 12,19	105	108
Do 2d pf.	3½	S	Mar 12,19	99	102
Nat. Sugar Refining	1¾	Q	Jul 2, 19	133	136
New Jersey Zinc	4	Q	Aug 9, 19	247	250
New Niquero Sugar pf.	3½	S	Jun 2, 19	180	190
Niles-Bement-Pond	2	Q	Jun 20,19	..	126
Do pf.	1½	..	May 20,19	95	100
O'Neill & Co. pf.	..	..	....	98	99½
Otis Elevator	1¼	Q	Jul 15, 19	114	117
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 15, 19	87	91
Procter & Gamble	5	Q	Aug 15,19	675	700
Royal Baking Powder	2	Q	Jun 30,19	140	150
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 30,19	96	98
Safety Car H. & Ltg.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	64½	67
Santa Cecilia Sugar	..	..	....	37	40
Do pf.	3½	S	Aug 1, 19	73	75
Shredded Wheat	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	128	130
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	90	92
Singer Mfg.	2½	Q	Jun 30,19	200	202
Stollwerck Choc. pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	102	103½
Texas & Pacific Coal.	h1½	Q	Jun 30,19	1700	1800
Valvoline Oil	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	104	106
Waitt & Bond pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	100	103
Warren (S. D.) pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	102	103½

*And 1½% extra. †And 50c extra. ‡And 3% extra. a—And 7½% extra. h—And $1 extra.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SINCLAIR CONSOLIDATED OIL CORPORATION

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

To the Stockholders of Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation:

Take Notice that the following is a copy of a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation (a Delaware Corporation) at the special meeting thereof duly called and held on the 30th day of July, 1919, a majority of the whole Board having voted in favor of such resolution, namely:

RESOLVED, that it is, in the judgment of this Board of Directors, advisable and most for the benefit of Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation that said Corporation should be dissolved and to that end and as required by law that a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation to take action upon this resolution be, and it hereby is, called to be held at the office of said corporation, Rooms 3123-3129 No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 25th day of August, 1919, at 11 o'clock A. M., and that the Secretary of this corporation be, and he hereby is, directed, within ten days after the adoption of this resolution, to cause notice of the adoption of this resolution to be mailed to each stockholder of said corporation residing in the United States and also beginning within such ten days to cause a like notice to be inserted in a newspaper published in the County of New Castle, State of Delaware, at least three weeks successively, once a week next preceding the time appointed as aforesaid for said meeting of stockholders.

Pursuant to such resolution, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special meeting of the stockholders of Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation (a Delaware Corporation) will be held on the 25th day of August, 1919, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the corporation, Rooms 3123-3129, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, for the purpose of taking action upon the foregoing resolution, and for the purpose of considering and determining whether this corporation shall be dissolved.

Transfer books will be closed at the close of business August 1, 1919, and will remain closed until the close of business August 25th, 1919, or such other date to which the foregoing special stockholders' meeting may be adjourned. The transfer books will be closed permanently upon the requisite vote of stockholders to dissolve.

A. STEINMETZ, Secretary.

Dated, August 1, 1919.

BY ORDER of the Board of Directors.

The American Agricultural Chemical Company

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 415 Plant Building, in the City of New London, Conn., on the 11th DAY OF SEMPTEMBER, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The Transfer Books of both the Preferred and Common Stock will close at 3 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1919, and remain closed until 10 o'clock A. M. on FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1919.

HORACE BOWKER, Secretary.

New York, August 15, 1919.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of Adler Costumes, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, duly held and called pursuant to Section 66 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York, on the 11th day of August, 1919, at 4:30 P. M., at the office of the Company, No. 1587 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, the following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED, that the name of this corporation be changed from its present name, Adler Costumes, Inc., to the name which it proposes to assume, to wit: Seiler Theatrical Costumes, Inc.

Dated, New York, August 11th, 1919.

WILLIAM F. SEILER, President.
SAMUEL CONRAD COHEN, Sec.

BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK COMPANY.
ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of Borden's Condensed Milk Company will be held Wednesday, October 15th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. at Number 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

For the purpose of the meeting, the common and preferred stock books will be closed from September 13th, at 12 o'clock noon, until October 16th, at 10 A. M.

F. D. SHOVE, Treasurer.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Encyclopaedia Britannica Corporation will be held on Tuesday, Sept. 9, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon at the office of the company, No. 288 4th Av., Manhattan Borough, City and State of New York, for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

CHARLES C. WHINERY, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

THIS CERTIFICATE issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Peter Roberts Realty Company, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 11th day of August, 1919, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

WITNESS my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

[Seal.] C. W. TAFT.
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED proposals for Moving Three Boilers, Etc., from Ward's Island, New York City, (Repairs, etc.,) Willard State Hospital, Willard, N. Y., will be received by the State Hospital Commission, Room 703, Hall of Records, New York City, until three o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, August 27, 1919, when they will be publicly opened and read. Proposals shall be enclosed in an envelope furnished by the State Architect, sealed and addressed, and shall be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of five per cent. (5%) of the amount of the proposal. The contractor to whom the award is made will be required to furnish surety company bond in the sum of fifty per cent. (50%) of the amount of the contract within thirty (30) days after official notice of award of contract and in accordance with the terms of Specification No. 3338. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Drawings and specifications and blank forms of proposal may be consulted at the Willard State Hospital, Willard, N. Y., at the New York office of the Department of Architecture, Room 618, Hall of Records Building, and at the Department of Architecture, Capitol, Albany, N. Y. Drawings and specifications and blank forms of proposal may be obtained at the Department of Architecture, Capitol, Albany, N. Y., upon reasonable notice to and in the discretion of the State Architect, L. F. Pilcher, Capitol, Albany, N. Y.

Dated, Aug. 11, 1919.

E. S. ELWOOD,
Secretary, State Hospital Commission.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Custom House, Norfolk, Va. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 o'clock, noon, Aug. 27, 1919, and then opened, for dredging in the Waterway from Norfolk, Va., to the Sounds of North Carolina. Further information on application.

The Latest Issue of Our
Weekly Petroleum Bulletin

Gives up-to-date news from the oil fields of Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Kentucky, West Virginia, California and Wyoming.

This bulletin also reviews, from week to week, the latest developments of interest in the affairs of the leading independent Oil Companies.

Upon request, without obligation, we shall be pleased to send our Weekly Petroleum Bulletin each week as it appears.

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Sale of Immediate Telegraphic Transfers on India

The Bank of Montreal announce that they have been authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to act as his agents for the purpose of receiving tenders for the purchase of immediate telegraphic transfers in Rupees on Calcutta.

Tenders for such immediate telegraphic transfers will be received up to **one o'clock P. M., Wednesday, August 27th, 1919, at the Agency, Bank of Montreal,** 64 Wall Street, New York, for a total sum of **not exceeding three million rupees.** Tenderers will ascertain the result of their tender on application at the Agency, Bank of Montreal, 64 Wall Street, New York, after one o'clock, on Thursday, August 28th, 1919.

The right is reserved to accept or reject the whole or any part of any tender without reason given.

Any tender may be for the whole amount or for any portion thereof not being less than Rs. 10,000. The amount of the tender or tenders submitted by or on behalf of any one person, firm or company must not in the aggregate exceed the amount stated above.

Each tender must state the rate of exchange at which the applicant is prepared to purchase immediate telegraphic transfers of the amount for which he tenders or any less amount that may be allotted to him. The rate of exchange must be expressed in cents or fraction of a cent per rupee. No tender under 39¼c. per rupee will be considered.

In the event of two or more tenders being made at the same rate, and the amount to be allotted being less than the amount of both or all, a pro rata allotment will ordinarily be made subject to the condition that no telegraphic transfer will be granted for a less amount than Rs. 5,000.

Payment must be made in New York funds, in cash, or by certified cheque to the order of the Agents, Bank of Montreal, not later than three o'clock P. M. on Friday, August 29th. The necessary cablegram to enable the amount of a transfer to be issued to the recipient in India will be dispatched on the day on which payment for the telegraphic transfer is made to the Agents, Bank of Montreal.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
5% FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE
UTAH FUEL COMPANY
Due March 1, 1931
SINKING FUND.

Notice is hereby given as provided in Article 12 of the mortgage of the Utah Fuel Company and Pleasant Valley Coal Company dated March 1, 1901, that written proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M. Wednesday, September 3, 1919, for the sale to it as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 110% and accrued interest to that date inclusive, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Fifteen Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-four Dollars and fifty-three cents ($15,334.53).

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part. All proposals must designate the bonds offered by their serial numbers and should state the post office address of the party making the proposals, should be enclosed in sealed envelopes and endorsed "Proposals for sale of Utah Fuel Company Bonds to Sinking Fund," and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.

Persons desiring to make offers of bonds to the Sinking Fund, whose responsibility is not known to the Trustee, should accompany their offer by a sufficient letter of introduction or guarantee of good faith by a bank, banker or others whose responsibility is established.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated August 9, 1919.

TO HOLDERS OF
7% First Mortgage and Bonds of
Republic Distilling Company

Pursuant to the Mortgage or Deed of Trust of Republic Distilling Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York as Trustee, dated March 15, 1905, notice is hereby given that one hundred (100) first mortgage 7% sinking fund gold bonds secured thereby, numbered as follows, have been drawn by lot for redemption at par and accrued interest to September 1, 1919, viz.:

274	593	770	889	1081	1190	1674
287	602	772	892	1082	1193	1806
387	658	773	916	1086	1201	1838
389	660	778	962	1089	1357	1878
412	669	782	970	1092	1360	1880
436	683	786	981	1097	1390	1884
438	698	817	999	1108	1392	1885
440	704	828	1010	1111	1582	1913
456	716	832	1015	1118	1587	1914
465	722	839	1027	1144	1588	1994
486	733	840	1033	1147	1613	
497	743	849	1041	1148	1617	
560	750	870	1050	1154	1636	
576	752	880	1068	1175	1645	
588	767	883	1077	1179	1668	

The above bonds will be paid as aforesaid upon presentation and surrender with all unmatured coupons, to said Trustee, at its office at No. 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., on September 2, 1919, on which date interest thereon will cease, and the said bonds are hereby required to be presented to said Trustee for redemption as aforesaid.

REPUBLIC DISTILLING COMPANY.
By F. M. HARRISON, President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.
30-Year Sinking Fund 6% Gold Debenture Bonds, Due February 1, 1949.
SINKING FUND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, as provided in Article V. of the indenture dated February 1, 1919, of the New York Telephone Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, that the undersigned, at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, will receive until 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, August 27, 1919, offers for the sale to it as Trustee of sufficient bonds of the above issue at not exceeding 110% of par and accrued interest to exhaust the sum of One Hundred eighty-seven thousand five hundred ($187,500) dollars, held in the Sinking Fund.

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any and all offers. Offers should be sealed and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT, and made subject to acceptance in part thereof.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated, New York, August 5, 1919.

Texas American Oil
Auto Sales Corp. Pfd.
Amer. & Brit. Mfg. Cor. New
Boston Mexican Petroleum
Didrichsen Bros.
Tel. Hanover 7885-6-7-8. 15 Broad St.

Wanted—$250,000 to $500,000—to return 20%

I have clients who must enlarge present manufacturing facilities to supply market demands. They need additional capital. Earning now 25% to 50%. Will earn same percentage on increased capital. To serve these clients properly and profitably I desire association of live man with business acumen, familiar with general business conditions, having cash or established banking credit. No brokers, agents, promoters. Answers must state name, address, present business, New York bank reference. Will be held strictly confidential. Address Industrial Counsel, R 76 Times.

Get This Circular

Describes device that shows Liberty Tax Exemptions at a glance. Sent free without obligation. Write to-day.

Liberty Calculator Co.
80 Broadway, New York City

STOCK SALESMEN

Wanted, active, responsible, organized Sales Force to visit 12,000 stock holders for the purpose of increasing their holdings. Write particulars.

K 255 Times.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CHICAGO AND WESTERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY

Chicago, August 16, 1919.

To the Holders of Chicago and Western Indiana Railroad Company One-Year 6% Notes, Originally Due September 1, 1918, and by Extension Heretofore Made Due September 1, 1919.

The United States Railroad Administration having approved, as consistent with the public interest, the further extension of the above-described Notes, for one year from September 1, 1919, at SEVEN per cent., with the present collateral unchanged, the Chicago and Western Indiana Railroad Company requests the holders of said Notes to present their Notes promptly at the office of Bankers Trust Co., 14 Wall Street, New York, N. Y., receiving at the time of deposit a receipt which, when a sufficient amount of Notes has been deposited and the plan has been declared operative, will be exchangeable for extended Notes, the Noteholders receiving at the time of exchange payment of the coupon due September 1, 1919.

Such extension will be effected by attaching to each Note an extension contract, providing for the payment of the Notes on September 1, 1920, with interest from September 1, 1919, at the rate of SEVEN per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, to be evidenced by coupons payable respectively March 1, 1920, and September 1, 1920.

The Director General has entered into a contract with the Company whereby the compensation to be paid by the Director General during Federal control provides a sum of money sufficient to pay all present fixed charges and taxes, including the sinking fund on the bonds deposited as collateral security for said Notes, and also including 7% interest on said Notes for the ensuing year if Federal control shall so long continue.

The interest and sinking fund requirements on said collateral bonds are also provided for by rentals payable directly to the mortgage trustee by other railroad companies, for rights to use railroad lines and terminal facilities of this Company.

CHICAGO AND WESTERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.
By E. H. LEE, President.

Maxwell Motor Company, Inc.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS, SEPTEMBER 4, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Maxwell Motor Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Du Pont Building, Market Street, in the City of Wilmington, Delaware, on Thursday, the 4th day of September, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and acting upon resolutions expressing the election of said Company to have the moneys held by Central Union Trust Company of New York, (formerly Central Trust Company of New York), as trustee under the agreement dated January 2, 1913, between Maxwell Motor Company, Inc., and Central Trust Company of New York, applied to the purchase at not above par of shares of the first preferred stock of Maxwell Motor Company, Inc., for retirement; to decrease and reduce the first preferred stock of said Maxwell Motor Company, Inc., accordingly; and requesting said Central Union Trust Company of New York, as trustee under said agreement, to apply the moneys held by it under said agreement to the purchase at not above par for retirement of shares of the first preferred stock of said Maxwell Motor Company, Inc.; in the amount to be stated in said resolutions.

Dated, New York, August 4, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors,
L. W. LINAWEAVER, Secretary.

THE NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, located at New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.—Dated New Orleans, July 16, 1919. Adolph Katz, President.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK, located at Cincinnati, in the State of Ohio, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

CASPER H. ROWE, President.
KRAMER & BETTMAN, Cincinnati, Attorneys.

NEW JERSEY.

THE
ALAMAC
In the MOUNTAINS
WILL REMAIN OPEN
Until OCTOBER 1st
OR LATER
September—The Month
Magnificent at Lake Hopatcong
FISHING at its best. GOOD GOLF. Dustless MOTORING. BOWLING. TENNIS. CROQUET. Clock GOLF. SWIMMING. DANCING. Horseback RIDING. MOVING PICTURES. Motor BOATING. BILLIARDS. Amusement PAVILION.
SPECIAL RATES.
MACK LATZ CO.,
ALAMAC in the MOUNTAINS,
Mount Arlington, N. J.,
on
Lake Hopatcong.
ALSO
ALAMAC HOTEL,
ATLANTIC CITY.
OPEN ALL YEAR.

Avon Inn
AVON-BY-THE-SEA, N. J.
WHOLE BLOCK ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
OPEN SEPT. AND OCT.
BATHING DIRECTLY FROM THE HOTEL.
WRITE FOR BOOKLET AND RATES TO
AVON INN HOTEL COMPANY,
S. THOMAS PENNA, MGR.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets
No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management Josiah White & Sons Co.

The Breakers
Atlantic City, N. J.
ON OCEAN FRONT. FIREPROOF
Unusually attractive at all seasons of the year. Luxurious lobbies and spacious verandas overlooking the sea.
SEA WATER BATHS. GARAGE.
Magnificent Egyption Roof Garden.
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL
COTTAGES AND CASINO
On the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Coolest location on the Coast
Near all Piers and Amusements
Swimming Pool, Tennis, Surf-bathing
Special Diet Kitchen
Cap. 600 S. Hanstein, Proprietor.

THE AMBASSADOR
ATLANTIC CITY'S
newest and most luxurious hotel, costing $4,000,000, now open. On Boardwalk, yet in quiet, exclusive Chelsea residential district and catering to select clientele. Ideal bathing facilities. Personal direction of D. M. Linnard, President California Hotel Company.

THE WILTSHIRE
Virginia Av. and Beach.—Ocean view; capacity, 350; private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, &c.; American plan; special weekly rates. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

NEW ENGLAND.

HOTEL PURITAN
390 Commonwealth Ave. Boston
The Distinctive Boston House
One of the most homelike hotels in the world.
Our Booklet has Guide to Historic Boston. Send for it.
N. T. Costello Mgr.

THE IDEAL TOUR
1,000 miles through New England's Scenic Wonderland. Route Book and Map on application. 1180 B'way, N. Y., or Hotel Elton, Waterbury, Conn.

NEW YORK.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
45 minutes to 42d St.; capacity 150; $14 up; sleeping porches, private baths, dancing, tennis, swimming pool, fishing; saddle horses, instructors. Ideal for Fall & Winter. Special Autumn Rates. Phone White Plains 1165. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

Paul Smith's Hotel
Cottages and Camps
September is Glorious in the Adirondack Mountains. Golf, Motoring and all outdoor life enjoyed. Special Autumn rates. Address
Paul Smith's Hotel Company
PAUL SMITH'S, N. Y.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.00 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DIVIDENDS.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Three dollars per share has been declared by the Directors of The Imperial Oil Company, Limited, and that the same be payable in respect of shares specified in any share warrant of the Company within three days after the coupon serial number thirteen of such share warrant has been presented and delivered at The National City Bank of New York, New York City, N. Y., or at The Royal Bank of Canada, Toronto, Ontario, or at the office of The Imperial Oil Company, Limited, Toronto, Ontario, such presentation and delivery to be made on or after the Second day of September, 1919. Payment to shareholders of record and fully paid up at the close of business on the 23rd day of August on shares represented by share certificates will be made on or after the Second day of September. The books of the Company for the transfer of shares will be closed from the close of business on the 23rd day of August to the close of business on the Second day of September, 1919. By order of the Board.

W. T. McKEE, Secretary.

William Farrell & Son, Inc.

New York, August 20, 1919.
Initial Dividend.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of William Farrell & Son, Inc., held August 20, 1919, an initial dividend of $2.33 per share was declared on the preferred stock of the company payable October 1, 1919, to shareholders of record as they appear at the close of business September 20, 1919. This dividend is at the rate of 7% for the first four months of the company's incorporation.

JAMES T. WOODWARD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., Managers,
BOSTON, MASS.
—Common Stock—

The quarterly dividend of 2% ($1 per share) upon the common stock of the International Cotton Mills has been declared payable September 1, 1919, at the office of the transfer agents, the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Mass., to all stockholders of record at close of business August 21, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL COTTON MILLS,
Allan B. Greenough, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., Managers,
BOSTON, MASS.
—Preferred Stock—

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the preferred stock of the International Cotton Mills has been declared, payable September 1, 1919, at the office of the transfer agents, the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, to all stockholders of record at close of business August 21, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL COTTON MILLS,
Allan B. Greenough, Treasurer.

BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK COMPANY,
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 71.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% has been declared on the preferred stock of this company, payable on Sept. 15, 1919, to stockholders of record Sept. 1, 1919. Books do not close. Checks to be mailed.

F. D. SHOVE, Treasurer.

Floor Space
Immediate Possession

From 3,000 to 5,000 square feet wanted by manufacturer, between 33d and 51st Streets and between 5th and 9th Avenues. Address A 850 Times Annex.

SPACE WANTED FOR MACHINERY STORAGE

Industrial property in Manhattan, Bronx or Brooklyn, 30,000 sq. ft. total area desired, with building of about 5,000 sq. ft., preferably along water front or near railway station for freight deliveries. Will make either five or ten year lease. Communicate immediately with

BLAW-KNOX COMPANY, INC.,
165 Broadway, New York City. Telephone Cortlandt 793

Business Locations
Factory Sites With and Without Sidings
Factory Buildings
Hartford, Conn.

We are in a position to give information that might be of service to you on the above.

757 MAIN ST. DES CHAMPS & CO.

TO THE PUBLIC.
An Opportunity Awaits You.

J. P. Day will sell at public auction Tuesday, August 26th, at twelve o'clock noon at the Real Estate Auction Rooms, 16 Vesey St., property of James H. Hebron, consisting of three-story basement building on two lots 38'4"x82', situated at 121 West 45th Street, Manhattan, just East of Broadway. This property, which is in the heart of Times Square zone, is valued at $145,000; will be sold at whatever it will bring. There are five Rapid Transit Lines and stations within 3 minutes' walk of the property.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

To Settle an Estate
American Basement Dwelling,
6 West 77 St.
5½ stories, 19 rooms, 5 baths, complete in every respect; ELEVATORS; built by James Carlew.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
APPLY TO
Jacob Doll and Sons
98 SOUTHERN BOULEVARD,
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

RESIDENCES.
29 W. 94th, 3 story, 16x100......$27,000
73 W. 95th, 4 story, 18x100......$27,000
75 W. 95th, 4 story, 19x100......$25,000
30 W. 120th, 4 story, 18.4x100....$22,000
32 W. 120th, 4 story, 18.4x100...$22,000
E. FELLMAN, 1,451 BROADWAY.

8 East 92nd St.
Four-story residence, 18x100; perfect condition; $65,000. Caretaker or
TOCH REALTY CO., 320 5th Ave.

Madison Ave.
AT 123RD STREET.
Corner plot 60x100; three houses; $90,000; terms to suit. FELLMAN, 1,451 Broadway.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn Water Frontage
24 acres on Jamaica Bay. Bargain.
Jamaica South, 23 Acres
2,000 feet frontage on Rockaway Turnpike for sale or exchange. Brokers protected. Owner, Jos. Rohrer, 119 West 42d.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Out of town owner will sacrifice splendid new detached cottage on 40 feet of grounds; seven beautiful living rooms, bath and laundry; electric; parquet floors; most beautiful section of Flushing; convenient to school and all car lines; no assessments.
PRICE $8,800; CASH $1,000.
H. J. Callister,
4,521 5TH AV., BROOKLYN.
Telephone Sunset—3363.

ARTIST OR PROFESSIONALS
Bungalow sites, 100x175 feet, close to station, in quaint village of Miller Place, North Shore, L. I. Woodland, hilly country overlooking L. I. Sound. Total price $300; $50 cash, balance on easy terms. O. L. Schwencke, 277 Broadway, N. Y.

GOOD GROUND, L. I.
Seven acres; 9-room cottage, big barns, garage; beautiful location; electric light, running water, &c.; overlooking Bay; bargain to quick buyer. Spencer, 154 Nassau, New York. Phone Beekman 2684.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOUNTAIN LAKES
NEW JERSEY
FIFTEEN
MODERN HOMES
for year round living ready for occupancy now. $7,500 on easy terms buys a 7 room house with bath and 1-3 acre. $11,000 a 12 room house with 3 baths, garage and 2-3 acre. Many prices, sizes and designs. Easy communication to N. Y. C. 600 ft. elevation. A little cash and your rent buys one. Call for details at Mountain Lakes, Inc., 170 Broadway, New York City. Tel. 1521 Cort.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Very desirable loft building, 244, 246 East 52d St., 50x100; 8 floors, basement; freight elevator; selling to close estate. P. O. Box 282, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful three-family fancy brick, Bedford Av., near Albemarle Road; all modern improvements; $10,500. Write "Bargain," Room 2502, 110 West 40th St.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

BUY
at White Plains, eight level acres, farm house, barns; best highway; Sound view; $35,000. Apply G. Albert Thompson, White Plains, N. Y.

BUY
house, barn, and an acre of ground to be sold to settle a big estate; only $8,000. Apply G. Albert, White Plains, N. Y.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, at Bayside, L. I., nine acres of fine land, house, barn, greenhouses, other buildings, apple orchard, many grapevines and fruit trees; suitable for florist, chicken farm, building, &c.; no agents. Tel. Flushing 1369-R. Bechamps, Rocky Hill Road, Bayside, L. I.

Fine manufacturing building located at Lawrence, L. I.; 30 feet by 100 feet; two stores and basement. Located, 802 Times Downtown.

FACTORY for sale or lease, one story and basement, brick, fireproof, 50x80. Hawkins, 1 Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Adirondack Camp for Sale.—The Kingsley property, Elizabeth, N. Y.; mile from golf course and village; 3 modern cottages with baths, sleeping porches, fireplaces, big living rooms, &c.; garages, ice houses, tennis courts and stable; mountain brook, swimming pool; 27 acres of land; always cool; fine views; price low for quick sale. To inspect, see Frederick Longware, Elizabethtown, N. Y. Further particulars of John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

For Sale.—Hudson River front, good dwelling, garage, boathouse; 4 acres; $20,000. W. O. Polhemus, Nyack, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—A fine plot, consisting of 28 lots, no restrictions, facing on Hudson Boulevard and Kerrigan Av., West Hoboken, N. J.; twenty minutes by trolley to Hudson Tubes and Lackawanna Railroad Station, Hoboken. Apply to owner, 4,058 Boulevard, West Hoboken, N. J.

Brick building, containing 25,000 square feet, boilers and engines; plot 100x100; no agents. Write to J. Schmidt, owner, 61 2d St., Hoboken, N. J.

Factories, sale or to let, built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Phone Market 5783.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

90th St., west of Park Av., 3-story and basement 11-room dwelling; price $22,500 on quick sale; possession immediately. Traube, 1,402 Lexington Av.

East 51st.—For sale, 3-story and basement, brownstone dwelling, 14 rooms, 2 baths; price $14,000. (Principals only.) Possession in 60 days. R D 149 Times.

Private dwelling, 474 West 143d St., near Amsterdam Av., for sale. Caretaker.

Bronx.

At 405 West 261st.—A most attractive 17-room, 2-family house in the beautiful Riverside Section, on plot 44x100 feet, with large shade trees.

Three-family detached modern house for sale; easy terms. Owner, 1,418 Boscobel Av., Bronx.

Three cottages and garage for sale; modern; easy terms. Owner, 1,418 Boscobel Av., Bronx.

Queens.

OVERLOOKING THE SOUND.
Semi-bungalow, eight rooms and bath; large plot, garage; sewer, water, gas, and electricity; 27 minutes from Penn. station; 44 trains daily; $1,500 cash, balance easy terms. Stephenson, 161 W. 34th St. Greeley 3282.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County.

LARCHMONT'S BEST HOME proposition; $1,000 cash, balance like rent. M. S. Keller, 131 West 39th. Bryant 1251.

Long Island.

Homes of unusual character nearing completion in exclusive residential section; 35 minutes out; all improvements; large plots; $7,000 to $8,000 on convenient terms; inspection by appointment only. Amsterdam Development and Sales Co., 1,269 Broadway, N. Y.

Far Rockaway—12 rooms, imp'ments, garage, large plot; $14,000. Fellman, 1,451 B'way.

Forest Hills Gardens.—Large semi-detached house; best buy in the development. For particulars telephone Forest Hills 6224.

New Jersey.

SUBURBAN HOMES NEARBY
AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.
ALL HOMES. NO MFG.

7 rooms,	50x175		$5,250
7 rooms,	50x180,	garage	6,500
7 rooms,	50x150		6,500
8 rooms,	50x133		7,500
9 rooms,	75x150,	garage	9,800
10 rooms,	1 acre,	garage	12,500
10 rooms,	10 acres,	barn	15,000

Others up to $60,000. Full particulars, photos, maps, &c., at our city office.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN,
120 Broadway, N. Y. Rector 7718.
Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

A 9-room house; elegantly furnished; furniture not two years old; everything complete, including Oriental rugs, wedding presents; elegant heater; two baths; hardwood floors; storm windows; garage; beautiful shrubbery; 20 tons of coal in cellar; owner willing to sell for $16,500, as he is leaving this country; elegant location in Forest Hill, N. J.; convenient to Erie Railroad or Hudson tubes; wonderful bargain for some one; investigate at once. Maher Bros., Real Estate, 207 Market St., Newark, N. J. Phone Market 7663.

House.—Seven rooms, bath, sun parlor, garage; plot 75x125; $5,500; cash, $1,500. Dinnefell, 117 Elm Av., Bagota, N. J.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let

New Jersey.

Beautiful residence, vacated by recent owner for personal reasons, for sale at great sacrifice: 15 rooms, 3 baths, 2 acres lawn, shade, fruit trees, garage; located on high ground in desirable neighborhood; 6 minutes' walk from station; price $26,000; terms to suit satisfactory purchaser. Walter W. Wilsey, Ridgewood, N. J.

For sale, Hedden Terrace, Clinton Hill section, one family house, all improvements; space for garage; immediate possession. $15,000; no lower. Assessed at $16,000. No agents. Deal with owner. X 44 Times Annex.

At Cragmere in the Ramapos.—Eight-room cottage, built to live in; half-acre ground, fruit trees, garden, tennis court; easy commuting; will sell or rent reasonably. Owner, 2 Rector St., Room 1503.

Beautiful house, with all improvements, for sale cheap. Buckley, 612 Chestnut St., near Lincoln Av., Roselle Park, N. J. Jersey Central from Liberty St. every hour on the hour.

For rent, furnished up-to-date cottage, 2d Av., Asbury Park, N. J.; 8 rooms; garage; from Oct. 1, 1919; $60 per month. J. Cash, 299 Broadway, New York.

Beautiful home with all improvements; must sell; cheap; easy commuting. W. Buckley, 261 Broadway. Tel. 5526 Barclay.

At Westfield, modern homes; all improvements; possession soon; $5,000 up. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Country Houses Wanted.

WANTED, IN FOREST HILLS OR KEW GARDENS, A NINE-ROOM HOUSE WITH MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. PHONE MITCHELL, FROM 9 TO 5 DAILY, AT JOHN 4892; EVENINGS AND SUNDAY, FOREST HILLS 6879.

Would like to rent house, about 8 or 9 rooms with a few acres of land, must have all improvements, must be very easy to communicate with New York City, with the privilege to buy the property; state all particulars. M. & R. Garment Co., 129 West 31st St.

ACCOMMODATIONS WANTED.
Suburb, accessible downtown; unfurnished 6-8 room apartment, 7-9 room house, rooms, board; 2 adults, 3 children, 2-5-6 years. Z 487 Times Annex.

For immediate possession, wish to buy a modern 8-room house, easy commuting distance from New York. K 244 Times.

House, 7 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, within 35 minutes New York, near beach, Long Island. R 81 Times.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Young couple (Christian) desire to lease for one year from Oct. 1 a six or seven room furnished house within commuting distance of New York City. Address Room 308, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Want New York property in exchange for good 3,000 acre Texas cotton farm; 30 houses; $125 per acre; mineral rights included. R 77 Times.

Wanted tenement houses for lease or collection of rents; responsible. L 775 Times Downtown.

FARMS.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

GENTLEMAN'S PROFIT SHARING FARM. Williamstown, Mass., near college campus, 250 acres, new bungalow, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, fireplaces, &c.; farmhouse for two families; complete equipment modern tools; horses, 33 head stock, 14 pure bred Holsteins; new, modern dairy plant; large profit making milk route; complete place with going business netting over $2,000 annually; $24,000 takes everything, including complete furniture, bungalow. W. F. Walsh, Bee Hill Farm, Williamstown, Mass.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Newark, N. J.—7,000 sq. ft. (heat and power) in modern loft building, southeast corner New Jersey R. R. Av. and Hamilton St. Walter Baker Co., 756 Broad St., Newark.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

ATTENTION, CATERERS!
Dining room for rent in high-class apartment hotel; entrance on 2 streets; moderate rental; wonderful opportunity; call mornings, 10 to 1. Mr. Fields, 340 West 57th.

Will sub-lease, large corner, outside office, 1,500 sq. ft., 7 outside windows, located on West Broadway at Park Place, a bargain. Apply Room 505, Times Building. Mr. McConnell.

Lofts to let, 534 East 20th St., 2d and 3d floors; elevator; 33-184. Apply Estate John U. Brookman, 165 B'way.

Loft to rent, for jobbing only, 25x85; excellent locality to be had from Feb. 1. See Mr. Kutner. Call 279 5th Av., 4th floor.

Light loft, 25x50, manufacturing or storage, basement, above street level; suitable machine shop. 235 East 41st St.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Very desirable office space in high-class office building; 900 square feet. Apply 136 Liberty St.

Offices, nicely furnished, partitioned; also desk space. Mondell, 280 Madison Av., 40th.

To Sublet.—Desirable, large store, good for commercial purposes, on 19th St., between 5th and 6th Avs. B 208 Times.

18th St., 204 East.—Part loft, 15x45; light manufacturing. Gehlert.

Business Properties Sale or Rent.
Stanley S. Woolley, 665 5th Av. Plaza 2674.

14th St., 131 West.—Light loft, 25x50, for manufacturing. Vanderbilt 493.

55th Street, 243 West, (near Broadway.)—25 x100 loft; light, modern building.

Light loft to sublet, 1,200 sq. ft. 84 Franklin St.; cheap rent. Levin Hartman Co.

Two well lighted lofts, 35x65. Greenwich St. Kennelly, Barclay 8956.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Want to purchase or lease a four-story fireproof building, Astoria or Brooklyn preferred, for manufacturing. A. L. Feinstein, 277 Broadway.

Desk and part of window in business house on busy street for about thirty days. F 300 Times.

Wanted to lease office or part of small loft, Madison Square district preferred. Phone Madison Square 990.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., corner Lexington Av., (163.)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished, $25 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
Attractively furnished one, two, three room apartments by month or year; meals.

58D.—Magnificently furnished 7-room apartment, 2 master's, 2 maids' rooms, $600 month. Particulars, Clark Realty, Vanderbilt 1450.

89TH, 22 EAST.—4-6 room elevator apartments.

93D ST., cor. Madison Av.—Apartment hotel; corner suite, 2 rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St., or Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.

FIVE rooms and bath, thoroughly modern and well furnished; player piano, telephone. Conway, 163 East 184th St.

IRVING PLACE, 65.—Studio apartment, from now till Sept. 30; reasonable. Sykora.

LIST OF ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS, east and west side. Miss Rasmussen, 15 East 40th St. Murray Hill 266.

MODERN 2-room, bath, kitchenette, steam, hot water, telephone, Sept. 1, $12.50 week; references; service optional. E 905 Times Harlem.

PARK AV., 815.—Eight rooms, 3 baths, furnished, to let from Oct. 1, $550. Apply superintendent.

PARK AV., 815.—Seven rooms, 3 baths, furnished, to let from Oct. 1, $800. Apply superintendent.

Furnished—West Side.

9TH, 66 WEST.—Three rooms, furnished and unfurnished apartments; steam heat, electric light, and gas; day and night elevator service; convenient to all lines and transportations; directly opposite the Hudson Tube. Apply to Manager, on premises.

12TH, 145 WEST.—Three-room, elegantly furnished, housekeeping apartment, $80 monthly; yearly lease; immediate possession. Mrs. Cardwell, Chelsea 5774.

12TH, (Washington Square.)—Apartment, ten rooms, four baths; high-class elevator building; elegantly furnished; $450. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

16TH, 125 WEST.—Four-room apartment, two bedrooms, piano, elevator. 6600 Chelsea, Apt. 140. Baker.

39TH, 54 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchen, completely furnished; one month. Supt.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

48TH ST., 49 WEST.—Large room, bath, kitchenette; seen 2 to 5:30.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

50'S, (Near 5th Av.)—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

55TH ST., (cor. 7th Av., The Regal.)—Modern elevator apartment house; newly furnished; hotel service; 1 and 2 rooms and bath; $75 to $165; references required.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Two rooms and bath; special weekly rates; full hotel service.

56TH, 59 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, 3 large rooms, open fireplaces, dressing room and bath.

57TH ST., 340 WEST, (near Broadway.)—The Clintonia, a modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; hotel service; two-three rooms and bath, $18 weekly up; references required.

68TH, 1 WEST.—Six light rooms, 2 baths; elegantly furnished; $3,000 a year; no small children. Telephone Columbus 4W.

73D ST., 126 WEST, (Hotel Nobleton.)—Several beautifully furnished 2-room suites with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates. Suites, $100 monthly and up.

80'S, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, five rooms, two baths; year's lease; $200. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

89TH, 56 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor floor; three rooms, bath; reasonable; telephone.

100'S, (Near Riverside.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; grand piano; $200. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

109TH, 107 WEST.—Capitol, Academy 1611, 215 Manhattan Av., Alcazar, Academy 1710, 2 to 6 rooms, completely furnished; elevator, non-elevator; $50 and up monthly. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av., Academy 1647. Open Sundays and evenings.

113TH, 504 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable four-room apartment; immediate possession; references. 4 S. E.

114TH AND 7TH AV.—Young man wishes to sublet his completely furnished light, up-to-date apartment, 7 rooms and 2 baths, reserving one room for his own use; references required. Room 1502, 404 4th Av.

115TH, 403 WEST.—Unusually attractive 7-room elevator apartment; southern exposure. Clifford.

117TH, 153 WEST, (Corner 7th Av.)—Eight extra large rooms, southern exposure.

122D ST., 249 WEST.—Parlor, back parlor, kitchenette; private bath, electricity, gas, water, phone, refrigerator, piano; all cars, "L," subway, buses; absolutely clean; totally independent.

136TH, (Near Broadway.)—Handsome elevator apartment, six rooms, bath, from October; year's lease; $120. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

160'S, (Near Riverside Drive.)—Apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath; very attractive; $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

172D, 700 WEST, (Corner Ft. Washington Av.)—New building, 3-4-5 extra large rooms. St. Nicholas 4340.

181ST, 736 WEST, (near Ft. Washington Av.)—4, 5, 6 rooms, elevator; 2 blocks subway. St. Nicholas 9236.

APTS. OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.
Three rooms, one and two baths and kitchenette, $80 a month and up; comfortably furnished; telephone, elevator service; maid service optional; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential.
THE WILSONIA,
223-229 WEST 69TH ST.

APARTMENT.—Your ideal furnished apartment is positively listed with us; bargains from $75 to $350. Call; save time, worry. Pierre & Frost, 220 West 42d.

ATTRACTIVE apartments with hotel conveniences; inspection invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
110th St., bet. Amsterdam & Columbus Avs.
Excellent locality to stop during the Summer or while looking for permanent apartments; fully furnished apartments rented monthly.
1 room with kitchenette and bath, from $40 up.
2 rooms with kitchenette & bath, from $55 up.
3 rooms with kitchenette & bath, from $70 up.
Telephone Academy 013 for further information; linen and maid service, if desired; two blocks east of Broadway subway, near 6th and 9th Av. L; 5th Av. bus lines stop at door; reference essential.
Weekly rentals at special rates.

BROADWAY, 3,089, (122d.) Buckingham Apartments.—2 beautiful rooms; bath; Peerless cooker; reasonable.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d Col. 1077.

EDGECOMBE AV., 68, (Corner 138th.)—Five room corner apartment; complete for housekeeping; very richly furnished; all modern improvements; facing park; bus passes door, or 6th and 9th Av. "L"; will suit the most particular. Apply Leon Sobel, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to sublet, season or longer. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

NORTHERN AV., 106, (181st St.)—Five-room furnished apartment, overlooking Riverside Drive; occupancy Sept. 1. Apt. 4 F.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Eight rooms, two baths, lavatory; beautifully furnished, overlooking Hudson; strictly fireproof building; 1 block from subway. A. J. Odell, Audubon 5400.

WEST END AV., 838.
FURNISHED APARTMENT TO SUBLET.
Beautifully furnished 6 rooms, 3 baths, southern exposure, outside rooms, to October, 1920, $300 per month. Immediate possession. Supt.

WEST END AV., 574.—Handsomely furnished seven outside rooms, 2 baths; $5,500 year. G. W. Bishop. Schuyler 5600.

Furnished—Bronx.

UNIVERSITY AV., (Near Washington Bridge.)—Advertiser offers half his furnished apartment, four large rooms; improvements; moderate. C 843 Times Annex.

Unfurnished—East Side.

93D ST., Cor. Madison Av.—Apartment hotel; beautiful corner suite, 2 rooms and bath; unfurnished; $40 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

Apartments, bachelors only, non-housekeeping, unfurnished suites, 3 rooms and bath, electric light, hardwood floors, hot water heat, all modern conveniences; Park Av., four blocks Grand Central; 3-year leases; breakfast served if desired; Jap service; exclusive; references exchanged; $1,200 per year and up. K 107 Times.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,469, (95th.)—Six modern outside rooms, bath, elevator; one block to subway. Apt. 74. S. E. Levenberg, Canal 8630.

MADISON AV., 230, Corner 37th St.—Unusually fine five-room, duplex, 2 and 3 room suites; elevator; excellent cuisine. Tel. 1229 Murray Hill. Ella M. O'Kane.

MADISON, 516, (Near 53d.)—Beautiful, large front room, kitchenette, bath; open fireplace; year's lease; seen any time.

STUDIOS just completed; all improvements; excellent north light; elevator service. 637 Madison Av. Apply superintendent on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50S, (near 5th Av.)—Apartment, (floor,) three rooms, kitchen, bath; all improvements; $1,500. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

56TH, 59 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, three large rooms, open fireplaces, dressing room and bath.

75TH, 108 WEST.—Very attractive unfurnished kitchenette apartment; large room; just remodeled. Telephone Columbus 234; references exchanged.

88TH, 315 WEST.—Attractive two-room apartment; $100; electricity, maid service included.

89TH, 44 WEST, (Central Park.)—High-class 2, 3-room apartment, kitchenette.

94TH, 308 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths, near Riverside Drive.

478 CENTRAL PARK WEST,
Corner 108th St.
Elevator Apartments.

2 rooms and bath	$720 up
5 rooms and bath	$840 up
7 rooms and bath	$1,800

Superintendent on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, (corner 135th.)—Apartment to lease; southern exposure; 6-7 rooms; possession Oct. 1, $18-$20 per room; pre-war prices. West Point View Apartment.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240, (at 96th St.)—Two rooms, in modern fireproof apartment hotel; $100.

WEST END AV., 674.—Remodeled; one, two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $65-$90.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

Newark, Roseville Av., 220.—Four-room apartment, newly finished; all light rooms; near Roseville Av. Station, (D. L. W.;) 25 minutes to downtown New York. Telephone 4026 Branch Brook.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

7 rooms, 2 baths; West Side, above 86th St., west of Broadway; must be nicely furnished and not over $200 per month; references. Room 406 Cambridge Bldg., 334 5th Av.

IF YOU WANT
to rent your apartment furnished for the season or longer send us full particulars at once; desirable parties waiting; quick results. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

Apartment Wanted.—Two rooms, private bath; independent entrance; West Side, between 50th-90th; $60-$70; bachelor; highest references; give full details. R 78 Times.

Furnished apartments wanted; large and small; all sections; desirable tenants waiting; absolute satisfaction. Pierre & Frost, 220 West 42d.

Wanted, five or six room furnished apartment or house in city or nearby suburb, from Oct. 1. Write Box 700, 1,418 5th Av.

Young couple desires small furnished apartment, Washington Heights, subway, $60. K 259 Times.

Demand for 1 to 10 room apartments; list now. Miss Rasmussen, 15 East 40th St. Murray Hill 266.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

I CAN rent your apartment; list now. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

Desire furnished 4-room apartment, with piano; $50 month. O 140 Times.

Unfurnished.

Wanted.—Three to six room apartment, with kitchenette or kitchen, one or two baths, between 5th and Park Avs.; will pay between $2,500 and $3,500; will sign one to five years' lease and pay full five years in advance; am disposed to give substantial bonus to successful intermediary. Write Room 525, Sherman Square Hotel.

Attractive 2 room apartment, unfurnished, with kitchenette and bath, between 110th and 130th Sts.; desires to occupy at once; lease by month preferred. Address Major Mendemhall, 804 Loring Av., Pelham, N. Y., phone Pelham 1906.

Wanted by refined Christian family moving from Boston, five or six rooms in private or two-family house, Kew Gardens, Forest Hills, or Flatbush preferred; excellent reference exchanged. X 119 Times Annex.

Floor in private house suitable for kitchenette apartment; will make own alterations; west side, between 72d and 100th Sts. R 72 Times.

Three or four-room apartment wanted, by refined young Christian couple, on Washington Heights; October; about $40; give details. Z 473 Times Annex.

Refined family of three desires by Oct. 1 five or more unfurnished housekeeping rooms in nice home within 45 minutes from New York; references. X 18 Times Annex.

Five light rooms, between 59th and 120th, within block Broadway; refined young couple; rent about $70. N 5 Times.

Physician wants 5-8 rooms, above 54th St., west; best district; will consider hotel. Phone Circle 3959.

Wanted, four-room apartment for occupancy Oct. 1, Washington Heights preferred; state terms. R 84 Times.

Five or six rooms with bath, good neighborhood; $50 to $60 a month. G 349 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

25TH ST. & LEXINGTON AV., (n. e. corner, Hotel Belmore.)—Exceptionally nice, light rooms with private bath, $10-$12 weekly.

30TH ST., (Corner Lexington Av., 163.)—Exclusively for women; $7 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $10 weekly up; room with private bath, $14 weekly up; cozy, cool, comfortable; telephones. Hotel Rutledge.

43D ST., 16 EAST.—Gentleman, tired of hotel and club, will find attractive room.

58TH ST., 504 EAST.—Big, beautiful room, overlooking river; gentlemen. Call after 6 P. M.

85TH, 155 EAST.—Nicely furnished room for 1-2 gentlemen. Call after 6. Hanley.

86TH, 53 EAST.—Large, desirable room; also one small room.

MADISON AV., (86 St.)—Elegantly furnished or unfurnished parlor floor; electricity; doctor, dentist; occupancy October; subway, crosstown cars. K 1093 Times Harlem.

West Side.

14TH, 245 WEST.—Fine old mansion; large, elegant room, large closets, basement; private bath; also single. Telephone 654 Chelsea.

37TH, 40 WEST.—Large front room, running water, bath, electricity, phone; $10.

47TH, 100 WEST, (Raleigh Hall.)—Refined, comfortable residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, $8.25 weekly up; free use tub, shower; with private bath, $10.50.

50TH, 243 WEST.—Neatly furnished room, steam heat, hot water, bath. Bryan.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Large handsome room with all modern improvements; references.

69TH, 66 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Large attractive room, private bath, electricity, steam heat; $20 week; medium size room, $8; gentlemen; references.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, running water, electricity, 'phone; also single room.

70TH, 60 WEST.—Front parlor; also smaller room with running hot, cold water.

73D, 110 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; ELECTRICITY; $14.

73D ST., 242 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; exclusive house; references.

73D, 112 WEST.—Large rooms, adjoining bath, running water, one, two; 1 smaller.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable, small room; electricity; select residence; near park; gentleman; $5.

76TH, 237 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, rooms, with, without private baths, electricity, telephone.

76TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive rooms; running water, electricity; high class house.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms, private bath, electricity; $15; single, $3.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Suite, two rooms, bath; continuous hot water; electricity.

77TH, 159 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished, electricity; gentlemen; references.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Comfortable, small room, adjoining bath; phone, electricity; reference.

79TH, 216 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large room and bath, southern exposure.

79TH, 211 WEST.—Large front room, private bath, electricity.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Beautifully, newly furnished back parlor, private bath, electricity, telephone; references.

89TH, 17 WEST.—Large and small attractively furnished, electricity, light housekeeping; business people.

81ST, 29 WEST, (facing park.)—Exceptional, 1, 2 large rooms, 4 windows, porch, southern exposure, private bath, electricity, steam heat, continuous hot water, phone; first-class service; elegant private house.

82D, 319 WEST, (Riverside.)—Beautifully furnished room, close to bath; southern exposure.

82D, 33 WEST.—Second floor, beautifully furnished; bath; phone; other rooms; references.

84TH, 305 WEST.—LARGE, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; TWIN BEDS, BATH, ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

85TH, 101 WEST, Apt. 5.—Second floor, high-class house; gentlemen preferred.

87TH, 107 WEST.—Attractive large rooms and suite; singly; private bath; exclusive.

88TH ST., 315 WEST.
Large handsome rooms in modern house.

89TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful large room, southern exposure; running water; reasonable; telephone.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Elegant single room, $5; also medium sized room; electricity.

182D, (188 Wadsworth Av., Apt. 3.)—Attractive outside room; every convenience; ground floor; 181st subway; $4.50.

104TH, 308 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Exceptionally large, elegantly furnished room, running water; $15.

121ST, 519 WEST.—Large outside rooms with kitchen privileges; southern exposure. Mrs. Moore.

124TH, 534 WEST, (Apt. 27.)—Two newly furnished rooms, single or en suite; all improvements; home of young couple.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214, (corner 94th.)—Elegant large room or suite; board optional.

WEST END AV., 265.—Attractively furnished suites; large rooms with bath; small rooms with bath adjoining at Summer rates. Telephone Columbus 1535.

WEST END AV., 613, (between 89th-90th.)—Beautifully furnished rooms; light and clean.

Brooklyn.

COUPLE Wanted.—2 rooms near all car lines. Inquire after 7 P. M., Littman, 373 Pearl St., Brooklyn.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Doctor, middle aged bachelor, quiet habits, no night work, wants in a refined private family floor or back parlor, running water, parlor privilege; telephone; 60th, 89th, not far west; references. Doctor, 8 East 29th.

Refined French young lady desires unfurnished or furnished room with private family; reference; terms moderate. R 91 Times.

Gentleman and wife desire room and bath with private family; breakfast desired, though not necessary; location 48th to 86th St., west side. C 831 Times Annex.

Business man, middle aged, bachelor, desires comfortably furnished room and private bath, if possible, with private family, location between 34th and 72d St. F 301 Times.

One or two furnished rooms, with breakfast, between 40th and 70th Sts., East, for two gentlemen; must be quiet, refined, cheerful. Address K 254 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (Hebrew,) furnished room, running water or bath; moderate. E 392 Times.

Furnished room, near Y. M. C. A., 57th street, for August 30. W 452 Times Downtown.

Sept. 1, room for father and adult son, Protestant; 110th to 150th Sts., west side; give price. K 251 Times.

Business woman, room with private family, between 42d and 52d Sts. K 5 Times.

Two refined Jewish girls desire room, kitchenette, piano; $30 month. O 141 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH, Corner Lexington Av., (163.)—Rooms with meals, $15 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

38TH, 29 EAST.—One small room, near bath; meals served.

MADISON AV., 213 (36TH.)—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; REFERENCES.

West Side.

47TH ST., 42 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; table guests.

54TH, 54 WEST.—First-class house; rooms with board; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (wide, parked street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Small, pleasant, sunny room for gentleman; home environment.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Single, double rooms, first-class Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

DOUBLE and single rooms, with board; select house. Telephone Columbus 8966.

FIFTH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths, electricity, switchboard; refined service.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (The Graymore, Corner 77th St.).—Attractive rooms, really excellent table. Tel. Schuyler 4306.

THE HURLBURT.
75th, 234 West.—Rooms with or without private bath; hot water supply; telephone.

279 WEST END AV., (COR. 73D ST.)
THE WILLIAM HENRY.
Exclusive private hotel overlooking river and Schwab mansion; rooms or suites with private baths; excellent table.

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family, beautiful single room; unexcelled table; gentlemen.

BOARD WANTED.

Wanted, by elderly (Jewish) lady, room and board with refined family, vicinity of Broadway, between 90 and 116th St. Alexander, 122 West 26th.

Immediately, vicinity Washington Square, young man, small family, French preferred. A 191 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Richmond.

The Evelyn Lodge.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard;
20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y.
Lovely Furnished, Excellent Chef & Service,
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Water View;
Weekly $17 Up. Capacity 75. Booklet.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

New York State.

Private residence, handsomely furnished, will take family of two or three adults; first-class board; will meet train at Beacon. Apply Mrs. F. Read, Fishkills, N. Y.

CRYSTAL LAKE HOUSE, Freeport, N. Y., 19 years' same management, offers splendid accommodations for Fall, Winter, at reductions.

New Jersey.

Bradley Beach, N. J.—Villa Pauline, 408 Burlington Av.—Large and small rooms; excellent board; near ocean; special rates for September. Richard Ritter.

Miscellaneous.

Will take Summer boarder at my beautiful farm home; good food and fine location; also provide home for elderly people who are willing to pay for comfort. Garden Spot Table Water Co., Akron, Lancaster Co., Penn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE.—Ten years' experience, familiar with costs, statistical records, and financial reports, wants position with opportunity; competent office manager; position can be out of town; at present employed as corporation secretary, accountant, purchasing agent. Lange, 9 Roosevelt Av., Jersey City.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, audited, disentangled, posted for firms without bookkeepers. Edith Greene, Madison Square 4912.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MANAGER.—Woman of education, refinement, executive ability, and experience desires position with a growing corporation; correspondent or adjuster. S 231 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist, billing clerk; experienced; $18. Brauns, 59 Palmetto St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Five years' experience, control accounts, trial balance, monthly statements; cashier, typist, and correspondent; prefer small office; Christian; 25 years age; reference; salary $25 to start. N 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-SECRETARY, now employed, seeks position as secretary where knowledge accounting, making statements, tax reports, and general knowledge correspondence is required; competent to take charge; best of references. S 288 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced double entry, controlling accounts, monthly trial balance; take full charge; highest credentials; $30. R 63 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; reference; Sabbath observer. S 262 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, handle large payroll, petty cash; 12 years' experience; $2,500 year. G 382 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, high school education; experienced; capable, willing worker; $18. L 687 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—7 years' practical experience; references; $25. D 404 Times Downtown.

CLEANING.—One or more days' work weekly, North of Ireland Protestant, in private family only; finest references. Telephone Academy 604.

CLERK, Christian, 1 year's experience, knowledge of typing, wishes position downtown. D 532 Times Downtown.

COOK AND BAKER wishes position, 5 days per week. Write Z. S., 104 East 14th St.

COPYHOLDER.—Young lady, ambitious, intelligent, desires position as copyholder. D 257 Times.

DIETITIAN, practical, experienced, desires position institution or club New York City. G 393 Times.

DRESSMAKER, high-class, by day; families only; dress in day. A 293 Times.

GOVERNESS, companion, educated American, experienced; references; trustworthy. St. Nicholas 118. Apt. 42.

HOUSEKEEPER, refined widow, 33, with daughter, 11, neat, good cook and manager; city or country home, Monday or Wednesday. Phone St. Nicholas 8730. Apt. 5D.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Experienced; ability in managing help; institution New York City. G 392 Times.

INCOME TAX ASSISTANT-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, intelligent, energetic; desires responsible position; $30. L 613 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESS, take washing home; open air drying. White, 54 West 99th.

MASSEUSE, licensed; lady patients. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J. Market 8275.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, possesses ability and initiative; careful attention to details; several years' railway engineering, financial experience. N 757 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, ability and initiative, desires responsibe position with busy executive; nine years' experience; $35. L 23 Times.

SECRETARY.—Excellent stenographer, good memory; wide experience, tactful, educated; $30. D 236 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, office details; conscientious; experienced; salary $30. N 21 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Four years' thorough experience; capable bill clerk and correspondent; $22. A 163 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 4½ years' experience, desires permanent position; engineering preferred; salary $23. G., Room 1407, 141 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly competent, high school graduate, 4 years' experience; salary $25. O 456 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, 8 years' legal and commercial experience, desires position of responsibility good concern; $30. A 517 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, knowledge bookkeeping; capable taking charge; salary $25. L 709 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—EXPERT; SEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE; SALARY $30. L 609 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST-SECRETARY, experienced, rapid; highest credentials; $30 to $35. L 769 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate, posses initiative; no Saturday work. C 743 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, high school graduate, neat, rapid; salary $25. A 278 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 17, neat, accurate; references. B., 453 Tremont Av. 6265 Tremont.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, rapid worker; references; $20. L 748 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, efficient, accurate; excellent references; salary $22. D 487 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 10 years' engineering experience; executive ability; $30. K 1062 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; capable correspondent, office assistant; $20. F 256 Times.

TEACHER.—Wellesley, 1919, graduate, with Boston University Musical Supervisor's certificate, as teacher—music or French; exceptional pianist. Telephone Murray Hill 896. Extension 14, or address P., 152 Madison Av.

TRANSLATING Spanish to and from English; stenographer-typist. Phone Spring 1076. Apartment 7, after 6 P. M.

TUTOR.—Cultured New York woman will tutor pupils between ages of 6 and 12. Miss Lewis, 415 West 118th St. Telephone Morningside 511.

TYPIST, experienced, having several hours to spare daily and with facilities for turning out neat work, will copy manuscript or do commercial or legal typewriting in her office; moderate rate. Telephone Gramercy 1516 or write R. K., Room 1232, 5th Av. Building.

TYPIST-SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, three years' experience office detail work; conscientious worker; $18. Lillian Ernst, 1,246 38th St., Brooklyn.

TYPIST wishes downtown position; 1 year's experience; knowledge stenography; Christian. D 533 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, clerical assistant, 17, two years' experience; ambitious; references; $16. V 1220 Times Bronx.

YOUNG LADY, fluently speaking and writing English, French, and Russian, typist, desires position as secretary or correspondent with reliable commercial firm. D 447 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, educated, intelligent, reliable stenographer; knowledge bookkeeping; references; $30. F 298 Times.

YOUNG BUSINESS WOMAN desires position outdoors. Junge, 153 Cooper St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMAN, Scotch, wishes position as maid to actress; 8 years' experience. G Hutton, Box 108, Jericho, Long Island.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

COOKS, Chambermaids, Waitress; long reference. Hornig's Agency, 944 3d Av. 4010 Plaza.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, 33, now auditing division head, qualified by extensive practical experience to systematize, instruct, supervise; thorough understanding branch accounting requirements; available Sept. 8; salary $45; references. D 814 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, for evening; spare time work; books opened, written up, statements; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; temporary work; reasonable rates. A 224 Times.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR desirous of obtaining additional clients; opens and closes books; will do bookkeeping for firms without bookkeepers. Feuer, 752 Broadway. Spring 9382.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.
Capable, efficient accountant desires position with C. P. A. or mercantile concern; university graduate; wide experience; A1 credentials. L 749 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened, systematized, audited; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; financial statements; reasonable. Greene, 12 West 27th. Telephone Chelsea 3954.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior, 22; senior student in accountancy; experienced bookkeeper, desires connection with accountants or commercial firm. L 686 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced bookkeeper, seeks position with public accountants; highest credentials; efficient. D 539 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly, up; books opened, systematized. Goldwater, 132 Nassau; Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, bookkeeping experience; 1½ years college; experience my object. D 527 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 22, desires connection accountancy firm; C. P. A. experience. R 85 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, 2 years' public accounting, desires change; $35. G 528 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, spare time evenings, Saturday afternoons; books kept, opened, systematized. E 371 Times.

ADVERTISING and sales promotion manager desires wider opportunity; 10 years' experience; competent to investigate fields, plan campaigns, and carry work through in all details; would consider any position in advertising-selling field; location New York. G 578 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEER.—Has been connected with structural steel and reinforced concrete concerns and for the last 12 years partner in an architectural firm, where he had charge of the structural and mechanical design and all specification writing and superintending for several million dollars' worth of buildings of all kinds and of all types of construction; just demobilized from Am. Ex. F.; would consider position of office manager, specification writer, or superintendent in Eastern city. Write L 665 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE, (32;) engineering graduate; knowledge of accounting, graphical charting, analytical and good detail man; excellent record; wants work with executive, accountant, statistician, investigator. X 96 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT,
(30,) experienced secretary, correspondent, office routine, desires connection; services available Sept. 1; salary secondary; prospects; references. R 88 Times.

ASSISTANT to manufacturer; young man, (30,) several years' experience in the above capacity; can take full charge if required. A 292 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and Office Manager.—7 years' experience; export, import; modern accounting methods; controlling accounts; financial statements. L 753 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—26; qualified for position where brains, intelligence, adaptability, and executive ability are essential; competent office man; good correspondent; highest credentials. D 523 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT, and stenographer, age 20, desires position; high school graduate, Pace Institute accounting student; best references. Samuel P. Suess, 1,745 Park Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 3½ years' experience; competent, reliable worker; Christian. Stuyvesant 6057. L 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements with firm without bookkeepers; trial balances; books opened, closed, &c.; charges moderate. Wm. Weiss, 123 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, all systems, French, Italian, English, German; working knowledge Spanish; banking, import, export. X 105 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, (22,) thoroughly experienced junior accountant; controlling accounts, trial balance, statements; able to correspond. L 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, 10 years' experience, thoroughly competent and reliable; best references. Address Gessling, 200 East 90th.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced, accountancy student, wishes connection with favorable concern. D 258 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (23,) thoroughly experienced, seeks permanent connection. Herbst, 1,448 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; high school graduate; billing machine operator, typist, salesman. L 770 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, high school education; controlling accounts; $20. D. P., 1,418 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; college graduate; 4 years' experience; full charge; $25. R 90 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, experienced, take charge correspondence; no Saturdays; $25. E 908 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, Christian, (24,) neat, quick, accurate, wishes good position. L 729 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; salary $25. D 482 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Cashier, Office Executive, control accounts; married, 28; salary $40. A 192 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23; fully experienced and competent, keep entire set. L 738 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR and Auto Mechanic, 31 years, speaking nine languages, has good appearance and pleasing personality, seeks position; have had four years of hard service in the war; best of references furnished. Telephone Coffin, Sunset 8410.

CHAUFFEUR, 27; strictly temperate; energetic single man with eight years' experience; private family; careful driver; good character; unquestionable references; desires steady position; any car; familiar with Cadillac 8. L 7 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly experienced and reliable, able mechanic; excellent references from private families, neat, pleasing personality, seeks position city or country; careful driver, strictly temperate; reasonable salary. Please telephone Greeley 4956.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, single; honorably discharged from Aviation Service, U. S. A.; sober; careful driver; willing; can furnish best of reference as to ability, etc. City or country. C 842 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 30, wishes position; city or country; do own repairs; furnish references. A 227 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 10 years' experience; no school graduate; A1 references. Walter. Riverside 10080.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER, educated in France, having practiced for the last 15 years in U. S. A.; thoroughly familiar with American building methods and building materials; knows French and French methods very well; has lived in Spain and talks Spanish; just demobilized from Am. Ex. F.; would consider position abroad with American contracting, building materials, or contractors' equipment firms. L 666 Times Downtown.

CONSTRUCTION EXPERT desires to connect with interests having extensive construction program; graduate engineer, with over 20 years' experience in design and construction of all types of buildings, wharves, piers, and other river and harbor works; now Major Engineers, U. S. A.; expecting discharge Sept. 1. A 272 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced, technical knowledge, references, wants position. F 306 Times.

ELECTRICIAN, (radio;) young man (24) wishes steady position installing and repairing; four years in U. S. Navy; honorably discharged chief electrician, radio. S 246 Times.

EXECUTIVE.
An organizer, sales manager, open for connection; just returned from overseas; was in executive capacity; man of mature experience; successful in selecting and training of men; broad business experience, keen, analytic, persevering, adaptable; experienced general merchandise, publishing, real estate, investments. Address 19222 Hollis, L. I.

EX-SOLDIER, 24, accurate, efficient, wishes clerical position; 5 years' experience paymaster's department; references; executive ability; bonds, if required. Write Advertiser, 1,551 Av. A.

EXPERIENCED CUTTER AND FITTER; ladies; best of references; city preferred. R 79 Times.

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE.
Gentleman, sailing, educated, refined, well connected, especially Great Britain, France, and Germany, wishes representation export, import house; can establish agencies, organize offices. B 180 Times.

HOSIERY MAN, several years' experience in the wholesale branch and for the past few years buyer for a chain of stores, wishes position where his ability will secure advancement and good future. Write G. L., 3,525 Broadway.

MACHINE WORKS SUPERINTENDENT.—A thoroughly first-class all-round man, who fully understands the business and can get results, seeks position. D 528 Times Downtown.

MANAGER.—Experienced executive, systematizer, at present employed, seeks bigger opportunity. B 194 Times.

MAN, 45 years of age, desires position with institution or corporation where 20 years' banking experience and thorough knowledge in handling trust accounts is essential; willing to start at low salary and in any capacity where conscientious and hard work will assure promotion; was last in Government's employ. D 520 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER and service man, with 17 years' practical experience in power transmission, electric and conveying machinery, also industrial layout work, having good record and able to furnish best of references, wishes to associate with some reliable company manufacturing and dealing in above line of materials; $42 least salary that would be considered. K 250 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY and assistant to executive; college graduate; competent stenographer; over ten years' experience in confidential capacities; good business and financial training. D 443 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Aggressive young man, (26,) one who has initiative, tact, and business experience, will be open for position Sept. 7, desires to connect with manufacturing or wholesale concern where prospects are not limited; more interested in good connections than large salary. C 841 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED TRAVELING, DESIRES TO LOCATE WITH MERCANTILE CONCERN; REFERENCES. F 234 TIMES.

SALESMAN, graduate engineer, 32, eight years' experience, desires salesman position where technical knowledge is essential; commission. P. S., 49 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 25, seven years' experience wholesale grocery line, well acquainted wholesale, retail trade, New York. C 701 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—27; successful selling record; live wire; best references; salary and commission. Address B., Care Entine, 47 West 129th.

SALESMAN.—Young man desires position with hardware or paint concern. F. S., 2,826 West 22d St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—24; four years' experience selling retail and jobbing trade. G 571 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced traveling salesman, 24, desires position; have excellent references. O 451 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with good following; local and western territory, wishes connection with sweaters and tuf. ktg. house. S 276 Times.

SALESMAN looking for mdse. line, city or road; commission. S 280 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Executive ability; thoroughly acquainted with shipping department routine. O 429 Times Downtown.

SILK SALESMAN.
Open for engagement to represent manufacturers of silk to the wholesale and retail trade in Canada; A1 man and a business getter. X 123 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, 20, 4 years' experience; competent, energetic, reliable; formerly in District Attorney's office. Mencher, 342 East 20th.

STENOGRAPHER, 20; four years' experience assistant bookkeeper, selling; opportunity desired. L 761 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 22; experienced; capable hanling details of executive; $25. A 276 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 22, experienced, desires connection with reliable firm; $25. A 275 Times.

STEWARD or MANAGER.—Steady; hotel, restaurant, or club; best references; married; age 40. P. Block, 354 West 115th St.

SUPERINTENDENT, experienced, two years in the last place, married, painter by trade, would change by Sept. 1, or before. Write H., 510 Columbus Av.

TEXTILE graduate, Philadelphia school, 1919, desires to connect with firm with future. E 333 Times.

VALET,
ENGLISHMAN
or extra man for the Summer; polo and auto [illegible] S., 146 East 84th St., or phone Lenox 1971.

YOUNG MAN.
Can you use a college graduate, 23, who posseses initiative, tact, enegry? Knows accounting, French, Spanish. L 706 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Live, keen, practical, possesses tact, initiative, ability, common sense, desires position where these factors will be appreciated. Allen Wolff, 24 St. Mark's Place.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, willing worker, with fair knowledge French, German, typewriting, desires position with advancement. Louis Ascher, 268 East Broadway, N. Y. City.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) refined and married, (deaf mute,) intelligent, willing to take anything; useful for bank or commercial house; best references. L 730 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) technical graduate, desires connection with electrical concern; mechanical, electrical experience. Box 101, 217 7th Av.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) having large commercial experience, seeks opportunity; shipping, stock, sales; tackle anything; references. S 282 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, desires to represent concern in Texas, automobiles, accessories preferred, other lines considered. A 193 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, college education, seeks permanent connection reliable concern in responsible capacity; presently employed by Government. F 273 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, college education, pleasing personality, desires connection where ability, tact, and initiative assure advancement. K., 2,326 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, (20;) high school education; technical mechanical ability; knowledge of machinery and tools, desires position. G 503 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, with thorough knowledge of listed and unlisted securities, desires position in busy broker's office; excellent references; moderate salary. G 355 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18;) going to college, would like to secure position after 1 P. M., either on clerical work or otherwise; best references. X 104 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 22; honorably discharged soldier; neat; desires position with advancement; experienced typist, stock, shipping clerk. B 207 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) efficient stenographer and typewriter, 3 years' experience, desires connection where advancement is assured. Edward Gottsman, Tel. Orchard 4481.

YOUNG AMERICAN, (26,) 7 years' experience stenographer-secretary and assistant purchasing agent, desires position; references furnished. R 75 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 4 years' experience rubber shoes and boots, inspecting and export packing room, wishes position. O 475 Times Downtown.

YOUNG COUPLE as gardner, cows, chickens, caretaker; wife good plain cook, want position on small gentleman's estate from Sept. 1. Address Box 305, 1,464 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position; clerical or any kind; references. E 906 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN would like position doing real estate, insurance collecting, advertising work; year and half experience. L 8 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) 3 years' cotton experience, desires connection with wholesale house with chance to sell. N 13 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, experienced, stock, office detail, selling. S 295 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Position with good future; experienced in auditing, civil engineering, automobile and paymaster lines. R 29 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, experienced, desires position with export concern. G 559 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ART WORK.
Girls for stencil coloring; can earn good wages; work done under pleasant conditions; closed Saturdays all year round. Dreyfuss Art Co., 133 East 16th St.

ART NEEDLEWORK.
SALESLADIES WHO UNDERSTAND THIS DEPARTMENT. CALL 9-12 O'CLOCK.
HENRY HESSE,
390 SIXTH AV., 24TH-25TH STS.

ARTIST wanted for commercial art work; water color only; bring samples. Apply Room 816, 21 East 22d.

BILL CLERKS; good openings for experienced bill clerks. Apply stating experience and salary expected. B 181 Times.

BILLING CLERK.—Elliott-Fisher operator, rapid, accurate; permanent position. Hickson, 661 5th Av., 8th floor.

BINDERY GIRLS, experienced, all round workers; steady work. McGraw-Hill Company, first floor, 36 St. and 10th Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.

Good penmanship and accurate; short hours, half day Saturday; salary to start, $14. Apply to
The Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y.
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

BOOKKEEPER
ASSISTANT; ONLY ONE WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE IN A WHOLESALE WAIST HOUSE NEED APPLY. WEBSTER, AARON & NASH, 33 EAST 33D ST.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, fully competent to take entire charge of small office in wholesale dress and suit house; steady position; extraordinary opportunity; salary no object; references. Fourth floor, 43 West 27th.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—A splendid opening for a diligent worker of neat appearance and proven ability to enter the employ of a progressive organization. Apply by letter or in person before 10 A. M. Charles Soloman, 20 West 33d St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Bright, intelligent, experienced; exceptional opportunity for capable young lady; salary to start, $20-$22. Apply 764 Court St., third floor, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT AND STENOGRAPHER; ACCURATE; EXPERIENCED IN LADIES' WEAR PREFERRED. PHILIP ROSENWASSER, 31 WEST 27TH.

BOOKKEEPER
For purchasing ledger; experienced only need apply.
SHERR BROS., 546 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, first class, capable and accurate; good future. Call early Monday or write full particulars. Excello Merchandise Co., 38 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady to assist on books; accurate at figures, bring references. Call or write Boehner & Co., 161 West 25th.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST; must be thoroughly experienced, knowledge of stenography desirable but not essential. Apply Crystal Chemical Co., 134 Willis Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—High school graduate; well experienced; capable of taking complete charge; cleaning and dyeing experience preferred, but not essential. K 252 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer for manufacturing company in Brooklyn; state age and salary required. Box 1, 233 South 1st St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—AMERICAN-ITALIAN. Highly educated; willing to help in factory; steady; state if typewriter; age, experience and salary. K 253 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Retail experience; controlling accounts, trial balance; excellent opportunity. Avedon, 448 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must know stenography, be efficient and accurate. Apply James A. Alexander Co., 17 East 22d St.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, with a mercantile house. Apply Schotz Powers Co., 471 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, one who understands stenography; must be well recommended. Louis Weinstern, 40 West 27th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must have experience in typewriting and stenography. S 410 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, some experience, for cloak and suit house; call Monday morning. M. W. Cohen, 32 West 22d St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, references. Greenstien & Son, 206 West 29th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must have experience in typewriting and stenography. Standard Merchandise Co., 23 East 17th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—One who can make herself generally useful. L. Blumenkrohn & Co., 15 West 27th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; good position for competent applicant. Empire French Pastry Co., 200½ East 23d St.

CANDY.

EXPERIENCED CHOCOLATE DIPPERS.

STRAIGHT SALARY OR
PIECE WORK BASIS.

We provide, if you desire, cafeteria service; every convenience known for the welfare of our girls. Free hospital medical attendance.

VOGUE CANDY CO.,
Employment Bureau
227 BORDEN AV., LONG ISLAND CITY.

CANDY PACKERS.

GOOD PAY; 48 HOURS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; STEADY EMPLOYMENT; PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS. APPLY AFTER 9 A. M.

MAILLARD,
116 WEST 25TH.

CANVASSERS for well-known Jewish national institution; splendid opportunity for right person; commission. 106 East 25th St., room 4.

CASHIER. — Experienced. Chalfonte Tea Room, 2,601 Broadway.

CLERICAL WORK
FOR
GIRLS
OVED 16 YEARS OF AGE.

The work is of a general nature, requires NO PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, and affords an excellent and thorough BUSINESS TRAINING in UP TO DATE office routine.

We provide you with every ADVANTAGE, clean, bright offices, pleasant associations, medical attention, rest rooms, library, lunchroom under the supervision of an expert dietitian, etc.

We pay you a LIBERAL SALARY while you are in training, and ADVANCE you as rapidly as your ability and service justifies.

Apply, after 8:30 A. M.,

NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
207 WEST 24TH ST.

CLERICAL. — Young woman, between 18 and 20 years of age, for clerical work; must be quick and accurate at figures; hours 9 to 5, Saturday half holiday; salary $12 per week to start, advancement according to ability shown. Write stating age, education, and experience, if any, to C 770 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL.

Girl for clerical work; good chance for girl with ability. Apply to

THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.,
34 Hubert St., (4th floor,)
3 blocks north of Franklin St., on 7th Av. subway or 9th Av. L.

CLERKS
AND
FILERS.

We have a number of excellent opportunities open now in the offices of our various merchandise and clerical departments for capable girls and young women. Applicants must be over 16 years of age. Pay based on experience. Advancement rapid.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female.

CLERK.—Bright girl for light office work; working hours 9-3; experience unnecessary; salary moderate. Apply Monday A. M., Workingman's Co-operative Association, World Building, Room 716.

CLERK.—Large manufacturing concern is in need of several young ladies for its office; only those quick and accurate at figures need apply. E 397 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Refined young lady, must have neat appearance and good personality, neat handwriting; state position; good salary. Mme. Rose Lilli, 15 West 45th St.

COST CLERK.
GOOD SALARY TO START.
CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT.
AMERICAN DRUGGIST SYNDICATE,
227 BORDEN AV., LONG ISLAND CITY.

COST CLERK WITH OR WITHOUT EXPERIENCE, WANTED BY MANUFACTURING CONCERN IN JERSEY CITY; MUST BE OVER 22 YEARS, QUICK AND ACCURATE, WITH APTITUDE FOR FIGURES. ADDRESS G 533 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DEMONSTRATORS, to demonstrate and sell new household article; permanent department stores; good salary. M. Loewenstein, 178 5th Av., near 23d St., New York.

DESIGNER.—WHOLESALE HAT HOUSE HAS POSITION OPEN FOR WOMAN ABLE TO CREATE UP-TO-DATE STYLES; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY. S 455 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DESIGNER ASSISTANT, ONE WHO CAN HELP DEVELOP HAT STYLES; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; STATE EXPERIENCE. S 454 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS for first-class positions; good salary; chance for advancement; instruction on dictaphone given free of charge if necessary. Miss Hellen, 280 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITION. GOODMAN COLLAR, 58 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

DOWNTOWN BANK
OFFERS PERMANENT POSITION TO CAPABLE UTILITY STENOGRAPHER; REPLIES TO STATE EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, RELIGION AND SALARY DESIRED. N 781 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRESSMAKERS.
44-HOUR WEEK, ALL YEAR.
HENRI BENDEL, INC.,
10-14 WEST 57TH ST.
WAIST DRAPERS,
WAIST FINISHERS,
SKIRT DRAPERS,
SKIRT FINISHERS,
SLEEVE DRAPERS,
SLEEVE FINISHERS,
LINING HANDS.
HOURS 8:30 TO 5:30.
SATURDAYS 8:30 TO 12.

DRESSMAKERS.
EXPERIENCED WAIST FINISHERS,
SKIRT FINISHERS WANTED.

LIGHT AND SANITARY WORKROOMS; STEADY EMPLOYMENT, AT HIGHEST WAGES; HALF DAY SATURDAY, ALL DAY SATURDAY, DURING JULY AND AUGUST.

LICHTENSTEIN MILLINERY CO.,
584-586 FIFTH AV.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR,
experienced, for billing department, large wholesale silk house. Pelgram & Meyer, 395 4th Av.

EMBROIDERY STAMPER,
experienced, for high-class dresses.
MAX COHEN,
105 MADISON AV.

ENTRY CLERKS, BETWEEN 18 AND 24 YEARS OF AGE, IN THE OFFICE OF A LARGE CORPORATION; HOURS 9-5, SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY; SALARY $12 PER WEEK TO START; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT. WRITE, STATING AGE, &C., TO BOX G 554 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FILE CLERK experienced in vertical filing; large mercantile concern; permanent position. Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 22d.

FINISHERS FOR WAISTS AND SKIRTS; STEADY POSITION TO SATISFACTORY WORKERS. HELEN SHEPPARD, 111 EAST 57TH ST.

FLOOR ASSISTANTS,
also
STOCK GIRLS,

for coat, suit, dress department, to take care of stock; unusual opportunity and excellent salaries to bright, ambitious young women; experience not essential.

STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.
Apply Supt.'s Office, 37th St. Entrance.

FORELADY—BABY CAPS.
Forelady and designer, thoroughly experienced, for popular priced baby caps; take complete charge; good opportunity; state experience, salary, &c. R. K., 817 Times Downtown.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK in Woodmere; all year; must be experienced; under 35, and have references; wages $60. Phone Woodmere 4017, or write Box 136 Woodmere.

GIRLS
AND
WOMEN.
We need active girls and women to fill vacancies in this organization.
The work is interesting, under pleasant conditions and not factory.
NO EXPERIENCE NEEDED.
We will teach you to become
ORDER PICKERS
PACKERS
EXAMINERS
Best pay, good opportunities.
Hours 8:30 to 5:30; 1 P. M. Saturday.
Call all week.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRLS
AS WORKROOM SHOPPERS.
HENRI BENDEL, INC.,
10-14 WEST 57TH ST.
44-HOUR WEEK, ALL YEAR.
HOURS 8:30 TO 5:30.
SATURDAYS 8:30 TO 12.

GIRLS OVER 18, $10-$11.

Work is on paper patterns; light and clean; half day Saturday; skilled workers on folding earn up to $25 weekly; no dull season. Apply to

The Butterick Publishing Co.,
34 Hubert St., (4th floor.)
3 blocks north of Franklin St. on 7th Av. subway or 9th Av. L.

GIRLS OVER 16

For paper pattern stock room; light, clean work. Apply to

The Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y.
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

GIRLS WANTED WHO ARE WELL ACQUAINTED IN MAKING UP SAMPLES IN COTTON GOODS, LACES, AND EMBROIDERIES; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE. CALL WITH REFERENCES, REICHENBACH & CO., 111 FIFTH AV.

GIRL wanted for sample department; knowledge of shorthand and typewriting desired; export house. Magnet Trading Corporation, 22 Thomas St.

GIRLS
For splitting Mica; pleasant working conditions; good salary. Wireless Improvement Co., 47 West St., below Rector.

GIRLS for subscription department of publishing house; $12 week. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, religion, and experience, if any, N 24 Times.

GIRLS in stock room, wholesale jewelry and novelty house; chance for advancement. Call 1,261 Broadway, 4th floor.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS, about 18, to operate Underwood typewriter, and for general office work. Kelly's Linen Store, 958 3d Av.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUATES, BETWEEN 16 AND 20 YEARS OF AGE, TO DO CLERICAL WORK IN THE OFFICE OF A LARGE CORPORATION.

EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY.

HOURS 9-5, SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY; MANY OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $10 PER WEEK TO START. WRITE, STATING AGE AND EDUCATION, TO C 542 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted, congenial, for two elderly people, in small Connecticut city; one who prefers good home to high wages. Call Monday afternoon. Allyn, 128 West 13th St. Phone 6650 Chelsea.

KITCHEN AND DINING ROOM WORK.
The New York Telephone Company have openings for several women for general work in their employes' lunch rooms; wages $12 to $15. Apply 58 West Houston St., N. Y. City or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

LEDGER CLERK.
WHOLESALE HOUSE.
GOOD PENMAN;
TRIAL BALANCE;
STEADY POSITION.
BAER BROS., 438 WEST 37TH ST.

MAN and wife to do entire work on gentleman's country home; Long Island; man gardening, drive Ford car; personal references required. F 296 Times.

MICA SPLITTERS. — EXPERIENCED; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS; GOOD SALARY. WIRELESS IMPROVEMENT CO., 47 WEST ST., BELOW RECTOR

MILLINERS.
EXPERIENCED MILLINERS WANTED.

LIGHT AND SANITARY WORKROOMS; STEADY EMPLOYMENT, AT HIGHEST WAGES; HALF DAY SATURDAY, ALL DAY SATURDAY, DURING JULY AND AUGUST.

LICHTENSTEIN MILLINERY CO.,
584-586 FIFTH AV.

MILLINERY. — EXPERIENCED CUTTER; GOOD POSITION TO COMPETENT AND AMBITIOUS YOUNG WOMAN. B. SIMS, 57 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY OPERATORS ON MILLINERY TRIMMINGS; STEADY. B. SIMS, 57 WEST 38TH.

MODELS, SIZE 36,
in dress house; tall, stylish; good pay. Apply all week.
BRAMBIR & HENDRICKS,
105 MADISON AV., AT 30TH ST.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Would like mother's helper to assist with child 1½ years old; small family; good home; housekeeper kept; present help with me three years. X 124 Times Annex.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.
HIGH-CLASS MAGAZINE.
McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH.

NURSE GIRL, young, for one child; references required. Phone Chas. Weisbecker, 7500 Morningside.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—A bright, intelligent girl to act as typist and assistant bookkeeper, for afternoons only; apply in own handwriting, stating qualifications and salary expected. R 9 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young, neat and willing American girl, experienced at filing, good at figures; knowledge of typewriting preferred. Call Monday morning, 10 East 38th St., 9th floor.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with knowledge of shorthand, typewriting, for uptown real estate office; $14 to start. Write E. A., 1,515 3d Av.

OFFICE GIRLS
For clerical work in tailoring house. F. B., 801 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Excellent opportunity for the right party. 310 East 22d St., 6th floor.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, stenographer and bill clerk; must be good penman and accurate at figures. Call Bober Bros., 687 B'way.

OPERATORS,
children's wash dresses;
learners taken;
GOOD PAY, STEADY WORK.
NATHAN KRAUSKOPF CO.,
113 East 27th St., 6th floor.

OPERATORS, experienced on Singer or other sewing machines, for finishing sweaters; learners taken; steady work, very good pay. Krossknit Mills, Rider Av. and East 142d St., near 3d Av.

OPERATOR, Elliott-Fisher, wanted for export house. Apply, stating experience and salary expected, D 503 Times Downtown.

OPERATORS.—Elliott Fisher operators, (2,) experienced, for temporary positions; good salary. K 148 Times.

ORNAMENTS, MILLINERY.—An opportunity for gentlewomen fond of fancy work and handy with the needle to make pin money working home. Apply William A. Wilsnack, 20 West 37th St.

PATTERN PERFORATOR wanted, experienced, by Chicago wholesale art needlework house; state age, experience, and salary expected. X 116 Times Annex.

SALESWOMEN.
POST,
19 WEST 42D,
requires several experienced saleswomen for dress and suit department; high salary; also models with wholesale experience may apply.

SALESLADY.—Private dress shop, 2-10 P. M.; closed Fridays, Sundays; start $20. Apply Monday 2-4 P. M., Rudich, 259 Vernon Av., Brooklyn.

SALESLADY, experienced, retail fur store, to sell furs; Christian firm; salary or commission basis. K 100 Times.

SALESLADIES.—Neat and courteous; waist department; steady position; good pay. Avedon, 448 5th Av.

SALESLADIES. — Experience unnecessary. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, by growing advertising agency. Apply in writing, giving experience, education, nationality, and salary desired. K 55 Times.

SHOES.—One acquainted with operation on stitch down work, to take care of fitting department. Apply between 9-10, B. E. Mfg. Co., 18 West 18th St., fourth floor.

STENCIL CUTTERS WANTED.—Addressograph system; good salary, short hours, pleasant working conditions; call all week. Vogue Co., 19 West 44th, 14th floor. Ask for Mr. Newman.

STENOGRAPHER'S ASSISTANT in office of large manufacturing concern; one familiar with general office work; state age, experience and salary expected. D 471 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, having high school and business college diploma; $25 per week; immediate raise if satisfactory; answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience and references. S 463 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER
to assist President of a corporation; must be experienced, quick and alert; excellent opportunity. Apply by letter only. Baum & Wolff, 99 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—About 1 year's experience; $18; active, businesslike girl has good chance, small publisher's office. Photo Co., 106 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS and typist, experienced, mechanical line preferred, but not essential; state experience, salary expected; steady position. L 670 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young lady wanted in office of large corporation; must be neat and rapid. Reply, giving full particulars, O 465 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in law office; permanent position; write, by hand, stating age, qualifications, and salary desired. G 549 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate, with few years' experience; good chance for advancement; write, giving full particulars, salary expected. N 794 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position with splendid chance of advancement for the right party; must be rapid and neat. Apply American Fashion Co., 222 West 39th.

STENOGRAPHERS, in large office; good opportunity for advancement. Confectioners' Credit Bureau, 309 Broadway, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, ABLE TO TAKE FLUENT DICTATION IN ENGLISH AND SPANISH; GOOD TYPIST FOR EXPORT BUSINESS. F 304 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER with actual experience; must have high school education; start $16; good prospects for advancement. Apply Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th.

STENOGRAPHER and bill clerk; must be good penman and accurate at figures. Call Bober Bros., 687 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.

Bright, intelligent young women, over 18 years of age; this position requires speed and accuracy, and experience is necessary.

Starting salary is liberal; positions permanent, and advancement assured.

Apply after 8:30,

NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,
207 WEST 24TH ST.

STENOGRAPHERS.

The Western Electric Co. is in need of a few stenographers who have had several years' experience and are thoroughly competent; girls with high school education or business school experience preferred.
Call between 9 and 4 Monday.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St.; six blocks south of 14th St.

STENOGRAPHER.

Experienced stenographer for permanent position. Apply to

The Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y.
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

STENOGRAPHERS.

A large electrical firm in New York City has several openings for thoroughly experienced stenographers in its engineering department; those having had experience on technical work preferred; write, stating age, nationality, experience, &c. T. K., Room 2502, 110 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.

One who has had some experience in office work; good opportunity; state age, experience, and salary.

GEM SAFETY RAZOR CORP.,
210 11TH AV., CORNER 25TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER AND BILL CLERK.—Must be bright, active, cheerful worker; carefulness and accuracy desired more than dictation speed; must be familiar with figuring; good opportunity for right person; answer in own handwriting; salary not to exceed $18 at beginning; Christian concern. K 196 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPISTS.
Excellent opportunities for rapid, accurate stenographers who are progressive enough to use the Noiseless Typewriter; positions secured without charge; substitutes needed. Apply Noiseless Typewriter Co., Room 611, 253 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, export department cement concern, able to translate from Spanish into English and English into Spanish; preferably with export experience; congenial work; opportunity for advancement; $30 per week; write, giving full particulars. K 191 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.
MUST BE COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED; GOOD PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH LARGE MERCANTILE FIRM; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, SALARY EXPECTED. P. O. BOX 27, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, with at least three years' experience, as private secretary to executive in Jersey City manufacturing establishment; reply, stating age, experience, and salary expected. X 117 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER. — Rapid operator; one having routine knowledge of broad silk house preferred. Gerfeta Corporation, 461 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, capable and quick; must be good on dictation; splendid opportunity for rapid advancement; $16-$18 start; bonus. Electrical Experimenter, 233 Fulton St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Many high-class positions for stenographers with knowledge of the dictaphone; if you are not a dictaphone operator a demonstration of the machine will make you one; instruction free of charge. Inquire Miss Hellen, 280 B'way, Room 523.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, well recommended; experienced in office routine; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in person. Associated, 1,723 8th Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST possessing executive ability; salary $30 per week; good opportunity for advancement. Call Frankel Brothers, 10 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHERS; good openings for beginners with high-school education. Apply giving age and salary expected. B 182 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, capable, willing, preferably one with knowledge of bookkeeping. Call Monday, 9 A. M., 418 Longacre Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; state experience and salary desired; do not call. Weiss, Biheller & Brooks, 135 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — Wanted, experienced Spanish stenographer in downtown export office. N 750 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat girl; permanent position; either experienced or capable beginner; reference required. W 373 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and Office Assistant.—Good penman essential. Noxall Mfg. Co., 145 West 30th.

STENOGRAPHER.—No objection to beginner; one with some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred. Answer C 772 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Two; must have legal experience; $27. Room 1109, 170 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, conscientious worker; must be accurate. Post Office Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Steady position, law and collection office; state salary, experience. L 771 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office work; state salary and experience. F. B., 416 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, neat and accurate. Call Aguas Reed & Co., Inc., 108 Wall St.

STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.,
require
SALESWOMEN.

Permanent and profitable employment offered to experienced saleswomen. Vacancies in the following departments:

DRESSES	FURS
BLOUSES	SUITS
SKIRTS	COATS
UNDERGARMENTS	

Store hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Closed Saturdays during Summer months.

Arrangements can be made for full time, part time or several days each week. Also each day from 11 A. M. to 4:45 P. M.

All applications treated confidentially. No references investigated unless mutually agreeable upon interview.

Apply Supt.'s Office, 37th St. Entrance.

TEACHER, typewriting, day and evening; assist in shorthand. N 767 Times Downtown.

TEACHER.—Typewriting, assist in shorthand; day and evening. N 767 Times.

TEACHER.—Bookkeeping, day and evening. N 768 Times.

TEACHER, bookkeeping, day and evening. N 768 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—American young woman; well educated; must be experienced; $70 per month to start; inquire between 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Hotel Woodstock.

TYPIST, (French.)—A position is open with a large importing house for an experienced typist who can translate rapidly French into English and English into French; must be well educated and speak fluently both French and English; salary $30 per week, with chance for advancement. G 384 Times.

TYPIST or Dictaphone Operator wanted by a large publishing house; experience in using dictaphone not necessary; a bright and rapid typist who is willing to learn, can qualify for the position; $15 a week. Address Publishers, K 256 Times.

TYPIST, Polish, with office experience; must be able to translate and use Polish typewriter. Apply by mail only, giving experience, salary expected, &c. Paluszek Bros., 150 Nassau St.

TYPIST, at once, for dictaphone work; instruction free; simple and pleasant work; apply surely this week. Miss Hellen, Room 523, 280 Broadway.

TYPIST, EXPERIENCED; PERMANENT POSITION; PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS; UNDERWOOD MACHINE. HARRIET HUBBARD AYER, 323 EAST 34TH.

TYPIST.—Young lady, some knowledge invoicing; pleasant working surroundings; Christian firm; good hours and salary. 106 Lafayette St., second floor.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TYPISTS.

The Western Electric Co. is in need of a few typists who have had several years' experience and are thoroughly competent; girls with high school education or business school experience preferred.
Call between 9 and 4 Monday.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St.; six blocks south of 14th St.

TYPISTS.
Girls who are interested in securing positions as typists with a fast growing organization; pay to start based on ability and capable beginners will be given opportunity to qualify.
Call at once.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

TYPISTS.

A large electrical firm in New York City has several openings for thoroughly experienced typists in its engineering dept.; those having had experience on technical work preferred; write, stating age, nationality, experience, &c. T. K., Roob 2502, 110 West 40th St., N. Y.

TYPIST, permanent position; opportunity for advancement. S. M. Frank & Co., 928 Broadway.

TYPIST AND STENOGRAPHER.—Billing experience preferred; steady position. Max Mayer & Sons Co., 890 Broadway.

TYPIST for simple billing; good opportunity for bright girl. Call American Fashion Co., 222 West 39th St.

WAIST DRAPER. — STEADY POSITION ALL YEAR ROUND; THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO HIGH CLASS ONLY NEED APPLY. HELEN SHEPPARD, 111 EAST 57TH ST.

WAITRESS, neat, experienced; good hours; good wages, tips. Apply immediately; no Sunday work. Blue Plate Restaurant, 56 West 50th.

WANTED,

1,000 young women, 16 to 23 years, to learn telephone operating and to serve in New York City.

The starting salary is $12 a week and begins as soon as an accepted applicant enters the Operators' Training Department for the necessary instruction.

The pay is increased as soon as the accepted applicant completes her training period (generally about four weeks) and is assigned to a central office that is as near her home as the requirements of the business will permit.

The operators' pay is based on a working period of eight hours a day, six days a week.

Extra pay is allowed if an operator works on a Saturday afternoon, a Sunday, or a holiday.

Call SPRING / OFFICIAL for more information, or apply in person at

58 West Houston St., Manhattan, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
453 E. Tremont Av., Bronx, 12 M. to 9 P. M.
81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,336 Broadway, Brooklyn, 12 M. to 9 P. M.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

WOMEN,
21-35 Years of Age,
for
Night Work,
9:30 P. M. to 7 A. M.,
as
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

$15.50 per week will be paid when assigned to night work. Instruction is free and a salary of $12 per week paid during 4 weeks of instruction in the day time. Salary increases are given until $21 per week is reached for operators.

Higher salaries paid for more responsible position, such as Supervisors, Chief Operators.

If interested call "SPRING OFFICIAL," (free call,) or apply in person at

MANHATTAN,
58 West Houston Street—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
BRONX,
453 East Tremont Avenue—12 M. to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN,
81 Willoughby Street—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,336 Broadway—12 M. to 9 P. M.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

YOUNG LADY,

with previous experience in keeping stock and record books; must have good handwriting. Call 9-10 A. M.

PHILIPSBORN,
912 BROADWAY.

YOUNG WOMEN between 18 and 35 to train as nurses in a registered hospital, New York State; must have one year high school education or equivalent; maintenance and salary while in training; wonderful educational and nursing opportunity. Apply or write Supervisor of Nurses, 203 2d Av.

YOUNG LADY for billing by hand; must be quick and accurate at figures and have good appearance; bright, healthy office; start $16; splendid chance for advancement. Apply Monday, 9 A. M. 1,133 Broadway, corner 26th. Room 314.

YOUNG GIRL, neat, accurate, as cashier in tea room; hours 11:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M. and 5:30 P. M. to 8 P. M.; no Sunday; salary $6. Apply Monday 9 A. M. Blue Plate Restaurant, 56 West 50th.

YOUNG or middle aged woman to assist in assorting, examining, and packing men's neckwear; light work and cleanly modern workroom, and experience not necessary. M. B. & F., 21 East 22d.

YOUNG LADY wanted in office of publishing company to assist in circulation department; state salary expected. Address Permanent, P. O. Box 654, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG LADIES.—We have an opening for a few young ladies; the work is pleasant and the environment is congenial; salary will depend upon your adaptability to the work. Apply Werbro Ribbon Mfg. Co., 19 East 24th.

YOUNG WOMAN, high school graduate or equivalent, for position in a larger office; executive ability, deftness, and accuracy required; good opportunity to advance; state age. O 412 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN to assist in auditing department; must be quick and accurate at figures; give references; state age and salary expected. S. M., 124 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN as nursery assistant for children under 3; good pay; no Sunday work. 329 East 62d.

YOUNG LADY for telephone, filing, and general office work; good opportunity. National Gas Governor Co., 56 W. 45th St.

Instruction.

A GOOD POSITION AWAITS YOU

If you will learn to operate the Burroughs Bookkeeping or Calculating Machines. Beginners earn from $15 to $18 a week. The machines are easy to learn and the course takes but a few weeks.
A. LAMSON, Manager.
Burroughs School for Operators,
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank Bldg.,
51 Chambers Street. Opposite City Hall.
Tel. Worth 1061.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Summer terms until Aug. 29.
35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

POSITION GUARANTEED.
$15 Mon., Aug. 25, Day or Night, pays for Six Weeks' Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typists, clerks, $15-$30; free registration. Fulton Stenographic Agency, 93 Nassau St., 489 5th Av.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway, stenographers, typists, clerical; excellent permanent positions. Call immediately.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

ESTABLISHED 1897.
GAHAGAN AGENCY, 256 BROADWAY.
REGISTRATION FREE.
Stenographers, practically every line, $18-$35; several beginners, $12-$18; also bookkeepers, typist, office assistants, switchboard operators, &c. Opportunities were never better nor salaries higher than at the present time.

STENOGRAPHER, take charge other girls; high class Christian firm; $1,500; also young lady; $25; excellent environment; others; $25; all permanent; call all week. Fulton Stenographic Agency, 93 Nassau; 489 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS
will be paid more money through our service.
EXCELLENT positions open.
HORRIGAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
38 Park Row. Cortlandt 8352.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Summer terms until Aug. 29.
35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—A progressive corporation has an opening for an accountant well grounded in cost and general corporation accounting. Apply by letter, stating age, education, experience, salary desired, and when available. E 284 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER
For Katz & Goldsmith, Braddock, Penn., thoroughly experienced in department store advertising. Call or address until Wednesday afternoon, B. F. Levis, 37 West 26th St.; after that Braddock, Penn.

ARCHITECTURAL SUPERINTENDENT
wanted with experience and fully qualified to supervise construction of large buildings, with full working knowledge of the various details encountered. Write, giving in detail experience, references, and salary desired, to Albert Kahn, Architect, Detroit, Mich.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMEN, familiar with building details, particularly door and trim work. Apply by mail. Allgmun and Fireproof Product Co., Inc., South River, N. J.

ASSISTANT to price clerk wanted in office of old-established export drug house; one familiar with pricing of drugs and chemicals and preferable with slight knowledge of Spanish; state qualifications and salary desired. Box 604 Times, 2 Rector.

AUTOMOBILE BODY BUILDERS
AND HELPERS.

BREWSTER & CO., QUEENSBORO BRIDGE PLAZA, LONG ISLAND CITY, REQUIRE BODY BUILDERS AND HELPERS; EXPERIENCED ON WOOD AUTOMOBILE BODIES; IDEAL SHOP CONDITIONS, GOOD WAGES; PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT.

AUTOMOBILE PAINTERS.

BREWSTER & CO., BRIDGE PLAZA, LONG ISLAND CITY REQUIRE FIRST-CLASS CHASSIS PAINTERS AND VARNISH RUBBERS, &c.; HIGH-GRADE WORK; GOOD WAGES; PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT.

AUTOMOBILE
BODY DRAFTSMEN.
BREWSTER & CO., BRIDGE PLAZA, LONG ISLAND CITY, REQUIRE SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS MEN EXPERIENCED ON PASSENGER BODIES.

BAGGERS OF MAIL, experienced, to assist in mail department of large bindery. McGraw Hill Co., first floor, 10th Av. and 36th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for business position; splendid opportunity for advancement; must be good penman. Address, stating full qualifications and salary expected, Bookkeeper, 79 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and ledger clerk, thoroughly experienced, conscientious worker; good opportunity; provision experience preferred. Post Office Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, in office of shoe manufacturer; knowledge of shoe accounting preferred, but not essential; state experience and salary desired. B 172 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—One with some experience coal office preferred; state qualifications and salary expected in reply. N 736 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, age between 25-35; reference necessary. Great American Mills Co., 366 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER wanted, experienced, young man. 1,941 Broadway, Durnham's Restaurant.

BOOKKEEPER.—One who has worked for an accountant; salary $25 to $30 to start; references required. K 1079 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and typist. Star Metal Box Co., 509 West 19th St.

BOYS.

The Western Electric Co. has several vacancies in its mail and messenger department for bright boys who have had a grammar school or high school education; applicants must be 16 years of age. Call between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., at employment office.

57 BETHUNE ST.,
CORNER WEST ST., N. Y. C.
6 BLOCKS NORTH OF CHRISTOPHER ST.

BOYS, 15-18; important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions with opportunities for advancement for several elementary or high school graduates; congenial work; short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary $11 weekly; application confidential. G 644 Times Downtown.

BOY.—A large publishing house has an opening for a young lad to begin at the bottom of the ladder and work his way up; salary to start, $9; unusual opportunity for advancement. C 833 Times Annex.

BOYS.—One for packing and one for errands; must be honest and ambitious to work their way up; good wages for start. Apply Monday, 9 A. M., 1,133 Broadway, cor. 26th, Room 314.

BOYS, OVER 16; LARGE WHOLESALE MILLINERY HOUSE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT WORKERS. JUDKINS & McCORMICK, 10 WEST 20TH ST.

BOY wanted in downtown office to run errands, &c. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, if any, references, salary required, &c., to F. H., P. O. Box 990, City Hall Station.

BOY by large advertising agency; unusual chance for advancement. Call or write Room 712, 381 4th Av.

BOY wanted in bank; bright and intelligent; good opportunity for advancement. K 132 Times.

BOY.—Here is a chance for a hustler; we can use a boy about 16 if you are willing to work for advancement. Apply Werbro Ribbon Mfg. Co., 19 East 24th.

BOY, bright, intelligent, and accurate, in office of warehouse company; apply in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected. N 717 Times Downtown.

BOY, BETWEEN AGES OF 14 AND 16, WANTED BY LARGE CORPORATION; ADVANCEMENT FOR RIGHT KIND OF BOY. N 761 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS for errand work in printing establishment; $9 start; opportunity for advancement. William Green, 627 West 43d.

BOY for stock and errands; very good future for right party. Hattie Dress, 3 West 29th.

BOY, small, bright, in large electrical concern; good chance for advancement. Call W. Watson, 17 Park Place.

BOY to learn seed business; good penmanship, neat appearance; good wages paid. Fuld, 7 West 45th St.

BOYS, 16-18, learn the jewelry and novelty business; good chance for advancement; $10 start. Call 1,261 Broadway, 4th floor.

BOY wanted for mailing department of large downtown mercantile house. Apply at 290 Broadway, Room 404.

BOY, 17 years of age and over, in wholesale house, learn business. Address Boy, Box 139 Madison Square.

BOY by publishing house; permanent position; good salary. Bowker Co., 62 West 45th St.

BOY ABOUT 16 YEARS TO LEARN ADVERTISING; GOOD SALARY. CALL 9 A. M. MONDAY, ROOM 213, 44 BROAD ST.

BOYS wanted for office work; splendid opportunity with export house. Magnet Trading Corp., 22 Thomas St.

BOY.—Office and errand. Apply to Dannemiller Coffee Co., 116-126 39th St., Brooklyn.

BOY wanted by large banking house; high school graduate preferred. D 445 Times Downtown.

BOY in large building contractor's office; good opportunity to learn business and for advancement. Call Room 910, 30 East 42d St.

BOYS for stock and errands; good chance for advancement. S. M. Frank & Co., 928 Broadway.

BOY, 17, in automobile supply store; good education, references required. Apply 9 A. M., 253 West 47th St.

BOY wanted, age 14-15; general office work, errands; salary $8 per week. Apply in writing, E. W. Kunz, 111 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS
FOR OFFICE WORK.
PERMANENT POSITIONS, WITH GOOD FUTURE.
We pay $9 a week to start and $10 a week after a month of satisfactory service to boys who have graduated from school, aged 14 to 17; half a day Saturday.
OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only,
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker Street, N. Y. City.
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOYS! BOYS! BOYS!
OFFICE BOYS

for permanent positions with good future; also messenger boys to work inside plant; opportunity for promotion to clerical and mechanical positions. Apply employment department,

R. HOE & CO.,
2 SHERIFF ST., CORNER GRAND.

BOY, must be willing worker; good future. Standard Merchandise Co., 23 East 17th St.

BOY for laboratory, clean-cut young man. Apply in person to 230 West 13th St.

BOY wanted to learn carpet designing. Fauser, 373 4th Av.

BRICKLAYERS wanted, 20. Apply R. Richards & Son Co., care of Norwich Knitting Company, Norwich, N. Y., M. H. Williams, Superintendent.

CABINETMAKERS
OR
WOODWORKERS

to work on airplanes. Permanent position; excellent working conditions. Employment Department,

CURTISS ENGINEERING CORPORATION, GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

CANVASSERS for well-known Jewish national institution; splendid opportunity for right person; commission. 160 East 25th St., Room 4.

CANVASSERS to solicit trade for ice business; salary. J. H. Bock, 154 East 53d.

CAPTAIN Wanted.—A former chief boatswain's mate or chief quartermaster of the U. S. Navy as Captain for a yacht; also a chief machinist mate or machinist mate first class as engineer for a yacht; these two positions are excellent opportunities; also wanted, a former navy coxswain and a former navy cook. X 63 Times Annex.

CASTERS
SPINNERS
TURNERS
SOLDERERS
SAND BOBBERS
ON WHITE METAL AND NICKEL SILVER HOLLOW-WARE; STEADY WORK, GOOD WAGES, SATISFACTORY WORKING CONDITIONS. ADDRESS
WM. A. ROGERS, LTD.,
NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.

COLLECTOR,
steady, reliable man, in wholesale grocery business; state qualifications and salary expected. N. B., 808 Times Downtown.

CREDIT INVESTIGATOR capable handling reports and investigations in office of mercantile agency; good opportunity for advancement. Call Monday at 10 A. M., Confectioners' Mercantile Agency, 309 Broadway, N. Y. C.

CREDIT.—Assistant to credit man in large manufacturing concern; must know modern business methods and typewriting; state experience and salary expected. R. L., 256 Times.

DESIGNER AND DRAFTSMAN.—Newly organized company wants designer and draftsman for automobile accesory devices; must be thoroughly familiar with working of gasoline engine; remarkable opportunity for right party. L 21 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.
Experienced in engine drafting, (shipyard.)
Capable to assist superintendent.
Call in person or address
Service Department,
STANDARD SHIPBUILDING CORP.,
SHOOTERS ISLAND,
Mariners Harbor, Staten Island, N. Y.

DRAFTSMAN, prospective and shop drawings, good figurer and knowledge of business and selling ability; good opportunity; electrical preferred. Star Metal Box Co., 509 West 19th St.

DRAFTSMAN wanted, about 20 years old, in heating and ventilating contractor's office; state experience and salary expected. K 246 Times.

DRAPERY CUTTER AND HANGER wanted, first class; steady work guaranteed. Apply Meekins, Packard & Wheat, Inc., Springfield, Mass.

DYESTUFF CHEMIST.

DYESTUFF MANUFACTURER REQUIRES CHEMIST CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF DYE-TESTING AND MATCHING LABORATORY AT WORKS; ALSO STANDARDIZING; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR HIGH-GRADE, EXPERIENCED MAN; GIVE DETAILS BY LETTER. X 114 TIMES ANNEX.

DYESTUFF CHEMIST.

DYESTUFF MANUFACTURER REQUIRES EXPERIENCED HIGH-GRADE COLOR MATCHER, TESTER AND STANDARDIZER; EXCELLENT OPENING FOR HIGH-GRADE, EXPERIENCED MAN. X 120 TIMES ANNEX.

ELLIOTT FISHER operators, two, experienced, for temporary positions; good salary. K 133 Times.

ENGINEER.
A MAN WHO IS INTERESTED IN THE BUSINESS END OF ENGINEERING, FOR INVESTIGATION WORK IN CONNECTION WITH THE ANALYSIS OF MARKETS FOR AN ENGINEERING SPECIALTY.
THE THREE ESSENTIAL QUALIFICATIONS ARE: AN ENGINEERING TRAINING (PREFERABLY MECHANICAL) EXPERIENCE, OR AT LEAST KEEN INTEREST IN ANALYSIS, AND A GRASP OF SALES WORK. HE SHOULD BE FAMILIAR WITH THE GATHERING AND ARRANGEMENT OF DATA, CURVE PLOTTING, AND THE CONSTRUCTION OF AN ENGINEERING REPORT.
THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR BROAD TRAINING IN THE COMBINED FIELD OF ENGINEERING AND BUSINESS.
AGE 24 TO 32. SALARY COMMENSURATE WITH ABILITY. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY. SEND PHOTOGRAPH IF YOU CAN. THIS WILL BE RETURNED. AN INTERVIEW WILL BE GRANTED LATER. ALL APPLICATIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL.
SALES PROMOTION DEPARTMENT, HYATT ROLLER BEARING CO., METROPOLITAN TOWER, 23D ST. & MADISON AV., NEW YORK CITY.

ENGINEER to run stationary boiler and engine in small plant downtown; third class license O. K.. Apply by letter to N 732 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER CHIEF at Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th; married man preferred; apartment on Park Av. given with position.

ENTRY AND BILL CLERK in woolen commission house. K 160 Times.

FOREMAN to take entire charge of middy blouse factory; exceptional opportunity for right man; only first-class man need apply. Manufacturer, 105 Times.

INVOICE CLERK, Spanish, wanted; experienced; for export house. Call Magnet Trading Corp., 22 Thomas St.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS.

The Western Electric Co. has several vacancies in its mail and messenger department for bright boys who have had a grammar school or high school education; applicants must be 16 years of age. Call between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. at employment office.

57 BETHUNE ST.,
CORNER OF WEST ST., N. Y. C.
6 BLOCKS NORTH OF CHRISTOPHER ST.

KITCHENMAN wanted, Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

LAW STUDENT Wanted.—$8 to start; must be of good moral character, ambitious and energetic. L 778 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE
IN THE EAST, REQUIRES
ADVERTISING MANAGER.
Splendid opportunity for a man to apply initiative. Must have experience in developing sale of women's apparel on large scale.
Apply by letter, stating experience and qualifications, strictly confidential.
X 113 Times Annex.

LEDGER CLERK or bookkeeper, familiar with discounts; $25; 10 minutes from Grand Central on Queensboro subway. Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., Hunters Point Av., Long Island City, N. Y.

MAN WANTED AT ONCE.
A MAN CAPABLE OF TAKING FULL CHARGE OF THE MANUFACTURE OF SHIPYARD PAINTS IN A NEW PAINT PLANT; MUST BE A-1 MAN; WRITE, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS OF EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED, &c. Z 485 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN.—A large New York corporation requires the services of a high grade man having had experience in accounting, credits, collections, and financial matters; this man must be good correspondent, possess initiative, tact, judgment, and personality; entrance salary approximately $1,800; in replying state full particulars, including age, experience, and anticipated salary. D 497 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted, over 50 years old, for safe deposit department of banking institution; must have A1 references; state salary wanted. K 131 Times.

MANAGER, cracker-jack and organized of countrywide distributing campaign for automobile accessories of unusual merit; must be able to take responsibilities. L 22 Times.

MAN.—Must be strong, willing, and active; one accustomed to handling cases and bags; steady position; salary $20 per week. Call R. A. Keasbey Co., 445 West St.

MAN, thoroughly familiar with banking, foreign exchange and transportation; apply by letter. F. F., Box 22, 1,358 Broadway.

MAN, strong, to make himself useful in shipping department of wholesale house. Address Importer, Box 139, Madison Square.

MANUFACTURER Wanted.—One who can take complete charge of large waist plant; state pull particulars; all communications confidential. Write M. T., 209 Cable Bldg.

MECHANIC.—We need a high-grade mechanic, capable of designing and making dies; one who has been employed in factories using tin plate and steel products; a man who can suggest new work and who would be able to cut down cost of production by improved methods; an interesting opportunity at good wages for right party. Address Manufacturer, care of Green-Lucas Company, Baltimore, Md.

MEN, experienced in packing, wanted in wholesale notion house. Address Packers, Box 139, Madison Square.

MESSENGERS.

The Western Electric Co. has several vacancies in its mail and messenger department for bright boys who have had a grammar school or high school education; applicants must be 16 years of age. Call between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. at employment office.

57 BETHUNE ST.,
CORNER OF WEST ST., N. Y. C.
6 BLOCKS NORTH OF CHRISTOPHER ST.

MESSENGERS.
Large financial institution requires services of several boys as messengers; excellent opportunity for advancement. Address, stating age, references, and salary desired. Box 596 Times, 2 Rector St.

MILLINERY
MAN, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, COMPETENT TO TAKE FULL CHARGE OF BLOCKED HAT DEPARTMENT.
KAURICH BROS.,
599 BROADWAY.

NECKWEAR, MEN'S.—We want thoroughly experienced man take entire charge of our boxing and shipping department; we offer to such a man steady position and liberal salary. Write all your qualifications. K. M., 209 Cable Bldg.

OFFICE BOYS.

The Western Electric Co. has several vacancies in its mail and messenger department for bright boys who have had a grammar school or high school education; applicants must be 16 years of age. Call between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., at employment office.

57 BETHUNE ST.,
CORNER WEST ST., N. Y. C.
6 BLOCKS NORTH OF CHRISTOPHER ST.

OFFICE BOY.—Executive office of large corporation requires services of neat and willing boy; clean work; state age and salary expected. D 485 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, import, export business; $15 per week. Reply own handwriting, stating age, nationality, references, and experience. S 466 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS.—Good opportunity for bright, ambitious boys. U. S. Rubber Co., 1,790 Broadway.

PACKER, experienced, for shipping department of wholesale linen house. Apply Henry Matier & Co., 45 East 20th St.

PACKER, experienced on cases. Irving Pitt Mfg. Co., 428 Broadway.

PATTERN PERFORATOR, experienced, wanted by Chicago wholesale art needlework house; state age, experience and salary expected. X 118 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—We now have four sales offices employing more than 40 men raising capital for a 15-year-old financial institution that is paying dividends of 8 per cent.; we need 40 more live wire salesmen to keep up with our expansion movement; if you qualify you are assured of a permanent position on commission that by consistency of production will earn you rapid promotion, which means $10,000 to $20,000 a year. Call daily, 10 to 4, or 7 to 9 P. M., Suite 100, Metropolitan Tower, 1 Madison Av.

SALESMEN, BEDDINIG,
to represent large feather house in and around New York territory established; only one who is capable of handling large as well as small accounts and earn at least $3,000 per year will be considered; men who have been handling bedding or furniture will be given preference; commission or salary basis. X 57 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted; factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; estimated commissions about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Eastman Rubber Works, Inc., 213 West 40th St., N. Y.

SALESMEN.
Two experienced salesmen wanted, who are thoroughly familiar with fancy leather goods, stationers sundries, office supplies, and other lines; salary or commission. Apply by letter to A. M. MacCallum, Inc., 42 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—H. Ohashi & Co., Inc., 54 Leonard St., manufacturers of carbon paper and typewriter ribbons, desires the services of well educated young men for metropolitan district; salesman of ability; good drawing account against commission. Apply in person; afternoons 4 to 5.

SALESMAN wanted, high-grade, with following, to sell established trade among manufacturing confectioners and wholesale ice cream manufacturers, for a permanent connection with a large concern; salary or commission. Address, with particulars, Limpert Bros., 625 Greenwich St., New York.

SALESMEN, experienced on check protectors, &c., to sell entirely new office necessity on commission basis; territories open for assignment; can be carried as side line. Call Tuesday, 11-3, or write for appointment. Olem Co., Inc., 323 East 125th, 1 flight up.

SALESMEN wanted in every city outside of New York City, calling on retail druggists; can make large commissions handling excellent side line of druggists' boxes; commission basis. Write Standard Box Works, Inc., 261 Canal St., New York City.

SALESMAN wanted, high grade, with following, to sell established trade among manufacturing confectioners and wholesale ice cream manufacturers, for a permanent connection with a large concern; salary and commission. Address, with particulars, Limpert Bros., 625 Greenwich St., New York.

SALESMEN.—MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND LARGE FOLLOWING IN WHOLESALE NOTION AND DRY GOODS; CITY OR OUT OF TOWN; SALARY AND COMMISSION. STANDARD MERCHANDISE CO., 23 EAST 17TH ST.

SALESMAN, HOSIERY,
with experience handling children's hose; right man can become buyer; salary about $1,800, with increase as ability is shown; make letter complete. S 427 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with local acquaintance, experienced in insurance, real estate or stock preferred; liberal commission; active salesman can handle this as side line and materially increase his income. Write K. E., 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN to handle popular-priced line of ladies' trimmed hats in conjunction with other millinery goods for the Middle West and South; commission. Write L. L., 209 Cable Bldg.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines.)

	Per Agate Line.
Agents Wanted (Sunday 55c)	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	47c
Automobile Exchange (Sunday 55c)	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	40c
Country Board	45c
Employment Agencies (Sunday 55c)	50c
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Help Wanted	40c
Lost and Found (Sunday 55c)	50c
Mortgage Loans (Sunday 55c)	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	47c
Situations Wanted	35c
	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 15c)	10c
Buyers' Wants	10c

Reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money by means of a fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALES MANAGER wanted, who is practical salesman, to represent manufacturing concern; line staple and repeating; all repeats fully credited; age 30 to 40 preferred. X 13 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Puncture-proof tube, guaranteed five thousand miles or a new tube free; backed by a company with a national reputation; commission basis. Room 115, 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN wanted to sell textile belting for power transmission in different States for large manufacturer; experienced in belting or acquainted with trade necessary; salary and bonus. N 749 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, on commission, wanted to call on clothing trade with a strong line of alpacas; one with following preferred. Write Box K 257 Times.

SALESMAN, on commission, wanted to call on cloak and suit trade with line of fancy sateens and venetians; one with following preferred. Write Box K 258 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for our linen and bedding department; best city references required; salary and commission. Kelly's Linen Store, 958 3d Av.

SALESMAN, for medium line dresses, N. Y. City and vicinity; commission basis. Call after 2 P. M. all week. Imperial State Dress Co., 26 West 17th St.

SALESMEN, electrical; must know all jobbers and contractors in New York City; salary and commission. Star Metal Box Co., 509 West 19th St.

SALES MANAGER of practical New York experience, handling a quick selling and repeating article; A1 proposition to right party. X 12 Times Annex.

SALES ENGINEER, acquainted with contractors and contractors' equipment; commission basis. D 555 Times Downtown.

SHOE BUYER.

Katz & Goldsmith of Braddock, Penn., require the services of an experienced department store shoe buyer. Good position to capable man. Will be at B. F. Levis, 37 West 26th St., until Wednesday afternoon. After that address Braddock.

SHOE SALESMEN.—Permanent positions for experienced shoe men. Adler, 215 W. 125th.

SOLICITORS, experienced, wanted to sell the new "Pabst," which, after July 1, took the place of the Pabst beverages; can be sold under the new prohibition law by grocers, restaurants, lunch, and soda stands, soda fountains, drug stores, &c., without any license whatsoever; liberal commission arrangement; great opportunity to the right men who are acquainted in above-mentioned lines; county rights for New England, New York, and New Jersey given to hustlers who can buy carload of 800 cases. Call in forenoon personally at office of Pabst Brewing Co., 606 West 49th St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in dyestuff company's office, who is a capable stenographer and has knowledge of general office work, billing, &c. Apply by letter, stating qualifications, references, nationality, and salary expected. X 110 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and clerk in credit department of manufacturing concern; state salary and experience. Box 100, 1619 St. James Building.

STENOGRAPHER, able to take fluent dictation in English and Spanish, good typist, for export business. F 303 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experienced Spanish stenographer in downtown export office. N 751 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERKS.

Bright, ambitious young men, 17-20 years old, for stock departments of large mercantile house; prospects of advancement excellent to those who can qualify.

CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON,
8 EAST 22D ST.

STOCK SALESMAN, telephone experience; live leads furnished; salary or commission. Bankers Finance, 132 Nassau St.

STONE MASONS WANTED.

Union job, 8 houses, rubble stone work. Apply to Daniel Crawford, Jr., Ditmars Av. and Lawrence St., Astoria, L. I., near Ditmars Av. subway station.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Large Middle West confectionery manufacturer has opening for superintendent who has had practical experience and is familiar with candy making in general; no limit to salary if results are shown. Answer in detail, giving age, past experience, salary, &c., care X 122 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE SALESMAN.

Convincing talker to sell dividend paying securities by telephone; salary and commission; good opportunity. Address G. G., 209 Cable Bldg.

TRANSLATORS.

French, Russian, Italian, German, Portuguese, Japanese; must be native of high education in the respective countries; bring credentials. Room 821 Park Row Building.

TYPISTS.—Three rapid typists, accustomed to writing invoices; work to be done at night, and must be finished in five nights; to those employed this is an opportunity to earn extra money. Apply at once, American Can Co., Edgewater, N. J.

VALET.—French; speaks English well; work with another servant, New York; splendid opportunity; excellence required; application in English. X 68 Times Annex.

WHITTLER.—Experienced man at once; big wages. Superior Aluminum Die Co., 92 North 7th St., St. Louis, Mo.

YOUNG MEN.

The Western Electric Co. has several vacancies in its mail and messenger department for bright boys who have had a grammar school or high school education; applicants must be 16 years of age. Call between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. at employment office.

57 BETHUNE ST.,
CORNER OF WEST ST., N. Y. C.,
6 BLOCKS NORTH OF CHRISTOPHER ST.

YOUNG MAN, bright, having qualified as a double entry bookkeeper, (student preferred,) for accounting division of a large insurance company; excellent opportunity for one exhibiting a desire to advance; state age, salary expected, and experience. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG MAN about 16 years of age to take position in the stock room of a manufacturer, one who will make himself generally useful; must be of American parentage and come well recommended; state salary expected. Address Manufacturer, O 411 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN about 17 years of age in the office of a manufacturer to assist in the mailing department; must be of American parentage, have good education, come well recommended; state experience, if any, and salary expected. O 410 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN that understands thoroughly the popular price children's rompers and creepers business to run this department; work to be cut and given to contractor; good proposition to right party. David Kurtz, 603 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, age about 18-20, wanted by Christian firm to assist office manager; must be ambitious, bright, honest, and well educated; good wages and splendid chance for right party. Apply Monday, 9 A. M., 1,133 Broadway, cor. 26th, R. 814.

YOUNG MAN, good at figures, to assist cost clerk and figure time sheets; a bright future with a growing concern; state salary, religion, and references. E 907 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18 years old, in office of publishing house; opportunity for advancement; one with some business experience preferred. Apply Varse Hopkins, 28 West 23d St.

YOUNG MAN in wholesale ladies' coat and suit house to take care of woolens, and experienced in giving out work to contractors; must come highly recommended. Morris Kashowitz, 38 East 30th.

YOUNG MAN.

assist in traffic department of large downtown corporation; good chance for advancement. T. R., 571 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, with some actual shop experience, for work on instruments; permanent and opportunities for advancement; give experience and wages expected. C 142 Times.

YOUNG MAN as clerk in a bank; splendid opportunity for one who qualifies; state experience, references, and salary expected. S 456 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to operate Burroughs statement machine; only experienced operator wanted. Westchester Avenue Bank, Southern Boulevard and Westchester Av.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, for temporary clerical work; if good, steady position, $3 per day. Apply Monday, Pabst Brewing Co., 606 West 49th St.

YOUNG MAN for shipping department; clean, light work. Stasny Music Co., 56 West 45th.

YOUNG MAN for stock on orders; good chance for advancement. S. M. Frank & Co., 928 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN.—Positions waiting; demand far exceeds the supply; we will train you at home by mail in your spare time for this fascinating profession; big pay; fine living, splendid opportunities for advancement; send for free illustrated book, "Your Big Future in Hotel Work." Lewis Hotel Training School, 307 Mather Building, Washington, D. C.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg. New York.

POSITION GUARANTEED.

$15 Mon., Aug. 25, day or night, pays for Six Weeks' Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707 Singer Building. Cortlandt 4563.

ACCOUNTANCY CLASSES now forming, day or early evening sessions; write for informative booklet, "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1918 4-pass. Phaeton.
CADILLAC 1918 Victoria Coupe.
MERCER 1916 4-pass. Sport.
PAIGE 1918 Brooklands Roadster.
Phone Circle 1582. 1,700 Broadway.

A number of selected used Pierce-Arrows of the late Series 8, Series 4 and Series 5. Dual Valve models exclusively.
PIERCE-ARROW 1919, 48 h. p. Dual Valve Touring.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48 h. p. Limousine.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48 h. p., 7-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1916, 48 h. p., 7-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1916, 66 h. p., 7-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1915, 48 h. p., 7-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1915, 48 h. p., 5-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1915, 48 h. p. 7-p. Limo.
PIERCE-ARROW 1915, 48 h. p., 4-p. Coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h. p., 5-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h. p., 4-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h. p. Limousine
PIERCE-ARROW 1915, 38 h. p., 5-p. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1915, 38 h. p. Lim. Land.
PIERCE-ARROW 1915, 38 h. p., 2-p. Road.
PIERCE-ARROW USED CAR EXCHANGE,
B'way, Cor. 57th St. Tel. Circle 157.

BUICK 1917 COUPE,
conditioned and refinished.
COLE 1917 SEDAN,
excellent condition; many extras.
FRANKLIN SEDAN,
like new throughout.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.
226 West 56th St., (Broadway.)
HARRY A. BRENNER. Mgr.

BUICK sedan, model E-50, 1918, paint like new; excellent bargain. Telephone Circle 5283.

BUICK 1918 five-passenger; about new. Phone Columbus 2127. Mr. Roach.

BUICK sedan, 1918, 4-door. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK Sedan, 1917; perfect condition. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BURRELLE'S
AUTO SHOW
of RECONSTRUCTED MOTOR CARS.
CADILLAC present series VICTORIA.
CADILLAC present series SEDAN.
CADILLAC present series LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC present series TOURING.
CADILLAC present series ROADSTER.
CADILLAC present series PHAETON.
CADILLAC type 55 4-PASS.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Brougham.
MERCER 1919 4-Pass. Sport.
MURRAY 1917 Touring.
HUDSON 1919 Cabriolet, 4-Passenger.
SILVER SPECIAL KISSEL 1918.
FIAT 1918 Brougham Limousine.
BIDDLE 1918 Duesenberg, 4-Passenger.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER, 16-Valve.
STUTZ 1918 SPORT, 16-Valve.
STUTZ 1918 COPE, 16-Valve.
LATEST IMPORTATIONS.
AUSTRIAN DAIMLER Sport, 4-Passenger.
RENAULT Special, 4-Passenger Roadster.
LANCIA Special Colonial SEDAN.
LANCIA Special Collapsible BROUGHAM.
FIAT 30-35 Fleetwood ROADSTER.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN UNTIL 7 P. M.
1,680 B'way. Entire Bldg. Formerly Iceland.

CADILLAC TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 SEDAN.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOURING.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 4-PASSENGER.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 55 COUPE.
HUDSON 1918 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
HUDSON 1918 LANDAU-RUNABOUT.
HUDSON 1918 TOURING LIMOUSINE.
HUDSON 1918 LIMOUSINE.
MARMON 1918 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
MERCER 1918-19 SPORTING 4-PASS.
MERCER 1917 TOURING.
MURRAY 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1919 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1919 RUNABOUT.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 BULLDOG 4 and 6 Pass.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway. Circle 2185

CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
NATIONAL SPEEDSTER, 1919.
NATIONAL 1918 TOURING.
PACKARD TOURING, 1918.
PACKARD 1918 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1917 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1917 ROADSTER.
WHITE 1916, "30," SEDAN.
CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, 1916.
BUICK LIMOUSINE, 1917.
MERCER 1917 ROADSTER.
MERCER SPEEDSTER.
LIBERTY 1918 TOWN CAR.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA, Wire Wheels.
PEERLESS 1918 SEDAN, elegant condition.
PACKARD 3-25 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD 1918, 3-35 COUPE, 4-PASS.
OWEN MAGNETIC SEDAN, slightly used.
HUDSON 1919 CABRIOLET.
MERCER 1919, brand new.
SIMPLEX 4-PASS. SPORT.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
1,657 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2667.
802-806 7th Av. Tel. Circle 1964.

CADILLACS.
1918 TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
1917 TYPE 55 VICTORIA.
1918 TYPE 57 PHAETON.
1917 TYPE 55 7-PASSENGER.
1916 TYPE 53 7-PASSENGER.
WE SPECIALIZE IN CADILLACS.
DE LAMATER MOTORS CORP.,
1,677 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 1246.

CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE,
N. W. Cor. 56th St. and 7th Av.; Circle 5308.
CADILLAC, Type 57, 7-pass. touring.
CADILLAC, Type 57, 4-pass. touring.
HUDSON 1918 "M" LANDAU-COUPE.
HUDSON 1918 "M" 7-PASS. SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 7-PASS. TOURING.

CADILLAC Victoria Coupe, present series.
CADILLAC Type 57 Sport model, 4 Pass.
CADILLAC Type 55 Suburban Sedan.
CADILLAC Type 55 Limousine, 7 Pass.
CADILLAC Type 55 Amesbury Touring.
Packard Auto Exchange, 10 W. 60th St.

CADILLAC "8-CYL" TOURING.
Almost new; six Rudge Whitworth wire wheels; new cord tires; will sacrifice for $2,500 cash. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

CADILLAC 1918 "57" limousine; also 1917 sedan; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 1917 limousine, mechanically perfect; any demonstration. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway. Circle 3572.

CADILLAC, 1916, 7-passenger touring; good condition. Louis Miller, 67 Irving Place, Stuyvesant 3281.

CADILLAC 1917 touring, glass enclosure, new top; condition excellent. Phone Circle 5692.

CADILLAC limousine, 1917; almost new. 1,778 Broadway, (57th); one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1919 limousine; practically new; bargain. Call see it. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

CADILLAC 1917 landaulet; mechanically perfect; bargain. Call see it. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

CADILLAC "8" SEDAN.
Almost new; cord tires; will sacrifice for $2,850 cash. Tully, 2720 Circle.

CADILLAC 1919 Victoria, practically new. Herman N. Karp, 1,676 B'way. Circle 65.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan, almost new. Herman N. Karp, 1,676 B'way. Circle 65.

CADILLAC 1918 touring; practically brand new; bargain. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1918 coupe; beautiful condition; make offer. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CHEVROLET, MOST BEAUTIFUL SEDAN, baby grand model, new, right from factory; also Chevrolet touring, 1919 model, $400; all cash or make your own terms; free instruction given. Authorized Chevrolet Dealer, 351 East 149th, Bronx. Melrose 10032.

COLE auto eight, 1918; almost new. 1,778 Broadway; one flight. Circle 1417.

CUNNINGHAM 1919 sedan; practically brand new; bargain. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

DODGE Sedan; four-door, latest model, brand new. Paul Bartmer, 604 West 52d St., N. Y. Phone Columbus 6429.

DODGE sedan, 1918; beautiful condition. 1,778 Broadway (57th;) one flight. Circle 1417.

DODGE limousine, 1918; almost new; suitable for trade, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

FIAT 55, paint, top and engine almost new; sacrifice if sold at once. Alexander, 620 Riverside Drive. Aud. 3130.

FORD cars on easy payments; small amount down; balance $10 weekly; prompt delivery. K 1210 Times Bronx.

FORDS.—Tour., Road., Coupelets, Suburbans, Trucks. 20th Century Auto, 250 West 54th.

FRANKLIN 1917 "9A" sedan; also Franklin limousine; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

FRANKLIN.—9-B sedan, latest series, equal to new. O. S. Schadt 1,303 Hamilton St., Allentown, Penn.

FRANKLIN touring, 1918; good condition; new tires, $1,000 cash. Telephone 2600 Cortlandt.

FRANKLIN sedan, 1917, (close coupled); absolutely perfect. 1,778 Broadway, (57th), Circle 1417.

H. A. L. LOZIER, 7-passenger Touring, A1 condition, wire wheels. See Owner, 12 West 23d St. 9 to 5.

HUDSON SPEEDSTER, 1920, 4-Passenger. Have contract for new car at old price, $2,225, on which delivery will be made in ten days; what am I offered for car when delivered or contract? L 716 Times Downtown.

HUDSON sedan, late 1918 super six, run six thousand miles; good as new; give phone number in letter. Apt. 5F, 656 West 162d St.

HUDSON sedan, 1918-1917; exceptional appearance. 1,778 Broadway; one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON touring, 1918 and 1917; A1 condition, 1,778 Broadway, (57th;) Circle 1417.

HUDSON, sedan, 1918, fine condition; 7-passenger; bargain. Russell, 124 West 54th.

HUDSON limousine and town car, 1918 and 1917. 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE.—4-cylinder, 5-passenger, 1916, with one extra tire; fine shape mechanically; a real bargain. Stearns Company, 415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

LIBERTY chummy, 1918, slightly used. 1,778 Broadway, (57th;) one flight. Circle 1417.

LOCOMOBILE, 1915, 48 H. P. landaulet; rebuilt, revarnished; tires like new; wonderful buy. Chandler Wells, 754 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, latest model; used very little; must be seen to be appreciated. Gotham Auto Exchange, 1,694 Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1919; new four-passenger; 1918 touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1917, 48 Limousine and Touring body. Phone Circle 5692.

MARMON 1917 Special Sedan, 4-passenger Chummy roadster; car perfect mechanically; any demonstration; priced very reasonably. Garage, 155 West 56th.

MERCER, 1919, 4-passenger, practically brand new; run very little; will sacrifice Telephone Circle 2917.

MERCER 6-passenger, 1917; perfect; reasonable; no dealers. Miss Lincoln, Bryant 7720.

MERCER 1917, 4 passenger, splendid condition. 1,778 Broadway, 1 flight. Circle 1417.

NATIONAL.—Beautiful new National coupe. See owner, Mrs. George A. Brinkerhoff, 360 Main St., Hackensack. Phone Hackensack 138.

NATIONAL 1916, sport model, four Pullman seats, extra seat in tonneau; excellent condition. Wiesbader's Garage, 327 West 49th St.

NATIONAL automobile for sale, A1 condition; call 5 P. M., Monday. 408 West 130th.

OAKLAND.—6-cylinder sedan, 1919 model; fully equipped and with spare tire; only run about 3,000 miles; mechanical condition perfect; owner sailing Europe early September; price $1,300 or offer. Morton, Fourth Floor, 2 West 45th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 4980.

OAKLAND.—Small 6-cylinder, 5-passenger, 1918; in good shape mechanically; five good tires; a bargain. Stearns Company, 415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

OLDSMOBILE, like new, 1919 touring, run 600 miles; sacrifice. Phone Bay Ridge 1723.

OVERLAND Touring, late model; good condition; $350. 196 11th Av. Chelsea 3789.

PACKARD, 1918, model 3-35, run 8,000 miles; practically new. Telephone 2917 Circle.

PEERLESS limousine, present series; practically new; Silvertown cord tires. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 1914 touring; Marmon 1915 touring; Chandler 1916 touring; Oakland 1919 Sedan; all excellent condition. Sidney B. Bowman Automobile Co., B'way and 52d.

PIERCE-ARROW 38, touring, 1914; excellent condition, 1,881 Madison Av. Telephone 3783 Harlem.

PIERCE-ARROW 38, touring, 1914; excellent condition, 1,881 Madison Av. Tel. Harlem 3783.

PEERLESS limousine, 60 H. P., brand new rubber; will demonstrate. 196 11th Av. Chelsea 5619.

PEERLESS 1918 limousine; practically new; bargain. Call see it. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

PEERLESS 1917 speedster; beautiful condition; make offer. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

RENAULT.—Will dispose of my beautiful 35 Renault, 7-passenger touring, cheap. 9 to 12 A. M.. Lenox 10367.

ROAMER Sedan, 1917; perfect condition; reasonable; no dealers. Mrs. Reilly, Columbus 6914.

SILVER APPERSON 1918, 8 cyl., 7-pass. touring; perfect condition; run 5,000 miles; any demonstration; bargain from original owner. 145 West 54th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT Landaulet, 1917 model, upholstered in gray, for sale by original owner; the car is in good running condition and has been conservatively used. Box Z 427 Times Annex.

STEARNS 3-passenger runabout, 4-cylinder, 1916; in fine mechanical condition; all good tires; a real bargain. Fellage, 415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STUTZ, 1919, 4-passenger touring; fully equipped; extra mechanical condition; selling for customers' account; demonstration; $2,500; actual mileage 4,000. Pierce-Arrow Used Car Exchange, 1,765 Broadway. Circle 157.

STUTZ 1918 bearcat speedster; practically brand new; bargain. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STUTZ speedster, almost new; run less than 1,000 miles; $2,500. 5 Columbus Circle, Room 114; Columbus 2127.

STUTZ roadster, 1919; beautiful car throughout. Sally Wiesbader's Garage, 327 West 49th.

STUTZ 1916 roadster; immediate cash bargain. Call see it. Meyer, 123 West 64th.

STUTZ 1916 six-passenger touring. Herman N. Karp, 1,676 Broadway. Circle 65.

STUTZ 1918 touring; exceptionally fine condition. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

STUTZ 1919, four-passenger; condition excellent. Neth, 931 New York Av., Brooklyn.

STUTZ 1919 bearcat, 1918 Stutz touring, for sale. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ roadster, 1916: almost new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

STUTZ 4-passenger, 1917; perfect; reasonable; no dealers. Miss Harvey, Bryant 9670.

1 Dodge Brothers Chassis.	
1 Dodge Brothers Screen Delivery.	
1 Dodge Brothers Coupe.	
1 Dodge Brothers Taxi Limousine.	
1 Overland Panel Delivery	$250.00
1 Overland Panel Delivery	300.00
1 White Panel Delivery	650.00
1 Ford Delivery—One Ton Express Body	350.00
1 Ford Panel Delivery	250.00
1 Ford First C'll Wagon	500.00
1 Chevrolet Delivery	250.00
2 Stewart Panel Deliveries.	
1 General Vehicle Electric ½-Ton Truck	1,300.00
1 Lippard-Stewart	300.00
1 Chalmers Limousine, 1917 Model	1,150.00

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY,
109 West 64th St.
Telephone Columbus 7100.

Motor Trucks.

FORD.—Commercial panel body; new; immediate delivery. Tel. Audubon 6592.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD twin sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 W. 43. Phones 4219-8530 Bryant.

PACKARD twin sixes, hour, season; reasonable. Muldoon, 154 West 68th; Columbus 2151.

PIERCE-ARROW landaulet, very easy riding car, by day, week, or month; owner drives; monthly preferred. Lenox 10449.

CADILLAC cars for hire, by hour, day, week, month. Columbus 7834.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILE department of Charles Shongood, 539-541 Broadway, New York, buys cars outright or advances 80 per cent. of the appraised value; the balance, less commission, upon the prompt sale of cars; investigate our facilities. Telephone Spring 4566-4567. Paul Brew, Manager.

Wanted—Late model Cadillac, Marmon, Packard, or car of similar class; give year, mileage, general condition, lowest cash price in first letter. A 265 Times.

Wanted, high-class car, not earlier than 1918 model; must be perfect condition; state make, price, and where seen. GN 807 Times Downtown.

Wanted—4-passenger club roadster body to fit National Newport chassis. Write to E. W. Kunz, 111 5th Av.

SEDAN wanted; what have you to offer. Box 81, 1619 St. James Bldg.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE KNOWLEDGE is a valuable asset to increase your earnings. Learn at New York's most complete school. Mechanical course, $45; with Driving, $65. Write for Catalogue J, or phone 5270 Circle. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

AUTO INSTRUCTION, repairing, driving; license guaranteed; ladies' classes. American Auto School, 726 Lexington Av., (59th,) Plaza 4016. Garage, repair shop, 442 East 148th St.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.—Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

AUTO SCHOOL, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.—Largest and best school in U. S. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $80.25.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.,
1,121 BEDFORD AV., B'KLYN,
DEPT. C.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Special Master Philip J. McCook—Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.

Harley<N Y Cons RR Co, (2.)
Weinstraub<same.
Rothman<same.
Watts<same.
Shevitz<same.
Mule<same.
Mahoney<same.
Ryan<same.
Lombard<same.

DISTRICT COURT — Hutcheson, J.—Room 328, P. O. Bldg., at 11 A. M. Jury calendar.

Murphy<Cent RR of N J.
Petition<Moyse & Wolseley.
Gentry Film Co<Educational Film Corp.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 2 P. M. Jury calendar.

Re Caravel<SS Lines.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.

Jones<Standard Oil Co
Debbosky<Denbosky.
Efinger<Lless.
Re New England Equit Ins Co, (Goldemberg.)
Re same, (Bernstein.)
Davis<Mohawk Hotel Co.
Miller<Perlman.
Samodovitz<Frantzman.
Agnese<Agnese.
Saxe<Sugarland Mfg Co.
Vandeweghe<De Wever.
CNY<Pin Products Co
Pekin Restaurant Co<Grubman.
Cannizzaro<Man Sand Co, Inc.
Adams<Levy.
Friedman<E. W. Rty Co.
Cohen<Globe Indemnity Co.
Gordon<Steinberg, (2.)
Holzman<J. M. Horton Ice Cream Co.
Zippert<Zippert.
Marcello<Ponomoto.
Finkelstein<Rakow.
Goldberg<Griffenhagen Brothers.
Davis<Glantz et al.
Cohen<Brun & Co, (2)
Re U S Fid & Guar Co, (Ford.)
Feldman<Block.
Ford<Sprung et al.
Tettle<Kinstler's Storage and Warehouse Co, (2.)
Amitalo Co<Eidlitz.
Rogers<Harlem Taxi Co.
Re U S Fid Co. (Landes.)
Underhill<Underhill.
Margolies<Ellman.
Rhodes<Schaefler & Merle.
Hover<Rapp.
Schwartz<Rankell.
Kalifowitz<same.
Calame<Joseph.
Lawmore Realty Co<Pepe.
Weinstein<Sakura Silk Co.
Errett<Graum-Bernstein Sales Corp.
Fisher<Gonz.
Lang<Lang.
Mitchell<Banco de Londres y Mexico, (2.)
Lovey<Lovey.
Castasano<Cornwall Paper Mfg Co.
Smiley Steel Co<Sehmall.
Tower<Mackle.
National Tax Service Bureau<Paperno.
Shimel<Marteras, Inc.
Vinsonhaler<Tunnicliff.
Miller<Nunes.
Russi<Ely.
B. K. Bruce Lodge<Odd Fellows.
Star Wet Wash Laundry<Rubin.
Sauer<Sauer.
Licker<Licker.
Auerbach<Auerbach.
Ryder<Marcus.
Piedmont Pictures Corp<Tyrad Pictures
Re Webster, (Savill.)
Kruse<Watson.
Felsstein<Woodruff, (2.)
Lavery<Missionary Society.
Canter<Spitzer.
Dohrman<Humphreys.
Meinhard<Goldstein.
Walker<Zimmerman.
Montayne<Cavanaugh.
Lichenstein<Lichenstein.
Jurich<Jurich.
Finkelstein<Rakow.
Curtis et al<Herson.
Zimbler<Zimbler.
Kahel<Kahel.
Abrams<Jacobson.
Batou Realty Co<Roch
Cockayne<Healey.
Canter<Spitzer.
Toussig<Marx.
Hortwell & Lester<Hartman-Blanchard Co.
Re Szilagyi.
Berman<Samuels.
Schimerling<Schimerling.
Schwartz<Poszeshnick.
Herzig<Herzig.
Koutsourakis<Halzwasser & Co.
Re McGill.
Curtis<Hirsch.
Conway<Maxwell.
Simons<Pease.
Marmorstein<Kelsch.
Keyet<Keyet.
Anderson<Anderson.
Hovi<Day.
Catti<Ugobono.
Nash<Rhinelander.
Soeffer<Mittelman.
Fendelori<Hutton.
Sider<Spring.
Holley<Grammis.
Brown<Raeder.
Hoppe<Russo Asiatic Bank.
Campbell<Carr.
McCarthy<Ferrentino.
Bassen<Bassen.

PART II.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Parts II. and III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.
Wills for probate:
Mary McCormick,
Henry Leerburger,
Michael Campbell,
James A. Strauss,
George C. Howe.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Bernstein<Mintz.
Maslansky, Hattenbach & Price, &c.<Given.
Samuels<Sklar.
Goldsmith & Co.<Am. Union Line.
Siegel<Peters.
Rice<Nat. Surety Co.
Genovese<King.
Kasofsky<Centential Sec. Co., &c.
I. & L. Chauser, Inc.<Steele.
Satz<Brofsky, (2.)
S. L. Snyder Co.<Fitzpatrick.
Harry Meyers Co.<Graham & Little.
Terr, et al.<Newman, et al.
Katz<Kleiner.
Hibbard<Allmendinger & Downey.
Elsnitz<Greenblatt.
Goldstein<Hallock.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VI., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar, to be called Tuesday, Aug. 26.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schultz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.

Re NY Mun Ry Corp-Jamaica Av (Molinelli.)
Re Bklyn Trust Co.
Karelsen<Hesse.
Krashowitz<Krashowitz.
Scism<Scism.
Re Simonson Av (Richmond.)
Re U S Fidelity & G Co (Scanlon.)
Marshall<Stevens.
Copeland<The Ruby Trading Co.
Farrenti<Sciortino.
Mullen<White.
Re Lehming.
Stern<The Mathieson Alkali Works.
Stemberg Steam Cut Stone Co<Spencer Truck Co.
Vingeles (A)<Naber.
Vingeles (Anna)<same.
Seltz<Mullick.
Grossman<Terrell.
Bond & Mtg G Co<Marra.
Silberstein<Amsel.
Wagner<Motor Truck Renting Corp.
Deitch<Constable.
Segal<Englander (2 & 3.)
Carrigan<Carrigan.
Stadtler<Stadtler.
Maisel<Schanholt.
Klimkousky<Klimkousky.
Post<Fink.
Eagle S & L Co<Connor.
Izzo<McKay.
Carter<Brown.
Lipstein<Lipstein.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Hannah E. Taylor,
Annie Eckhurst,
William Weiss.
Accountings of:
Louis Diemer,
Elizabeth Booden.
Anastasia Dalton,
Amalia Mertz.
Adm. of:
Julia Watson.
Estates of:
Matthews Infants,
Eugenia Villari.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT GIRLISH Style Skirt Co., Inc., has purchased and assumed all of the assets and liabilities of the Modern Mfg. Co., 27 West 24th St., New York City.
GIRLISH STYLE SKIRT CO., INC.,
E. METZGER, Sec'y.
Dated August 25, 1919.

FOR SALE.

Fixtures.—Two fancy chandeliers, suitable for private or business use; will sell at an interesting price. Chelsea 9553.

Complete furniture of small apartment; nearly new. Apply Mrs. de Orjona, 2,337 Broadway; afternoons 2 to 5. Schuyler 2145.

Furniture.

Complete office and showroom fixtures, adding machine, typewriter, checkwriter, filing cabinet, tables, and chairs; also American Cutting, Merrow, and 6,238 Singer machines and cutting table. First floor, 62 University Place.

For Sale.—High-class, almost new, white ivory bedroom set, 9 pieces, including covers, and maid's room, to be seen Monday and Tuesday between 9-12, 2-5. 15 Claremont Av., Apt. 42.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 432 Broadway.

Willow Furniture.—Special August sale. Direct from manufacturer. See us first; it will pay you. Big savings. Long Beach Willow Co., 220 East 41st St.

Yachts, Vessels, &c.

Wanted—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

Purchase and Exchange.

Pawn tickets, expired and unexpired.
ALSO DIAMONDS BOUGHT.
SPOT CASH. NO WAITING.
JOS. ROSE & SON, DIAMOND CUTTERS,
49 Maiden Lane, 6th Floor. Phone 212 John.

Underwood 5, good as new, $65. Palmer, 289 Fourth Av. 3641 Gramercy.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Man, 21 years, willing to invest $5,000, other assistance if necessary, wishes to buy interest in an established manufacturing business, children's dresses or infants' wear preferred; Philadelphia or New York; answer by letter. Z 457 Times Annex.

PATENTS.—Over 70 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 611 Woolworth Building, New York.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

GARAGE WANTED.
Have $8,000 to $12,000 in cash; will consider partnership; state full particulars. Box D 467 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

If your present business or occupation is not sufficiently profitable better investigate our factory rebuilt tire proposition; exchange depots wanted everywhere; prosperity awaits the man of honesty and business ability; clean business and substantial profits; from $3,000 to $5,000 necessary for stock of merchandise. If in a position to handle the proposition address Eastman Rubber Works, 213 West 40th St., New York City, for full particulars.

Want gentleman with $4,000 to join me, equally, in taking world rights for entirely new electric window advertiser; runs without motor; cheaply manufactured and is thoroughly patented; inventor is originator of very successful machines, &c.; I have this opportunity through friendship and am backing with capital. Principals only. N 769 Times Downtown.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL WANTED.—EXPORT AND IMPORT HOUSE, ESTABLISHED TWELVE YEARS, NEEDS ADDITIONAL CAPITAL TO EXTEND ITS BUSINESS; REQUIREMENTS $100,000. D 508 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

A PROFITABLE, WELL ESTABLISHED DRESS MANUFACTURING BUSINESS WILL ENTER INTO PARTNERSHIP WITH ONE ABLE TO INVEST $25,000 OR LESS IF HE HAS GOOD ABILITY TO SELL TO RETAIL TRADE. Z. E. 136 TIMES HARLEM.

PARTNER IN CHEMICAL BUSINESS. A close corporation, dealing in heavy chemicals, needs the services of a good manager to take full charge, including office, buying, etc.; must be prepared to invest at least $10,000 for a third interest in the business. Address 697 Times Downtown.

HOTEL, partner wanted.—Owner of hotel near large city, containing about 120 rooms, will accept partner or lessee to responsible party furnishing security; $25,000 upwards required. Wm. H. McDonald, 489 5th Av.

Wonderful opportunity offered to man of ability to affiliate himself with one of the largest automobile tire concerns; Pennsylvania territory; fifty-fifty arrangement; substantial salary; about $2,000 investment required. X 2 Times Annex.

Established bloomer manufacturer looking for partner; $3,000 to $5,000 required. P. S., 472 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

CAPITAL WANTED.

An expert sales and mail order manager, having over $10,000 invested in manufacturing sales, and mail order business, wants associate with $2,500 or more; experience unnecessary. R 22 Times.

Partner wanted, with some experience and $2,000, in an established dress factory. 106 East 19th; 6th floor.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Gentleman, served 4½ years war, British army, desires position; speaks Spanish fluently, French; 12 years in Argentina, 2 years Australia; business connections; general knowledge machinery, automobiles. A 195 Times.

A jobber of fifteen years' experience, employing salesmen who travel by automobile, wishes line of men's clothing for New England States, on commission basis. Address Jobber, X 58 Times Annex.

Bookbinder, with work of his own, wants bindery space in first-class printing or litho concern, with chance to get some bindery work from the house. Kindly write to G. Ewald Witchel, 374 Wadsworth Av.

Lumberman desirous of making a permanent connection for sale of product in New England and Middle States, will find it advantageous to communicate with R 80 Times.

FOR SALE.

Exceptional business opportunity to buy an exclusive women's ready-to-wear business in one of the largest cities in Connecticut, occupying a large store in the most exclusive business section; has a thriving "made to order" and millinery department, catering to the better clientele; lease valuable; about $25,000 cash required; only those who wish to continue this business need apply; no dealers. Address Z 494 Times Annex.

A clothing and furnishing goods business; also fixtures for 54 years in same stand, in the largest and most prosperous city in South Carolina; will sell or lease building. Apply to Julius J. Brown, Hotel Monterey.

For Sale.—Fully equipped plant for rebuilding, retreading and vulcanizing automobile tires; also stock of tires at sacrifice price. E 356 Times.

First-class bakery, Meek oven, cake machine; cheap if sold soon; leaving city. 509 Amsterdam Av.

Millinery store for sale; good location, Bronx; private reason. R 83 Times.

Hairdressing parlor for sale. 26 West 58th.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SOUTH AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT.—Skilled or technical men can reach 15,000 possible employers, Latin America, through our want columns; 5 cents a word, minimum $1.50. INGENIERIA INTERNACIONAL, 476 10th Av., N. Y. City.

Orders taken now for lining your clothes closets in red cedar; damp and moth proof; estimates furnished. Red Cedar Wardrobe Furnishing Co., Address 719 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on June 9, 1919, W. F. DALZELL, et al., filed a petition praying limitation of liability as owners and as charterer of the tug E. S. ATWOOD, for any loss, damage or injury arising on or about October 6, 1918, while said tug was towing barge No. 7, in consequence of which No. 7 is alleged to have sustained damage. That petitioners have stipulated to pay into this Court the value of said steamtug E. S. ATWOOD and pending freight as appraised, viz.: $7,890, with lawful interest according to law; that all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident are required by the monition issued to me by said Court to prove their claims before Herbert Green, Esq., U. S. Commissioner, at his office, 1 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 17th day of September, 1919, at 10:30 A. M.; and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is hereby given that CLIFTON TOWING COMPANY, as owner of the steamtug "CORNELIA," filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage or injury claimed to have been caused by said vessel on or about February 8th, 1919. Value of said vessel and pending freight, as appears by order of Court, $14,050.00.
All persons claiming by said loss, destruction or injury must prove their claims before Nelson Zabriskie, Commissioner, at his office, 29 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 24th day of September, 1919.
Dated June 18, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FOLEY & MARTIN, Proctors for Petitioner.
Office and P. O. Address, 64 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is hereby given that the Almirante Steamship Corporation, owner of the Steamship Almirante, has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage, or injury arising out of the collision between the said Steamship Almirante and the Steamship Hisko, on or about September 5, 1918, value of vessel and freight $35,848.08; and all persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Henry M. Hewitt, Commissioner, at his office, 27 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of September, 1919, or be defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Pressure has fallen decidedly in the upper Ohio Valley and the Middle Atlantic States and the northern depression is central this evening over the middle St. Lawrence Valley, with increased intensity. Pressure continues high over the Northwest.

During the last twenty-four hours showers and thunderstorms have occurred in the Gulf States, the middle Mississippi and Ohio Valleys, the lower lake region, and the North Atlantic States. Elsewhere throughout the country the weather has been generally fair.

Temperatures have fallen during the last twenty-four hours over the lake region and thence southwestward to Colorado and have risen somewhat over the north Rocky Mountain region and in the north portion of the middle Gulf States. Elsewhere throughout the country temperature changes have been unimportant.

The outlook is for showers and thunderstorms Monday in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, and on Tuesday in the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, and elsewhere throughout the country east of the Mississippi River.

It will be somewhat cooler Monday in the Atlantic States north of Virginia, and in the Ohio Valley.

Winds off Atlantic Coast.—North of Sandy Hook, moderate to fresh southwest winds and showers; Sandy Hook to Hatteras, moderate southwest winds and showers; Hatteras to Florida Straits, moderate variable winds, mostly southwest, local showers and thunderstorms; East Gulf Coast, moderate variable winds, mostly west, showers and thunderstorms; West Gulf Coast, moderate south winds, fair weather.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Unsettled Monday; local showers and thunderstorms south portion. Tuesday fair and cool.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Showers and thunderstorms and cooler Monday. Tuesday fair.

Western New York—Partly cloudy Monday. Tuesday fair.

Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy and cooler Monday. Tuesday fair.

New England—Showers and thunderstorms Monday. Tuesday fair and cool.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1919.	1918.		1919.	1918.
3 A. M.	72	70	4 P. M.	88	84
6 A. M.	72	68	6 P. M.	86	85
9 A. M.	74	71	9 P. M.	82	76
12 M.	85	80	11 P. M.	80	73

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 80; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 71. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 71; at 8 P. M. it was 84. Maximum temperature, 89 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 70 degrees at 6:40 A. M. Humidity, 77 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 59 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.91 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.78 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M. Loss.
2:28—64 Greenwich St.; Andrew Buler. Slight
11:00—368 E. 38 St.; United Cigar Stores Co. Slight
P.M.
1:20—506 W. 113 St.; Charles Brutt. Slight
1:40—131 Edgecombe Av.; Andrew Wiggs Slight
2:40—B'way & Cedar St.; N. Y. Railways Co. Slight
2:40—875 W. 181 St.; not given. Slight
4:10—235 E. 14 St.; Sunshine Picture Corp. Not given
5:05—601 W. 186 St.; John Zimmerman Slight
6:50—61 Cherry St.; not given. Slight
7:20—780 8 Av.; Mrs. F. Daniels. Not given
7:30—500 City Island Av.; Jos. P. Day. Slight
8:20—69 W. 150 St.; H. Warner. Not given
9:55—193 East Houston St.; J. Kohler. Slight

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Ill. and Wis.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; moderate temperature.
Mo. and Minn.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; not much change in temp.
Ia.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer.
N. D., S. D., and Neb.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer Mon.
Kan.—Fair, continued warm Mon. and Tues.
Mon.—Fair and warm Mon. and probably Tues.
Wyo.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer Mon.
N. C.—Local showers and thunderstorms Mon.; Tues., fair.
S. C., Ga., Fla., extreme Northwest Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Local showers and thunderstorms Mon. and probably Tues.
Tenn. and Ky.—Fair in w., showers and thunderstorms in e. Mon.; Tues., fair.
Ohio—Partly cloudy and cool Mon.; Tues., fair.
Ind. and Mich.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; not much change in temp.
La.—Scattered thunder showers.
E. Tex.—Partly cloudy.

FORECLOSURE SALES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW York County.—HENRY G. WARD, as Administrator of the Goods, Chattels and Credits of Marquand Ward, deceased, and as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Galbraith Ward, deceased, Plaintiff, against FANNY GRUEN et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of judgment of foreclosure and sale made in the above entitled action on the 26th day of June, 1919, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 23d day of July, 1919, the undersigned will sell at public auction at the New York Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at twelve o'clock noon, on the 26th day of August, 1919, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed, by the said judgment to be sold, beginning on the easterly side of Second Avenue, 73 feet 3 inches southerly from the southeasterly corner of Second Avenue and 126th Street, and being 100 feet deep on both northerly and southerly sides, said sides being parallel with 126th Street and being 26 feet 8 inches front and rear, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, and being more particularly described in the mortgage recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York on April 20, 1906, in Block Series (Mortgages) Section 6, Liber 197, page 120, and indexed under Block Number 1802 on the Land Map of the City of New York.

126th Street
73'3"
100'
Second Avenue
26'8"
100'
26'8"
125th Street

The street number is 2452 Second Avenue. Said premises free and clear of all encumbrances.

Approximate amount of the mortgage debt $15,912.50, with interest from June 21, 1919, together with costs and allowances amounting to $515 70/100, with interest from July 23d, 1919. Taxes, assessments and water rates about $813 62/100.

Dated, New York, July 25th, 1919.
JAMES A. FARRELL, Referee.
EVERETT, CLARKE & BENEDICT, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 37 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—MORRIS L. BAYARD, Plaintiff, against HURLBURT MOTOR TRUCK CO., Defendant.

By order of Honorable John C. Knox, dated July 29th, 1919, the undersigned temporary Receiver offers for sale under sealed bids all of the machinery, tools, pulleys, belting and merchandise stock in trade, consisting of automobile parts and electrical parts of every kind, nature, and description, pertaining to the manufacture of automobile trucks and together with all of the remaining furniture and fixtures of the defendant company.

All of the said property is situated on the premises at Third Avenue and Harlem River, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, where it may be inspected at any day during working hours.

The bids may be made upon the said property either in whole or in part, each bid to be accompanied by cash or its equivalent in the amount of 10% of the bid.

Bids should be deposited with the undersigned Receiver on or before the 18th day of August, 1919.

The undersigned reserved the right to reject any and all bids.

Any property remaining unsold will, pursuant to the said order, be offered for sale at public auction on the 25th day of August, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. The Receiver makes no warranties except that all sales will be by order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

Additional information desired may be obtained by application to the undersigned Receiver or counsel.

LANGDON P. MARVIN,
Temporary Receiver in Equity.
CAMPBELL, FLAHERTY, TURNER & STROUSE, Attorneys for Receiver.
2 Rector Street, New York City.

The Public Auction Sale of this property is adjourned to September 18, at 10:30 A. M., at the factory of the company, 133d Street and East River. LANGDON P. MARVIN, Receiver.

THE ONLY WAR HISTORY.

The New York Times War Volumes are a day-to-day diary of the war and the only work of its kind in the world. To understand the events of the last five years these war volumes are absolutely necessary. 3,500 titles, 12,000 pages, 900 illustrations, 1,500 cartoons. Pronouncements by the leading statesmen, military chiefs, and writers of all nations. Twenty volumes, to obtain which arrangements may be made for periodical payments. Address The New York Times War Volumes, Times Building, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]
Sun rises........6:15 | Sun sets.........7:41

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:11	8:32	2:08	2:25
Governors Island	8:51	9:09	2:42	2:58
Hell Gate	10:54	11:15	4:56	5:17

Arrived—Sunday, Aug. 24.

SS Paloma, Nuevitas, Aug. 17.
SS Hokah, Azores, Aug. 12.
SS Taizan Maru, Havre, Aug. 9.
SS Dorothy, Liverpool, Aug. 8.
SS Baltic, Liverpool, Aug. 13.
SS Bendu, Cardiff, Aug. 9.
SS Gregory, Para, Aug. 11.
SS Tidewater, Baltimore, Aug. 22.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Lorraine	Havre	Aug. 20
Carmania	Liverpool	Aug. 16
Manchuria	Brest	Aug. 15
Pretoria	Brest	Aug. 12
Duca d'Abruzzi	Genoa	Aug. 8
Pannonia	Taranto	July 31
Malancha	London	July 26
Persier	Antwerp	July 25
Manxman	Bordeaux	July 30
Santa Tecla	Stockholm	July 30
Munaires	Buenos Aires	July 17
Santa Marta	Santa Marta	Aug. 15
Saxonia	Liverpool	Aug. 13
Esperanza	Havana	Aug. 21
Santiago	Barry	Aug. 13
Verena	Port Antonio	Aug. 19
Charybdis	Bermuda	Aug. 22
Belgic	Liverpool	Aug. 16
Regina d'Italia	St. Michaels	Aug. 18
Stavangerfjord	Bergen	Aug. 15
Henderson	Brest	Aug. 25
Brazos	San Juan	Aug. 21
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Aug. 22
El Occidente	Galveston	Aug. 20
DUE TOMORROW.		
Stockholm	Gothenburg	Aug. 16
United States	Christiania	Aug. 17
George Washington	Brest	Aug. 17
Canandaigua	Brest	Aug. 15
Europa	Naples	Aug. 12
San Gennaro	Genoa	Aug. 15
Abangarez	Santa Marta	Aug. 19
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Aug. 23
El Paso	New Orleans	Aug. 20
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Otsego	Brest	Aug. 15
DUE THURSDAY.		
Susquehanna	Brest	Aug. 15
Rosalind	Halifax	Aug. 25
Philadelphia	San Juan	Aug. 23
Peerless	St. Nazaire	Aug. 15
DUE FRIDAY.		
Graf Waldersee	Brest	Aug. 16
South Bend	Brest	Aug. 19
Iowan	Brest	Aug. 19
Panaman	Brest	Aug. 19
Santa Leonora	Brest	Aug. 19
DUE SATURDAY.		
Columbia	Glasgow	Aug. 21

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Zaca, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Nordfarer, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mt. Vernon, Brest	———	12:00 M.
Kerwood, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Aldan, Santos	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
President Grant, Brest	———	10:30 A.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Lapland, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Matanzas, Lisbon	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Niagara, Bordeaux	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Santa Marta, Kingston	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Hyacinthus, B'nos Aires	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Stavangerfjord, La Guayra	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Unbe Mendi, Lisbon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
America, Brest	———	12:00 M.
Mount Vernon, Brest	———	12:00 M.
Comal, Galveston		12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Edgehill, Patras	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Clan Cumming, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Lorraine, Havre	8:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Wacouta, Nassau	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Saucon, Liverpool	———	12:00 M.
Haddon, Constanza	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gullfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Atenas, Havana	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Algonquin, Turks Isl'd.	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Carmania, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Baltic, Liverpool	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
West Wguneke, Antwerp	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rosalind, Halifax	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Honduras, Santiago	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
W. M. Tupper, Kingston	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Corcovado, Cristobal	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M., as follows:

Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands, East Indies, and Philippine Islands, via Seattle—SS Protesilaus, Aug. 25.

Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) via Seattle—SS Arabia Maru, Aug. 25.

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco—SS Moana, Aug. 26.

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.—SS Makura, indefinitely.

Vacation Trips by Coastwise Steamers

If you love the water don't miss these ideal days for a short, restful trip at sea. Pleasant companionships and every comfort will add to the pleasure of the voyage. Fares include meals and stateroom berth. Plan to go now.

OLD DOMINION S. S. LINE, for Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Newport News, Richmond, Va., and all points South. Leaving daily, except Sunday, at 3 P. M. from Pier 25, N. R., New York.

OCEAN S. S. LINE, Mondays and Thursdays at 3 P. M. from Pier 35, N. R., New York, for Savannah, Ga., and other Southern points.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC S. S. LINE, Wed. and Sat. at 12 noon from Pier 48, N. R., New York, for New Orleans, La., Gulf Points and Pacific Coast.

For passenger information and reservations apply to companies' offices or Consolidated Ticket Offices, 64 Broadway; 57 Chambers St.; 31 West 32d St.; 114 West 42d St. Phone (all offices) 6700 Bryant. Or write

J. J. BROWN, G. P. A., Coastwise Steamship Lines, Pier 49, N. R., N. Y.

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION
Director General of Railroads

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NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL
Carmania ....Aug. 30
Orduna ....Sept. 23
Carmania ....Oct. 4
Orduna ....Oct. 28
Carmania ....Nov. 8
NEW YORK to CHERBOURG and SOUTHAMPTON
Mauretania ....Sept. 17
Mauretania ....Oct. 13
Mauretania ....Nov. 8
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and SOUTHAMPTON
Royal George ....Aug. 30
Royal George ....Oct. 4
Royal George ....Nov. 1
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH & CHERBOURG
Caronia ....Sept. 24
Caronia ....Oct. 29
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and LONDON
Saxonia ....Aug. 30
Saxonia ....Oct. 4
Saxonia ....Nov. 6
NEW YORK to PIRAEUS
Pannonio ....Aug. 28
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Columbia ....Sept. 6
BOSTON to GLASGOW
Elysia ....Sept. 17
Scindia ....Sept. 27
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Lapland ....12 Noon, Aug. 26
Adriatic ....Sept. 20
Lapland ....Oct. 4
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Baltic ....1 P. M., Aug. 30
Celtic ....Sept. 6
Cedric ....Sept. 13
Baltic ....Oct. 8
NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA
Canopic ....3 P. M., Aug. 28
Cretic ....Sept. 20
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LA TOURAINE ....AUG. 23
LA LORRAINE ....AUG. 28
ROCHAMBEAU ....SEPT. 5
FRANCE ....SEPT. 13
LA TOURAINE ....SEPT. 18
LA LORRAINE ....SEPT. 21
FRANCE ....OCT. 8
ROCHAMBEAU ....OCT. 14
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX
NIAGARA ....AUG. 28
CHICAGO ....SEPT. 10
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NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
via Plymouth & Boulogne-sur-Mer
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S. S. ROTTERDAM ....Sept. 20
S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM ....Oct. 8
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Desbrosses St	8:40	10:00	1:40
West 42d St	9:00	10:20	2:00
West 129th St.	9:20	10:40	2:20
Yonkers	9:50	11:10	....
Bear Mountain	✚	†12:50	....
West Pt. (ex.Sun.)	....	1:15	....
Cornwall	....	† 1:40	5:25
Newburgh	†12:20	† 2:00	5:40
Poughkeepsie	† 1:10	† 2:50	6:30
Kingston Point	2:10	....	7:30
Catskill	3:25	....	9:00
Hudson	3:40	....	9:15
Albany	6:30	....	11:45

†Return steamer same day from points marked †. ✚Up thru steamer will not stop at Bear Mountain Saturday, Aug. 30, and Monday, Sept. 1.
Telephone Canal—9300.

Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St. Pier. New York.

Iron Steamboat Co.
CONEY ISLAND
Schedule Subject to Change Without Notice
Lv. W. 129 St., 9:30, 10:40, 11:40, 12:40, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6:20, 7:30, 8:30 P. M. Pier 1, N. R., 10:15, 11:25, 12:25, 1:25, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 7, 8:20, 9:30 P. M. Coney, 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:30, 7:25, 8:25, 9:25, 10:30 P. M.
ROCKAWAY BEACH
Lv. W. 129 St., 9:30 A. M. Pier 1, N. R., 10:15 A. M. Rockaway, 5:30 P. M. Tel. Whitehall 1279.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
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ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.08 to $3.24.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, Daily and Sunday at 5:30 P. M. Phone Spring 9491.

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To BOSTON All the Way by Water. Always in Sight of Land.
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Daylight through the Canal both ways.
Leave Pier 18, Foot of Murray St., Daily (Sundays included) at 5:00 P. M. Fare $5.65. Tickets and information at Wharf. Tel. Barclay 5000.

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Day & Night Trips (Weather Permitting) DOWN THE BAY
To Atlantic Highlands, Fare 40c Each Way
Lve. N. Y., Battery Pier. Ret. Lv. Atlantic Highlands *9:30 A.M., 1:30, 8 P.M. | 11 A. M., 5, 9:45 P. M.
(*9:30 Trip omitted Mons.) Music, Dancing
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Round Trip Weekdays, 55c. Children, 30c. Sundays and Holidays, 85c. Children, 55c. (Including War Tax.)
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HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
From Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., weekdays, 6 and 7 P. M.; Sundays and Holidays, 6 and 9 P. M. West 132d St., half hour later. Due Albany 6 o'clock following morning.

RED BANK LINE
FOR HIGHLANDS, OCEANIC and RED BANK Daily
Lvs. Franklin St., Pier 24, 8:30 A. M., 2:45 P. M. Battery, 8:55 A. M., 3:15 P. M. SUNDAYS, 9 and 9:25. Battery, 8:55, 9:45 A. M.

MAN AND WIFE LOST IN COLLISION IN BAY

Two Passengers on Launch Drowned When Run Down by the Point Comfort.

SMALL CRAFT SPLIT IN TWO

Accident Happens Off Staten Island —Five Persons Thrown Overboard, Three Rescued After Some Delay.

Details of a marine accident late Saturday night in the lower bay off Staten Island, in which two persons are believed to have lost their lives, were related yesterday by Lieutenant Hugo Loeser, one of the survivors of a small launch split in two in a collision with the steamer Point Comfort of the Keansburg Steamboat Company. Loeser, with Miss Marie Olmstead and Mrs. Jennie Schaefer, were brought yesterday from Keansburg, N. J., to the Broad Street Hospital, where physicians pronounced them to be suffering principally from shock, due to their experiences.

Rudolph Olmstead and his wife, Catherine, of 74 Fourth Street, Elizabeth, N. J., were the two other occupants, who, it is believed, were drowned. A careful search of the place where the thirty-foot launch was struck by the larger boat was made yesterday, but no trace of the two could be found.

Lieutenant Loeser, who is the owner of the launch, said that on Saturday he invited Mr. and Mrs. Olmstead, their 19-year-old daughter, Marie, and Mrs. Schaefer to take a ride down the bay with him. While off Midland Beach, he said, he noticed that the Point Comfort was coming in back of them about a mile away, and he decided to hug the shore line until the steamer passed. As he had the required lights burning on the launch, the officer said he presumed the pilot of the Point Comfort could see them, and he took it for granted that they were safe.

When the steamer neared them it suddenly veered to the starboard for some unknown reason, Lieutenant Loeser said, and before he could steer the launch out of the way the Point Comfort struck them. They were all thrown overboard, and when he himself came up he saw the Point Comfort had stopped at a distance of about 200 yards. He said he called out the names of the others, but at first only Miss Olmstead responded, saying that she was clinging to a piece of wreckage. Then Mrs. Schaefer answered a moment later that she was still alive. Because of the darkness, the officer said, he could not see his companions.

" At the time of the accident Mr. and Mrs. Olmstead were sitting together in the stern of the launch, which was the last I saw of them," Lieutenant Loeser said. " After a delay, which seemed hours to us, the Captain of the Point Comfort put out a boat to save us. Miss Olmstead, who is a good swimmer, aided Mrs. Schaefer to keep afloat until taken aboard the steamer. We were taken to Keansburg, where we refused to land, and the Captain then ordered the boat to return to New York."

Lieutenant Loeser is attached to East View Hospital 38, and has been making his home with the Olmstead family in Elizabeth. At the hospital it was said that Miss Olmstead's condition was so serious that she had not been told of the apparent loss of her parents. Mrs. Schaefer, who is 72 years old, lives at 75 Stanhope Street, Brooklyn.

Frederick H. Grauss, 25 years old, an electrician, living at 10 Garles Street, Newark, was drowned yesterday afternoon while in bathing with a friend, Eugene Wedder, of 535 West Sixth Street, off Brooks Point, Great Kills, Staten Island.

3 DROWN IN HARLEM RIVER.

Boys Swept Away Before Boatmen Can Aid Them.

Boatmen on the Harlem River at 216th Street and members of a picnic party on the wooded south shore of the river saw three boys drowned yesterday afternoon before any one was able to aid them. The boys were Charles and Benjamin Rosenman, 17 and 15 years old, respectively, of 270 South First Street, and Harry Samuels, 18 years old, of 288 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn. A harbor patrol boat was unsuccessful in an attempt to recover the bodies.

With two companions, Louis Alexander and Aaron Zenger, the drowned boys had waded out fifty feet from the shore when Benjamin Rosenman stepped from the shallow beach into a deep spring-hole, which are frequent in that part of the river, and disappeared from sight. None of the boys could swim, but his brother, and Samuels tried to aid Benjamin. The current swept them underneath the surface and they were not seen again.

MURDERERS ASK REPRIEVE.

Two Sentenced for Baff Killing Again Appeal to Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Aug. 24.—Joseph Cohen, convicted as the " man higher up " in the murder of Barnet Baff, the New York poultry marketer, and Frank Ferrara, who drove the murderers' car, have both applied to Governor Alfred Smith, it was learned from Sing Sing prison today, for another stay of execution of their sentences.

Their present reprieves expire in about five weeks. Cohen has had two reprieves and Ferrara eleven. These have been granted owing to the charges of conspiracy growing out of Cohen's conviction. Until the investigation of these charges is completed, prison officials believe, the cases of the two men will not be finally settled.

Both Cohen and Ferrara are confident that the Governor will issue another stay. Cohen has been in the death house for two years and two weeks. Ferrara has been there one year and four months.

GAS OVERCOMES FIREMEN.

Twelve Succumb to Chlorine Fumes During Chemical Plant Fire.

IRVINGTON, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Twelve firemen of the local department, while fighting a fire in a chemical plant on Chancellor Avenue, tonight, were overcome by chlorine gas. Nine of them were taken to the Gladden Lodge Hospital for treatment. The other three, after receiving first aid treatment, returned to their homes.

When the men reached the hospital efforts were made to counteract the gases by the use of tincture of benzoin. The hospital physicians believe that all the firemen will recover within a few days.

HOLD FRENCH SEA CAPTAIN.

To Try Revault for Stranding Warship in the Black Sea.

PARIS, Aug. 24, (Havas.)—Georges Leygues, Minister of Marine, has ordered that Captain Abel Revault, Commander of the battleship Mirabeau, be brought to trial for stranding the vessel in the Black Sea.

The battleship Mirabeau went ashore in the Black Sea off Sebastopol in February of this year during a snowstorm. A Paris dispatch of April 8 reported that the vessel had been refloated.

ITALIAN WARSHIP ARRIVES.

Conte di Cavour, at Boston, Opens Week of Welcome.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—The Italian battleship Conte Di Cavour, bound on a visit to United States ports, dropped anchor today in Boston Harbor after a fast run from Halifax, N. S. A program of welcome for the dreadnought and its crew, extending through the week, begins tomorrow, and the Conte Di Cavour, ahead of its schedule, was anchored in the outer harbor until morning.

Ambassador Di Cellere is expected to represent the Italian Government at several functions during the week.

NURSES ARRIVE IN WARSAW.

Red Cross Workers Will Teach Poles American Methods.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The first detachment of American Red Cross nurses, who are being mobilized by the Polish Health Ministry to teach American health methods in Poland, has arrived at Warsaw, Red Cross headquarters here was informed today.

The party is composed of Emily N. Porter, Bridgeport, Conn.; Susan Rosenstiel, Freeport, Ill., and Emma Wilson, Washington, D. C.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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Clean-cut American, Christian, single, 29, technical school graduate, 10 years specializing in branch of science recent legislation has practically eliminated. Honorably discharged army officer. Four years last place as junior executive. High class man of initiative and character, with best New York references. All propositions solicited. S 300 Times.

Express Freight for Boston
Motor Truck Leaving Tuesday.
Greeley 3596, MR. HILLMAN.

LOST AND FOUND.
Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—LONG MOLESKIN NECKPIECE, ON 5TH AV. BUS, FROM 23D ST. UP; REWARD. RETURN TO MISS F. MAYER, 520 WEST 114TH ST., APT. 82. TELEPHONE CATHEDRAL 7180.

LOST—On Brooklyn Broadway elevated, tan leather portfolio. Return to H. W. Taylor, 154 Nassau St.

LOST—Gold rim with watch crystal, Sunday; reward. Call Howe, Vanderbilt 4200, Monday.

LOST—Platinum dinner ring, 19 diamonds, lavatory Hotel Remington; liberal reward. Z 428 Times Annex.

$500 REWARD.
Return bracelet, containing 24 diamonds and 24 sapphires, lost Aug. 9 at or between Glen Cove and Oyster Bay. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 685 5th Av.

$100 REWARD for diamond crescent brooch, platinum setting, with gold pin, 19 or 21 stones, lost probably Aug. 19. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$100 REWARD to boy who became separated from young lady at Grand Central subway, 5 o'clock Aug. 20, for return of bags and contents. X 121 Times Annex.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—Aug. 22, airedale dog, age about 12 months; brown legs and black back, in the vicinity of the estate of H. P. Davison, Glencove, L. I. Has owner's name and address on collar; liberal reward given. G. M. P. Murphy, Oyster Bay, Long Island.

SAY SHORTER DAY IS UNWISE

Midvale Steel Workers Declare Labor Demands Are Uneconomic.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 24.—Announcement was made today of the adoption of resolutions by representatives of the men of the various plants of the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company operating under a collective bargaining plan, declaring that, " the persistent and unceasing demand of workmen employed in all classes and kinds of industries for a shorter day's work and an increased wage in order to meet the present high cost of living is uneconomic and unwise and should not be encouraged."

The resolutions further declare that private monopolies should be controlled, profits restricted to a rate that shall be fair to the consumer, that unnecessary exports of food and clothing be restricted and that all stores of hoarded supplies be uncovered and placed in the open market.

The resolutions were adopted after a two days' meeting of the representatives here and resulted from a discussion at a meeting of divisional representatives of the Cambria Steel Company at Johnstown, Penn., before coming to this city. The Midvale Company employes approximately 30,000 men.

TO TRY L'ECLAIR DIRECTOR.

Judet Is Accused of Aiding Germany in Founding Papers.

PARIS, Aug. 24, (Havas.)—Orders have been issued for an examination of Ernest Judet, former director of of L'Eclair.

He is accused of having had dealings with the enemy in the purchase or founding of French newspapers with German capital.

COST $81.75 PER SOLDIER.

Britain to Receive $83,757,250 for Transporting Our Troops.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—For each man transported overseas in British vessels the United States Government will pay Great Britain $81.75 under an agreement reached between Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines, Director of Transportation in the War Department, and Lord Reading, representing the British Government.

Secretary Baker, it was learned today, has approved the agreement, which fixes a price a little more than half that tentatively put forward by the British at the beginning of the negotiations.

The total cost of the British tonnage used in troop transportation is estimated at $83,757,250, the number of men carried having been 1,027,000. Similar negotiations are in progress with the French and other Governments.

AIDS WEST POINT AVIATORS.

Mrs. E. H. Harriman Donates Use of Polo Grounds During Hike.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW CITY, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Mrs. E. H. Harriman, whose Summer place is at Arden, Orange County, has donated the use of the polo grounds of the estate, it was announced today, to the aviators with the cadets of the United States Military Academy at West Point, on their ten days' hike, to land their airplanes. As the cadets have been marching and reconnoitering through wooded terrain, it was difficult to find a place to keep the planes.

This year's outing of the cadets is the first which was ever accompanied by airplanes. The nine hundred cadets who are taking part in the hike, maneuvers and sham battles under Lieut. Col. R. M. Danford had a day of rest near Central Valley today.

WOOD VISITS MELENDEZ.

Rear Admiral Makes Courtesy Call on Salvador President.

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, Aug. 23.—Rear Admiral Wood, commanding an American squadron, today paid a visit of courtesy to President Melendez.

Commander Clay and Captain Fenner accompanied Admiral Wood.

France Gives War Cross to 3 Cities.

PARIS, Aug. 24, (Havas.)—The Government has awarded the War Cross to Amiens, Montdidier and Péronne.

Work on Sing Sing Begins Today.

OSSINING, Aug. 24.—Edward V. Brophy, Warden of Sing Sing, announced today that work on the new Sing Sing prison building would be started by civilian employes of the Carlin Construction Company, general contractors, tomorrow.

The excavating and preliminary foundation work was done by prisoners and is nearing completion. Warden Brophy has just taken 110 " trusties " away from the force of 200 employed outside the walls on the site of the new prison and locked them inside the walls again, as there is no further need for their services outside. More than ninety-four years have elapsed since Captain Elam Lynds, the first agent and warden of Sing Sing, began work on the old cellblock still in use, May 15, 1825.

ENCYCLOPEDIA OF THE GREAT WAR.
History of the war in 20 volumes; 3,500 titles, 12,000 pages, 960 illustrations, 1,500 cartoons. Each belligerent's great men tell the story, with official documents, diplomatic correspondence, maps, and charts. For particulars address The New York Times War Volumes, Times Building, Times Square.—Advt.

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A PARADOX!

Why do men of *business*-foresight lack *family*-foresight?

APPARENTLY—a considerable number of successful business men chain their foresight to their office desks. To illustrate we quote from a thoroughly worth-while article in the American Magazine for August.

"I remember especially the case of Ed S. . . . . who had left a quarter of a million to his son Rob. Ed had meant to create some sort of a trust fund for his wife and boy, but death came to him suddenly in an automobile smash-up before he had even made a will."

Reading on we find the following:—

"For some reason the men concerned were content to take only half of Rob's money in exchange for the very finely executed set of blue prints which they prepared for him, and the large strip of Long Island meadow land where the new factory was to have been."

And later in the article we find that the remaining $125,000 of the son's money took wings in a moving-picture venture.

With a multitude of such every-day tragedies in mind, we feel that it is perhaps within our province to suggest to you personally a discussion of—

A COLUMBIA TRUST FUND
for safeguarding the money you leave

The plan is as follows: It can, if you wish, be made operative during your life.

1. A Columbia Trust Fund is simply money set aside under the protection of the Columbia Trust Company and invested to provide periodical income for definite objects.
2. All investments of Columbia Trust Funds are made under the special supervision of the permanent Investment Committee appointed by our Board of Directors.
3. Life insurance or any other money may be used to form the Trust Fund. We are bound by a written agreement to carry out your wishes definitely and absolutely.
4. We will make investments of the Trust Fund for you in such securities as are lawful for Trustees, or, if you prefer, you can give us definite instructions to follow.
5. Income from the Trust Fund will be paid in installments to *whom* you wish and *when* you wish and in the *amount* you wish.

The following officers will welcome the opportunity to give you further details—without obligation, of course. At our downtown office, Mr. Warren, Vice-President, or Mr. Judd, Trust Officer. At our Fifth Ave. office, Mr. Dunn, Vice-President.

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT 60 Broadway
IN SHOPPING CENTRE 5th Ave. & 34th St.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
IN HARLEM 125th St. & Lenox Ave.
IN THE BRONX 148th St. & Third Ave.

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Don't Be Scared Either Into Buying Or Out Of Buying Your Fall Clothes!

THE croaking cry about High Clothes Prices, now or later, reminds me of some mock turtle soup—there's too much mockery about it. In consequence, some men, who need clothes to the point of shabbiness, borrow trouble and pay a usurious interest.

Trees won't grow so high that they disappear into the sky. Clothes Prices won't soar so high that men can't pay them. I'm not losing a wink of sleep worrying that I can't always buy plenty of woolens, nor always hire plenty of skilled tailors.

I own my woolens and trimmings at the low-level prices which ruled when the Armistice was signed. However, labor is higher, and that increase I must pay, and so must you, but that's all. Not a penny additional.

Of course, the earlier you leave your measure for your Autumn Clothes at $40 to $80, the more time you allow me for painstaking tailoring.

Clemons
Civilian, Army And Navy Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
21 Years On This Corner

INSTANT POSTUM
—the All-American table beverage is your solution of the increasing high price of coffee.

You'll find the price the same as before the war.

Coffee-like flavor without coffee harm

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Battle Creek, Michigan.

If We Were Fortune Tellers
perhaps we could tell you just how much you could save by giving us your order NOW for your Fall suit, instead of next month.
Prices of clothing, every one knows, are going higher.
To-day the NEW FALL STYLE and patterns, a remarkable showing, are here at the OLD SUMMER PRICES. Nothing to be gained by waiting, excepting a bigger bill.

Arnheim
TWO STORES
Broadway and Ninth Street
30 East 42d Street

P. S.—*The ancients tell us what is best, but we must come to the moderns to get it.*
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